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## ViP2P: XML Warehousing in P2P Networks

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Submitted on 6 Dec 2010

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# ViP2P: XML Warehousing in P2P Networks

Ioana Manolescu-Goujot

Equipe Leo

INRIA Saclay-Île-de-France & LRI, Université de Paris Sud-11



Supported by: *ANR-08-DEFIS-004 CODEX, INRIA ADT ViP2P & ViRDF*

## Leo and friends in front of our lab



# Part I

## Introduction

## Motivation

Distributed data management: old goal (1970)

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- distributed versions of industrial-strength DBMSs
- map/reduce style systems for massively parallel computations

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- distributed versions of industrial-strength DBMSs
- map/reduce style systems for massively parallel computations

Still missing: the **flexible federation**

- high independence of the sites: when to be in, what to store
- **data distribution transparency**
- ... with the usual performance requirements

## Distributed warehouses of Web content

### Web content

structured documents, schemas, annotations, concepts, mappings,  
Web services, inter-document links

### Web content warehouse

Distributed database of selected content, whose users may:

- publish resources
- connect (annotate, map, link...) existing resources
- update resources
- **enhance** resources by combining them

In the style of the RNTL WebContent project (2005-2009)

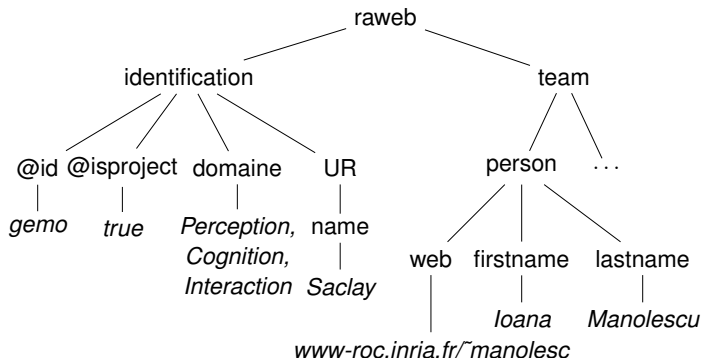


## INRIA annual activity report in XML

<https://irabot.inrialpes.fr/RA2009/gemo.xml>

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="iso-8859-1"?>
<!DOCTYPE raweb PUBLIC "raweb2.dtd">
<raweb year="2009">
  <identification id="gemo" isproject="true">
    <shortname>gemo</shortname>
    <domaine>Perception, Cognition, Interaction</domaine>
    <UR name="Saclay"/>
  </identification>
  <team>
    <person>
      <web>http://www-roc.inria.fr/~manolesc</web>
      <firstname>Ioana</firstname>
