



Using critical dynamics to capture processes underlying Brain-Computer Interface performance

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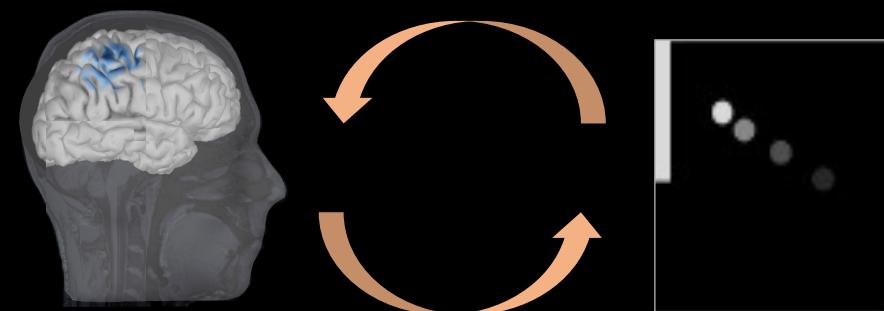
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Using critical dynamics to capture processes underlying Brain-Computer Interface performance



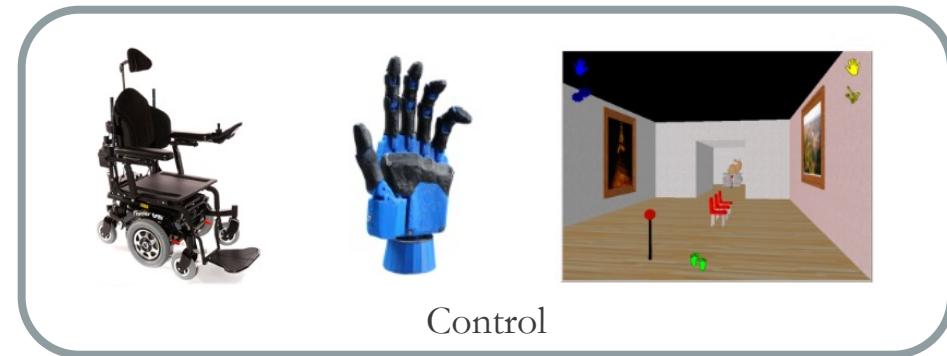
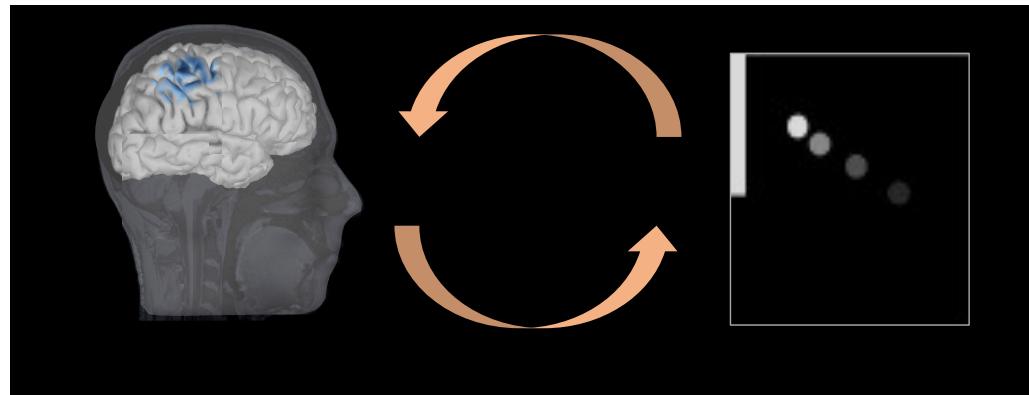
Marie-Constance Corsi*,

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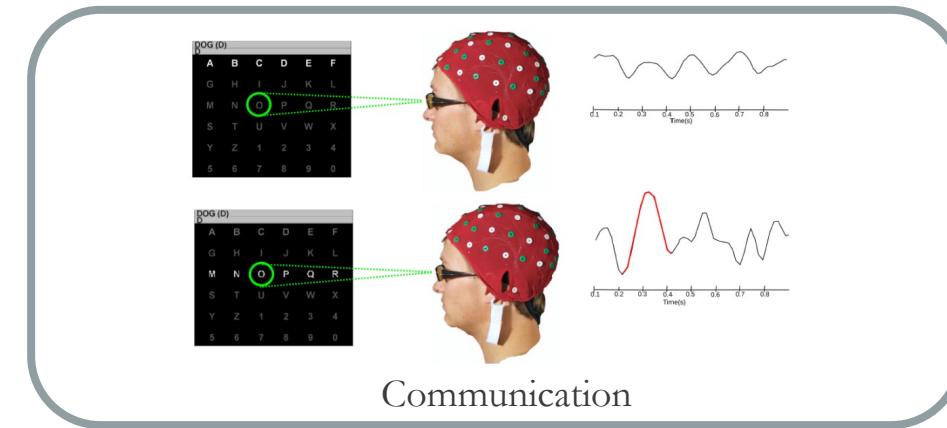
Pierpaolo Sorrentino*,

Institut de Neuroscience des Systèmes, France

What is a Brain-Computer Interface (BCI)?



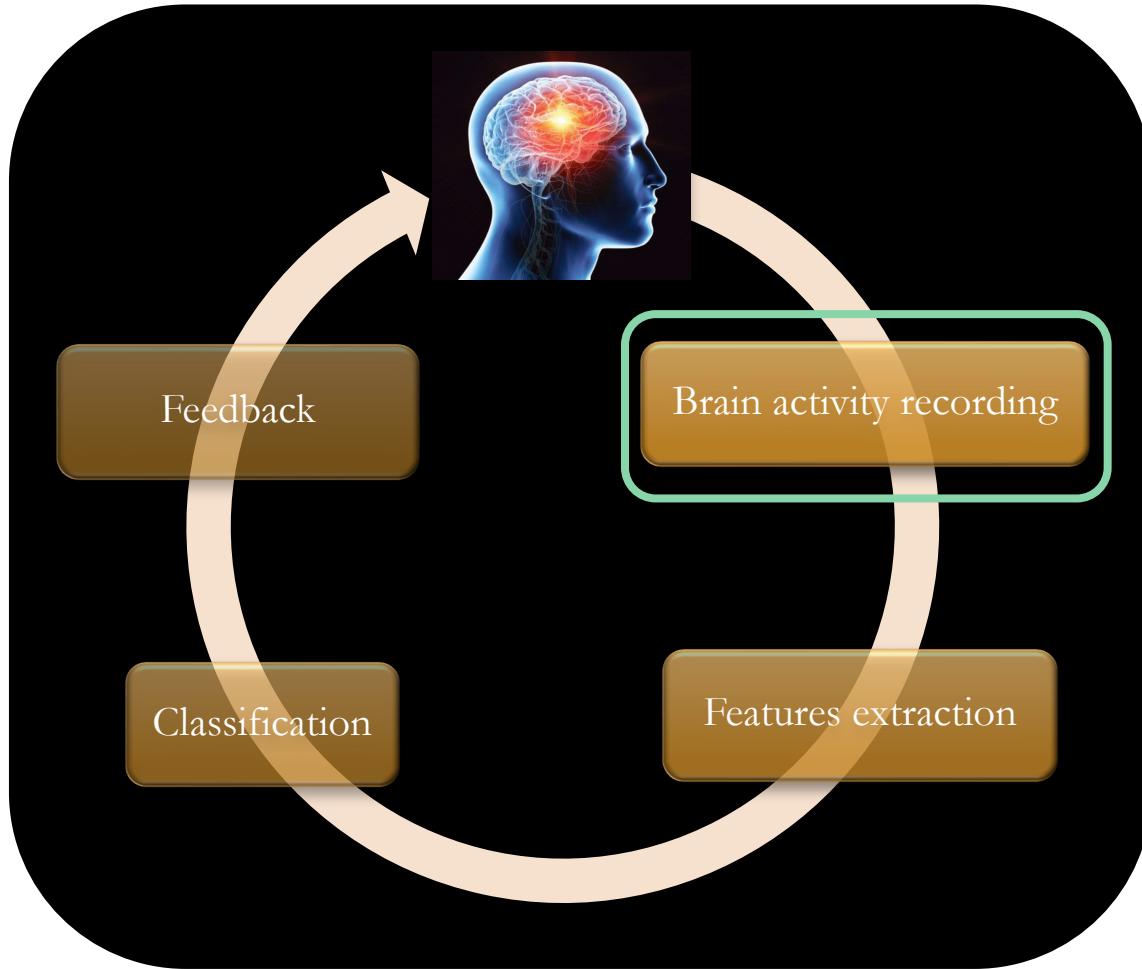
Control



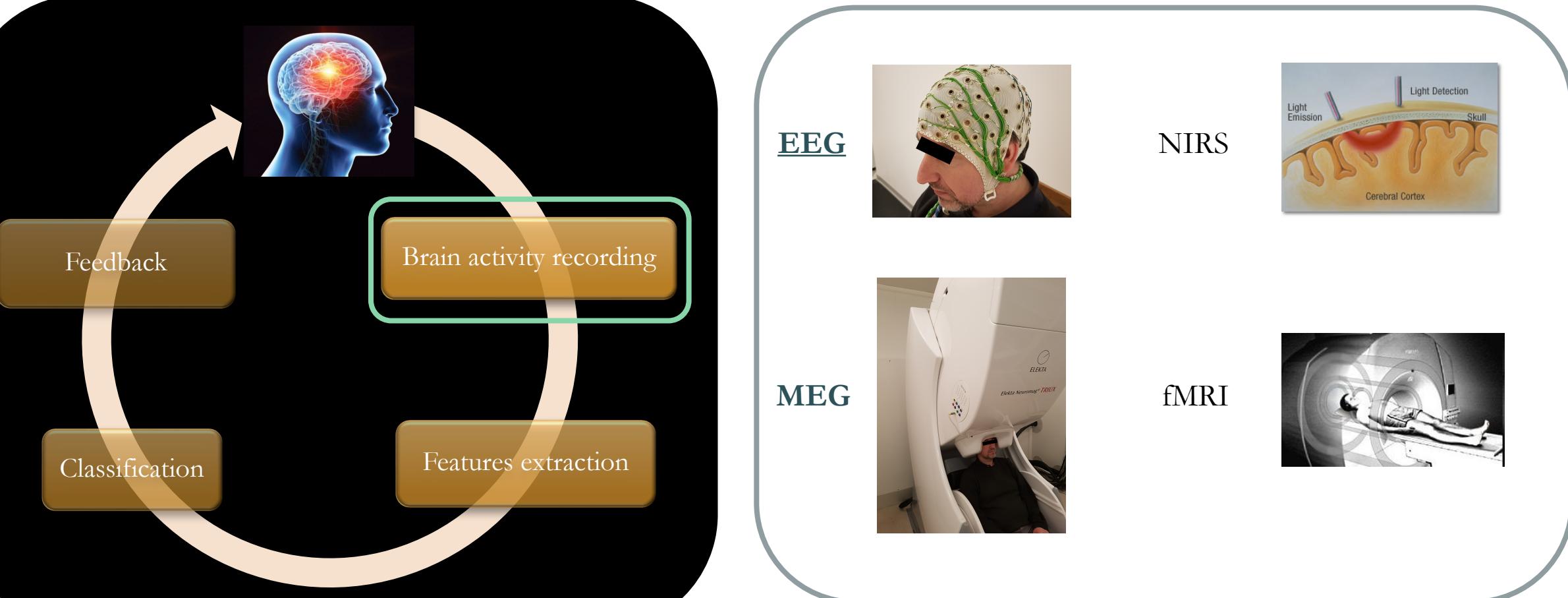
Communication

Adapted from (Lotte et al, 2015)

