



Benchmarking sep-CMA-ES on the BBOB-2009 Noisy Testbed

Raymond Ros

► To cite this version:

Raymond Ros. Benchmarking sep-CMA-ES on the BBOB-2009 Noisy Testbed. GECCO, Jul 2009, Montréal, Canada. inria-00377090

HAL Id: inria-00377090

<https://inria.hal.science/inria-00377090>

Submitted on 20 Apr 2009

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

Benchmarking sep-CMA-ES on the BBOB-2009 Noisy Testbed

Raymond Ros
Univ. Paris-Sud, LRI
UMR 8623 / INRIA Saclay, projet TAO
F-91405 Orsay, France
raymond.ros@lri.fr

ABSTRACT

A partly time and space linear CMA-ES is benchmarked on the BBOB-2009 noisy function testbed. This algorithm with a multistart strategy with increasing population size solves 10 functions out of 30 in 20-D.

Categories and Subject Descriptors

G.1.6 [Numerical Analysis]: Optimization—*global optimization, unconstrained optimization*; F.2.1 [Analysis of Algorithms and Problem Complexity]: Numerical Algorithms and Problems

General Terms

Algorithms

Keywords

Benchmarking, Black-box optimization, Evolutionary computation, Covariance matrix adaptation, Evolution strategy

1. INTRODUCTION

The sep-CMA-ES algorithm introduced in [7] is a variant of the covariance matrix adaptation evolution strategy (CMA-ES) [5] that is linear in time and space. This property combined with a faster learning rate makes sep-CMA-ES appropriate for separable function and larger dimensions. A mixed strategy of using sep-CMA-ES and CMA-ES is proposed here and benchmarked on a noisy function testbed.

2. ALGORITHM PRESENTATION

In its design, the sep-CMA-ES differs from the CMA-ES by two aspects: first, the covariance matrix is constrained to be diagonal at each of its update, second, the learning rate is increased by a factor of $\frac{n+3/2}{3}$, where n is the dimension of the search space¹. These modifications result

¹Please note that the factor for the learning rate is smaller than the one in [7].

Permission to make digital or hard copies of all or part of this work for personal or classroom use is granted without fee provided that copies are not made or distributed for profit or commercial advantage and that copies bear this notice and the full citation on the first page. To copy otherwise, to republish, to post on servers or to redistribute to lists, requires prior specific permission and/or a fee.

GECCO'09, July 8–12, 2009, Montréal Québec, Canada.
Copyright 2009 ACM 978-1-60558-505-5/09/07 ...\$5.00.

in an algorithm that trades model complexity with a time and space scaling that is better than the original CMA-ES. The $(\mu/\mu_w, \lambda)$ -sep-CMA-ES has been shown to outperform $(\mu/\mu_w, \lambda)$ -CMA-ES on separable functions.

We propose here what would be the best of two worlds: to use sep-CMA-ES for the first few iterations and then switch to CMA-ES. At the time of the switch, all parameters are retained except for the learning rate that is decreased back to its default value. This implies the diagonal covariance matrix acquired using sep-CMA-ES is directly used by CMA-ES. This mixed strategy is therefore expected to be faster than CMA-ES on separable functions. Ongoing work has also shown that for some test functions the first iterations using sep-CMA-ES would not disadvantage the latter use of CMA-ES in any way. In other terms, the cost of initially using sep-CMA-ES would not induce a penalty in the cost of solving the function with CMA-ES afterwards. The author admits some functions could induce such a penalty.

As for the multistart strategy, we use the increasing population size IPOPO-CMA-ES [1]. Though this approach has shown its limits [6], independent restart may improve the probability of the algorithm reaching a given target function value.

3. EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

The Matlab implementation of the CMA-ES (version 3.23beta) is used². We use the $(\mu/\mu_w, \lambda)$ -IPOPO-CMA-ES variant with an initial default population size $\lambda = 4 + \lfloor 3 \ln(n) \rfloor$ increasing twice at each restart. Except the learning rate, all other algorithm parameters are set to their default values. The covariance matrix is constrained to be diagonal only for the first $1 + 100n/\sqrt{\lambda}$ iterations of the *first start*. A maximum of 8 independent restarts is conducted. Restarts occur after $100 + 300n\sqrt{n/\lambda}$ iterations or if any of the default stopping criterion is met. The initial stepsize has been set to 2 and the starting point has been chosen uniformly in $[-4, 4]^n$. The maximum number of function evaluations was set to 10^4 times the dimension. No parameter tuning was done, the CrE [3] is computed to zero.