      <lastname>Manolescu</lastname>
    </person>...
  </team>...
</raweb>
```

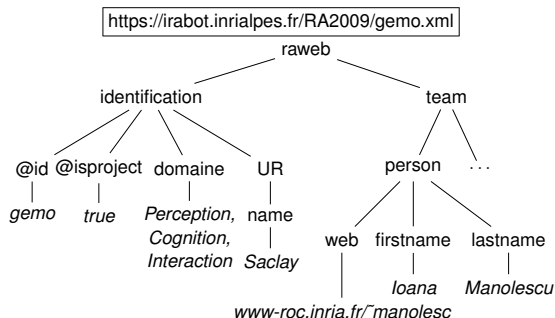
## INRIA annual activity report in XML



- (Very) popular data exchange format
- Many W3C standards + efficient tools

# XML and the Semantic Web

## XML



## RDF

`http://gemo.saclay.inria.fr`  
*wroteReport*

`https://irabot.inrialpes.fr/RA2009/gemo.xml`

---

`http://gemo.saclay.inria.fr`  
*coordinates*

`http://codex.saclay.inria.fr`

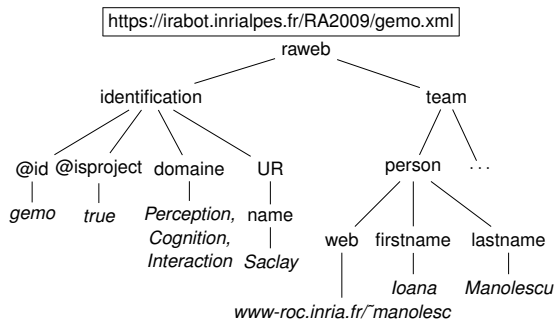
---

`http://codex.saclay.inria.fr`  
*hasType*

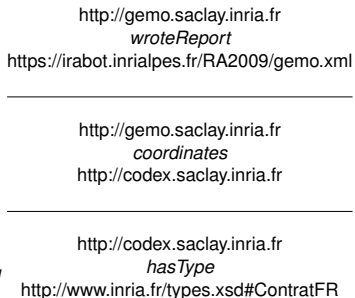
`http://www.inria.fr/types.xsd#ContratFR`

# XML and the Semantic Web

## XML



## RDF

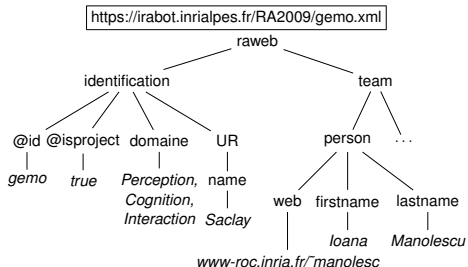


## Possible queries

- European projects involving at least two INRIA teams?
- Most frequent keywords for each INRIA theme?
- PhD students co-supervised with a foreign University?

# Distributed warehouses of Web content

## Distributed XML



<http://gemo.saclay.inria.fr>

<http://codex.saclay.inria.fr>



## Distributed RDF

Serv. Inf.  
Sci. Tech.  
INRIA

<http://pierre.senellart.com>  
*collaboratesWith*  
<https://gemo.saclay.inria.fr>

Indiana  
Univ.

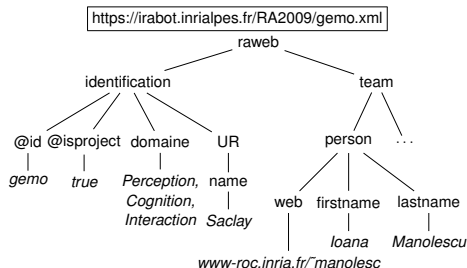
<http://pierre.senellart.com>  
*coordinates*  
[dbweb.enst.fr/events/sigmod10contest/](http://dbweb.enst.fr/events/sigmod10contest/)

Splitted  
Desktop

<http://gemo.saclay.inria.fr>  
*possibleCollaborator*  
<http://www.splitted-desktop.com/fr/>

# Distributed warehouses of Web content

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<http://gemo.saclay.inria.fr>



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Serv. Inf.  
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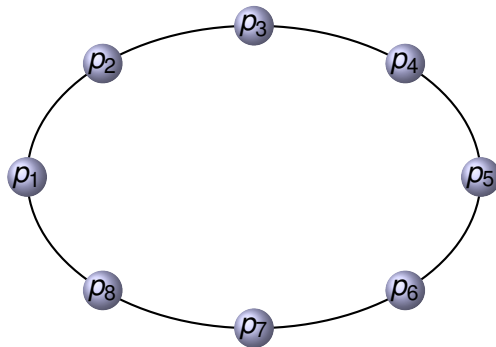
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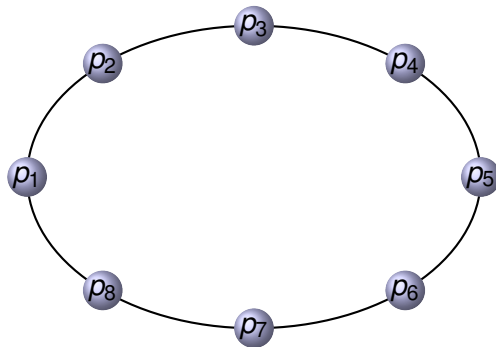
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*possibleCollaborator*  
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- French researchers involved in ACM conference organization?
