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# ▶ To cite this version:

Guillaume Aupy, Leonardo Bautista Gomez, Yves Robert, Frédéric Vivien. Revisiting temporal failure independence in large scale systems. [Research Report] RR-9134, INRIA. 2017. hal-01672404

# HAL Id: hal-01672404 https://inria.hal.science/hal-01672404

Submitted on 25 Dec 2017  $\,$ 

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# Revisiting temporal failure independence in large scale systems

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RESEARCH REPORT N° 9134 December 2017 Project-Team ROMA



# Revisiting temporal failure independence in large scale systems<sup>\*</sup>

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Research Report n° 9134 — December 2017 — 35 pages

**Abstract:** his report revisits the *failure temporal independence* hypothesis which is omnipresent in the analysis of resilience methods for HPC. We explain why a previous approach is incorrect, and we propose a new method to detect failure cascades, i.e., series of non-independent consecutive failures. We use this new method to assess whether public archive failure logs contain failure cascades. Then we design and compare several cascade-aware checkpointing algorithms to quantify the maximum gain that could be obtained, and we report extensive simulation results with archive and synthetic failure logs. Altogether, there are a few logs that contain cascades, but we show that the gain that can be achieved from this knowledge is not significant. The conclusion is that we can wrongly, but safely, assume failure independence!

Key-words: checkpoint, failure independence, resilience.

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 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast}$  This report replaces INRIA Research Report RR-9078, which contains an earlier version of this work. A short version of this report appears in the proceedings of the FTS'17 workshop [1].

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# Au sujet de l'indépendance temporelle des fautes dans les plates-formes à grande échelle

**Résumé :** Ce rapport étudie l'indépendance temporelle des pannes qui surviennent dans les plates-formes de calcul scientifique à grande échelle. L'hypothèse d'indépendance est omniprésente dans les études. Un travail récent détecte des cascades, i.e., des séries de pannes consécutives et non-indépendantes, mais nous montrons que l'approche est incorrecte. Nous proposons une nouvelle approche, que nous mettons en oeuvre pour détecter des cascades dans les traces d'archive publiques. Certaines de ces traces contiennent bien des cascades. Puis nous concevons et comparons plusieurs algorithmes de checkpoint qui tiennent compte de la présence de cascades, dont plusieurs oracles, et nous évaluons leur performance par rapport à l'algorithme périodique classique, à la fois sur des traces d'archive et sur des traces synthétiques qui contiennent des cascades "artificielles". Le gain potentiel s'avère négligeable, et la conclusion est que nous pouvons supposer l'indépendance temporelle des pannes, à tort certes mais sans perte de performance avérée.

Mots-clés : checkpoint, indépendance temporelle des fautes, résilience.

#### 1 Introduction

This work revisits the failure<sup>1</sup> temporal independence hypothesis in HPC (High Performance Computing) systems. Assuming failure temporal independence is mandatory to analyze resilience protocols. To give a single example: the well-known Young/Daly formula for the optimal checkpointing period [2, 3] is valid only if failure inter-arrival times, or IATs, are Independent and Identically Distributed (IID) random variables. We aim at providing a quantitative answer to the following questions: To what extent are failures temporally independent? Are failure cascades the norm in large scale computing systems? Here, we informally define a failure cascade as a series of non-independent consecutive failures striking within a short time window. We base our analysis on publicly available failure logs from LANL [4, 5], Tsubame [6] and Mont Blanc 2 [7]<sup>2</sup>. We show that a previously proposed approach based on degraded intervals [8] leads to incorrect results, and we propose a new algorithm to detect failure cascades, based on the study of pairs of consecutive IATs. This new algorithm is used for the largest seven public logs at our disposal, and we detect cascades in two logs for sure, and possibly in a third one. The first conclusion is that it is wrong to assume failure independence everywhere!

The next question is to assess which gain can be achieved when equipped with the knowledge that failure cascades are present in some logs (and in real life, on some large-scale execution platforms). We design and compare several cascade-aware checkpointing algorithms. Four algorithms are simple periodic algorithms, with a constant checkpointing period obeying the Young/Daly formula  $\sqrt{2C\mu}$ ; they differ by the value chosen for the MTBF  $\mu$ . The choices for  $\mu$  are: (i) the MTBF of the entire log; (ii) the MTBF of the log expunded of failures present in degraded intervals [8]; (iii) the MTBF of the log expunged of failures whose IATs belong to the first quantile of IATs (our new algorithm); and (iv) a brute-force algorithm that searches all possible periods (used for reference). The remaining seven algorithms are more sophisticated in that they use two different regimens: a *normal regimen* for failure-free segments, with a large checkpointing period; and a *degraded regimen* which is entered after a failure, with a smaller checkpointing period to cope with potential cascades. We compare different versions based upon the work in [8] and upon our new cascade detection algorithm. Finally, we use brute-force methods and oracle-based solutions to fully quantify the maximum gain that could be achieved with omniscient knowledge of forthcoming failures. Altogether, the overall assessment is that there is not much to gain from the knowledge of failure cascades: we can just ignore them without any significant overhead. The second and final conclusion is that we can wrongly, but safely, assume failure independence!