4. RESULTS

Results from experiments according to [3] on the benchmarks functions given in [2, 4] are presented in Figures 1 and 2 and in Tables 1 and 2. From the results of this algorithm, the uniform noise model is the most difficult to deal

²Latest version available here: <http://www.lri.fr/~hansen/cmaesintro.html>

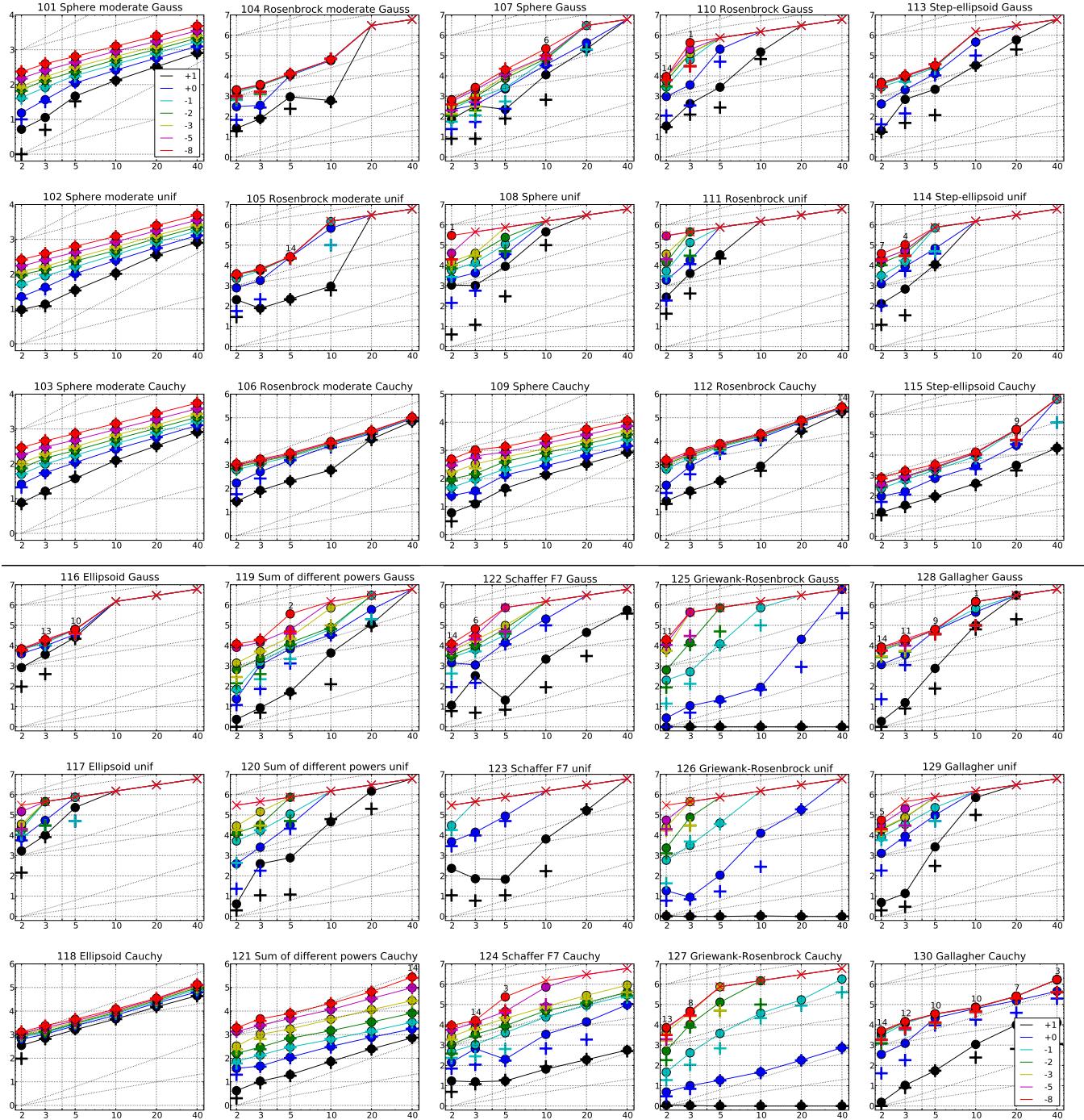


Figure 1: Expected Running Time (ERT, ●) to reach $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$ and median number of function evaluations of successful trials (+), shown for $\Delta f = 10, 1, 10^{-1}, 10^{-2}, 10^{-3}, 10^{-5}, 10^{-8}$ (the exponent is given in the legend of f_{101} and f_{130}) versus dimension in log-log presentation. The $\text{ERT}(\Delta f)$ equals to $\#\text{FEs}(\Delta f)$ divided by the number of successful trials, where a trial is successful if $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$ was surpassed during the trial. The $\#\text{FEs}(\Delta f)$ are the total number of function evaluations while $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$ was not surpassed during the trial from all respective trials (successful and unsuccessful), and f_{opt} denotes the optimal function value. Crosses (×) indicate the total number of function evaluations $\#\text{FEs}(-\infty)$. Numbers above ERT-symbols indicate the number of successful trials. Annotated numbers on the ordinate are decimal logarithms. Additional grid lines show linear and quadratic scaling.