- Possible collaborators for a data management project in the clouds?

## Distributed hash tables

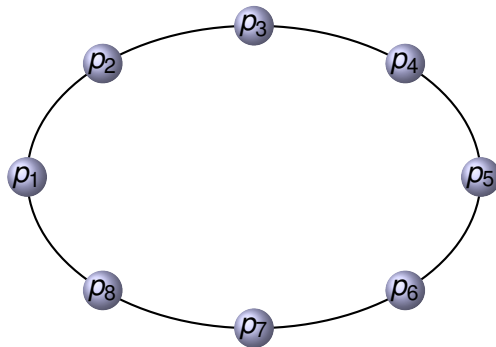


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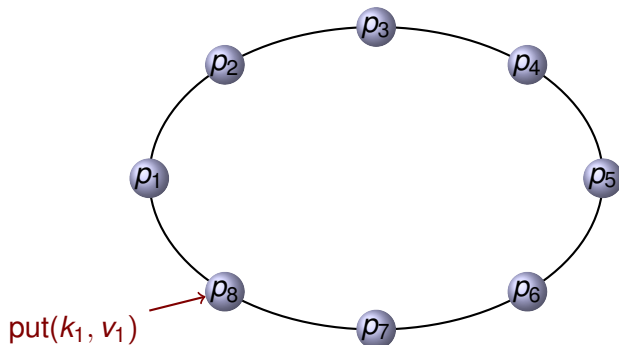




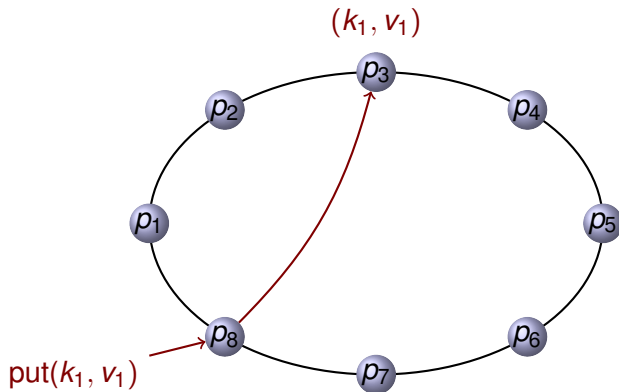
## Distributed hash tables



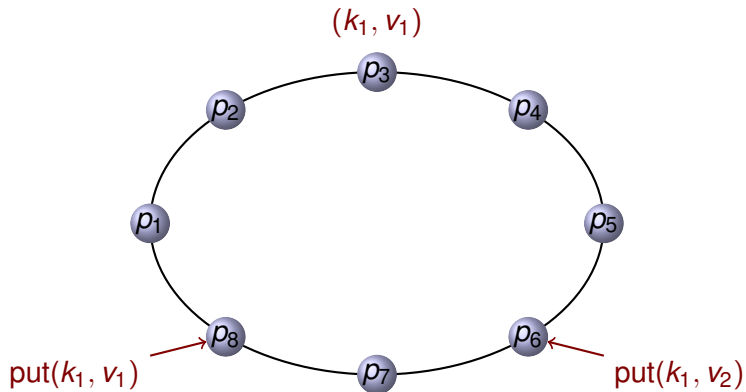
## Distributed hash tables



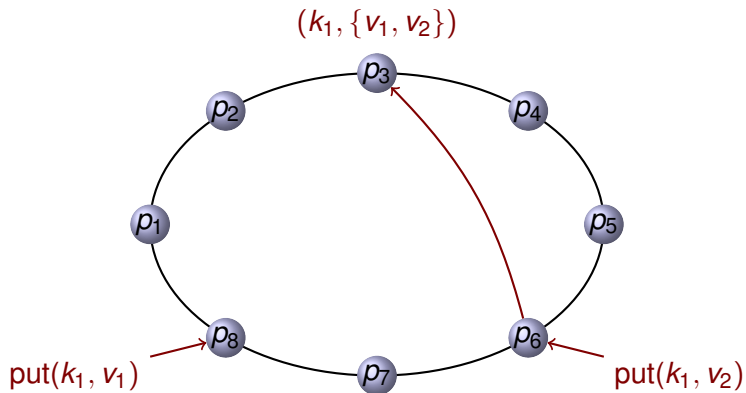
# Distributed hash tables



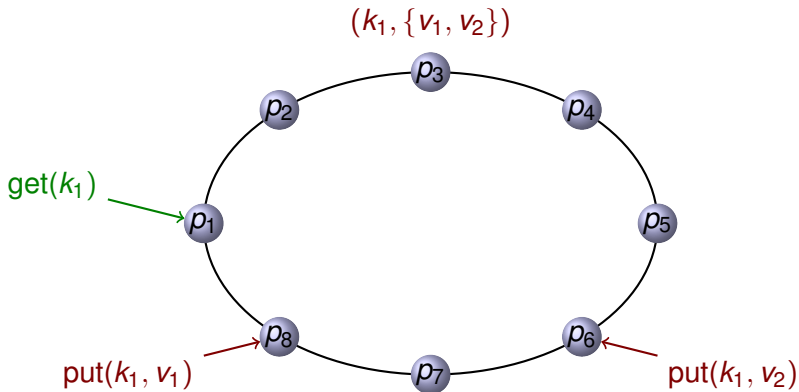
## Distributed hash tables



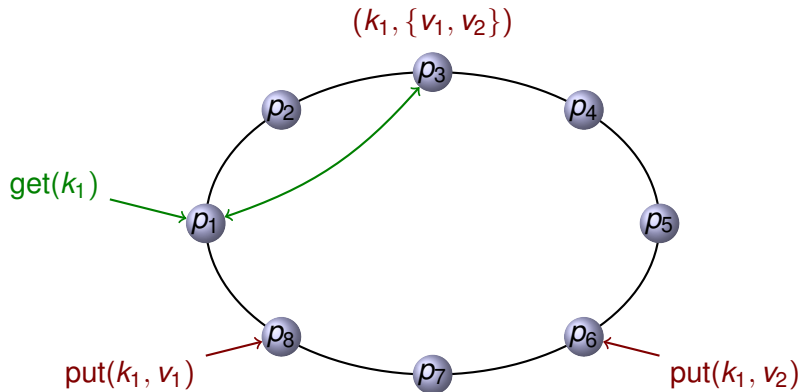
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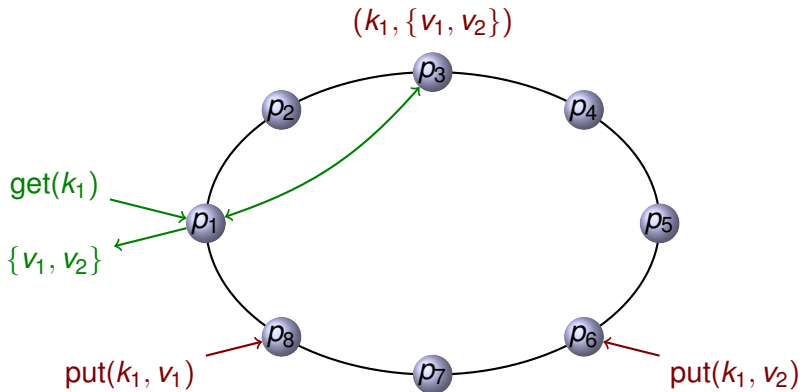
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# Distributed hash tables



# Distributed hash tables





## What distributed hash tables provide

### Dynamic peer networks

- each peer is assigned an **id**  $\Rightarrow$  **address range**
- bound of  $\log_2(N)$  hops to route a message to peer
- **network re-adjustment** when peers join or leave: peers' address spaces stretch and contract

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(Key, value) stores = basis for content sharing

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### Main DHT functionality

**Small** shared memory  $\Rightarrow$  resource catalog

## From DHTs to distributed data management

### Functionalities to add

- data indexing
- **storage** for application data and even DHT index data
- local query processing
- **distributed query processing**: operators, including **data transfers**, optimization . . .

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### Reliability

- provided** a peer will eventually answer at each address  
some (key, value) replication to handle peer failures  
(broadcast to  $k$  replicas)
- to do** resilience of all added functionalities to peer joining/leaving/failing

## Querying distributed data on a DHT

Two types of operations:

- 1 Look up useful data sources in the DHT
  - Documents matching the query
  - Documents which *might* match the query

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- 2 Remaining query evaluation steps
