

SILECS/Grid'5000: le volet data-center de SILECS: Présentation et exemples d'expériences

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SILECS/Grid'5000 Le volet data-center de SILECS Présentation et exemples d'expériences

Lucas Nussbaum

Grid'5000 Technical Director

Workshop TILECS 2019-07-03

Lucas Nussbaum SILECS/Grid'5000

The Grid'5000 testbed

- A large-scale testbed for distributed computing
 - 8 sites, 31 clusters, 828 nodes, 12328 cores
 - Dedicated 10-Gbps backbone network
 - 550 users and 120 publications per year



The Grid'5000 testbed

- A large-scale testbed for distributed computing
 - 8 sites, 31 clusters, 828 nodes, 12328 cores
 - Dedicated 10-Gbps backbone network
 - 550 users and 120 publications per year
- A meta-cloud, meta-cluster, meta-data-center
 - Used by CS researchers in HPC, Clouds, Big Data, Networking, AI
 - To experiment in a fully controllable and observable environment
 - Similar problem space as Chameleon and Cloudlab (US)
 - Design goals
 - ★ Support high-quality, reproducible experiments
 - ★ On a large-scale, distributed, shared infrastructure





Landscape – cloud & experimentation¹

- Public cloud infrastructures (AWS, Azure, Google Cloud Platform, etc.)
 - © No information/guarantees on placement, multi-tenancy, real performance
- Private clouds: Shared observable infrastructures
 - © Monitoring & measurement
 - → Ability to understand experiment results
 - Solution No control over infrastructure settings
- ► Bare-metal as a service, fully reconfigurable infrastructure (Grid'5000)
 - © Control/alter all layers (virtualization technology, OS, networking)
 - → In vitro Cloud

And the same applies to all other environments (e.g. HPC)

¹Inspired from a slide by Kate Keahey (Argonne National Lab)

Some recent results from Grid'5000 users

- Portable Online Prediction of Network Utilization (Inria Bdx + US)
- Energy proportionality on hybrid architectures (LIP/IRISA/Inria)
- Damaris: scalable, asynchronous data storage for large-scale simulations (Inria)
- Toward a resource management system for Fog/Edge infrastructures

Portable Online Prediction of Network Utilization

Problem

Predict network utilization in near future to enable optimal utilization of spare bandwidth for low-priority asynchronous jobs co-located with an HPC application

Goals

• High accuracy, low compute overhead, learn on-the-fly without previous knowledge

Proposed solution

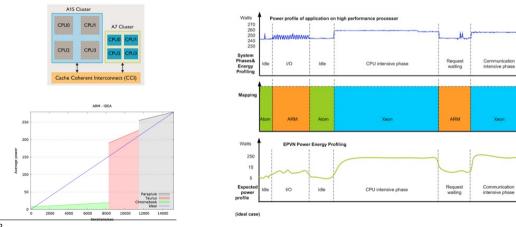
- Dynamic sequence-to-sequence recurrent neural networks that learn using a sliding window approach over recent history
- Evaluate the gain of a tree-based meta-data management
- INRIA, The Univ. of Tennessee, Exascale Comp. Proj., UC Irvine, Argonne Nat. Lab.

Grid'5000 experiments

- Monitor and predict network utilization for two HPC applications at small scale (30 nodes)
- Easy customization of environment for rapid prototyping and validation of ideas (in particular, custom MPI version with monitoring support)
- Impact: Early results facilitated by Grid'5000 are promising and motivate larger scale experiments on leadership class machines (Theta@Argonne)

Energy proportionality on hybrid architectures²

- Hybrid computing architectures : low power processors, co processors, GPUs...
- Supporting a "Big, Medium, Little" approach : the right processor at the right time



²V. Villebonnet, G. Da Costa, L. Lefèvre, J.-M. Pierson and P. Stolf. "Big, Medium, Little" : Reaching Energy Proportionality with Heterogeneous Computing Scheduler", Parallel Processing Letters, 25 (3), Sep. 2015

Damaris

Scalable, asynchronous data storage for large-scale simulations using the HDF5 format