Δf	<i>f101</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=738	<i>f101</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=2654	Δf	<i>f102</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=754	<i>f102</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=2798
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	15 4.6e1 3.7e1 5.6e1 4.6e1	15 3.2e2 3.1e2 3.4e2 3.2e2	10	15 3.5e1 2.9e1 4.1e1 3.5e1	15 3.6e2 3.4e2 3.8e2 3.6e2
1	15 1.1e2 1.0e2 1.2e2 1.1e2	15 5.8e2 5.6e2 6.0e2 5.8e2	1	15 1.0e2 9.3e1 1.1e2 1.0e2	15 5.8e2 5.6e2 6.0e2 5.8e2
1e-1	15 1.8e2 1.7e2 1.9e2 1.8e2	15 8.0e2 7.8e2 8.2e2 8.0e2	1e-1	15 1.6e2 1.5e2 1.7e2 1.6e2	15 8.2e2 7.9e2 8.5e2 8.2e2
1e-3	15 3.2e2 3.1e2 3.3e2 3.2e2	15 1.3e3 1.2e3 1.3e3 1.3e3	1e-3	15 3.0e2 2.9e2 3.1e2 3.0e2	15 1.3e3 1.3e3 1.3e3 1.3e3
le-5	15 4.4e2 4.3e2 4.5e2 4.4e2	15 1.7e3 1.7e3 1.8e3 1.7e3	le-5	15 4.3e2 4.2e2 4.4e2 4.3e2	15 1.8e3 1.7e3 1.8e3 1.8e3
le-8	15 6.4e2 6.2e2 6.6e2 6.4e2	15 2.5e3 2.4e3 2.5e3 2.5e3	le-8	15 6.3e2 6.1e2 6.5e2 6.3e2	15 2.5e3 2.5e3 2.5e3 2.5e3
Δf	<i>f103</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=1162	<i>f103</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=3014	Δf	<i>f104</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=23542	<i>f104</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	15 3.8e1 3.2e1 4.4e1 3.8e1	15 3.3e2 3.1e2 3.4e2 3.3e2	10	15 9.3e2 2.3e2 1.6e3 9.3e2	0 1e+0 1e+0 1e+0 1.3e5
1	15 1.1e2 9.9e1 1.2e2 1.1e2	15 5.7e2 5.5e2 5.9e2 5.7e2	1	15 1.1e4 8.4e3 1.3e4 1.1e4	.
1e-1	15 1.8e2 1.7e2 1.9e2 1.8e2	15 7.9e2 7.7e2 8.1e2 7.9e2	1e-1	15 1.1e4 9.0e3 1.3e4 1.1e4	.
1e-3	15 3.1e2 3.0e2 3.2e2 3.1e2	15 1.3e3 1.3e3 1.3e3 1.3e3	1e-3	15 1.2e4 1.0e4 1.4e4 1.2e4	.
le-5	15 4.8e2 4.6e2 5.1e2 4.8e2	15 1.9e3 1.9e3 1.9e3 1.9e3	le-5	15 1.2e4 1.0e4 1.5e4 1.2e4	.
le-8	15 7.3e2 6.9e2 7.8e2 7.3e2	15 2.8e3 2.8e3 2.8e3 2.8e3	le-8	15 1.3e4 1.1e4 1.5e4 1.3e4	.
Δf	<i>f105</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008	<i>f105</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022	Δf	<i>f106</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=5292	<i>f106</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=34994
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	15 2.2e2 2.1e2 2.3e2 2.2e2	0 1e+0 1e+0 1e+0 1.3e5	10	15 2.1e2 1.9e2 2.2e2 2.1e2	15 1.2e4 1.2e4 1.3e4 1.2e4
1	14 2.5e4 2.2e4 3.0e4 2.4e4	.	1	15 1.6e3 1.3e3 1.9e3 1.6e3	15 2.2e4 2.1e4 2.3e4 2.2e4
1e-1	14 2.6e4 2.2e4 3.0e4 2.4e4	.	1e-1	15 2.2e3 1.9e3 2.5e3 2.2e3	15 2.4e4 2.3e4 2.5e4 2.4e4
1e-3	14 2.7e4 2.3e4 3.1e4 2.5e4	.	1e-3	15 2.7e3 2.4e3 2.9e3 2.7e3	15 2.5e4 2.5e4 2.6e4 2.5e4
le-5	14 2.7e4 2.3e4 3.1e4 2.5e4	.	le-5	15 2.9e3 2.6e3 3.2e3 2.9e3	15 2.6e4 2.6e4 2.7e4 2.6e4
le-8	14 2.7e4 2.3e4 3.2e4 2.5e4	.	le-8	15 3.2e3 2.9e3 3.4e3 3.2e3	15 2.8e4 2.7e4 2.9e4 2.8e4
Δf	<i>f107</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=23686	<i>f107</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022	Δf	<i>f108</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008	<i>f108</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	15 2.2e2 9.1e1 3.6e2 2.2e2	13 2.1e5 1.8e5 2.5e5 1.8e5	10	15 9.0e3 4.9e3 1.4e4 9.0e3	0 7e+0 2e+0 1e+1 1.8e5
1	15 2.3e3 9.2e2 3.7e3 2.3e3	7 4.2e5 3.3e5 7.4e5 2.0e5	1	15 3.5e4 2.8e4 4.1e4 3.0e4	.
1e-1	15 2.5e3 1.2e3 3.9e3 2.5e3	1 3.0e6 1.5e6 >3e6 2.0e5	1e-1	6 1.1e5 7.5e4 1.8e5 4.2e4	.
1e-3	15 1.0e4 7.8e3 1.3e4 1.0e4	0 1e-1 1e-2 1e+0 2.0e5	1e-3	0 2e-2 5e-4 2e-1 2.2e4	.
le-5	15 1.3e4 1.0e4 1.6e4 1.3e4	.	le-5	.	.
le-8	15 2.0e4 1.8e4 2.1e4 2.0e4	.	le-8	.	.
Δf	<i>f109</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=1730	<i>f109</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=6338	Δf	<i>f110</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008	<i>f110</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	15 4.5e1 3.6e1 5.5e1 4.5e1	15 3.3e2 3.2e2 3.5e2 3.3e2	10	15 2.8e3 3.3e2 5.2e3 2.8e3	0 6e+0 3e+0 4e+1 1.8e5
1	15 1.3e2 1.2e2 1.5e2 1.3e2	15 6.3e2 6.1e2 6.5e2 6.3e2	1	3 2.1e5 1.2e5 6.2e5 5.0e4	.
1e-1	15 2.2e2 2.0e2 2.4e2 2.2e2	15 1.1e3 1.1e3 1.2e3 1.1e3	1e-1	0 2e-1 7e-2 3e-1 1.1e4	.
1e-3	15 5.7e2 5.2e2 6.2e2 5.7e2	15 2.3e3 2.2e3 2.4e3 2.3e3	1e-3	.	.
le-5	15 8.7e2 8.1e2 9.4e2 8.7e2	15 3.6e3 3.5e3 3.7e3 3.6e3	le-5	15 7.3e3 6.2e3 8.5e3 7.3e3	15 7.6e4 6.7e4 8.5e4 7.6e4