  - **evaluate** sub-queries to extract partial results
  - **combine** partial results
  - **transfer** results to query peer

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Distributed query processing “as usual”

## Trade-offs in DHT indexing and query processing

### Level of detail of resource indexing

- lookup precision ↗ ⇒ execution time ↘
- data publication time ↗, possibly execution time ↗

### Data re-placement or clustering

- fewer peers contacted for a query (message no. ↘, execution time ?)
- data transfers in the absence of queries (message no. ↗, total message size ↗)

## Part II

# ViP2P: materialized views on DHTs

5 Credits

6 ViP2P overview

7 ViP2P views

8 ViP2P rewritings

9 The distributed platform

## Joint work with

### Students

- Konstantinos Karanasos, Asterios Katsifodimos, Spyros Zoupanos (PhD 2009)
- Martin Goodfellow (U. Strathclyde), Silviu Julean (UVT, Romania), Varunesh Mishra (IIT Kanpur), Alexandra Roatis (UVT, Romania)

### Engineers

Jesús Camacho-Rodriguez, Julien Leblay, Alin Tilea

### Friends from abroad

Angela Bonifati (CNR Italy), Vasilis Vassalos (AUEB, Greece)

## Web data sharing in ViP2P

Web data:

- XML documents
- RDF annotations

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Choices:



## Web data sharing in ViP2P

Web data:

- XML documents
- RDF annotations

Choices:

- peers retain control over the data they store/publish
  - no global schema
  - **documents** published independently
  - **annotations** (triples) can freely connect content
- content is re-distributed: peers may accumulate results of long-running queries
- peers share their accumulated results with others

## Behind the scene: distributed materialized views

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Long-running query = subscription = view

Declarative specification of results that the peer is interested in

- tree pattern  $\Rightarrow$  matches an individual document
- tree patterns with value joins  $\Rightarrow$  matches across distinct documents
- corresponding XQuery dialect

