

#### Modelling the dynamics of Salmonella infection in the gut at the bacterial and host levels

Coralie Muller, Pablo Ugalde Salas, Rafael Kaempfer, Arie Wortsman, Simon Labarthe, Clémence Frioux

#### ▶ To cite this version:

Coralie Muller, Pablo Ugalde Salas, Rafael Kaempfer, Arie Wortsman, Simon Labarthe, et al.. Modelling the dynamics of Salmonella infection in the gut at the bacterial and host levels. ISMB/ECCB 2023 - 31st Annual Intelligent Systems For Molecular Biology and the 22nd Annual European Conference on Computational Biology, Jul 2023, Lyon, France. . hal-04183811

#### HAL Id: hal-04183811 https://inria.hal.science/hal-04183811

Submitted on 21 Aug 2023

**HAL** is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



**Bioinformatics:** ✓ coralie.muller@inria.fr Mathematics pablo.ugalde-salas@inria.fr

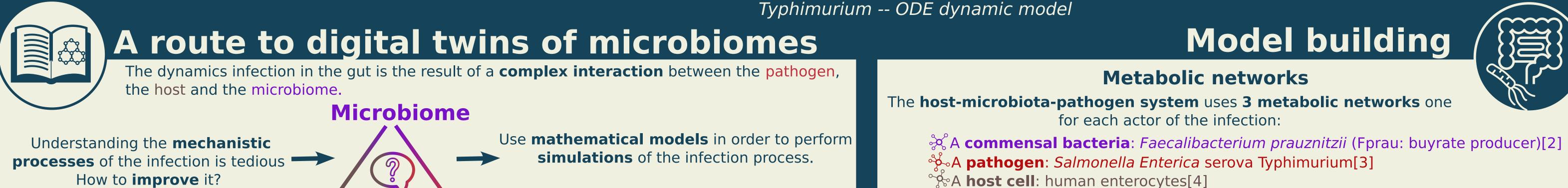
# Modelling the dynamics of Salmonella infection in the gut at the bacterial and host levels

Coralie MULLER<sup>1</sup>, Pablo UGALDE SALAS<sup>1</sup>, Rafael KAEMPFER<sup>1</sup>, Arie WORTSMAN<sup>1</sup>, Simon LABARTHE<sup>2,1</sup> and Clémence FRIOUX<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Inria, Univ. Bordeaux, INRAE, F-33400 Talence, France

<sup>2</sup> INRAe, Univ. Bordeaux, BIOGECO, Pessac, France

Keywords: Constraint-based metabolic modelling -- host-microbiome-pathogen system -- Systems biology -- Gut microbiota -- Salmonella enterica



Host — Pathogen Simulations representing metabolism and its interactions are becoming

increasingly common and very useful, but have their limitations: Dynamic simulation O Lacks spatialization (different bacterial composition, ...) High computational cost(parameter inference, large microbial community Metamodels[1] and spatialization integration **Dynamic** simulation Reduced computational cost Add spatialization

We model the metabolism of a host-microbiota-pathogen system to simulate Salmonella Enterica serova Typhimurium infection and use statistical learning to speed-up computation.

# β-oxydation Colonic mucosa

Created in **BioRender.com** bio figure 3:Mechanism of Salmonella Typhimurium infection a) Healthy gut uncolonized by Salmonella, with commensal bacteria (purple) and enterocytes(brown) interactions b) Salmonella-colonized intestine with Salmonella (red), commensal bacteria and

enterocytes interactions

Flow dynamics during infection:

• **Decline** of the butyrate flow causes by absence of production

Overflow O<sub>2</sub> and NO in the lumen from enterocytes

## **Mathematical models**

Flux Balance Analysis (FBA)[5]: Hypothesis of quasi-steady state Set of thermodynamical constraints O Computes activity rates, or fluxes OUsed on unique species or community

Dynamic FBA (dFBA)[5]: • Enables metabolic simulations over time OIntegrates the fluxes calculated in FBA into

a system of ordinary differential equations Main refinement steps **Objective functions Host metabolism curation** 

Curation reactions related to feed the energy-related pathways

**Dynamics in Enterocyte:** 

Production of NO inihibited

by butyrate from Fprau

**Prodution** of energy (ATP)

from butyrate

• Production of NO without its

inihibition by butyrate

No infection(t0):

Infection(t40):

• No consumption of

○O₂ leakage to lumen

Reduction in energy

production (ATP)

butyrate an O<sub>2</sub> in TCA cyle

✓ Butyrate metabolism

**Salmonella** Typhimurium Biomass reaction Faecalibacterium prauznitzii

 ⊕ Human enterocytes → ATP synthase reaction (energy metabolism) [6]

#### Simulations Our simulations represent correctly the infection process on

two levels: the **lumen** of the intestin and **the enterocyte.** Figure 4: Dynamics in lumen during infection to

**Dynamics in Lumen:** 

No infection(t0):

No  $O_2$  (Hypoxic)

**No** oxidized elements

Ratio of reduced to total forms of thiosulfate Ratio of reduced to total forms of galactose Ratio of reduced to total forms of glucose Ratio of reduced to total forms of nitric oxide Ratio of butyrate to maximum level attained Ratio of O<sub>2</sub> to maximum level attained

**Luminal Compartment** 

Time [hours]

b) Evolution of host-pathogen-bacteria dynamics during infection

No Salmonella presence **Production** of butyrate by **Fprau** No neutrophils recruitment Fprau growth(butyrate production, niche stability)

Infection(t40):

Created with BioRender.com Accumulation of  $O_2$  (microaerobic) Production of **oxidized elements**(thiosulfate, NO3-,...)