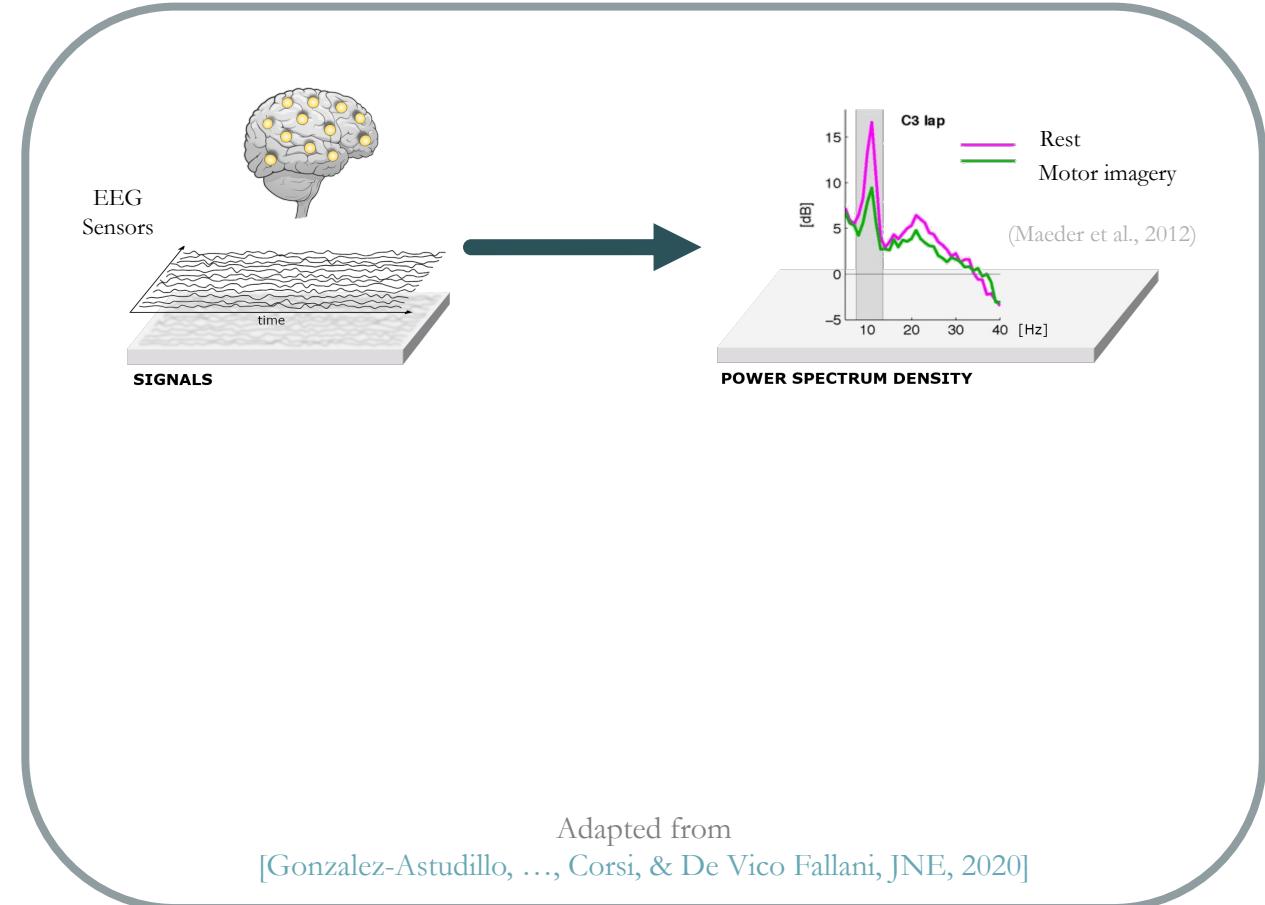
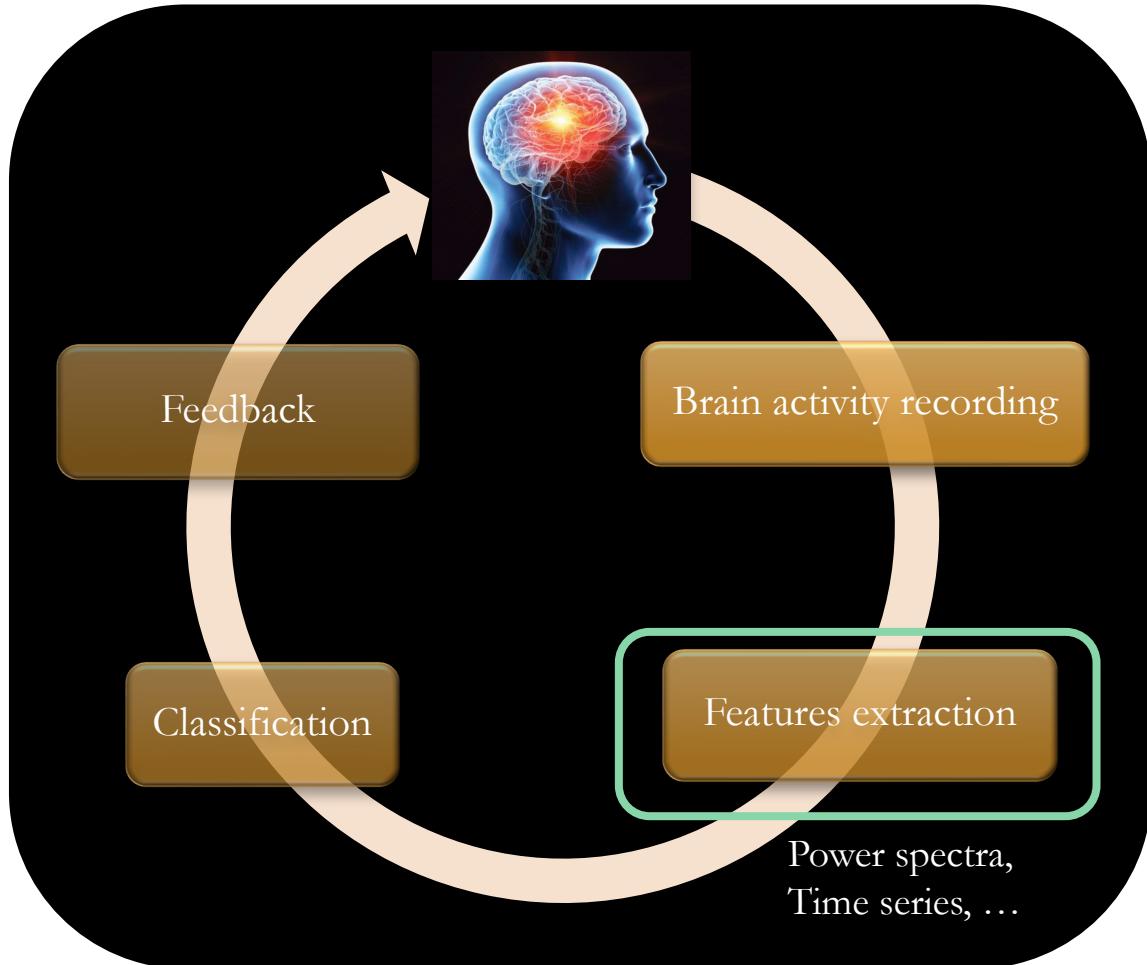
Behind the magic...



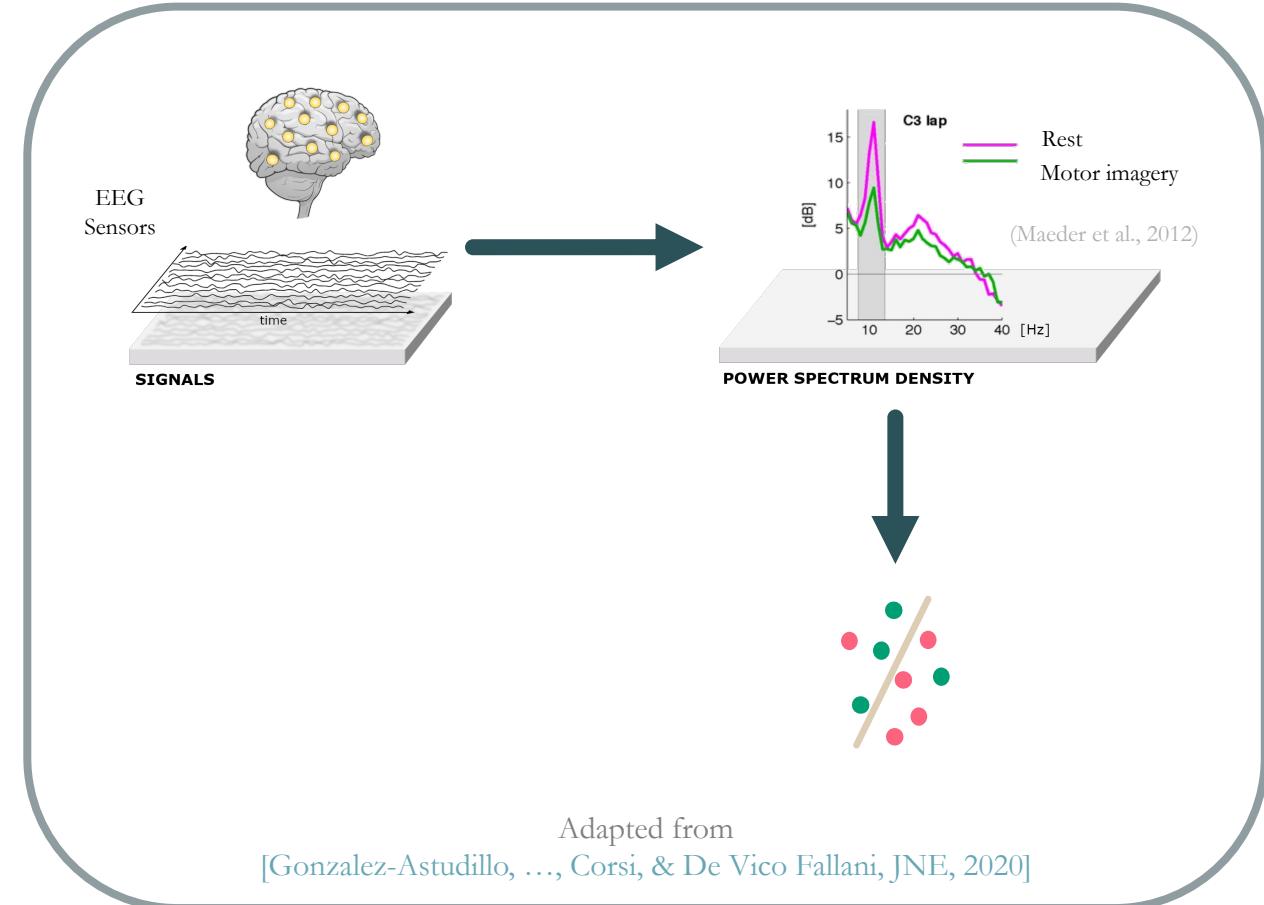
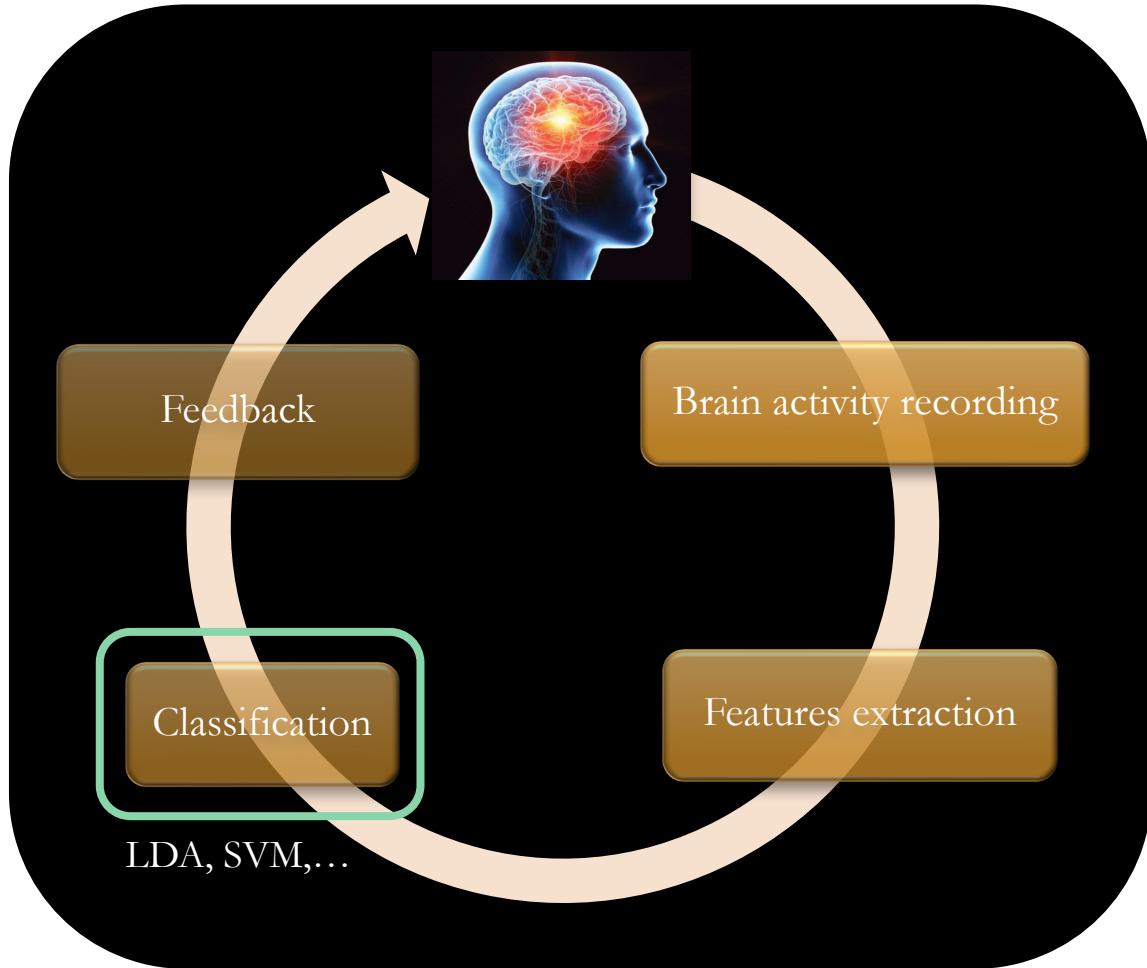
Non-invasive tools