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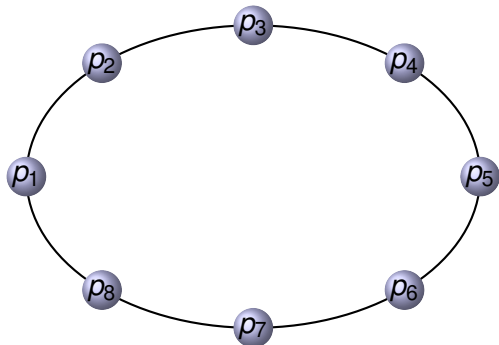
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Find relevant views  $\Rightarrow$  rewrite the query  $\Rightarrow$  optimize the rewriting

Query execution = distributed query processing

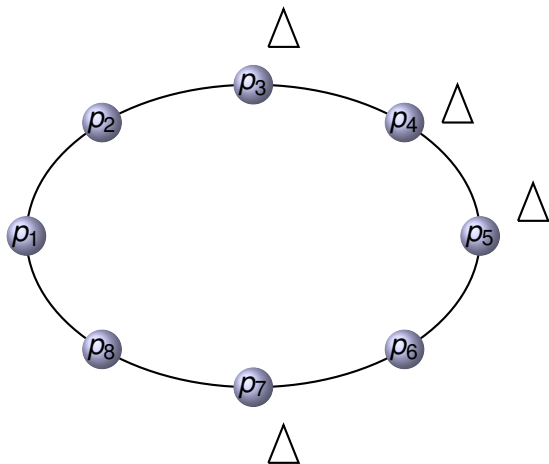
With XML- and RDF-specific bells & whistles

## Publishing and querying in ViP2P





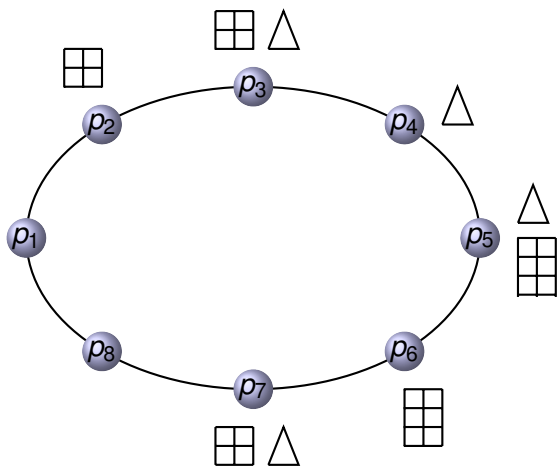
## Publishing and querying in ViP2P



The peers may store:

- documents, annotations

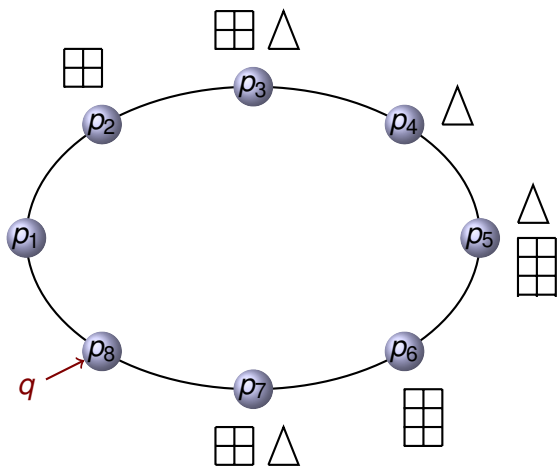
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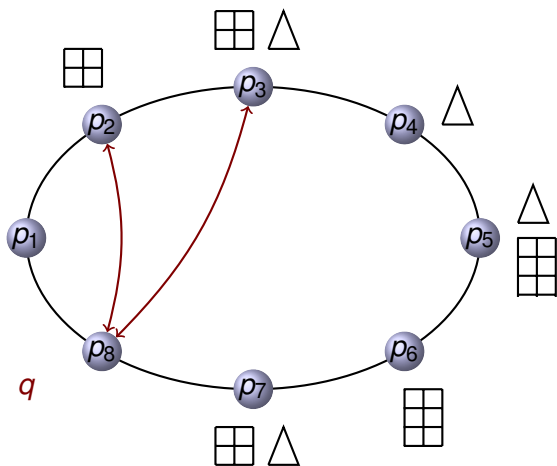
- documents, annotations
- views

## Publishing and querying in ViP2P



When  $q$  arrives:

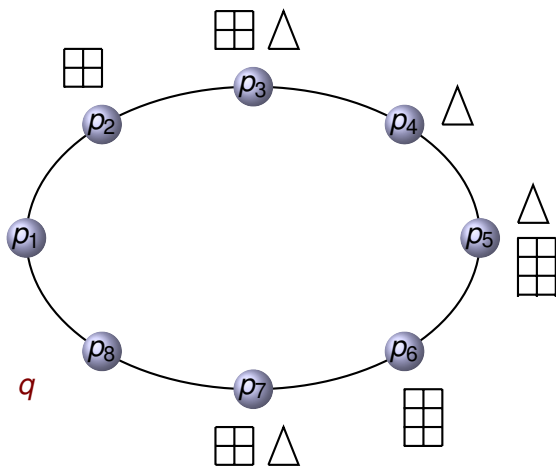
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When  $q$  arrives:

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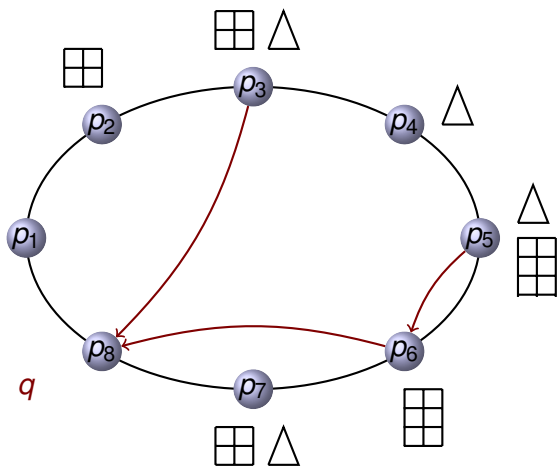
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When  $q$  arrives:

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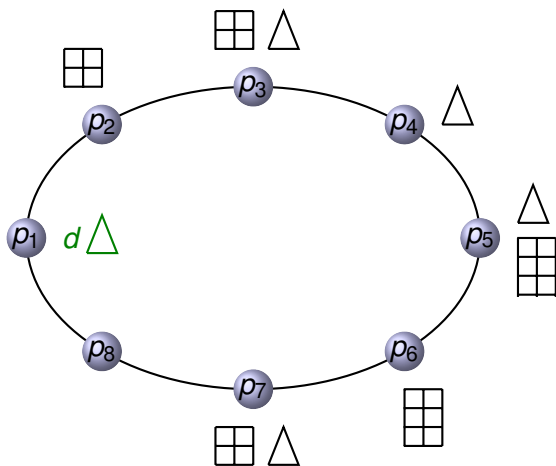
## Publishing and querying in ViP2P



When  $q$  arrives:

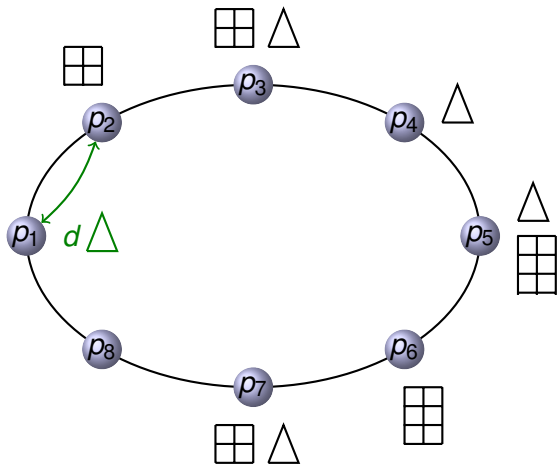
- view definition lookup
- rewriting
- execution of physical plan

## Publishing and querying in ViP2P



When  $d$  arrives:

## Publishing and querying in ViP2P

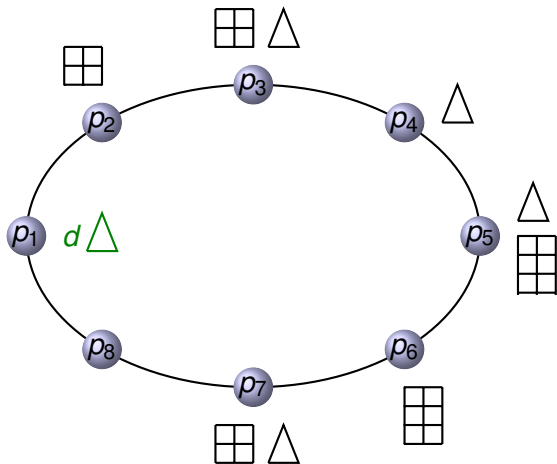


When  $d$  arrives:

- search view definitions for which  $v_i(d) \neq \emptyset$



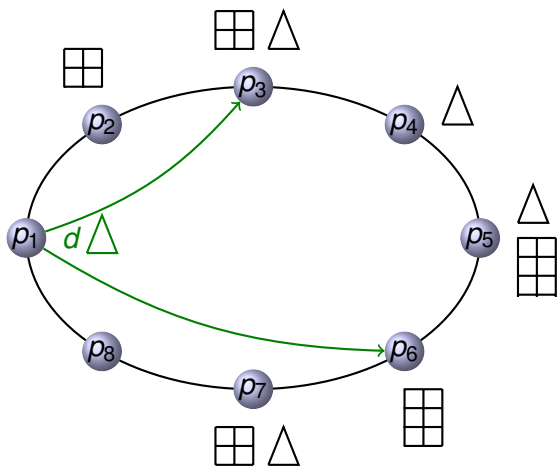
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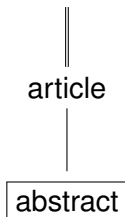


When  $d$  arrives:

- search view definitions for which  $v_i(d) \neq \emptyset$
- compute  $v_i(d)$
- send results

## Sample views

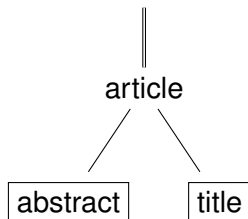
### All article abstracts



URI	abstract
<a href="http://peer1.com/doc1.xml">http://peer1.com/doc1.xml</a>	Databases...
<a href="http://peer2.com/f2.xml">http://peer2.com/f2.xml</a>	XML processing...
...	...