Traditional approach

- All simulation processes (10K+) write on disk at the same time synchronously
- Problems: 1) I/O jitter, 2) long I/O phase, 3) Blocked simulation during data writing

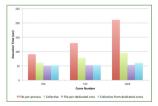
Solution

 Aggregate data in dedicated cores using shared memory and write asynchronously

Grid'5000 used as a testbed

- Access to many (1024) homogeneous cores
- Customizable environment and tools
- Repeat the experiments later with the same environment saved as an image
- The results show that Damaris can provide a jitter-free and wait-free data storage mechanism
- G5K helped prepare Damaris for deployment on top supercomputers (Titan, Pangea (Total), Jaguar, Kraken, etc.)
- https://project.inria.fr/damaris/





Toward a resource management system for Fog/Edge infras.

Inria Project Lab: Discovery

- Design a resource management system (a.k.a. a cloudkit) for Fog/Edge infrastructures
- A four year project started in 2015 with Inria. Orange (and initially Renater)
- Designing from scratch such a system cannot be envisioned (OpenStack 13 Millions of LOCs)

Contributions

- Implementation of a complete workflow to evaluate OpenStack WANWide scenarios
- Evaluate OpenStack up to 1000 compute nodes (Grid'5000, oct 2016)
- Evaluate OpenStack WANWide (impact of latency and throughput constraints) (oct 2017)
- Evaluation of communication bus for Fog/Edge scenarios (May 2018)
- Evaluation of database backends (NewSQL, NoSQL, etc. (May 2018)

Multi-Level Elasticity for Data Stream Processing

Vania Marangozova-Martin, Nolil de Palma and Ahmed El Rheddane Univ. Grenoble Alpes. CNRS, LIG, F-38000 Grenoble France E-mail: firstName.secondName@bimap.fr

provide an experimental evaluation with real world applications which validates the applicability of our approach.

Index Terma-stream processing, multi-level elasticity. Apache fittern



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would need to be deployed in containers with different [18] "CoMD," https://gpuopen.com/compute-product/comd/ capacities which in turn call for multi-dimensional-binpacking-oriented scheduling [45].

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The experimental work presented in this paper would not have been possible without the existence of the Grid'5000 platform and the help of the supporting teams. The authors would also like to thank the euos team who made the Openstack deployment process a child's play.

[19] Y Wu and K J. Tan. "ChronoStream: Elastic Stateful Stream Computation in the Cloud," in 2015 IEEE 31st International Conference on Data Engineering, April 2015, pp. 723-734. [20] V. Gulisano, R. Jimenez-Peris, M. Patino-Martinez, C. Sorient

and P. Valduriez, "StreamCloud: An Elastic and Scalable Data Streaming System," IEEE Trans. Parallel Distrib. Sust., vol. 23. no. 12, pp. 2351-2365, Dec. 2012. 211 L. Neumeyer, B. Robbins, A. Nair, and A. Kesari, "S4: Distributed

stream computing platform," in Data Mining Workshops (ICDMW), 2010 IEEE International Conference on. IEEE, 2010, pp. 170-177. 2] OnonStack https://www.openstack.org/

[23] "Grid'5000," http://www.grid5000.fr/ [24] R. Cherrueau, D. Pertin, A. Simonet, A. Lebre, and M. Simonin



Deploy a micro DC on each Network Point of Presence

Toward a resource management system for Fog/Edge infras.

Inria Project Lab: Discovery (contd)

- The creation of a dedicated working group within the OpenStack community that deals with Fog/Edge challenges (now managed by the foundation with key actors such as ATT, Verizon, CISCO, China mobile etc.)
- Several presentations / publications (see the DISCOVERY website)
- France has the main academic actor in the worldwide community (Inria/IMT Atlantique) thanks to the G5K testbed in particular.
 - ★ A leadership position
 - A strong expertise for experiments related to performance, scalability of OpenStack components (concrete actions with RedHat, ongoing actions with Huawei, etc.)