le-8	15 1.4e3 1.3e3 1.4e3 1.4e3	15 5.6e3 5.5e3 5.7e3 5.6e3	le-8	15 8.0e3 6.9e3 9.2e3 8.0e3	15 7.9e4 7.1e4 8.8e4 7.9e4
Δf	<i>f111</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008	<i>f111</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022	Δf	<i>f112</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=14628	<i>f112</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=137776
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	12 3.4e4 2.6e4 4.2e4 2.9e4	0 1e+2 5e2+1 9e+2 1.8e5	10	15 2.1e2 1.9e2 2.3e2 2.1e2	15 2.9e4 2.6e4 3.1e4 2.9e4
1	0 4e-1 1e-1 4e+0 2.8e4	.	1	15 4.3e3 3.1e3 5.4e3 4.3e3	15 6.4e4 5.5e4 7.3e4 6.4e4
1e-1	.	.	1e-1	15 5.7e3 4.6e3 6.8e3 5.7e3	15 7.0e4 6.1e4 7.9e4 7.0e4
1e-3	.	.	1e-3	15 6.7e3 5.6e3 7.8e3 6.7e3	15 7.4e4 6.5e4 8.3e4 7.4e4
le-5	.	.	le-5	15 7.3e3 6.2e3 8.5e3 7.3e3	15 7.6e4 6.7e4 8.5e4 7.6e4
le-8	.	.	le-8	15 8.0e3 6.9e3 9.2e3 8.0e3	15 7.9e4 7.1e4 8.8e4 7.9e4
Δf	<i>f113</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=37944	<i>f113</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022	Δf	<i>f114</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008	<i>f114</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	15 2.2e3 8.0e2 3.5e3 2.2e3	5 5.9e5 4.2e5 9.9e5 2.0e5	10	15 1.1e4 7.8e3 1.5e4 1.1e4	0 1e+1 9e+0 3e+1 1.8e5
1	15 1.3e4 8.6e3 1.7e4 1.3e4	2 2e+0 4e-1 8e+0 1.8e5	1	8 6.8e4 5.0e4 9.9e4 3.7e4	.
1e-1	15 2.6e4 2.3e4 3.0e4 2.6e4	.	1e-1	1 7.0e5 3.3e5 >7e5 5.0e4	.
1e-3	15 3.1e4 2.8e4 3.4e4 3.1e4	.	1e-3	0 9e-2 1e-2 3e-1 2.5e4	.
le-5	15 3.1e4 2.8e4 3.4e4 3.1e4	.	le-5	.	.
le-8	15 3.2e4 2.8e4 3.4e4 3.2e4	.	le-8	.	.
Δf	<i>f115</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=7658	<i>f115</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200074	Δf	<i>f116</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008	<i>f116</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	15 9.1e1 7.7e1 1.1e2 9.1e1	15 3.1e3 2.3e3 3.9e3 3.1e3	10	15 2.6e4 2.2e4 3.0e4 2.6e4	0 1e+2 4e+1 3e+2 1.8e5
1	15 7.1e2 5.9e2 8.3e2 7.1e2	15 3.0e4 2.6e4 3.4e4 3.0e4	1	14 3.6e4 3.2e4 4.1e4 3.3e4	.
1e-1	15 1.8e3 1.4e3 2.3e3 1.8e3	9 1.7e5 1.2e5 2.6e5 9.2e4	1e-1	10 6.1e4 4.9e4 7.9e4 4.1e4	.
1e-3	15 2.6e3 2.1e3 3.1e3 2.6e3	9 1.8e5 1.2e5 2.7e5 9.7e4	1e-3	10 6.2e4 5.0e4 8.0e4 4.2e4	.
le-5	15 2.6e3 2.1e3 3.0e3 2.6e3	9 1.8e5 1.2e5 2.8e5 9.7e4	le-5	10 6.2e4 5.1e4 8.1e4 4.2e4	.
le-8	15 3.4e3 2.8e3 4.0e3 3.4e3	9 1.8e5 1.2e5 2.8e5 9.8e4	le-8	10 6.3e4 5.1e4 8.2e4 4.3e4	.
Δf	<i>f117</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008	<i>f117</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022	Δf	<i>f118</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=5098	<i>f118</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=46526
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	3 2.3e5 1.4e5 7.0e5 5.0e4	0 9e+2 5e2+2 25e+3 1.8e5	10	15 1.6e3 1.4e3 1.8e3 1.6e3	15 1.5e4 1.4e4 1.6e4 1.5e4
1	1 7.4e5 3.6e5 >7e5 5.0e4	.	1	15 2.4e3 2.2e3 2.6e3 2.4e3	15 2.2e4 2.1e4 2.3e4 2.2e4
1e-1	1 7.4e5 3.6e5 >7e5 5.0e4	.	1e-1	15 2.8e3 2.7e3 3.0e3 2.8e3	15 2.5e4 2.4e4 2.6e4 2.5e4
1e-3	0 2e+0 3e-1 2e+1 3.5e4	.	1e-3	15 3.3e3 3.2e3 3.5e3 3.3e3	15 3.0e4 2.9e4 3.2e4 3.0e4
le-5	.	.	le-5	15 3.8e3 3.6e3 3.9e3 3.8e3	15 3.2e4 3.1e4 3.4e4 3.2e4
le-8	.	.	le-8	15 4.5e3 4.3e3 4.6e3 4.5e3	15 3.5e4 3.3e4 3.6e4 3.5e4
Δf	<i>f119</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008	<i>f119</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022	Δf	<i>f120</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008	<i>f120</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022
	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}		# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}	# ERT 10% 90% RT _{succ}
10	15 5.3e1 3.7e1 6.9e1 5.3e1	13 1.1e5 8.3e4 1.5e5 9.8e4	10	15 7.7e2 3.6e1 1.5e3 7.7e2	2 1.5e6 7.5e5 >3e6 2.0e5
1	15 6.9e3 3.9e3 1.0e4 6.9e3	5 5.9e5 4.2e5 1.0e6 2.0e5	1	12 3.1e4 2.5e4 3.9e4 2.8e4	0 1e+0 6e-1 25e+0 1.8e5
1e-1	15 9.6e3 5.8e3 1.4e4 9.6e3	1 3.0e6 1.5e6 >3e6 2.0e5	1e-1	6 1.1e5 7.8e4 1.7e5 4.6e4	.
1e-3	14 2.6e4 2.1e4 3.0e4 2.6e4	0 1e-1 5e-2 1e+0 1.8e5	1e-3	0 3e-2 2e-3 3e-1 2.0e4	.
le-5	10 6.1e4 4.9e4 8.0e4 4.1e4	.	le-5	.	.
le-8	2 3.7e5 1.9e5 >7e5 5.0e4	.	le-8	.	.