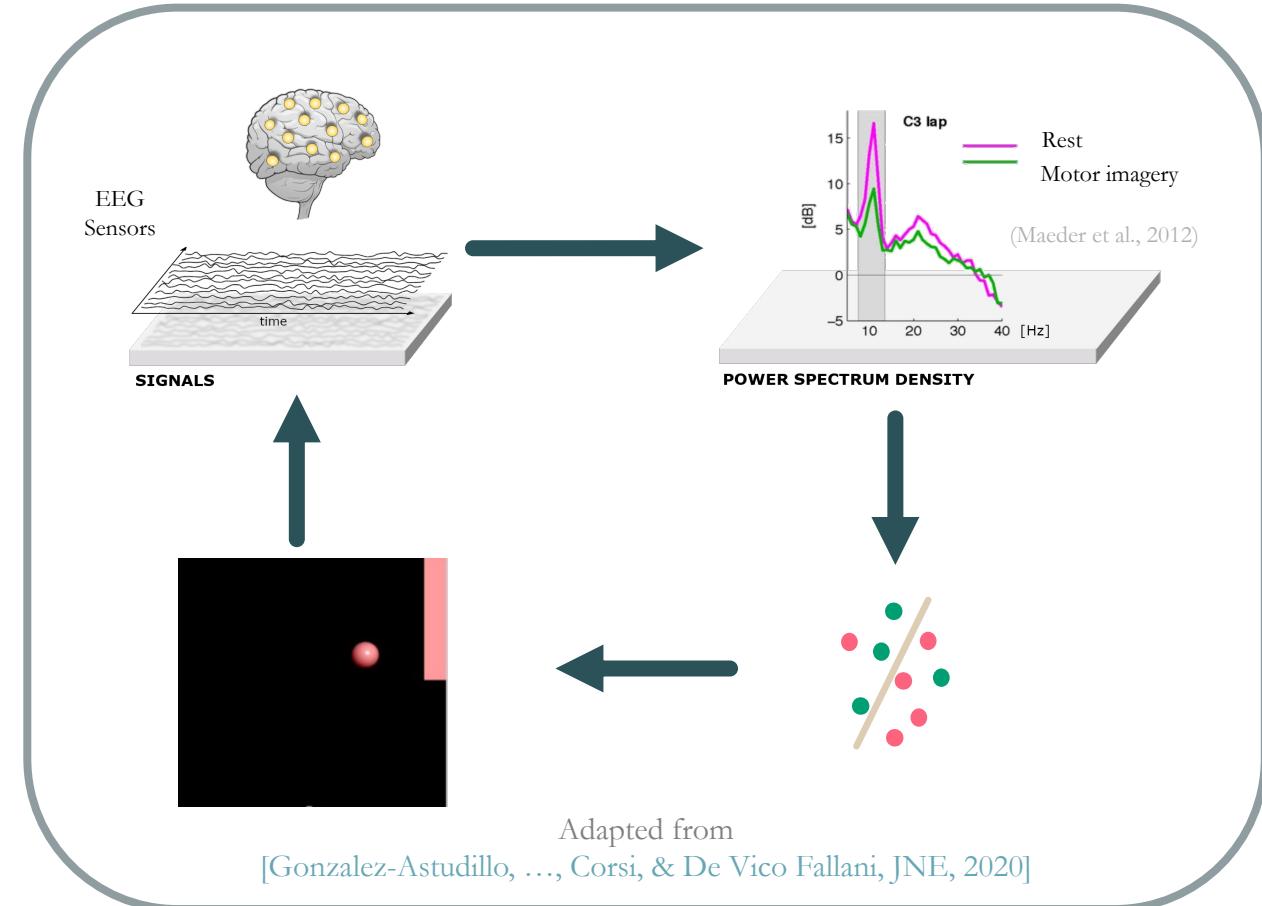
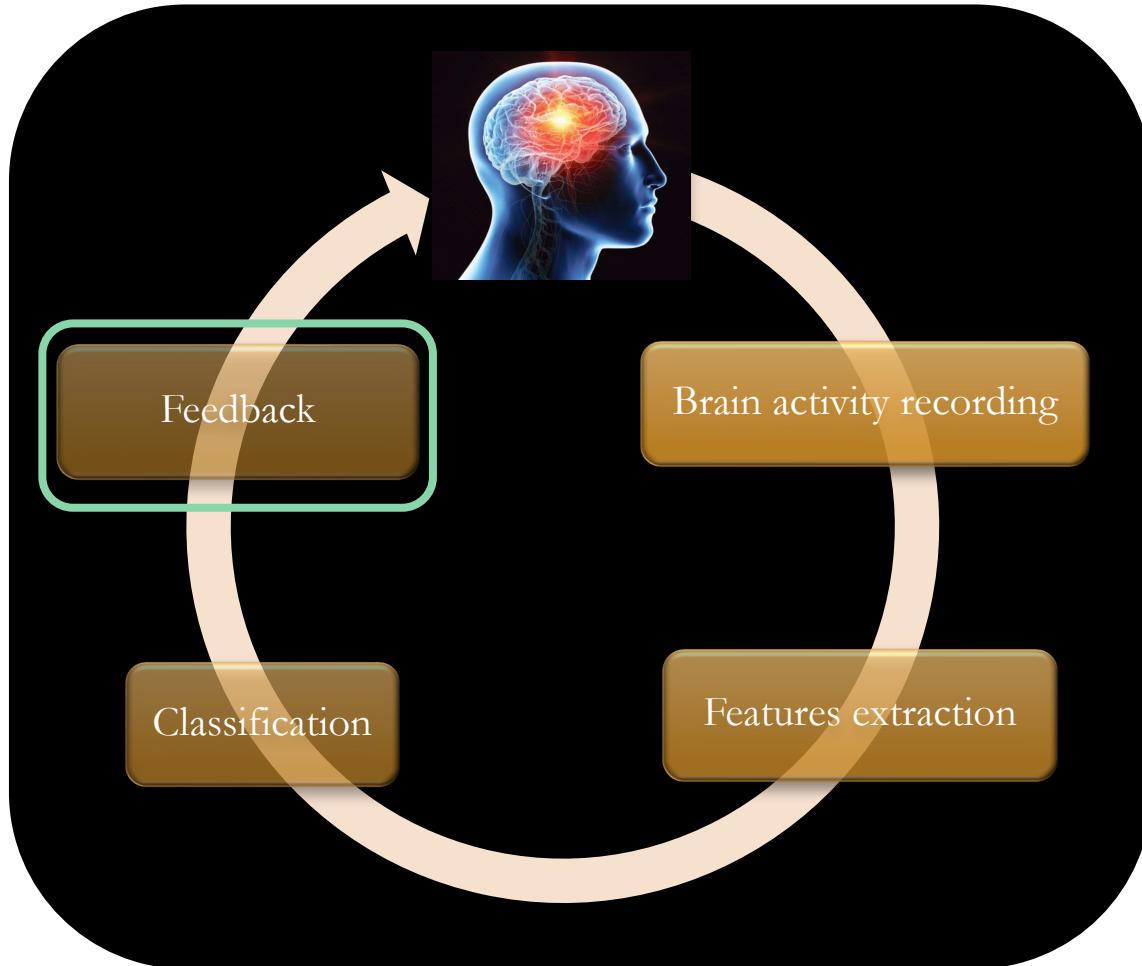
Behind the magic...



Behind the magic...

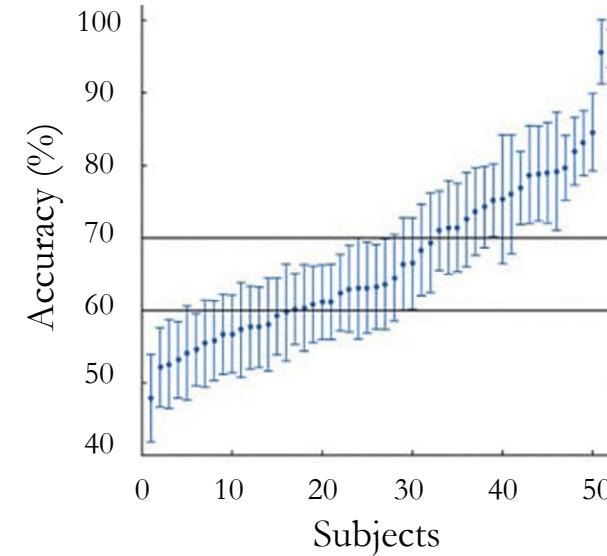
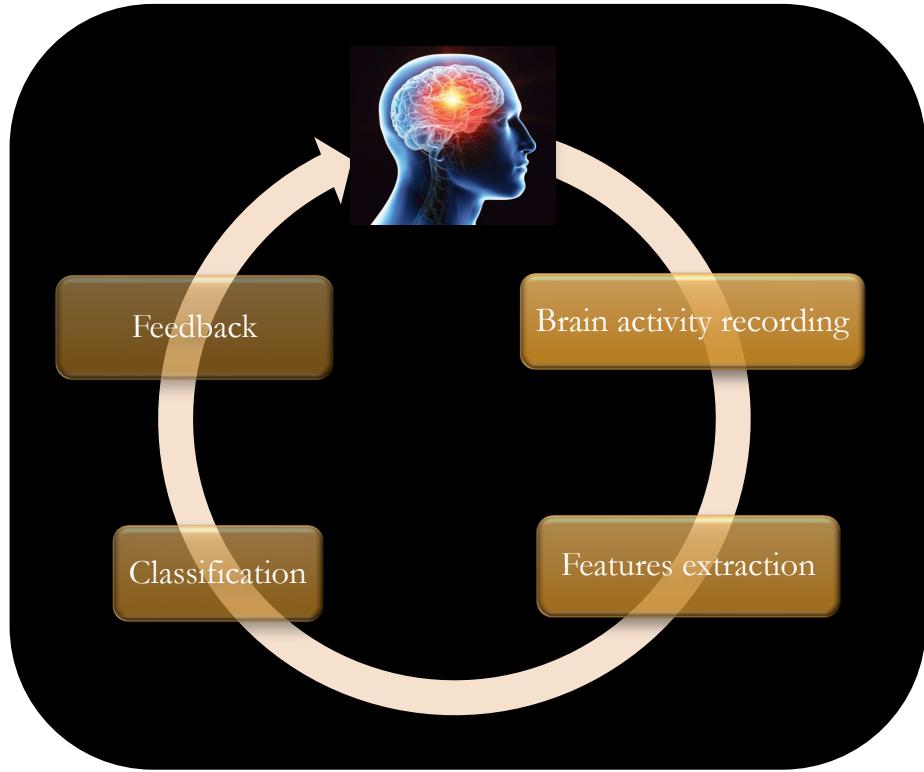


Behind the magic...