Growth of Salmonella and its oxidized niche (galactarate, glucarate,...) Production of **virulence factors** by *Salmonella* triggering

activation of neutrophils and the **inflammation** Neutrophils recruitment by virulence factors, target commensals

**Decline** of Fprau and its niche (glucose, galactose) and butyrate production

# Figure 5: Dynamics in enterocyte during infection a) Evolution of the ATP production during infection b) Proportion of O2 and butyaret in the enterocyte during infection c) Evolution of flows between luminal and epithelial compartment ○ Consumption of butyrate an \( \{ \} ATP production rate O<sub>2</sub> in TCA cycle and electron Time [hours] Butyrate proportion Oxygen proportion

Flows between luminal and epithelial compartment O2 1.0 butyrate NO -0.5

Time [hours]

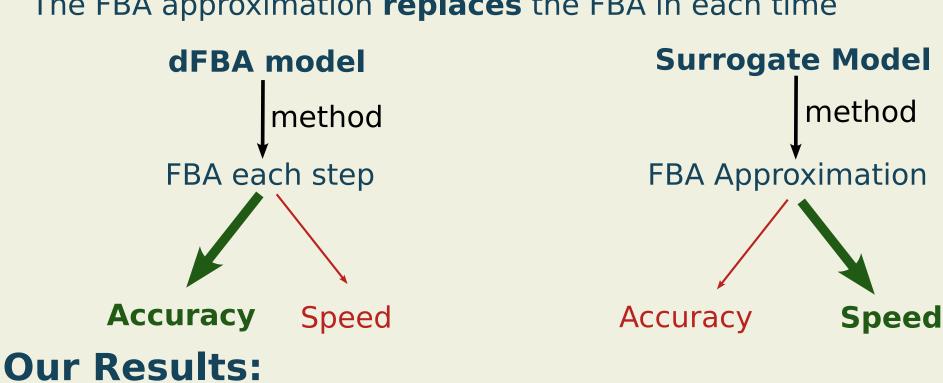
20

# A surrogate to speed up simulations

dFBA simulations can represent a high computational cost, therefore, we want to provide an efficiently computed surrogate of the dFBA model.

The metamodel approximates the FBA by using ANOVA-Reproducing Kernel Hilbert **Space** (RKHS)[7].

The FBA approximation replaces the FBA in each time



The comparison between the two methodes shows a small difference in precision(<5% error)</pre>

✓ Dynamic simulations are speed-up by factor x45

Improvements: the precision could be improved and other techniques are being studied to improve speed-up.

# Fprau neutrophils Time [hours] Salmonella infection **Epithelial Compartmen** butyrate neutrophils Time [hours]

## Towards spatialization

### **Take-Home Message**



( A mechanistic and accurate metabolic model of a complex system involving a human metabolic network

Our model paves the way to a more systematic use of metabolic models as descriptors of microbe-microbe and host-microbe interactions during infections

#### Improvements:

Optimize the speed-up and the accuracy

Add spatialization to our model

**Generalize** the approach to other ecosystems which functions are important for dynamics of the community

#### References

[1] Clémence Frioux et al. Accelerating metabolic models evaluation with statistical metamodels: applicationto Salmonella infection models. working paper or preprint, April 2022.

[2] El-Semman et al. "Genome-scale metabolic reconstructions of Bifidobacterium adolescentis L2-32 and Faecalibacterium prausnitzii A2-165 and their

interaction." BMC systems biology 8.1 (2014): 1-11 [3] Raghunathan et al. Constraint-based analysis of metabolic capacity of Salmonella typhimurium during host-pathogen interaction. BMC Syst Biol 3,

38 (2009). https://doi.org/10.1186/1752-0509-3-38

[4] Kocabaş, K., Arif, A., Uddin, R., & Çakir, T. (2022). Dual transcriptome based reconstruction of salmonella human integrated metabolic network to screen potential

drug targets. PLOS ONE, 17, e0268889 https://doi.org/10.1371/JOURNAL.PONE.0268889 [5] Ove Øyås and Jörg Satellin. Genome-scale metabolic networks in time and space. Current Opinion in Systems Biology, 8:51-8, 2018.

[6] Schuetz, R., Kuepfer, L., & Sauer, U. (2007). Systematic evaluation of objective functions for predicting intracellular fluxes in escherichia coli. Molecular Systems Biology, 3, 119. https://doi.org/10.1038/MSB4100162 [7] Sylvie Huet and Marie-Luce Taupin. Metamodel construction for sensitivity analysis. ESAIM: Proceedings and Surveys, 60:27-69, 2017.

lazía