TABLE I Summary of Experiment #1: hand guidance in a static VR scenario

Subjects	20 (17 males, 2 females, 1 non-binary)		
Task	Matching as precisely as possible a quickly shown hand position and orientation		
Conditions	Positioning strategy HAND, TARGET, HAND-OFFSET, HAND-LINE, NO-HAPTICS Orienting strategy 2LINES, ILINE, NO-HAPTICS		
Statistical a	nalysis of the performances (ANOVA on a linear mixed	model of the log of the data $\alpha = 0.05$)	
Posit	ioning feedback	model of the log of the data, $\alpha = 0.00$)	
	Effect of the strategy on the positioning error	F = 30.623, p < 0.001 (*)	
	Effect of the strategy on the trial duration	F = 153.838, p < 0.001 (*)	
Orie	ntating feedback	E 0.4040 0.4000	
	Effect of the strategy on the orienting error	F = 0.4949, p = 0.6098	
	Effect of the strategy on the trial duration	F = 213.367, p < 0.001 (*)	
Statistical a	nalysis of the rankings (Friedman test, $\alpha = 0.05$)		
	Effect of the positioning strategy on the ranking	F = 4.389, p = 0.004 (*)	
	Effect of the orienting strategy on the ranking	F = 1.316, p = 0.251	
Post-hoc an	alysis of the performances (Tukey test on the log of the	e data, $\alpha = 0.05$)	
	Effect of the strategy on the positioning error		
	HAND vs. HAND-LINE	p = 0.011 (*)	
	HAND vs. HAND-OFFSET	p = 0.006 (*)	
	HAND vs. NO-HAPTICS	p < 0.001 (*)	
	HAND vs. TARGET	p = 0.742	
	HAND-LINE vs. HAND-OFFSET	p < 0.001 (*)	
	HAND-LINE VS. NO-HAPTICS	p = 0.008 (*)	
	HAND-LINE VS. IAKGEI	p < 0.001 (*)	
	HAND OFFSET VS. NO-HAPTICS	p < 0.001 (*) m = 0.176	
	NO-HAPTICS vs. TARGET	p = 0.170 p < 0.001 (*)	
		p < 0.001()	
	Effect of the positioning strategy on the trial duration	1	
	HAND vs. HAND-LINE	p = 0.011 (*)	
	HAND vs. HAND-OFFSET	p = 0.871	
	HAND vs. NO-HAPTICS	p < 0.001 (*)	
	HAND vs. TARGET	p = 0.991	
	HAND-LINE vs. HAND-OFFSET	p < 0.001 (*)	
	HAND-LINE vs. NO-HAPTICS	p < 0.001 (*)	
	HAND-LINE VS. TARGET	p < 0.001 (*)	
	HAND-OFFSET VS. NO-HAPTICS	p < 0.001 (*)	
	HAND-OFFSEI VS. IARGEI	p = 0.617 $m \le 0.001$ (*)	
	NO-HAPTICS VS. TARGET	p < 0.001 (*)	
	Effect of the orienting strategy on the trial duration		
	1LINE vs. 2LINES	p < 0.001 (*)	
	1LINE vs.NO-HAPTICS	p < 0.001 (*)	
	2LINES vs. NO-HAPTICS	p < 0.001 (*)	
Post-hoc an	alysis of the rankings (pairwise Wilcoxon test on the da	ata, $\alpha = 0.05$)	
	Effect of the positioning strategy on the user's ranking	ıg	
	HAND vs. HAND-LINE	p = 0.563	
	HAND vs. HAND-OFFSET	p < 0.001 (*)	
	HAND vs. TARGET	p = 0.83	
	HAND-LINE vs. HAND-OFFSET	p = 0.07	
	HAND-LINE vs. TARGET	p = 0.563	
	HAND-OFFSET vs. TARGET	p = 0.004 (*)	

TABLE II
SUMMARY OF EXPERIMENT #2: HAND GUIDANCE IN A DYNAMIC VR SCENARIO

Subjects	8 (7 males, 1 female)	
Task	Intercept a moving ball (positioning) or make it bounce towards a given direction (orientation)	
Conditions	Positioning strategy HAND-OFFSET, NO-HAPTICS Orienting strategy ILINE, NO-HAPTICS	
Sta	tistical analysis (Wilcoxon test on paired data, $\alpha = 0.05$) Difference in task difficulty	V = 0, p = 0.012 (*)
Stat	tistical analysis (ANOVA on a linear mixed model of the log of th Positioning task Effect of the feedback on the positioning error Effect of the feedback on the trial duration Effect of the ball travel time on the positioning error Orientating feedback Effect of the feedback on the orienting error	he data, $\alpha = 0.05$) F = 0.04, p = 0.841 F = 2.247, p = 0.134 F = 0.253, p = 0.776 F = 26.102, p < 0.001 (*) F = 10.04, p < 0.001 (*)