Table 1: Shown are, for functions f_{101} - f_{120} and for a given target difference to the optimal function value Δf : the number of successful trials (#); the expected running time to surpass $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$ (ERT, see Figure 1); the 10%-tile and 90%-tile of the bootstrap distribution of ERT; the average number of function evaluations in successful trials or, if none was successful, as last entry the median number of function evaluations to reach the best function value (RT_{succ}). If $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$ was never reached, figures in *italics* denote the best achieved Δf -value of the median trial and the 10% and 90%-tile trial. Furthermore, N denotes the number of trials, and mFE denotes the maximum of number of function evaluations executed in one trial. See Figure 1 for the names of functions.

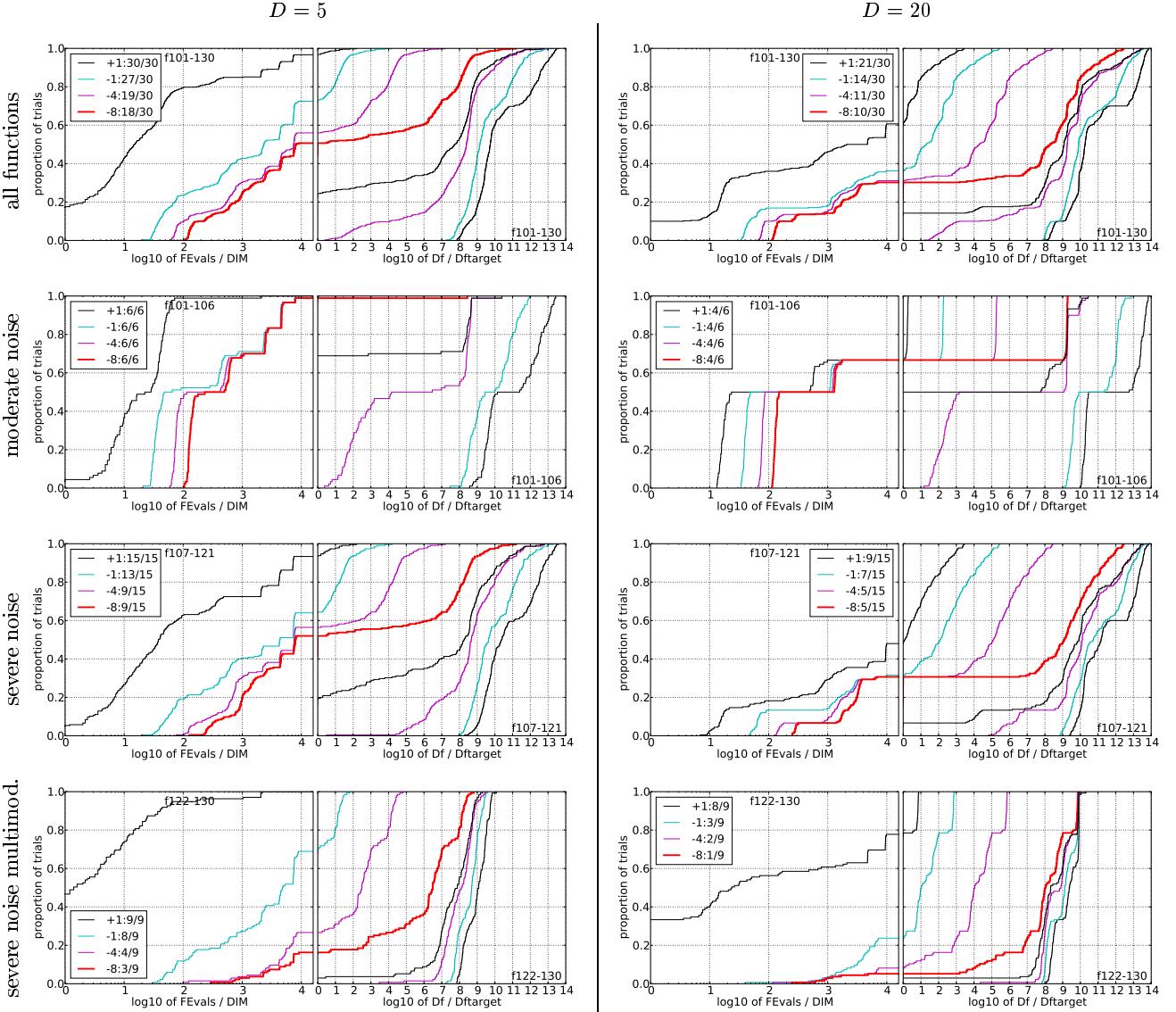


Figure 2: Empirical cumulative distribution functions (ECDFs), plotting the fraction of trials versus running time (left subplots) or versus Δf (right subplots). The thick red line represents the best achieved results. Left subplots: ECDF of the running time (number of function evaluations), divided by search space dimension D , to fall below $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$ with $\Delta f = 10^k$, where k is the first value in the legend. Right subplots: ECDF of the best achieved Δf divided by 10^k (upper left lines in continuation of the left subplot), and best achieved Δf divided by 10^{-8} for running times of $D, 10D, 100D\dots$ function evaluations (from right to left cycling black-cyan-magenta). Top row: all results from all functions; second row: moderate noise functions; third row: severe noise functions; fourth row: severe noise and highly-multimodal functions. The legends indicate the number of functions that were solved in at least one trial. FEvals denotes number of function evaluations, D and DIM denote search space dimension, and Δf and Df denote the difference to the optimal function value.