Brain-Computer Interface (BCI) – current challenges

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Adapted from (Ahn & Jun, 2015)

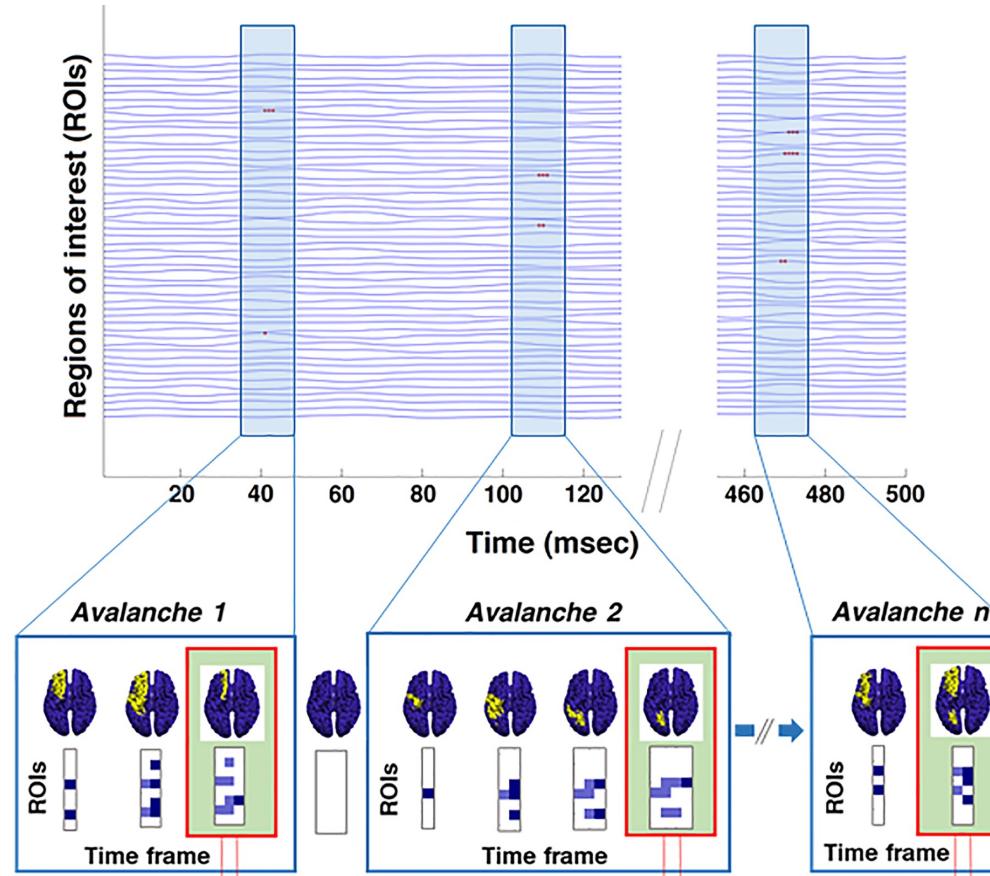
Problem:

Current BCIs fail to detect the mental intentions in ~30% of users – **BCI inefficiency** (Thompson, 2018)
⇒ Rely on local measurements of the brain activity

Capturing fast, non-linear brain dynamics

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Neuronal avalanches: bursts of enhanced activity observed across neuroimaging modalities



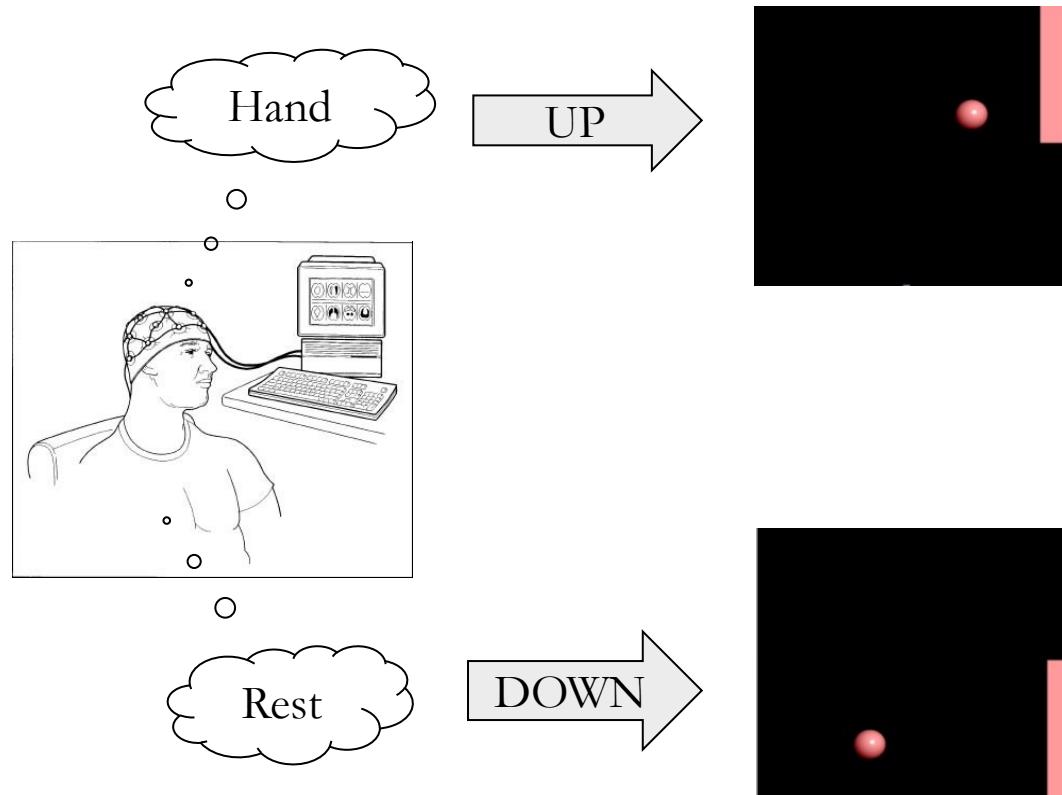
Adapted from [Polverino et al, Neurology, 2022]

Hypothesis:

The neuronal avalanches could spread differently according to the task & provide original markers of BCI performance.

BCI experiment

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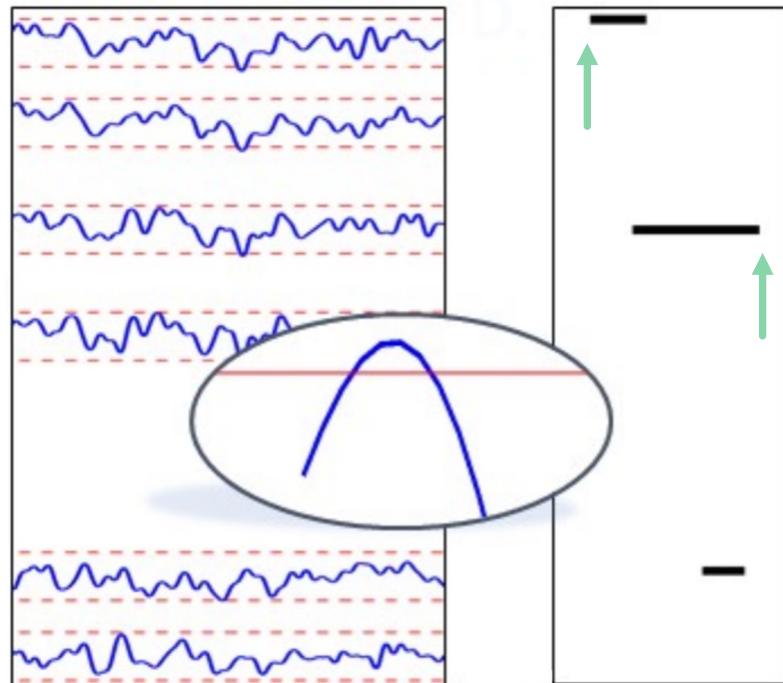
For a complete description of the protocol and the dataset, please refer to [Corsi et al, NeuroImage, 2020]

Objective:

Tracking the dynamical features related to motor imagery as compared to rest

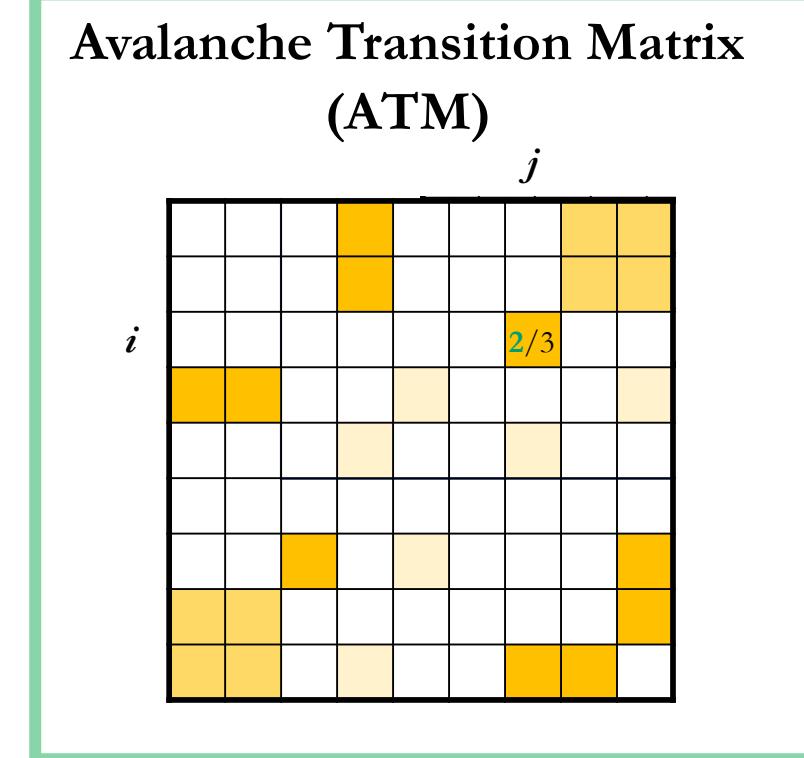
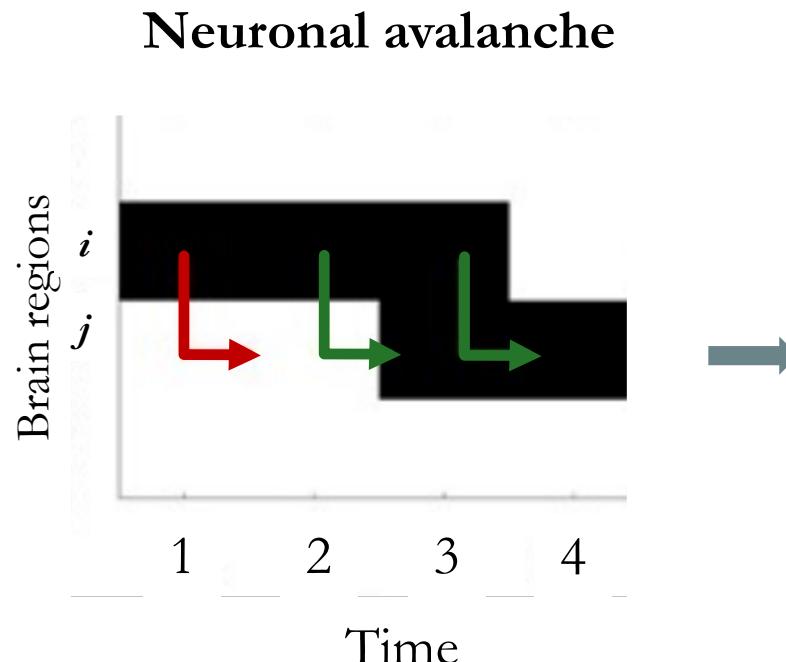
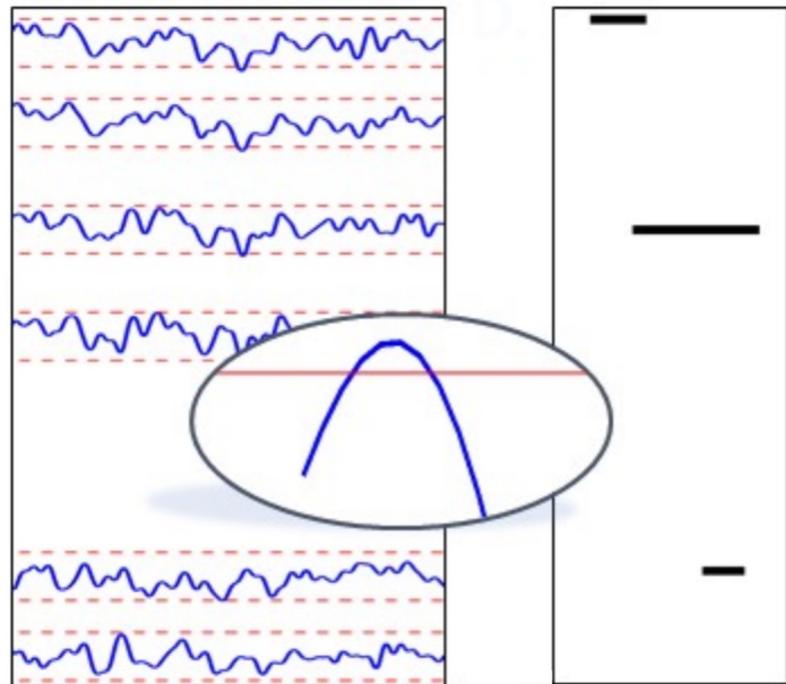
Differences in transition probabilities discriminate mental states