## Sample views

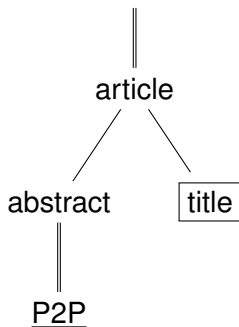
Titles and abstracts of all articles



URI	abstract	title
...	...	...

## Sample views

Titles of all articles having “P2P” in the abstract



URI	title
...	...

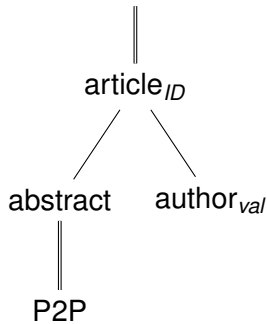
## Sample views

URIs of all documents containing  
articles having “P2P” in the abstract



## Sample views

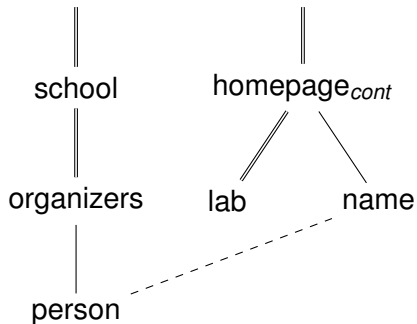
IDs and authors of all articles having  
“P2P” in the abstract



URI	article.ID	author.val
...	...	...

## Sample views

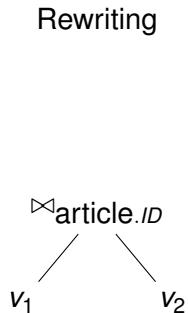
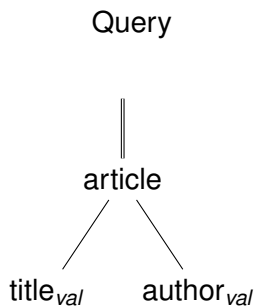
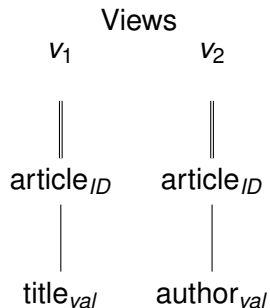
Homepages of all WebDam summer school organizers



URI1	URI2	homepage.cont
...	...	...

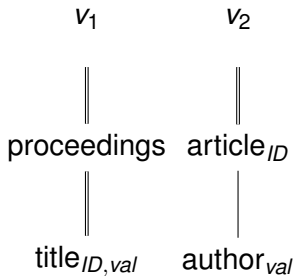


## Sample rewritings

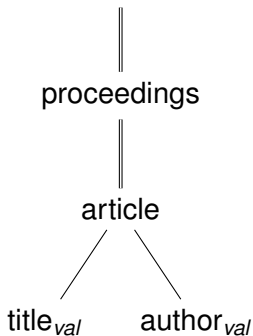


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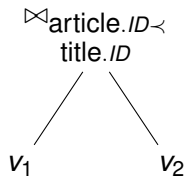
Views



Query

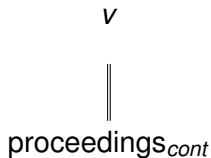


Rewriting

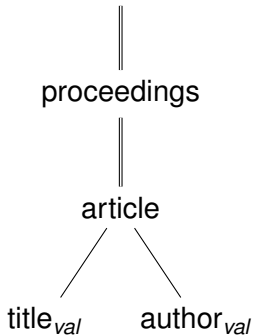


# Sample rewritings

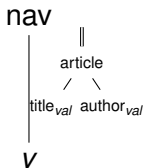
Views



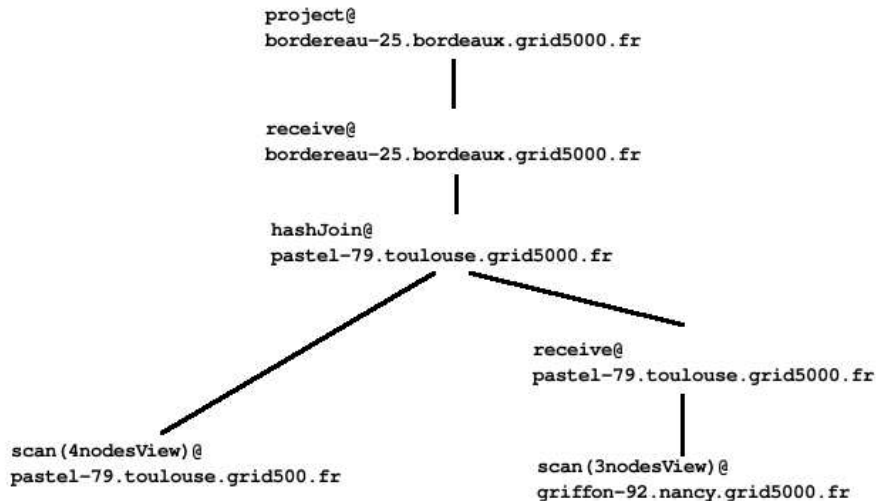
Query



Rewriting



## Sample physical rewriting plan



## ViP2P platform

- 70.000 Java lines (330 classes) and decreasing :)
- Uses Berkeley DB (version 3.3.75) to store view data
- Uses FreePastry (version 2.1) as our DHT network
- Experiments carried on *Grid5000* using **250 machines**
- Deployed on **1000 ViP2P peers**

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Algorithms inside:

- SAX-based custom processor for computing  $v(d)$  + identifiers
- Iterator-based execution engine, (nested) tuples
- Send/receive for distributed execution + URI compression
- Many query optimization strategies

## Indexing views for view materialization

### View indexing

For each view  $v$  and node label  $l$  in  $v$ , put  $(l, v)$

For each view  $v$  and constant  $k$  in  $v$ , put  $(k, v)$

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For each view  $v$  and constant  $k$  in  $v$ , put  $(k, v)$