The main contributions of this work are:

- The correct evaluation of the method in [8] to detect failure cascades (Section 3.1);
- A novel method to detect failure cascades, based on the quantile distribution of consecutive IAT pairs (Section 3.2);
- The design and comparison of several cascade-aware checkpointing algorithms to assess the potential gain of cascade detection (Sections 4.1 and 4.2);
- Extensive evaluation via archive and synthetic logs of all algorithms (Section 5).

In addition to the above sections, Section 2 reviews relevant related work, and Section 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Throughout the report, we use the work *failure* and *fault* interchangeably, to denote an unrecoverable interruption of resource execution, a.k.a a fail-stop error.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Mont Blanc 2 failure log is atypical because it includes a very large number of unprotected memory errors processors as failures in our analysis, see Section 4.3 for further information.

provides concluding remarks.

### 2 Related Work

Reliability is key to future extreme-scale HPC systems. The de-facto standard approach, namely the coordinated checkpointing protocol [9] has been recently extended in several directions, such as hierarchical checkpointing [10], in-memory checkpointing [11, 12], or multi-level checkpointing [13, 14], to quote just a few. To develop better solutions and reliability techniques, it is important to understand and characterize failure behavior. Indeed, failure characteristics can be used to inform failure predictors [15, 16], or to improve fault-tolerance techniques [17, 18, 19].

In their seminal work, Young [2] and Daly [3] assume that failure IATs are IID and follow an Exponential probability distribution. This assumption was key to derive their famous formula for the optimal checkpoint interval. Other distributions have been considered, such as Weibull distributions [20, 19, 17]. Formulas for the optimal checkpointing period have been obtained by Gelenbe and Hernández [20], but still under the temporal independence assumption. In stochastic terms, each checkpoint is assumed to be a renewal point, which (unrealistically) amounts to rebooting the entire platform after each failure. Similarly, Tiwari et al. [19] and Heien et al [17] confirmed the observation that the Young/Daly formula is a very good approximation for Weibull distributions. In particular, Tiwari et al. [19] analyze a failure log, show that it matches well a Weibull distribution through Kolmogorov-Smirnov and other statistical tests, and report some gains when using the fact that much more than half of IATs are smaller than the expectation of the Weibull law (due to its infant mortality property).

It is important to understand the impact of the renewal condition on the works that deal with non-Exponential distribution. Consider a platform with several processors, each subject to failures whose IATs follow a Weibull (or, in fact, any other, except Exponential) probability distribution. Without the renewal condition, the distribution of failure IATs over the whole platform is no longer independent nor identically distributed, which complicates everything, including the mere definition of the platform MTBF (see [21] for details). This explains why all these previous works consider that failures are temporally independent.

However, it has been observed many times that when a failure occurs, it may trigger other failures that will strike different system components [17, 19, 8]. As an example, a failing cooling system may cause a series of successive crashes of different nodes. Also, an outstanding error in the file system will likely be followed by several others [22, 23]. Recently Bautista-Gomez et al. [8] studied nine systems, and they report periods of high failure density in all of them. They call these periods *failure cascades*. This observation has led them to revisit the temporal failure independence assumption, and to design bi-periodic checkpointing algorithms that use different periods in normal (failure-free) and degraded (with failure cascades) modes. See Sections 3.1 and 4.2 for a full description of their approach [8].

Finally, this report focuses on temporal properties of failures. Spatial properties of failures [18] are out of scope for this study.

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# 3 Algorithms to Detect Failure Cascades

We informally define a failure cascade as a series of consecutive failures that strike closer in time that one would normally expect. We explain how to refine such an imprecise definition by describing two approaches below. The first approach is introduced in [8] and is based upon *degraded intervals*. The second approach is a major contribution of this report and uses *quantiles of consecutive* IAT *pairs*.

#### 3.1 Degraded Intervals

In their recent work, Bautista-Gomez et al. [8] provide Algorithm 1 to detect degraded intervals, i.e., intervals containing failure cascades. Consider a failure log of total duration Lseconds, with n failures striking at time-steps  $t_i$ , where  $0 \le t_1 \le \ldots \le t_n \le L$ . By definition, the MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures) of the platform log is  $\mu = \frac{L}{n}$ . Intuitively, we expect failures to strike every  $\mu$  seconds in average. Algorithm 1 simply divides the log into n intervals of length L/n and checks for intervals that contain two or more failures. Such intervals are called *degraded* while intervals with zero or one failure are called *normal*. Algorithm 1 returns the set  $S_c$  of degraded intervals. The percentage of degraded intervals is  $P_{deg} = \frac{|S_c|}{n}$ .

```
Algorithm 1 Identifying the set S_c of degraded intervals.
```

1: procedure DETCASCADES( $\{t_1, \ldots, t_n\}, L, X$ ) 2: for i = 0 to n - 1 do 3: if  $|\{j|t_j \in [i\frac{L}{n}, (i+1)\frac{L}{n}]\}| \ge 2$  then 4:  $S_c = S_c \cup \{j|t_j \in [i\frac{L}{n}, (i+1)\frac{L}{n}]\}$ 5: end if 6: end for 7: return  $S_c$ 8: end procedure

Table 1 summarizes the percentage of degraded interval  $P_{deg}$  found by Algorithm 1 for the LANL, Tsubame and Mont Blanc 2 failure logs. Altogether, 20% to 30% of system time is spent in degraded regimen. The authors of [8] conclude that Algorithm 1 has identified failure cascades. This conclusion is incorrect:

- Assume first that failure IATs are IID and follow an Exponential probability distribution  $\operatorname{Exp}[\lambda]$  with parameter  $\lambda$  (we have  $\mathbb{P}(X \leq t) = 1 e^{-\lambda t}$ ). For a failure log of size L and with n failures, we directly have  $\lambda = \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{n}{L}$ . Theorem 1 shows that in this case, the expected percentage of degraded intervals is  $1 \frac{2}{e} \approx 0.264$  (or 26.4%).
- Assume now that failure IATs are IID and follow a Weibull probability distribution WEIBULL[ $k, \lambda$ ] with parameter shape parameter k and scale parameter  $\lambda$ : we have  $\mathbb{P}(X \leq t) = 1 e^{-(\frac{t}{\lambda})^k}$ , and the MTBF is  $\mu = \lambda \Gamma(1 + \frac{1}{k})$ . For a failure log of size L and with n failures, we have  $\mu = \frac{L}{n}$ , hence we let  $\lambda = \frac{L}{n\Gamma(1+\frac{1}{k})}$ . Table 2 shows the value of  $P_{deg}$  for values of the shape parameter k ranging from 0.5 to 1. The value for k = 1 is the same as for the Exponential distribution, because WEIBULL[ $1, \lambda$ ] reduces to  $\text{Exp}[\frac{1}{\lambda}]$ . For all the values of k in Table 2, the percentage of degraded intervals lies between 26% and 27.5%. Note that these values are independent of  $\lambda$  and are obtained

	Log			Approach in [8	3]
Id	Number	MTBF	MTBF	Degraded	Faults
	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals: $P_{deq}$	in cascades
LANL 2	5351	14.1	36.4	25.3%	71.1%
LANL 3	294	59.3	142.3	26.3%	69.4%
LANL 4	298	56.2	126.7	24.9%	66.8%
LANL 5	304	54.7	119.6	26.4%	66.4%
LANL 6	63	279.9	604.1	33.9%	69.8%
LANL 7	126	311.1	943.1	21.6%	74.6%
LANL 8	448	84.5	226.6	26.2%	72.5%
LANL 9	278	58.8	216.0	23.1%	79.1%
LANL 10	234	68.7	218.3	23.6%	76.1%
LANL 11	265	60.8	230.5	23.9%	80.0%
LANL 12	254	64.2	192.7	25.3%	75.2%
LANL 13	193	83.4	380.7	24.0%	83.4%
LANL 14	120	103.7	410.6	20.0%	80.0%
LANL 15	53	124.1	292.0	23.1%	67.9%
LANL 16	2262	21.9	56.2	25.2%	70.9%
LANL 17	125	216.9	526.1	21.8%	68.0%
LANL 18	3900	7.5	17.9	26.0%	68.9%
LANL 19	3222	7.9	17.1	26.4%	66.0%
LANL 20	2389	13.7	41.5	21.3%	74.1%
LANL 21	105	24.2	79.9	26.9%	78.1%
LANL 22	235	272.1	696.6	27.8%	71.9%
LANL 23	448	147.3	348.8	23.7%	67.9%
LANL 24	150	412.7	1040.6	22.1%	69.3%
Tsubame	884	14.8	36.5	23.9%	69.2%
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.2	2.3	21.1%	94.8%

Table 1: Percentage of degraded intervals in failure logs. Expected value for an Exponential distribution is 26.4%. Red entries are within 5% of this value. Pink entries are within 10% of this value.

experimentally, using MonteCarlo simulations. Note also that typical values of k used to model failures in the literature are ranging from k = 0.5 to k = 0.9 [24, 25, 19].

Altogether, the correct conclusion from Theorem 1 and the results in Table 1 is that public logs exhibit the same number of degraded intervals as pure  $\text{Exp}[\lambda]$  and  $\text{WEIBULL}[k, \lambda]$  renewal processes. Hence we cannot conclude anything!

**Theorem 1.** For a log duration L, and IID failure IATs with Exponential distribution  $\text{Exp}[\lambda]$ , the percentage of degraded intervals  $P_{deg}$  converges to

$$\lim_{L \to \infty} P_{deg} = 100(1 - \frac{2}{e}) \approx 26.4\%$$

*Proof.* Assume Exponentially-distributed failure IATs with a MTBF  $\mu = \frac{1}{\lambda}$ . The expected number of failures is  $\frac{L}{\mu}$ . Let A(T) be the event 'there are at least two failures in an interval of length T':  $PA(T) = 1 - e^{-\lambda T} - \lambda T e^{-\lambda T}$ .

Shape	Degraded	Faults
parameter $k$	intervals: $P_{deg}$	in cascades
0.50	26.0%	84.7%
0.52	26.3%	83.7%
0.54	26.6%	82.7%
0.56	26.8%	81.6%
0.58	27.0%	80.6%
0.60	27.2%	79.7%
0.62	27.3%	78.7%
0.64	27.4%	77.7%
0.66	27.4%	76.8%
0.68	27.5%	75.9%
0.70	27.5%	75.0%
0.72	27.5%	74.1%
0.74	27.5%	73.2%
0.76	27.5%	72.4%
0.78	27.4%	71.5%
0.80	27.4%	70.7%
0.82	27.3%	69.9%
0.84	27.3%	69.1%
0.86	27.2%	68.3%
0.88	27.1%	67.5%
0.90	27.0%	66.8%
0.92	26.9%	66.0%
0.94	26.8%	65.3%
0.96	26.7%	64.6%
0.98	26.6%	63.9%
1.00	26.4%	63.2%

Table 2: Expected values of  $P_{deg}$  and of the number of faults in cascades for IID IATs following a Weibull distribution WEIBULL[ $k, \lambda$ ].