Open Infrastructure summit Vancouver May 2018 (3000 participants)

- Discovering resources and selecting resources
- Provide the resources to meet experimental needs
- Monitoring experiments, extracting and analyzing data
- O Controlling experiments \rightsquigarrow automation, reproducible research

Discovering and selecting resources

- Describing resources ~> understand results
 - Covering nodes and network infrastructure
 - Machine-parsable format → scripts
 - Human-readable description on the web³
 - Archived (State of testbed 6 months ago?)

Verified

- ★ Avoid inaccuracies/errors ~> wrong results
- ★ Self-checking by nodes before each reservation

Selecting resources

Complex queries using resource manager
oarsub -p "wattmeter='YES' and gpu='YES'"
oarsub -l "{cluster='a'}/nodes=1+
 {cluster='b' and eth10g='Y'}/nodes=2"

³https://www.grid5000.fr/w/Hardware

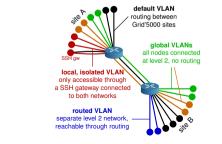
"processor": {
processor 1
"cache_l2": 8388608,
"cache_l2": 8388608, "cache_l1": null,
"model": "Intel Xeon",
"instruction set": "",
instruction_set,
"other_description": "",
"version": "X3440",
"vendor": "Intel"
"cache lli": null.
"cache_lli": null, "cache_lld": null,
"clock speed": 2530000000.0
},
"uid": "graphene-1",
"type": "node",
"architecture": {
"platform_type": "x86_64",
"smt_size": 4,
smt_size": 4,
"smp_size": 1
},
"main_memory": { "ram_size": 17179869184,
"ram size": 17179869184
"virtual_size": null
Virtual_size r noce
},
"storage_devices": [
{
"model": "Hitachi HDS72103",
"size": 298023223876.953,
"driver": "ahci",
"interface": "SATA II",
"rev": "JPFO",
rev: JPHU.,
"device": "sda"
}
1.