10



Adapted from [Sorrentino et al, eLife, 2021]



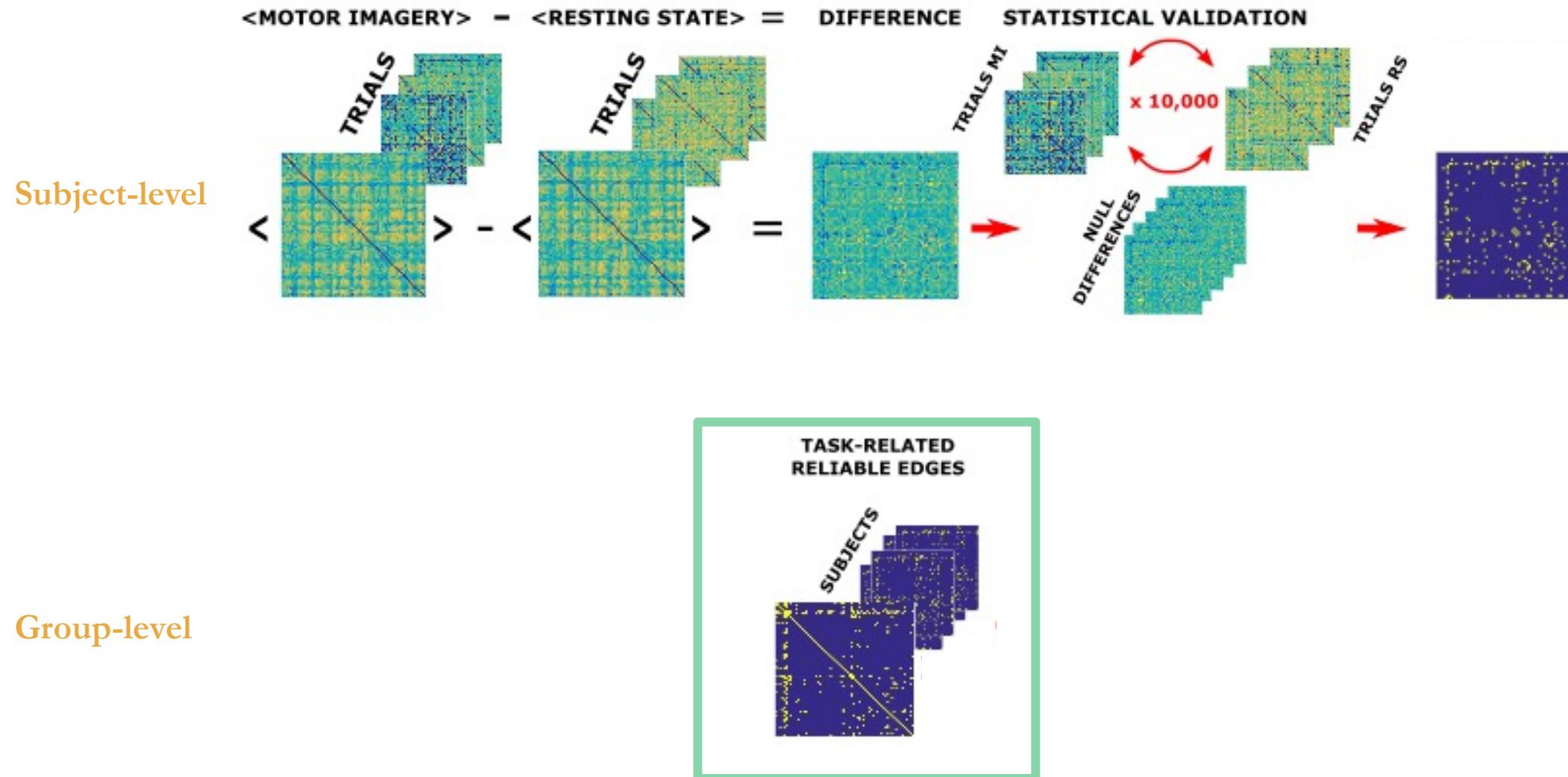


Adapted from [Sorrentino et al, eLife, 2021]



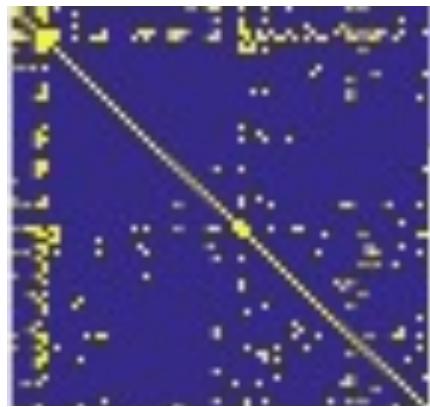
Differences in transition probabilities discriminate mental states