We want to compute the expectation of B(L), the ratio of intervals with at least two failures for a log size of L. Of course we have  $P_{deg} = 100B(L)$  in terms of percentage. We define X the random variable that represents the number of failures during a log of size L. Let B(L|X = i) be the random variable: the ratio of the number of intervals with at most two failures in a log of size L when there were i failures. Finally, let  $Y_0, \ldots, Y_{i-1}$  denote the random variables such that  $Y_j$  is equal to 1 if there are at least two failures in the interval [jL/i, (j+1)L/i] and 0 otherwise. Then  $\mathbb{E}[B(L|X=i)] = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{i} \mathbb{E}[Y_j]}{i}$  if i > 1 and 0 otherwise. To compute  $\mathbb{E}[Y_i]$ , we write:

$$\mathbb{E}[Y_j] = \sum_{k=2}^{i} \mathbb{P}(\text{there are } k \text{ faults during the } j^{\text{th}} \text{ interval})$$
$$= 1 - \mathbb{P}(\text{there are 0 faults during the } j^{\text{th}} \text{ interval})$$
$$- \mathbb{P}(\text{there is 1 fault during the } j^{\text{th}} \text{ interval}).$$

The event "there are k faults during the  $j^{\text{th}}$  interval" is equivalent to saying "there are k faults during L/i units of time and i - k faults during (i - 1)L/i units of time, given that there are i faults during L units of time". Let C(k,T) denote the event "there are k failures in an interval of length T". By definition  $\mathbb{P}(C(k,T)) = \frac{(\lambda T)^k}{k!} e^{-\lambda T}$ . Finally,

$$\mathbb{P}(\text{there are } k \text{ faults during the } j^{\text{th} \text{ interval}}) \\ = \mathbb{P}(C(k, L/i) \wedge C(i - k, (i - 1)L/i)|C(i, L)) \\ = \frac{\mathbb{P}(C(k, L/i))\mathbb{P}(C(i - k, (i - 1)L/i))}{\mathbb{P}(C(i, L))} \\ = \frac{(\lambda L/i)^k e^{-\lambda L/i} (\lambda (i - 1)L/i)^{i-k} e^{-\lambda (i - 1)L/i} i!}{k! (i - k)! (\lambda L)^i e^{-\lambda L}} \\ = \binom{i}{k} \frac{(i - 1)^{i-k}}{i^i},$$

and we have:  $\mathbb{E}[Y_j] = 1 - (1 - \frac{1}{i})^i - (1 - \frac{1}{i})^{i-1}$ .

We can now return to computing the expectation of B(L), the ratio of intervals with at least two failures for a log size of L, as follows:

$$\begin{split} \mathbb{E}[B(L)] &= \sum_{i=0}^{+\infty} \mathbb{P}(X=i) \mathbb{E}[B(L|X=i)] \\ &= \sum_{i=2}^{+\infty} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} e^{-\lambda L} \left(1 - (1 - \frac{1}{i})^i - (1 - \frac{1}{i})^{i-1}\right) \\ &= \sum_{i=2}^{+\infty} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} e^{-\lambda L} - \sum_{i=2}^{+\infty} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} e^{-\lambda L} \left((1 - \frac{1}{i})^i + (1 - \frac{1}{i})^{i-1}\right) \end{split}$$

We show that when L tends to infinity,  $\mathbb{E}[B(L)]$  converges to 1 - 2/e. Consider  $\varepsilon > 0$ . Both functions  $f: x \mapsto (1 - \frac{1}{x})^x$  and  $g: x \mapsto (1 - \frac{1}{x})^{x-1}$  converge to 1/e when  $x \to +\infty$ , hence there exists  $i_0$  such that for all  $i \ge i_0$ ,

$$\left| (1 - \frac{1}{i})^i + (1 - \frac{1}{i})^{i-1} - 2/e \right| < \frac{\varepsilon}{4}.$$

Recall that  $\sum_{i=i_0}^{+\infty} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} e^{-\lambda L} \leq \sum_{i=1}^{+\infty} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} e^{-\lambda L} = 1$ . Thus, there exists  $L_1$  such that for all  $L \geq L_1$ ,

$$\left| e^{-\lambda L} \sum_{i=2}^{i_0} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} \left( (1 - \frac{1}{i})^i + (1 - \frac{1}{i})^{i-1} - 2/e \right) \right| < \frac{\varepsilon}{4}.$$