<i>f121</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=16756							<i>f121</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=74630							<i>f122</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008							<i>f122</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022							
Δf	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}			
10	15	2.0e1	1.5e1	2.5e1	2.0e1	15	2.5e2	2.3e2	2.7e2	2.5e2	10	15	2.1e1	1.1e1	3.2e1	2.1e1	15	4.5e4	2.6e4	6.4e4	4.5e4	1	15	1.4e4	1.0e4	1.8e4	1.4e4	
1	15	1.1e2	9.7e1	1.3e2	1.1e2	15	7.7e2	7.2e2	8.2e2	7.7e2	1	14	3.3e4	2.8e4	4.0e4	3.1e4	0	4.4e-1	1.7e-1	6.2e-1	1.8e5							
le-1	15	2.9e2	2.7e2	3.2e2	2.9e2	15	1.4e3	1.4e3	1.5e3	1.4e3	le-1	14	7.9e4	7.1e4	1.6e5	4.5e4	.	.	.	.	.	1	15	7.4e5	3.7e5	>7e5	5.0e4
le-3	15	1.7e3	1.6e3	1.9e3	1.7e3	15	1.2e4	1.1e4	1.2e4	1.2e4	le-3	7	9.8e4	7.1e4	1.6e5	4.5e4	.	.	.	.	.	le-5	1	7.4e5	3.7e5	>7e5	5.0e4
le-5	15	4.8e3	4.5e3	5.1e3	4.8e3	15	3.4e4	3.3e4	3.6e4	3.4e4	le-8	0	1.6e-4	7.4e-6	7.0e-3	4.0e4	.	.	.	.	.	15	6.6e4	6.4e4	6.8e4	6.6e4	
le-8	15	7.9e3	7.1e3	8.8e3	7.9e3	15	6.6e4	6.4e4	6.8e4	6.6e4	le-8	0	1.6e-4	7.4e-6	7.0e-3	4.0e4	.	.	.	.	.	15	2.1e1	1.1e1	3.2e1	2.1e1	
Δf	<i>f123</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008							<i>f123</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022							<i>f124</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50058							<i>f124</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200086						
Δf	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}			
10	15	6.8e1	4.0e1	9.7e1	6.8e1	14	1.6e5	1.4e5	1.9e5	1.5e5	10	15	1.9e2	1.7e2	2.1e2	1.7e1	15	1.9e2	1.7e2	2.1e2	1.9e2	1	15	2.0e2	1.8e2	2.3e2	2.0e2	
1	7	8.8e4	6.3e4	4.1e4	4.0e4	0	7.7e-1	4.9e-1	9.9e-1	1.8e5	1	15	4.1e4	2.3e3	6.0e3	4.1e3	15	9.1e4	8.0e4	1.0e5	9.1e4	le-1	15	4.1e3	2.3e3	6.0e3	4.1e3	
le-1	0	1.0e-1	3.7e-2	2.6e-1	3.5e4	.	.	.	.	.	le-3	15	2.0e4	1.7e4	2.4e4	2.0e4	9	2.8e5	2.2e5	3.9e5	1.6e5	le-5	15	4.5e4	3.9e4	5.3e4	3.9e4
le-3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	le-8	0	4.4e-5	3.7e-6	4.4e-4	4.4e4	0	4.1e-5	3.7e-6	4.4e-4	1.8e5	1	2.4e5	1.4e5	7.2e5	4.4e4		
le-5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	le-8	0	1.6e-8	1.6e-8	1.6e-8	1.6e-8	.	.	.	.	.	15	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0		
le-8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	le-8	0	1.6e-8	1.6e-8	1.6e-8	1.6e-8	.	.	.	.	.	15	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0		
Δf	<i>f125</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008							<i>f125</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022							<i>f126</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008							<i>f126</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022						
Δf	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}			
10	15	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	15	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	10	15	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	13	1.8e5	1.5e5	2.2e5	1.5e5	1	15	1.1e2	5.4e2	1.7e2	1.1e2	