Sika 4	Chister 4	Queue +	Date of actival #	Nodes #	CFU +	Cores #	Memory 4	Storage e	Metwork	 Accodecadors 	
heroble	dahu	default.	2068-83-22	32	2 x Hiel Xeon Dold \$130	36 cores/CPU	332.048	243 08 550 + 480 08 550 + 4.8 T8 HDD	10 Days + 308 Obes Drwei-Path		
Greneble	948	default.	2058-81-35	4	4 x brief Xaron Ooki £130	35 cores/CPU	358.045	403 08 550 + 2 × 1.4 TB 550 + 3 × 2.8 TB H00	0 10 Objes + 308 Objes Ormal Path		
Life	chelemi	default.	2066-32-66	15	2 e briel Xaren E5-2630 v4	30 coves/CFU	256.08	2 x 300 GB HOD	2 x 18 Obps		
Lille	chidet	debuilt	2068-00-05	0	2 4 AND EPVC 7281	36 cons/CPU	128.648	490 GB 55D + 2 x 4.0 TB HDD	2 x 25 Gbps		
Libe	chillet	debuilt	2064-52-66	8	2 x beel Xeen ES-2000 v4	\$4 consUCPU	364.648	2 x 400 GR 55D + 2 x 4.8 TR HDD	2 x 18 Gbps	2 a Rolda GTX 5088 Ti	
Life	chillor	default	2018-00-01		2 x Intel Xeon Gold £126	12 coves/CPU	132 G-B	2 x 480 GB 55D + 4 x 4.8 TD HOD	2 x 25 Gbps	(2-4) 2 x Notio Tesla P300 (7-8) 2 x Notio Tesla V300	
Luxenbourg	granduc	default.	2011-12-01	11	2 e Hiel Xeen L5335	4cmm/CPU	35.08	345 08 HDD	2 x 1.0bps + 18 Obps		
Luxenbourg	petiprince	default.	2013-09-30	15	2 x Hiel Xeon E5-2030.	Cores/CPU	32 G B	250 GB HDD	2 x LE Obps		
Lyon	heecale	debuilt	2062-00-62	4	2 x Intel Xeen ES-2628	& carea/CPU	22 GIR	3 x 2.0 TB HDD	10 Séps		
Lyon	cora	debuilt	2066-52-66	23	2 x beel Xeen E5-2628 v4	E COMPACERU	64 GR	S98 GB HDD	10 Séps		
1908	orien	default.	2012-09-34	4	2 x Hel Xein E5-2630	LORS/CPU	32.08	598 08 HDD 10-08ps		Avada Tesla NCC15	
Lyon	septiate	default.	2006-07-01	32	2 x AND Opteron 258	1 cmelCPU	208	73 08 H00	1 Obyo		
Lyon	taarus	default .	2012-09-34	14	2 x Hiel Xeen E5-2630	Ecmm/CPU	32.08	598 G8 HDD	10 Chps		
Nancy	graculty	production	2006-81-64	16	2 x Intel Xeen ES-200 x2	Econo/CPU	128.648	2 x 600 G8 HDD	10 Steps + 55 Steps InfiniDand		
Nercy	graphique	production	2015-05-12	4	2 x Intel Xeen E5-2623 v5	term(PU	64.08	299 08 HOD	10-Dips + 55 Dips InfeitBand	1: 2 x Neidia Titan Ellack (2-6): 2 x Neidia GTX 100	
Newy	graphie	default.	2013-12-05	4	Z x Hiel Xeon E5-2050	LORSCEU	254.045	2 x 300 08 550	10 Olgs + 55 Olgs Infeitiand	Intel Xeon Phy 7320P	
Nexy	gecing	production	2013-04-09	48	2 x Hiel Xeen E5-2050	LenaCIO 1	64.08	10 15 100	1 Obys + 56 Obys InfiniBand		
Nancy	gnele	production	2067-06-25	14	2 x Hiel Xeon E5-2058 v4	12 coves/CPU	128.048	2 x 299 00 HDD 10 Obps + 200 Obps Omni-Path		2 a Nvidia GTX 0000 Ti	
Nancy	grimani	production	2066-89-30	6	2 x Intel Xeon E5-2000 x2	& carea/CPU	64 GB	1018 HDD	10 Steps + 300 Gops Onwi-Path	2 a Nordan Texta KAOM	
Nancy	grinaire	debut	2066-81-22	8	2 x bitel Xean E5-2628 x2	E CONSUCED	128 Gill	200 GB 55D + 5 x 680 5R HDD	4 x 18 Gbps + 56 Sbps Infnilland		
									[2-08] 3 08ps + 4 x 10 08ps		

Reconfiguring resources

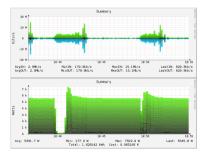
- Operating System reconfiguration with Kadeploy:
 - Provides a Hardware-as-a-Service cloud infrastructure
 - Enable users to deploy their own software stack & get root access
 - Scalable, efficient, reliable and flexible: 200 nodes deployed in ~5 minutes
- Customize networking environment with KaVLAN
 - Protect the testbed from experiments (Grid/Cloud middlewares)
 - Avoid network pollution
 - Create custom topologies
 - By reconfiguring VLANS ~> almost no overhead





Goal: enable users to understand what happens during their experiment

- System-level probes (usage of CPU, memory, disk, with Ganglia)
- Infrastructure-level probes: Kwapi
 - Power consumption, (Network trafic)
 - Captured at high frequency (≈1 Hz)
 - Live visualization
 - REST API
 - Long-term storage



Controlling experiments

- Legacy way of performing experiments: shell commands
 - © time-consuming
 - 🙁 error-prone
 - © details tend to be forgotten over time
- Promising solution: automation of experiments

 Executable description of experiments
 Reproducible research
- Support from the testbed: Grid'5000 RESTful API (Resource selection, reservation, deployment, monitoring)
- Several higher-level tools to help automate experiments Execo, Python-Grid5000 (Python), Ruby-cute (Ruby)