For the same reason, there exists  $L_2$  such that for all  $L \ge L_2$ ,  $|(\lambda L)e^{-\lambda L}| < \frac{\varepsilon}{4}$ . Altogether,

for all  $L \ge L_0 = \max(L_1, L_2)$ ,

$$\begin{split} |\mathbb{E}[B(L)] - (1 - 2/e)| \\ &= |\mathbb{E}[B(L)] - (1 - 2/e) \sum_{i=1}^{+\infty} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} e^{-\lambda L}| \\ &= \left| -\lambda L e^{-\lambda L} - e^{-\lambda L} \sum_{i=2}^{+\infty} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} \left( (1 - \frac{1}{i})^i + (1 - \frac{1}{i})^{i-1} - \frac{2}{e} \right) + \frac{2}{e} \lambda L e^{-\lambda L} \right| \\ &\leq \left| \lambda L e^{-\lambda L} \right| \\ &+ \left| e^{-\lambda L} \sum_{i=2}^{i_0} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} \left( (1 - \frac{1}{i})^i + (1 - \frac{1}{i})^{i-1} - \frac{2}{e} \right) \right| \\ &+ \left| e^{-\lambda L} \sum_{i=i_0}^{+\infty} \frac{(\lambda L)^i}{i!} \left( (1 - \frac{1}{i})^i + (1 - \frac{1}{i})^{i-1} - \frac{2}{e} \right) \right| \\ &+ \left| \frac{2}{e} \lambda L e^{-\lambda L} \right| \\ &\leq \varepsilon \end{split}$$

We have derived that for all  $\varepsilon > 0$ , there exists  $L_0$  such that for all  $L > L_0$ ,  $|\mathbb{E}[B(L)] - (1 - 2/e)| \le \varepsilon$ . This concludes the proof.



Figure 1: Cumulative plot of IATs for failure log LANL 2.

#### 3.2 Quantile distribution of consecutive IAT pairs

In this section, we introduce a new method to detect failure cascades. In a nutshell, the method analyzes the distribution of pairs of two consecutive IATs. Intuitively, consider a failure log and its IATs. If small values are scattered across the log, we do not conclude anything. On the contrary, if a small value follows another small value, we may have found the beginning of a cascade. Our approach checks the frequency of having two consecutive small values, and compares this frequency with the expected value when IATs are independent. Our approach proceeds as follows. Consider a failure log with n = N + 2 failures, i.e., with N + 1 IATs  $z_i$ ,  $1 \le i \le N + 1$ . Note that the first failure in the log does not correspond to an IAT

since its predecessor is not included in the log. Note also that  $z_i = t_{i+1} - t_i$  where  $t_i$  is the time where the *i*-th failure strikes, as defined in Algorithm 1. Finally, note that there are N pairs  $(z_i, z_{i+1})$  of consecutive IATs,  $1 \le i \le N$ .



Figure 2: Lag plots for different real failure traces. X-axis is IAT(n), Y-axis: IAT(n + 1), Z-axis: Ratio to expected value.



(a) Lag plot for an  $\text{Exp}[\lambda]$  IAT log.(b) Lag plot for a WEIBULL[0.7,  $\lambda$ ](c) Lag plot for failure log LANL 2 IAT log. after randomized shuffling.

Figure 3: Lag plots for Exponential, Weibull and randomized LANL 2 traces.

We start by sampling the failure log and computing quantiles. In Figure 1 we plot the cumulative distribution of IATs for failure log LANL 2. In Figure 1, we use Q = 10 quantiles. The 10% smallest values constitute the first quantile, or *limit quantile*  $Q_{limit}$ , and are between 0 and 2,220 seconds. The next 10% smallest values (second quantile) are between 2,221 and 6,000 seconds, and so on. By definition, the probability that an IAT belongs to a given quantile is  $\frac{1}{Q} = 0.1$ . Now, if we assume (temporal) failure independence, the probability that

Log	Number	Cascades
	of Faults	
LANL 2	5351	Yes
LANL 16	2262	No
LANL 18	3900	No
LANL 19	3222	No
LANL 20	2389	Maybe
Tsubame	884	No
Mont Blanc 2	$55\ 108$	Yes

Table 3: Presence of cascades in large logs.

both components of a pair  $(z_i, z_{i+1})$  of consecutive IATs belongs to the same given quantile is  $\frac{1}{Q^2}$ , and the expected number of such pairs is  $\frac{N}{Q^2}$ . We need N to be reasonably large so that this expectation is accurate. Out of the 25 logs in Table 1, we keep only the five LANL logs with  $N \geq 800$  (namely LANL 2, 16, 18, 19, 20), the Tsubame log and the Mont Blanc 2 log: see Table 3. For these seven logs, in Figure 2, we plot the ratio of the actual number of pairs in each quantile over the expected value. This ratio is called the lag plot density [26, 27]. We expect a log without cascades to exhibit a flat surface up to a few statistical artefacts. The figures lead to the conclusions reported in Table 3: only log LANL 2 and Mont Blanc 2 contain cascades for sure, because the ratio for the first quantile is greater than four times its expected value; maybe LANL 20 does too (ratio between 2 and 3); the other logs do not include any cascade.

Note that another phenomenon can be observed in LANL 2, Mont Blanc 2 and, to some extent, in LANL 20: there is an *anti*-cascade behavior, where long IATs are followed by other long IATs more often than expected. We are not able to give any explanation to this phenomenon.