1	15	2.2e1	1.7e1	2.7e1	2.2e1	15	2.0e4	7.8e3	3.3e4	2.0e4	1	12	4.0e4	3.0e4	5.3e4	2.8e4	0	8.9e-2	6.1e-2	1.1e-1	1.8e5	le-1	12	4.0e4	3.0e4	5.3e4	2.8e4	
le-1	15	1.2e4	8.1e3	1.7e4	1.2e4	0	5.9e-2	4.7e-2	6.8e-2	1.8e5	le-3	9	6.0e4	4.6e4	8.1e4	3.8e4	.	.	.	.	.	le-5	9	6.0e4	4.6e4	8.3e4	3.8e4
le-3	0	2.8e-3	1.1e-3	7.0e-3	4.0e4	.	.	.	.	le-8	9	6.4e4	5.0e4	8.9e4	3.9e4	.	.	.	.	.	10	15	7.6e2	6.4e1	1.5e3	7.6e2	
le-5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	le-8	0	6.5e+0	5.7e+0	7.1e+0	1.8e5	1	3.0e6	1.5e6	>3e6	2.0e5	1	9	5.5e4	4.1e4	7.8e4	3.6e4	
le-8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	le-8	0	5.9e4	4.6e4	8.1e4	3.8e4	.	.	.	.	.	10	9	6.0e4	4.6e4	8.1e4	3.8e4	
Δf	<i>f127</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50058							<i>f127</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022							<i>f128</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008							<i>f128</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022						
Δf	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}			
10	15	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	15	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	1.0e0	10	15	7.6e2	6.4e1	1.5e3	7.6e2	1	3.0e6	1.5e6	>3e6	2.0e5	1	9	5.5e4	4.1e4	7.8e4	3.6e4	
1	15	1.9e1	1.6e1	2.2e1	1.9e1	15	1.8e2	1.5e2	2.1e2	1.8e2	1	9	5.9e4	4.6e4	8.1e4	3.8e4	1	6.5e+0	5.7e+0	7.1e+0	1.8e5	le-1	9	6.0e4	4.6e4	8.1e4	3.8e4	
le-1	15	3.7e3	1.8e3	5.9e3	3.7e3	10	1.7e5	1.3e5	2.3e5	1.2e5	le-3	9	6.0e4	4.6e4	8.1e4	3.8e4	.	.	.	.	.	le-5	9	6.0e4	4.6e4	8.3e4	3.8e4
le-3	1	7.4e5	3.7e5	>7e5	5.0e4	0	8.9e-3	5.7e-3	1.5e-2	8.9e4	le-8	9	6.4e4	5.0e4	8.9e4	3.9e4	.	.	.	.	.	10	15	9.5e3	5.4e3	1.5e4	9.9e3
le-5	0	1.8e-3	1.0e-4	3.2e-3	3.5e4	1	2.3e4	2.1e4	2.5e4	2.3e4	le-8	10	3.4e4	2.4e4	4.6e4	2.7e4	7	2.5e5	1.6e5	4.3e5	9.5e4	1	2.2e4	1.4e4	3.1e4	1.7e4		
le-8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	le-8	10	3.5e4	2.5e4	4.6e4	2.8e4	7	2.6e5	1.6e5	4.3e5	9.6e4	1	2.3e4	1.4e4	3.1e4	1.7e4		
Δf	<i>f129</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50008							<i>f129</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200022							<i>f130</i> in 5-D, N=15, mFE=50124							<i>f130</i> in 20-D, N=15, mFE=200086						
Δf	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}	#	ERT	10%	90%	RT _{succ}			
10	15	2.7e3	1.4e3	4.1e3	2.7e3	0	6.9e+0	4.1e+0	7.3e+0	1.8e5	10	15	5.5e1	4.3e1	6.7e1	5.5e1	1	9.5e3	5.4e3	1.5e4	9.9e3	1	2.2e4	1.4e4	3.1e4	1.7e4		
1	6	9.8e4	6.9e4	1.6e5	4.1e4	6	9.8e4	6.9e4	1.6e5	4.1e4	1	10	3.3e4	2.4e4	4.5e4	2.7e4	7	2.5e5	1.6e5	4.3e5	9.5e4	1	2.2e4	1.4e4	3.1e4	1.7e4		
le-1	3	2.3e5	1.3e5	7.0e5	4.1e4	3	2.3e5	1.3e5	7.0e5	4.1e4	le-3	10	3.4e4	2.4e4	4.5e4	2.7e4	7	2.5e5	1.6e5	4.4e5	9.6e4	1	2.3e4	1.4e4	3.1e4	1.7e4		
le-3	0	1.8e-1	4.2e-3	3.1e-1	2.5e4	1	2.3e4	2.1e4	2.5e4	2.3e4	le-5	10	3.4e4	2.4e4	4.6e4	2.7e4	7	2.6e5	1.6e5	4.3e5	9.6e4	1	2.3e4	1.4e4	3.1e4	1.7e4		
le-5	.	.	.	.	.	1	2.3e4	2.1e4	2.5e4	2.3e4	le-8	10	3.5e4	2.5e4	4.6e4	2.8e4	7	2.6e5	1.6e5	4.3e5	9.7e4	1	2.3e4	1.4e4	3.1e4	1.7e4	