12

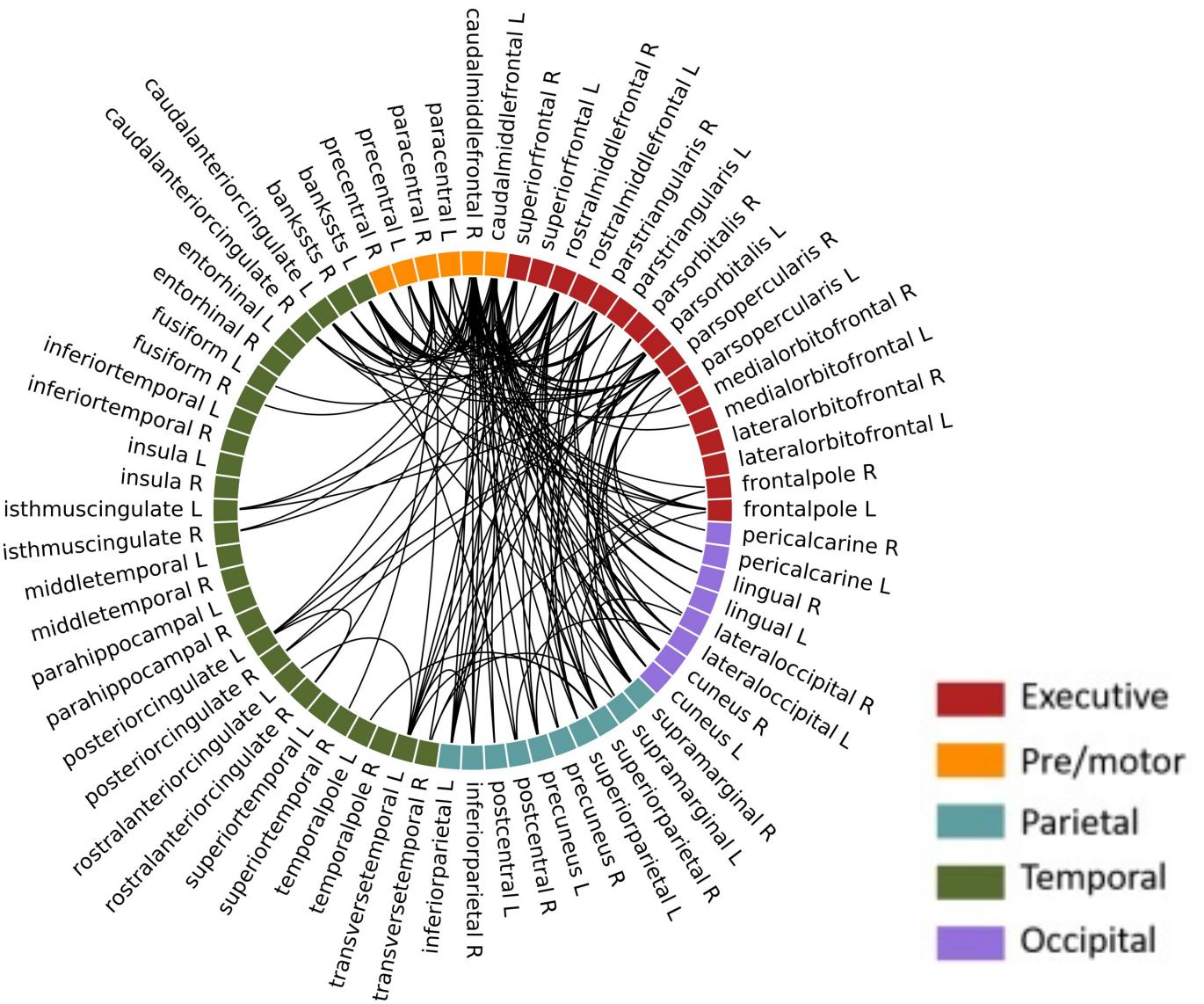


Differences in transition probabilities discriminate mental states

13



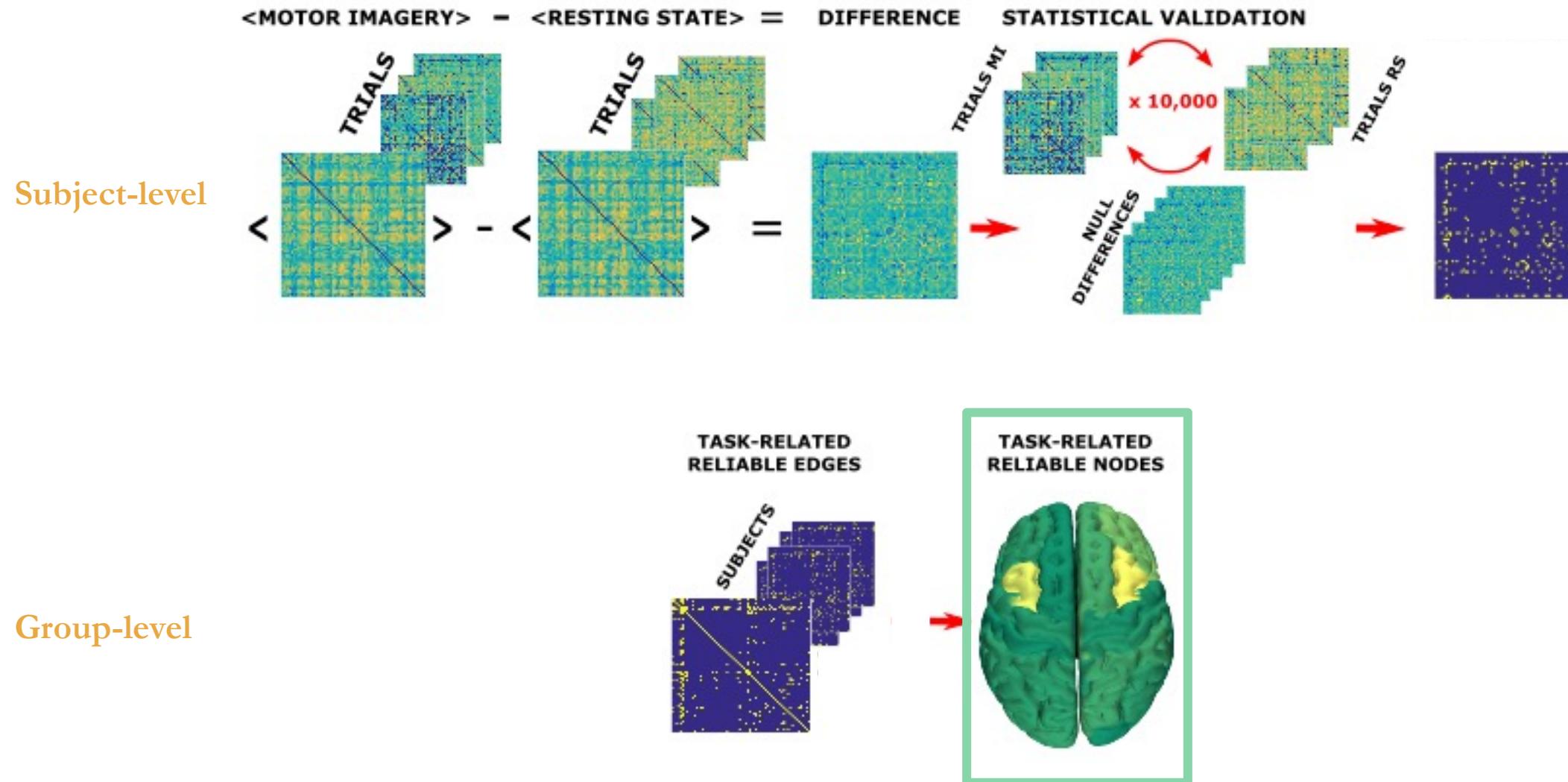
=



Task-related differences are in edges hinging on pre/motor areas (in most subjects)

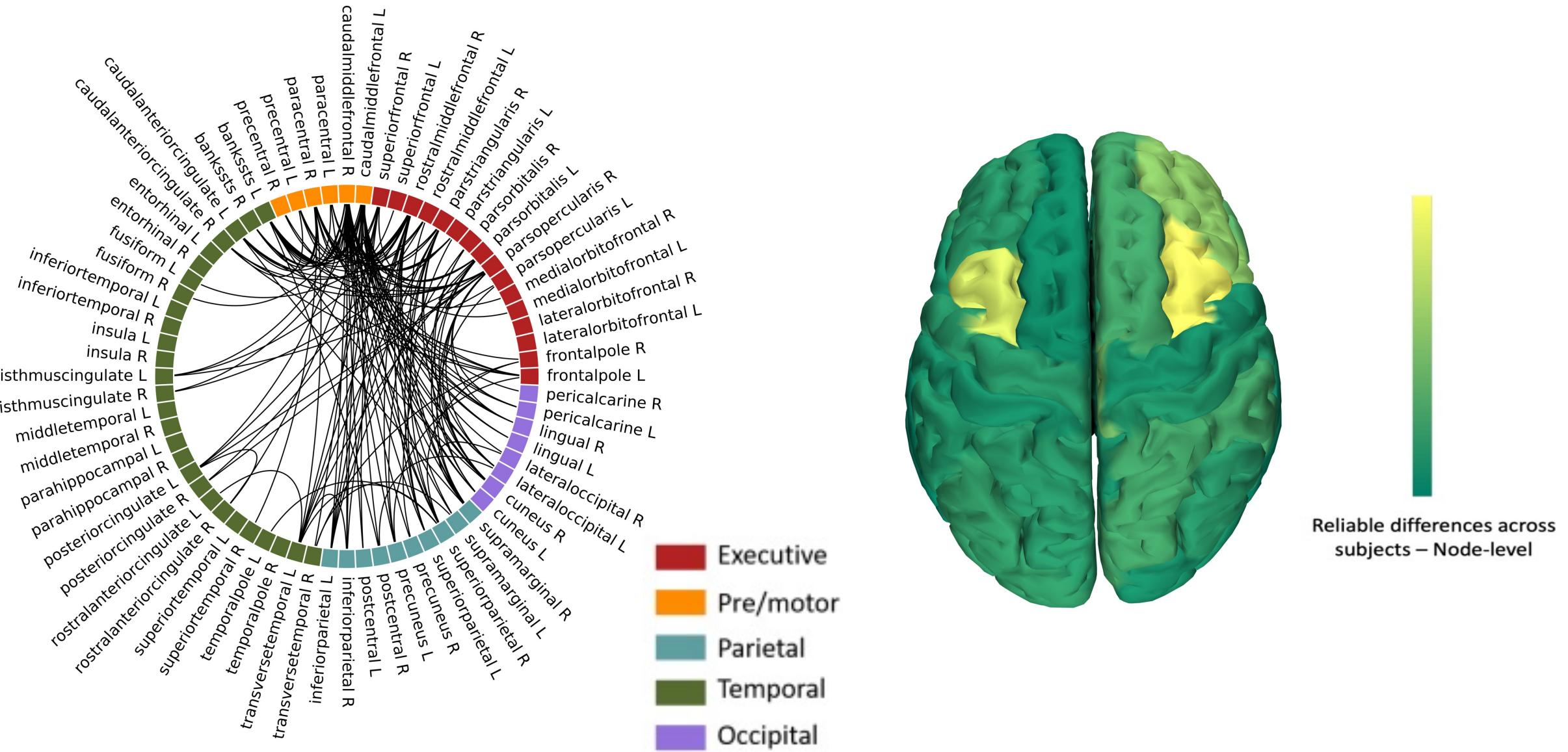
Differences in transition probabilities discriminate mental states

14



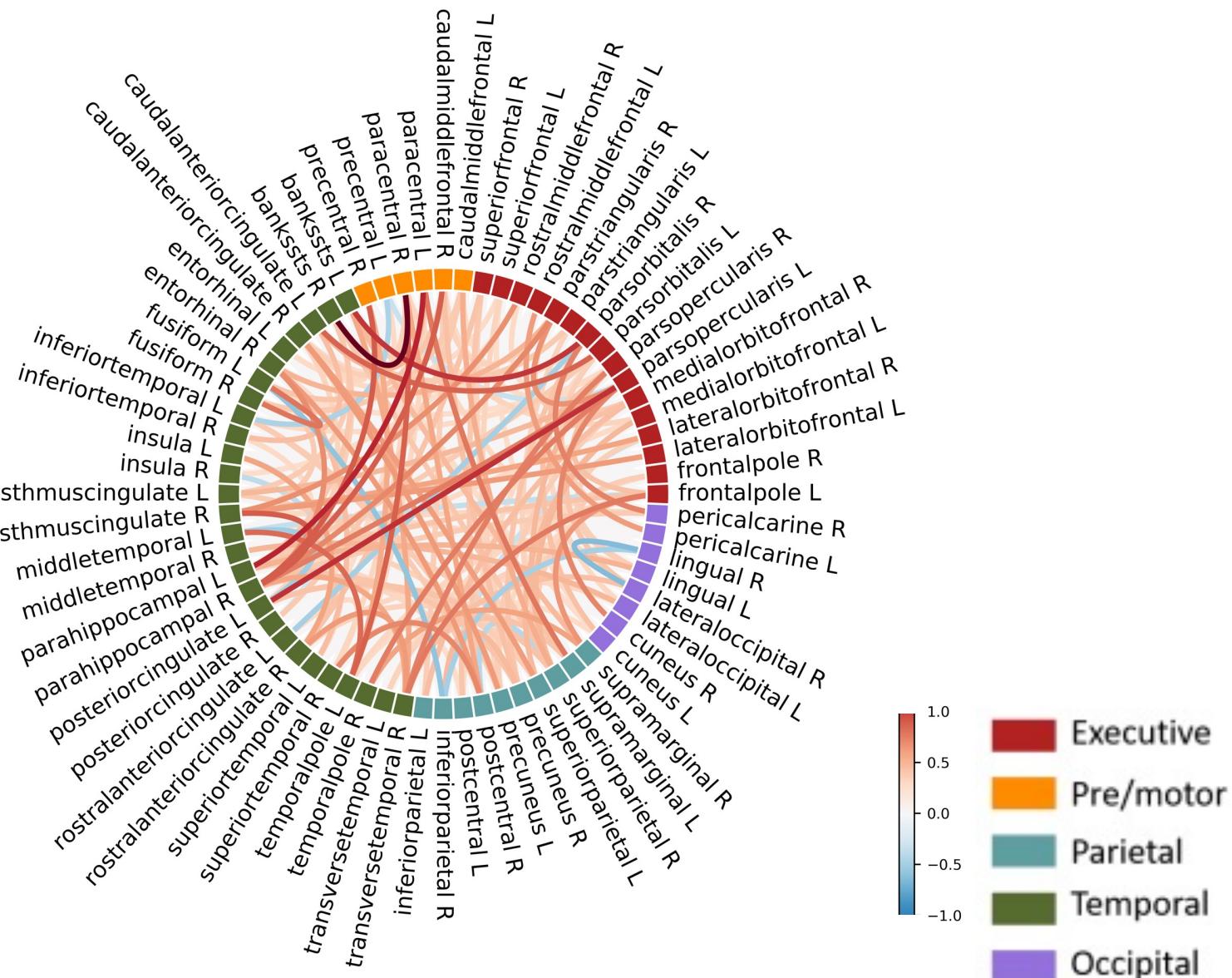
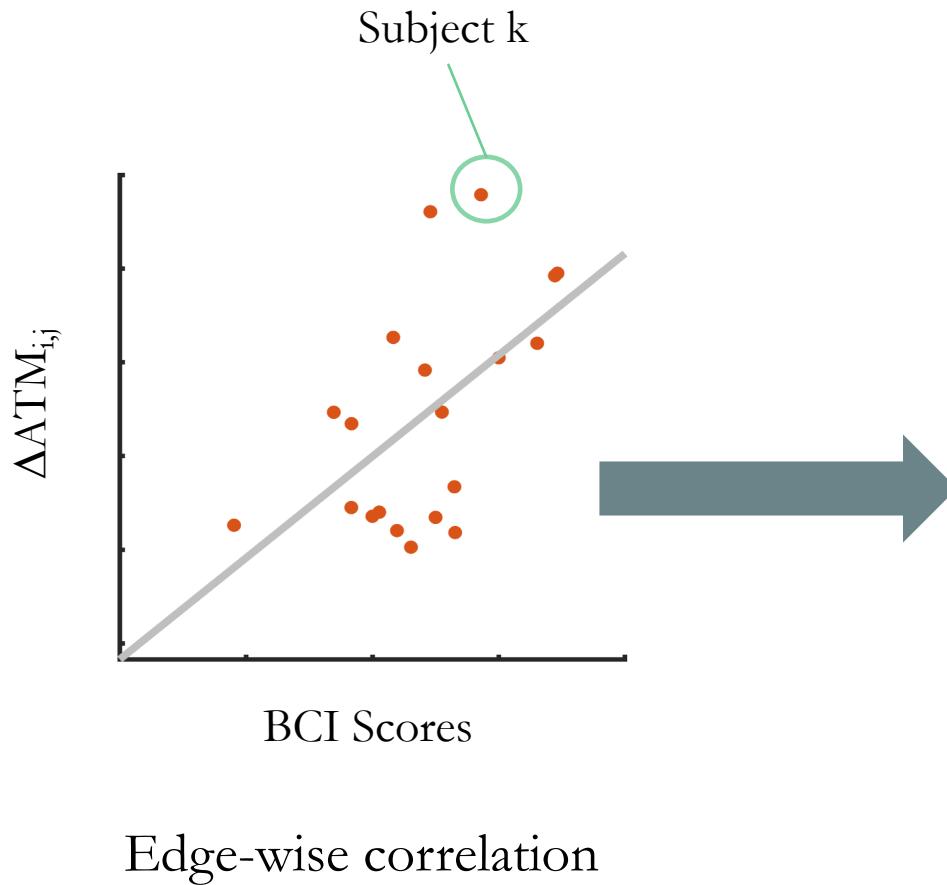
Differences in transition probabilities discriminate mental states