Altogether, there are indeed some cascades, albeit not very frequent, in some failure logs. Hence we were wrong to assume failure independence everywhere. The next question is whether the knowledge that cascades are present may help reduce the overhead due to the standard checkpoint/recovery approach. The rest of this paper is devoted to answering this question.

We conclude this section with three more lag plots to help the reader understand and assess temporal correlation in failure logs. First, Figures 3a and 3b show the lag plots for an EXP[ $\lambda$ ] and WEIBULL[0.7,  $\lambda$ ] IAT distributions: as expected, there is no cascade in these renewal processes. Then, Figure 3c shows the lag plot for LANL 2 after randomly shuffling the log IATs; compare with Figure 2a: there is no cascade anymore!

#### 4 Cascade-aware checkpointing

In this section we provide a quantitative assessment of many algorithms that can be used to improve the classical periodic checkpointing algorithm, whose period is given by the Young/Daly formula [2, 3]. We use both the previous public logs and synthetic logs to generate simulation results.

When playing an algorithm against a log, it is common practice to have the algorithm learn data from, say, the first half of the log, and play against the second half of the log. More precisely, we would start the algorithm from a randomly generated instant in the second half of the log to avoid bias. This instant must not be too close to the end of the log to ensure that there remain enough failures to strike, e.g., any instant in the thirst quarter of the log would be fine. In the following, we do not adopt this strategy. Instead, we let the algorithms learn form the entire log, and replay them from a randomly chosen instant. This gives a somewhat unfair advantage to the algorithms, but our goal is to provide an upper bound of the maximum gains that can be achieved.

#### 4.1 Periodic algorithms

What can we learn from a log? The Young/Daly checkpointing algorithm needs to know the checkpoint time C and the MTBF  $\mu_{log}$ , and then uses the optimal checkpointing period  $T = \sqrt{2\mu_{log}C}$ . As already mentioned, one can directly use  $\mu_{log} = \frac{L}{N}$  for a log of length Lwith N failures. However, inspecting the log for cascades can lead to refined values of the MTBF:

- Remember that [8] defines two categories of intervals in the log, normal and degraded, and computes  $\mu_{normal\_int}$  and  $\mu_{degraded\_int}$ , the MTBF for each set of intervals. Typically,  $\mu_{normal\_int}$  will be significantly larger than  $\mu_{log}$ , and using this value instead of  $\mu_{log}$  will decrease the failure-free overhead incurred by checkpointing too frequently outside the cascades.
- Following the approach in Section 3.2, we can divide the log into Q quantiles and separate IATs that belong to the first quantile  $Q_{limit}$  from the other ones. IATs that belong to the first quantile  $Q_{limit}$  constitute the cascades and have mean value  $\mu_{cascade}(Q)$ . The other IATs have mean value  $\mu_{non-cascade}(Q)$ . Just as  $\mu_{normal\_int}$ ,  $\mu_{non-cascade}(Q)$  will be larger than  $\mu_{log}$ , with the same desired impact. We use different values of  $|Q_{limit}|$  for the simulations:  $|Q_{limit}| = 10\%$ ,  $|Q_{limit}| = 5\%$  and  $Q_{limit} = Q_{auto}$  (see Section 4.3) in the core of this report. In addition, values for  $|Q_{limit}| \in \{2\%, 1\%, 0.5\%, 0.2\%, 0.1\%\}$  are provided in Appendix A.

Altogether, we evaluate 4 periodic checkpointing algorithms, which use the period  $T = \sqrt{2\mu C}$ , where  $\mu$  is chosen from the following:

- Algorithm  $\Pi_{Daly}$  uses  $\mu = \mu_{log}$
- Algorithm  $\Pi_{Intervals}$  uses  $\mu = \mu_{normal_{int}}$
- Algorithm  $\Pi_{Quantiles}$  uses  $\mu = \mu_{non-cascade}(Q)$
- Algorithm  $\Pi_{Best\_period}$  uses a brute-force search and returns the best period

For each algorithm, we report the WASTE, defined as the fraction of time where the platform does not perform useful work. Experimental values of WASTE are averaged from many Monte Carlo simulations. As a side note, a first-order approximation is given by the formula

$$WASTE = \frac{C}{T} + \frac{1}{\mu} \left( R + \frac{T}{2} \right) \tag{1}$$

and is obtained as follows [21]: the first term  $\frac{C}{T}$  is the overhead in a failure free execution, since we lose C seconds to checkpoint, every period of T seconds. The second term is the overhead due to failures, which strike every  $\mu$  seconds in expectation; for each failure, we lose R seconds for recovery (letting R = C everywhere) and we lose half the period of work on average (T/2 seconds). Equation (1) explains that checkpointing algorithms aim at finding the best trade-off between checkpointing too often (large failure-free overhead) and not often enough (large overhead after a failure); the waste is minimized when  $T = \sqrt{2\mu C}$ . All this helps understand how WASTE depends on the value chosen for the MTBF  $\mu$ .

#### 4.2 Bi-periodic algorithms

We compare the following seven bi-periodic algorithms. Each bi-periodic algorithm uses two different regimens, namely the *normal* and *degraded* regimens, to borrow the terminology of [8]. In the *normal* regimen, which is the regimen by default, the algorithm runs in the absence of failures, hence uses a larger checkpointing period. In the *degraded* regimen, the algorithm uses a shorter checkpointing period, to cope with potential cascades.