Table 2: Shown are, for functions f_{121} - f_{130} and for a given target difference to the optimal function value Δf : the number of successful trials (#); the expected running time to surpass $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$ (ERT, see Figure 1); the 10%-tile and 90%-tile of the bootstrap distribution of ERT; the average number of function evaluations in successful trials or, if none was successful, as last entry the median number of function evaluations to reach the best function value (RT_{succ}). If $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$ was never reached, figures in *italics* denote the best achieved Δf -value of the median trial and the 10% and 90%-tile trial. Furthermore, N denotes the number of trials, and mFE denotes the maximum of number of function evaluations executed in one trial. See Figure 1 for the names of functions.

5. CPU TIMING EXPERIMENT

For the timing experiment, the proposed algorithm was run on f_8 and restarted until at least 30 seconds have passed (according to Figure 2 in [3]). The experiments were conducted with an Intel Core 2 6700 processor (2.66GHz) with Matlab R2008a on Linux 2.6.24.7. The results were 15, 13, 11, 9.7, 9.9, and 13×10^{-5} seconds per function evaluations in dimension 2, 3, 5, 10, 20, and 40 respectively.

6. CONCLUSION

The strategy of mixing CMA-ES with its time and space linear variant results in this algorithm. Tested on the BBOB-2009 noisy functions testbed, it could only solve all ten functions using the less severe Cauchy noise model in 20-D.

7. REFERENCES

- [1] A. Auger and N. Hansen. A restart CMA evolution strategy with increasing population size. In *Proceedings of the IEEE Congress on Evolutionary Computation (CEC 2005)*, pages 1769–1776. IEEE Press, 2005.
- [2] S. Finck, N. Hansen, R. Ros, and A. Auger. Real-parameter black-box optimization benchmarking 2009: Presentation of the noisy functions. Technical Report 2009/21, Research Center PPE, 2009.
- [3] N. Hansen, A. Auger, S. Finck, and R. Ros. Real-parameter black-box optimization benchmarking 2009: Experimental setup. Technical Report RR-6828, INRIA, 2009.
- [4] N. Hansen, S. Finck, R. Ros, and A. Auger. Real-parameter black-box optimization benchmarking 2009: Noisy functions definitions. Technical Report RR-6869, INRIA, 2009.
- [5] N. Hansen and A. Ostermeier. Completely derandomized self-adaptation in evolution strategies. *Evolutionary computation*, 9(2):159–195, 2001.
- [6] M. Lunacek, D.