### View lookup

For each document  $d$  and node label  $l$  in  $d$ , get( $l$ )



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### View indexing

For each view  $v$  and node label  $l$  in  $v$ , put  $(l, v)$

For each view  $v$  and constant  $k$  in  $v$ , put  $(k, v)$

### View lookup

For each document  $d$  and node label  $l$  in  $d$ , get( $l$ )

**Filter** views thus obtained:

**if**  $v$  uses a tag/keyword not present in  $d$   
**then** discard  $v$

## Indexing views for view materialization

### View indexing

For each view  $v$  and node label  $l$  in  $v$ , put  $(l, v)$

For each view  $v$  and constant  $k$  in  $v$ , put  $(k, v)$

### View lookup

For each document  $d$  and node label  $l$  in  $d$ , get( $l$ )

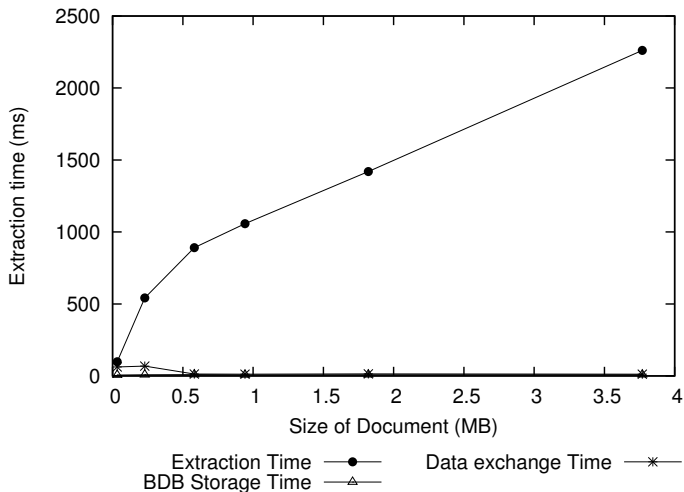
**Filter** views thus obtained:

**if**  $v$  uses a tag/keyword not present in  $d$   
**then** discard  $v$

Evaluate the filtered view set on  $d$

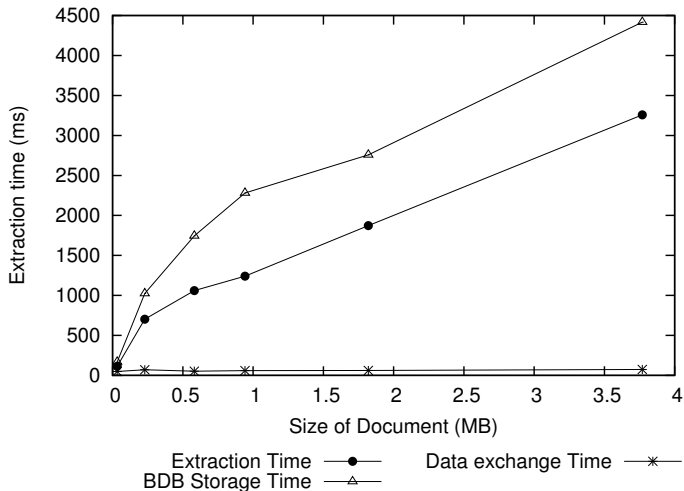
## View materialization

View + documents = few results



## View materialization

View + documents = many results



## Indexing views for query rewriting

### View indexing

For each view  $v$  and node label  $l$  in  $v$ , put  $(l, v)$

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## Indexing views for query rewriting

### View indexing

For each view  $v$  and node label  $l$  in  $v$ , put  $(l, v)$

For each view  $v$  and constant  $k$  in  $v$ , put  $(k, v)$

### View lookup

For each query  $q$  and label  $l$  in  $q$ , get( $l$ )

For each query  $q$  and constant  $k$  in  $q$ , get( $k$ )

## Indexing views for query rewriting

### View indexing

For each view  $v$  and node label  $l$  in  $v$ , put  $(l, v)$

For each view  $v$  and constant  $k$  in  $v$ , put  $(k, v)$

### View lookup

For each query  $q$  and label  $l$  in  $q$ , get( $l$ )

For each query  $q$  and constant  $k$  in  $q$ , get( $k$ )

**Filter** the views thus obtained:

**if**  $v$  cannot be embedded in  $q$   
**then** discard  $v$

## Indexing views for query rewriting

### View indexing

For each view  $v$  and node label  $l$  in  $v$ , put  $(l, v)$