1 Experiment management tools 1.1 Execo: unix processes orchestration, and experiment orchestration 1.2 Funk: (E)ind vo(U)r (N)odes on a5(K) 1.3 PAR: a PARallel and distributed job crusher 1.4 Ruby-Cute: Ruby gem for Grid'5000 1.5 TakTuk: parallel launcher 1.6 XP5K 1.7 Python-grid5000 1.8 EnOSlib Drivers for virtualization and containers solutions 2.1 docker-machine-driver-g5k: using a Grid'5000 physical machine directly from Docker 2.2 docker-q5k: provisioning a Docker cluster within Grid'5000 2.3 vagrant-grid5000: using Grid'5000 physical machines directly from Vagrant 2.4 yagrant-g5k: manage virtual machines on Grid'5000 using yagrant 3 Deployment of complex software stacks inside Grid'5000 3.1 benchmark-containers: leveraging the deployment of standard benchmarks 3.2 EnOS : Experimental environment for OpenStack 3.3 hadoon-benchmark: leveraging the deployment of Vanilla Hadoon 4 Emulation tools 4.1 Distem: CPU performance and network emulator 5 Monitoring software 5.1 PowerAPI : monitoring the power consumption of processes

https://www.grid5000.fr/w/Grid5000:Software

Other features and services

- ► Flexible usage rules: default vs production (long jobs) vs besteffort (background)
- Data storage (group storage, disk reservation)
- ▶ Reproducible system images for Debian 8, 9, 10 (soon), *testing*; Centos 7, Ubuntu 18.04
- ► sudo-g5k to get root priviledges on the standard environment
- To be announced soon:
 - Network-level federation with Fed4FIRE testbeds
 - 10 Gb connection to the Internet
- Work in progress:
 - New clusters in Nancy (3), Lyon, Grenoble
 - GPU-level reservations
 - IPv6
 - ARM servers
- 30 regression tests (1161 configurations) to ensure that everything works consistently

Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Active users	564	553	592	514	528	458	573	600	564
Publications	154	141	101	134	106	143	122	151	127
PhD & HDR	14	20	9	27	24	30	27	23	22
Usage rate	50%	56%	58%	63%	63%	63%	55%	53%	70%

- 1313 active users over the last 3 years
- ► 3769 active users since 2003
- 2007 publications that benefited from Grid'5000 in our HAL collection⁴
 - Computer Science: 96%, Mathematics: 2.4%, Physics: 2.4%
 - Since 2015: LORIA: 23%, IRISA: 23%, LIG: 19%, LIP: 13%, LS2N: 13%, CRISTAL: 5%, LIRMM: 5%, LIP6: 3%

⁴https://hal.archives-ouvertes.fr/GRID5000

Grid'5000 organization and governance

Groupement d'Intérêt Scientifique (GIS)

- Director Frédéric Desprez
- Bureau (6 members: FD, LN, Christian Perez, Adrien Lebre, Laurent Lefevre, David Margery)
- Comité des responsables de sites
- Technical Director Lucas Nussbaum
 - Technical team (8.2 FTE)
- Architects committee (6 members)
- Conseil de groupement
 - Inria, CNRS, RENATER, CEA, CPU, CDEFI, IMT (≈ Allistène + RENATER)
- Conseil scientifique
 - 10 international members

institutional and scientific steering

technical steering

advisory and evaluation bodies

Technical organization

- Distributed infrastructure, but managed by a single distributed team
 - Strong coherence and coordination between sites
- Current composition: 8.2 full-time engineers
 - Inria: 5.91 (perm: 0.86, CDD: 5.1), CNRS: 1.02 (perm: 1.02), U. Rennes: 0.6 (perm: 0.6), IMT Atlantique: 0.4 (CDD: 0.4), U. Lorraine: 0.2 (perm: 0.2)
 - Including Pierre Neyron: Médaille de Cristal du CNRS 2019



Conclusions

- An advanced and established infrastructure for the *data-center* facets of Computer Science
 - Large-scale, distributed
 - Shared (many involved laboratories and institutions)
 - Designed for reconfigurability, observability, reproducible research
- Looking forward to extend this scope through collaborations in the context of SILECS
 - Compared with FIT: we share the same design goals, principles, but focus on different objects
 - ★ Core of the Internet vs Edge of the Internet
 - ★ Internet of servers vs Internet of clients
 - Strong needs of joint experiments