The seven algorithms differ by several parameters:

- the MTBF value  $\mu$  used for each regimen, which dictates the corresponding checkpointing period. In Table 4, we report the MTBF for the normal regimen  $\mu_{normal}$ and for the MTBF for the degraded regimen  $\mu_{degraded}$ . Again, the checkpointing period for the normal regimen is  $T = \sqrt{2\mu_{normal}C}$  and that for the degraded regimen is  $T = \sqrt{2\mu_{degraded}C}$ .
- the criteria used to enter and exit the cascade regimen. Most algorithms enter the cascade regimen as soon as a failure strikes, but *lazy* variants enter the cascade regimen only after a second failure has struck, and provided that the IAT belongs to the first quantile  $Q_{limit}$ . All algorithms exit the degraded regimen when enough time has elapsed since the last failure. Following [8], we set this timeout to  $2\mu_{degraded}$ .

All these parameters are listed in Table 4. For reference, here follows a detailed description of each bi-periodic algorithm. First, we have 3 algorithms based on refined values of the MTBF:

- BI- $\Pi_{Intervals}$  uses  $\mu_{normal} = \mu_{normal\_int}$  and  $\mu_{degraded} = \mu_{degraded\_int}$  for the checkpointing periods, as proposed by [8]. It enters the degraded mode as soon as a failure strikes, and exits it with timeout  $2\mu_{degraded}$ .
- BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$  works similarly, but with different MTBF values.  $\mu_{normal} = \mu_{non-cascade}(Q)$ and  $\mu_{degraded} = \mu_{cascade}(Q)$ . These values are computed from the quantiles of the log IATs.
- BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ LAZY is a variant of BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$  where the degraded mode is entered only after two successive failures, provided that the second failure strikes shortly (IAT in first quantile  $Q_{limit}$ ) after the first one.

The next 2 algorithms use brute-force search:

- BI-II-BEST uses a brute-force method for everything: it computes the waste for all values of  $\mu_{normal}$ ,  $\mu_{degraded}$  and timeout value, and retains the best triple. BI-II-BEST is agnostic of the cascade detection algorithm; its only limitation is that it enters the degraded mode after the first failure.
- BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ LAZY-BEST is the lazy variant of BI- $\Pi$ -BEST. However, to decide whether to enter the degraded mode, just as BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ LAZY, it needs to know the quantiles of the distribution to check whether the IAT of the second failure belongs to the first quantile  $Q_{limit}$ .

Finally, the last two algorithms are included for reference. They use oracles that know everything in cascades, including the future! Specifically:

• BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ ORACLE uses  $\mu_{normal} = \mu_{non-cascade}(Q)$  in normal mode, just as BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ . However, as soon as a failure strikes, it knows exactly whether there will be a cascade, and when the next failures in that cascade will strike. It can thus checkpoint as late as possible, completing the checkpoint right before the failure. And it also knows in

Algorithm	$\mu_{normal}$	$\mu_{degraded}$	Enter criterion
$BI-\Pi_{Intervals}$	$\mu_{normal\_int}$	$\mu_{degraded\_int}$	First failure
BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$	$\mu_{cascade}(\mathbf{Q})$	$\mu_{non-cascade}(\mathbf{Q})$	First failure
BI-II-BEST	Best value for $\mu_{normal}$	Best value for $\mu_{degraded}$	First failure
$BI-\Pi_{Quantiles}LAZY$	$\mu_{cascade}(\mathrm{Q})$	$\mu_{non-cascade}(\mathbf{Q})$	Second failure in first quantile
$BI-\Pi_{Quantiles}LAZY-BEST$	Best value for $\mu_{normal}$	Best value for $\mu_{degraded}$	Second failure in first quantile
$BI-\Pi_{Quantiles}ORACLE$	$\mu_{cascade}(Q)$	Omniscient	Omniscient
BI-II-ORACLE-BEST	Best value for $\mu_{normal}$	Omniscient	Omniscient

Table 4: Bi-periodic algorithms

advance when the next failure is far away (IAT not in the first quantile  $Q_{limit}$ ), so that it can immediately switch back to normal mode.

• BI-II-ORACLE-BEST is the variant of BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ ORACLE that tests all possible values of  $\mu_{normal}$  in normal mode, not just  $\mu_{non-cascade}(Q)$ . It behaves exactly the same after a failure. A comparison with BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ ORACLE will help assess whether using  $\mu_{normal} = \mu_{non-cascade}(Q)$  is a good decision or not.

#### 4.3 Choosing $Q_{limit}$

The performance of all the approaches that rely on a quantile threshold  $Q_{limit}$ , namely  $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ , BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ , BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ LAZY and BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ ORACLE, depends on the value chosen for  $Q_{limit}$ . A natural approach is to use a fixed value for  $Q_{limit}$ , say 10% or 5%, independent of the failure log, This section is devoted to refining the choice of  $Q_{limit}$  based upon a deeper analysis of the lag plots.