15



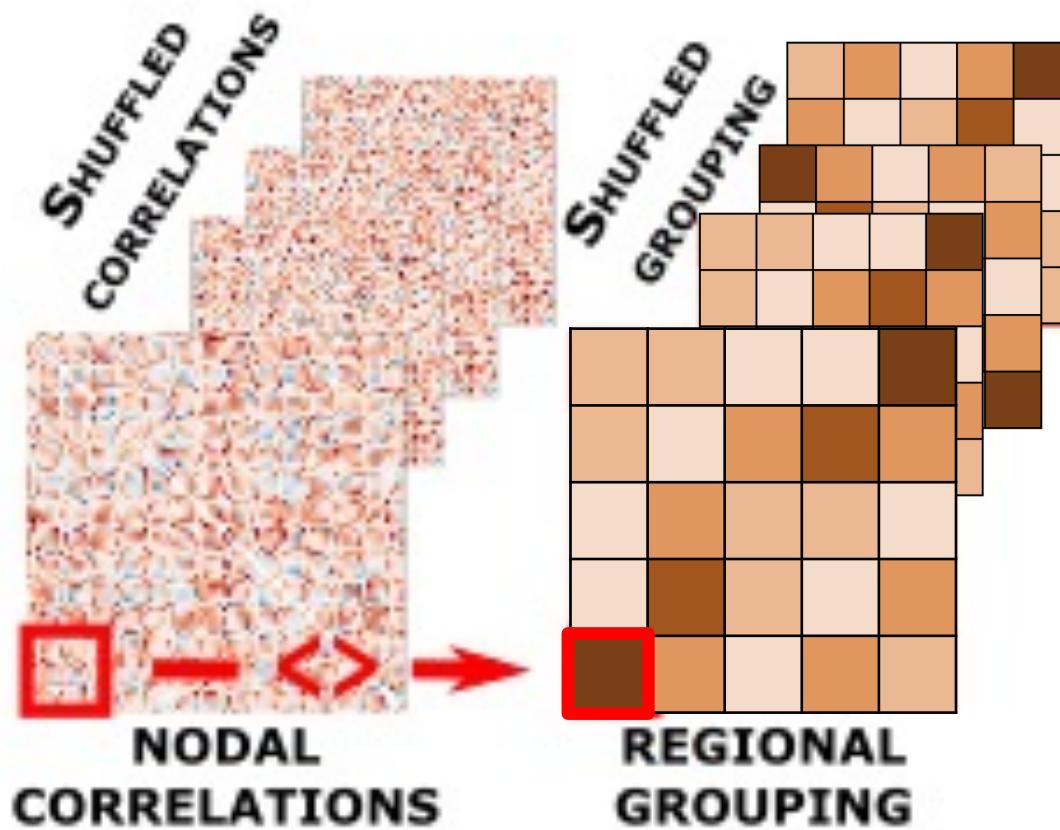
Differences in transition probabilities relate to BCI scores

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Differences in transition probabilities relate to BCI scores

17



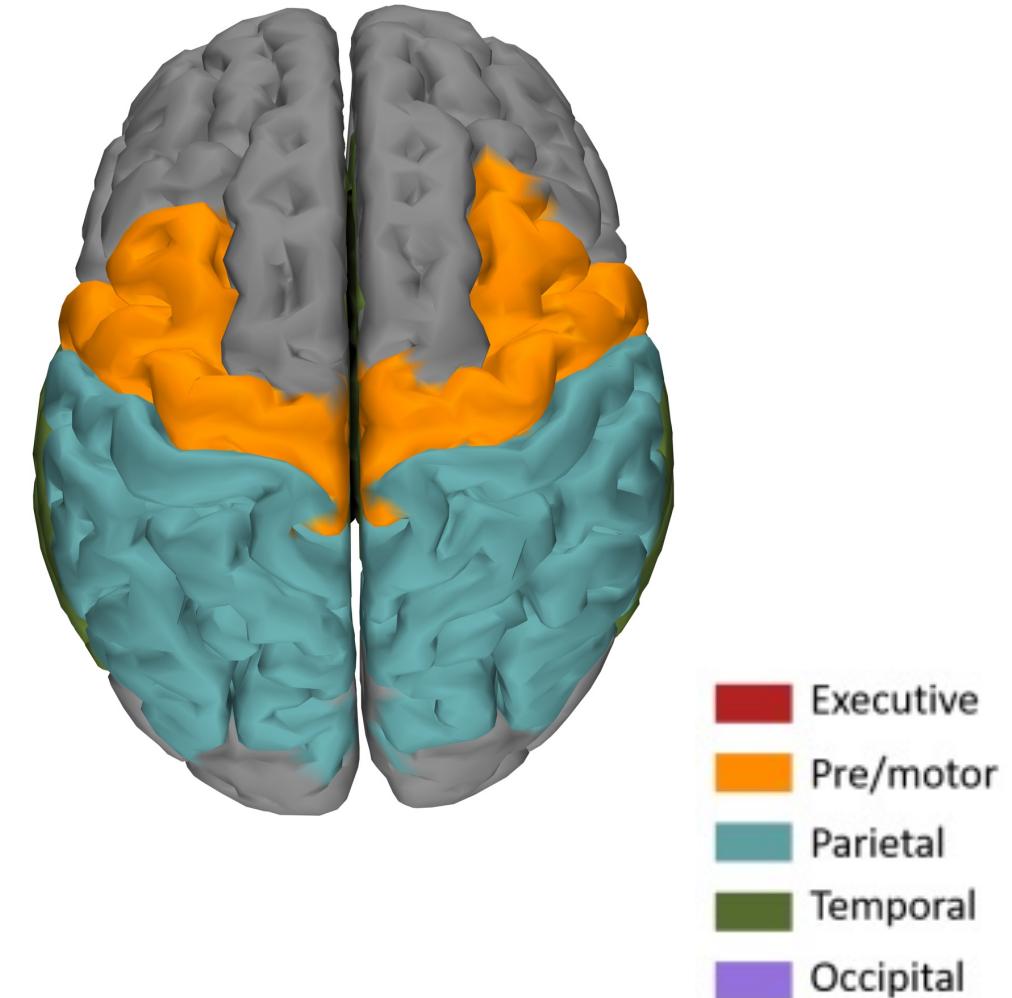
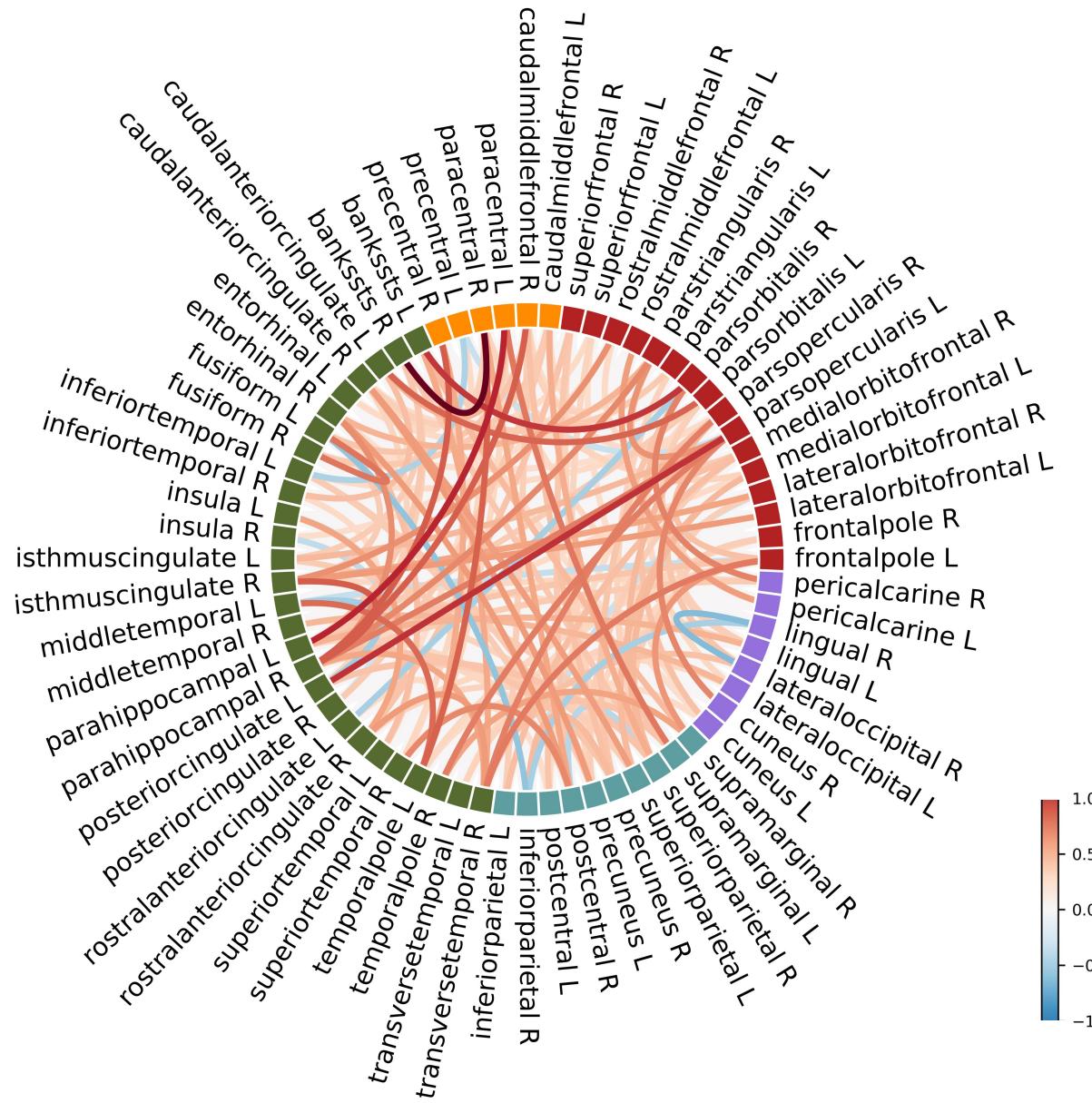
CORRELATED FUNCTIONAL GROUPS