For each view  $v$  and constant  $k$  in  $v$ , put  $(k, v)$

### View lookup

For each query  $q$  and label  $l$  in  $q$ , get( $l$ )

For each query  $q$  and constant  $k$  in  $q$ , get( $k$ )

**Filter** the views thus obtained:

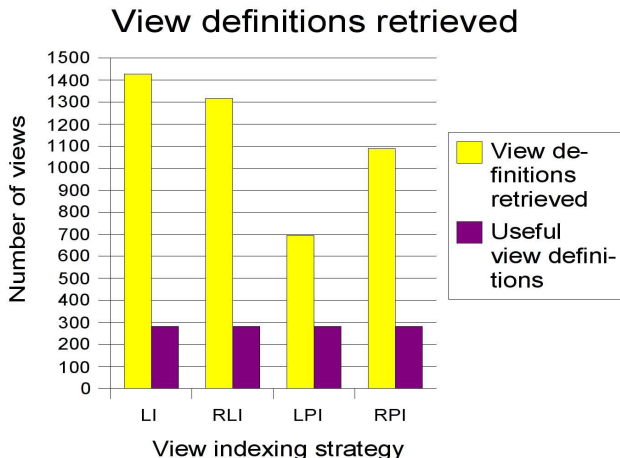
**if**  $v$  cannot be embedded in  $q$   
**then** discard  $v$

Rewrite  $q$  with the filtered view set



## View look up performance

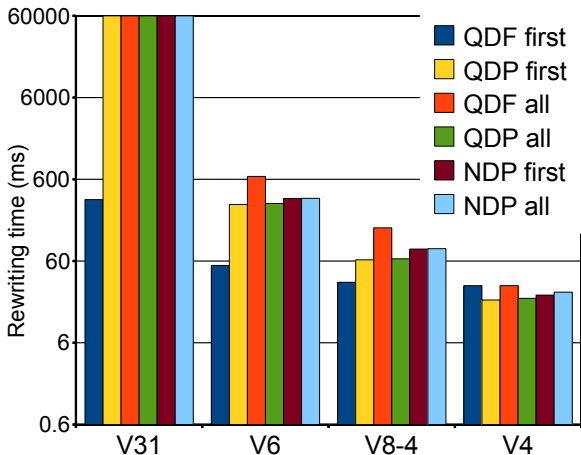
1440 views related to a 32-nodes query  $q$



## View rewriting performance

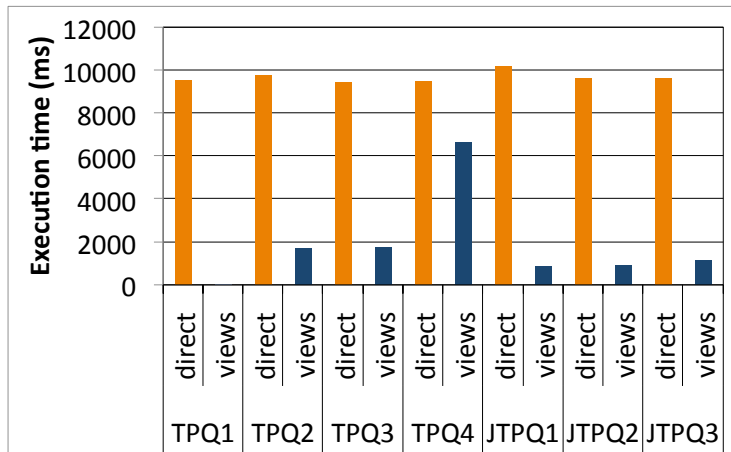
We find **minimal** rewritings

NP-hard problem; heuristics for finding some rewriting fast



## The interest of view-based rewriting

Almost-XMark queries



## Part III

# Summary

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We have

A distributed engine for sharing XML data based on materialized views

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We are working on

- 1 XML+RDF management (K. Karanasos, F. Goasdoué)
- 2 Self-adaptive views (A. Katsifodimos, J. Camacho-Rodriguez, V. Mishra)
- 3 Incremental view maintenance (M. Goodfellow, A. Bonifati)
- 4 Query optimization (A. Roatis)

### We have

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### Blue sky

- 1 Pure RDF management in P2P
- 2 Moving the back-end into the clouds (EnergieNet)

## Closest related works

DHT-based sharing of relations [LHSH04]

DHT-based XML indexing [GWJD03, BC06, SHA05, AMP<sup>+</sup>08]

DHT-based shared XML caches [LP08]

XPath query rewriting [BOB<sup>+</sup>04, XO05, CDO08, TYÖ<sup>+</sup>08]

- XPath: wildcard \*, union
- Rewritings: intersection, navigations, joins

Rewriting with structural constraints [ABMP07]

- Centralized setting
- Dataguide [GW97] constraints

Layered architecture for Web content warehousing [AAC<sup>+</sup>08]

RDF querying and reasoning on DHT [KMK08, LIK06]



# Thank you!

<http://vip2p.saclay.inria.fr>

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