- Executive
- Pre/motor
- Parietal
- Temporal
- Occipital

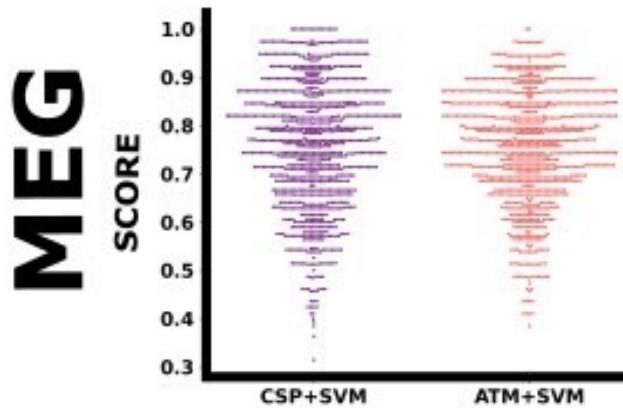
Differences in transition probabilities relate to BCI scores

18

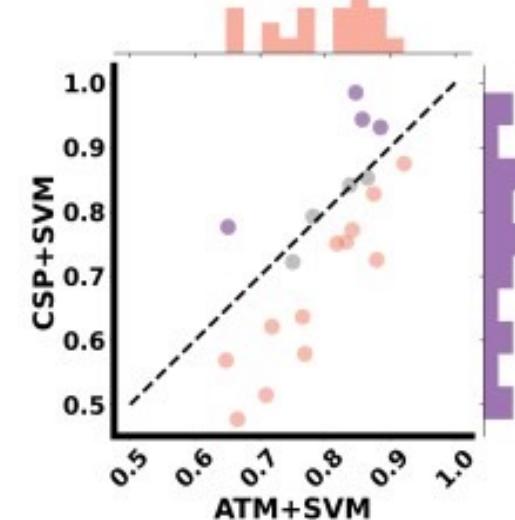
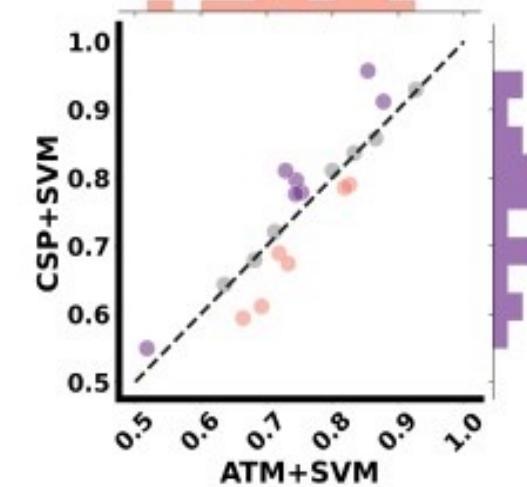
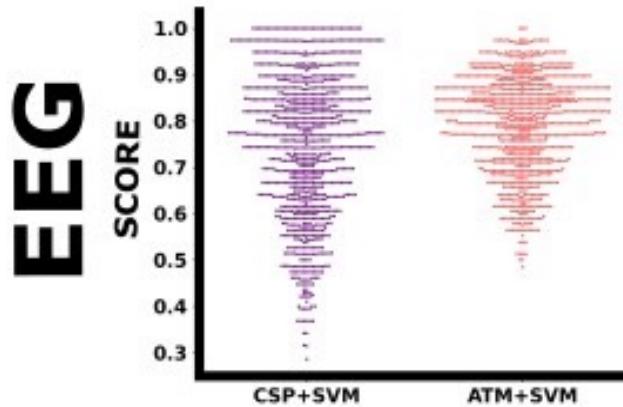


Transition probabilities as alternative features for BCI

MEG



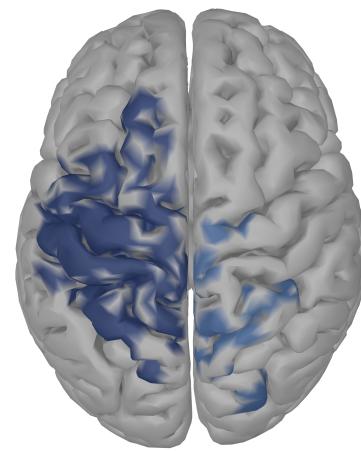
EEG



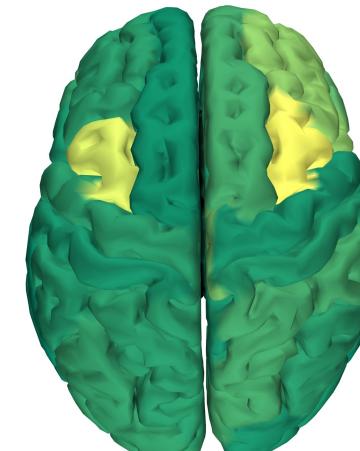
- signif
- equals
- ATM+SVM better
- CSP+SVM better

Reliable functional information of task performance retrieval

- Meaningful information communication among regions on the large-scale & aperiodic and scale-free perturbation



Power spectra
significant at **group** level



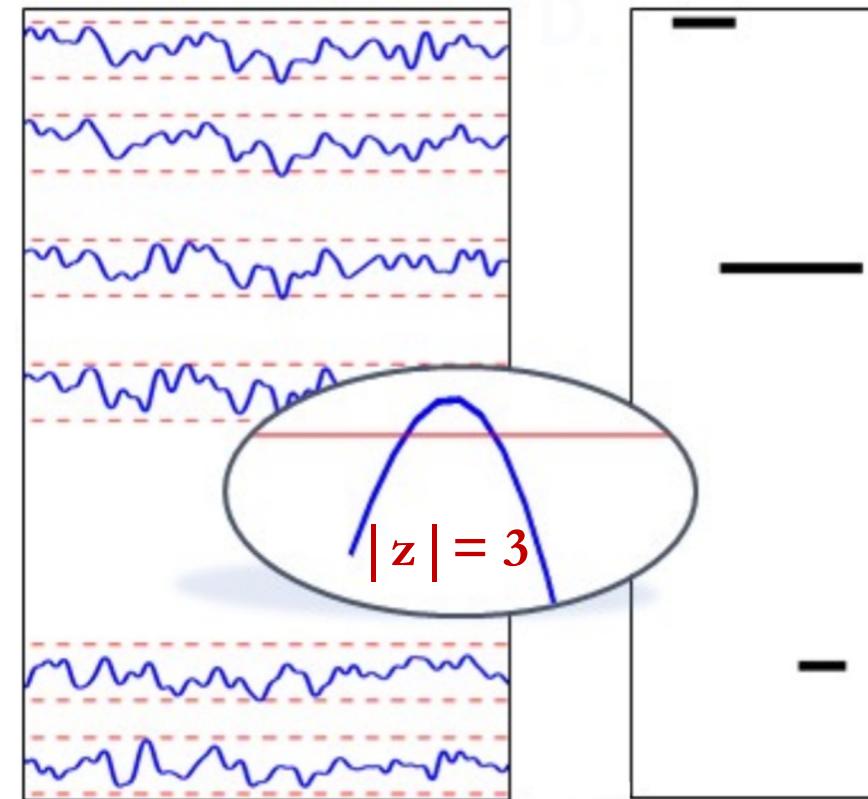
Neuronal avalanches
significant at **individual** level



⇒ Tracking changes in perturbation spreading while performing different tasks via the avalanches transition matrices

Reliable functional information of task performance retrieval

- Meaningful information communication among regions on the large-scale & aperiodic and scale-free perturbation

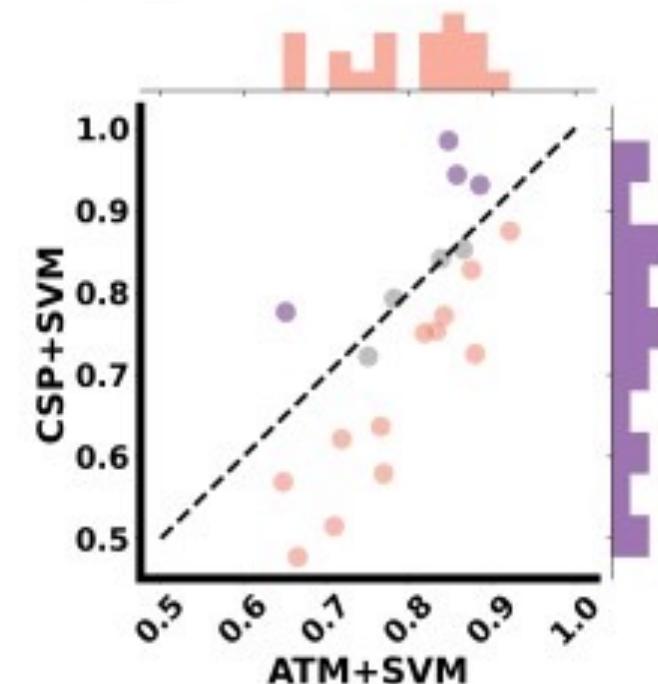
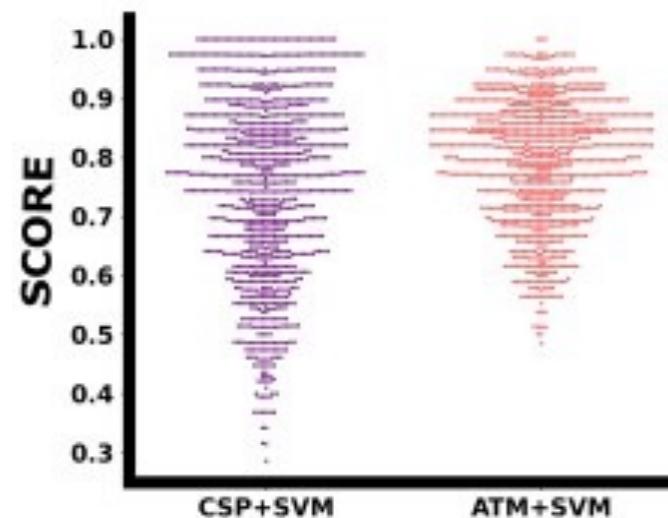


⇒ Focusing on higher-order perturbations to capture functionally-relevant processes & reliable information

Reliable functional information of task performance retrieval

Building innovative BCI protocols based on ATMs

- Outperforms the benchmark in EEG – gold standard in BCI → one step closer to the implementation
- Need to further investigate more suited classification methods

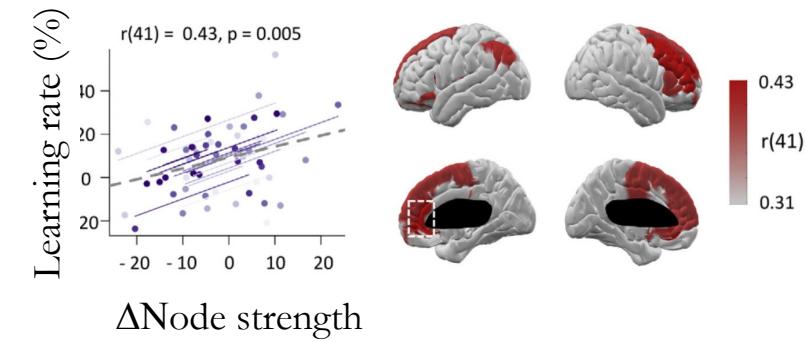


Reliable functional information of task performance retrieval

Building innovative BCI protocols based on ATMs

Markers of BCI performance

- Current predictors of BCI
 - Local measurements – power spectra (Ahn et al, 2015) → replicability issues
 - Time-averaged brain interactions (Sugata et al, 2014) & Brain networks metrics [Gonzalez-Astudillo et al, JNE, 2020]
- Spreading of neuronal avalanches
 - Patterns behaviorally meaningful (Chialvo et al, 2010)
 - Computational fast marker



Node strength [Corsi et al, NeuroImage 2020]
Multimodal core-periphery properties [Corsi et al, JNE 2021]

Acknowledgements

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Arnold Campbell,

Danielle S. Bassett (PI)



Institut de Neuroscience des Systèmes

Pierpaolo Sorrentino,

Viktor Jirsa (PI)



Institut de
Neurosciences des
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Interested in this study?

Scan the QR code to get access to the associated preprint!



[mccorsi/NeuronalAvalanches4BCI](https://github.com/mccorsi/NeuronalAvalanches4BCI)

Thank you for your attention!



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