Figure 4 shows another view of the lag plots: for each value of  $Q_{limit}$  on the X-axis, we plot the ratio  $R(Q_{limit})$  of the number of consecutive IAT pairs smaller than  $Q_{limit}$  to expected value. An automatic definition of  $Q_{limit}$  is to choose the quantile  $Q_{auto} \geq Q_{threshold}$  that leads to the maximum ratio  $R(Q_{limit})$ , where  $Q_{threshold}$  is a threshold value detailed below. Formally,

$$Q_{auto} = \operatorname{ArgMax}(R(Q_{limit})) \text{ for } Q_{limit} \ge Q_{threshold}$$

$$\tag{2}$$

As for  $Q_{threshold}$ , we enforce two conditions: (i)  $Q_{limit}$  should be large enough so that the expected number of consecutive IAT pairs smaller than  $Q_{limit}$  without temporal dependence is at least 10; this condition is to avoid statistical artefacts; and (ii)  $Q_{limit}$  should include IATs at least equal to R + C; otherwise, the waste during cascades would be 100%, even with perfect as-late-as-possible checkpointing with a perfect oracle. Intuitively, smaller IAT values do not allow for any useful action.

Table 5 reports the value of  $Q_{auto}$  from Equation (2) for all the logs with failure cascades, and for different values of checkpoint/recovery time. We see that  $Q_{auto}$  ranges between 5% and 12% for a majority of traces, including all the archive traces with the exception of Mont Blanc 2. Otherwise,  $Q_{auto}$  reaches higher values for synthetic traces with very frequent and/or very long cascades, as expected.

As for Mont Blanc 2, the high value of  $Q_{auto}$  for C = 30s or C = 300s can be explained by the particular nature of the trace. Indeed, the Mont Blanc 2 trace corresponds to a cluster prototype with unprotected memory. The system is composed by 945 nodes with 4GB of low-power DRAM without ECC. A memory analysis tool was developed to monitor DRAM

Trace	C = 3  s	C = 30  s	$C = 300 \ s$
LANL 2	4.36	4.36	4.36
LANL 16	6.90	6.90	6.90
LANL 18	5.07	5.07	5.07
LANL 19	11.99	11.99	11.99
LANL 20	9.01	9.01	9.01
Tsubame	10.65	10.65	10.65
Mont Blanc 2	10.03	31.91	95.50
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	7.66	7.66	18.67
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	8.21	8.21	19.15
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	13.38	13.38	32.80
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	6.75	6.75	27.69
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	6.14	6.51	34.66
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3.73	14.92	59.33
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	5.47	6.54	36.36
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	4.82	11.61	46.25
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3.68	30.35	71.18
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	5.68	5.68	18.70
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5.61	6.98	19.18
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10.58	21.46	35.12
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	7.30	15.33	29.25
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	11.49	23.57	37.34
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	11.66	49.37	65.08
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	5.40	24.35	39.36
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	15.20	36.17	50.10
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	43.34	60.73	76.19
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	5.65	6.26	18.60
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5.63	7.93	19.15
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	22.35	25.53	34.84
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \ \% \mid$ 3-5	13.74	18.00	29.09
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	24.35	27.77	37.09
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	49.01	59.03	64.65
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	22.51	29.10	39.16
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	38.65	41.93	49.75
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	58.93	71.62	75.68

Table 5: Value of  $Q_{auto}$  as defined in Equation (2) for all the logs with failure cascades, and for different values of checkpoint/recovery time.



Figure 4: Another view of the lag plots for different real failure traces. X-axis is  $Q_{limit}$ . Y-axis is ratio of consecutive IAT pairs smaller than  $Q_{limit}$  to expected value. The three red vertical bars correspond to quantile values such that the IAT is smaller than R + C, 2(R + C) and 3(R + C) (from left to right) when R = C = 300s. Blue bars are the counterpart when R = C = 30s. Green bars are the counterpart when R = C = 3s.

errors over a year. A detailed analysis of the traces was previously published [7]. The memory analyzer would catch any single or multi-bit error occurring when the tool is running. It is important to note that single-bit errors would be detected and corrected in a system with ECC enabled (which is the case in most current HPC installation): with ECC, these errors would count as faults and they would not be visible within the failure trace. On the contrary, with the ECC mechanism turned off in the Mont Blanc 2 trace, we have a huge number of uncorrected silent errors with are processed as failures by all the algorithms.

#### 5 Simulation results

#### 5.1 Simulation setup

In addition to the seven large public logs of Table 3, we generate synthetic logs. We first generate failures according to an Exponential distribution of MTBF  $\mu_1 = 3,600$  seconds. Such an MTBF of 1 hour is much smaller than archive logs MTBFs in Table 3, which are of the order of 10 hours. This is because we want the waste to be higher for synthetic logs than for archive logs, so that there is a potential significant gain with cascade detection. Next we perturb the log by randomly generating cascades: after each failure, we generate a cascade with frequency (probability that this failure is the start of a cascade) f = 1%, f = 5% or f = 10%. The length of a cascade, defined as the number of additional failures generated (thus not counting the original failure), is a random value between 3 and 5 (we write  $\ell = 3 - 5$ ), or between 3 and 10 (we write  $\ell = 3 - 10$ ) or between 20 and 30 (we write  $\ell = 20 - 30$ ). Finally, the failures in the cascades follow another Exponential distribution of MTBF  $\mu_2 = \frac{\mu_1}{\rho}$ , where the ratio  $\rho$  is chosen in {10, 100, 1000}. Altogether, a synthetic log is tagged 'Synth.  $\rho | f | \ell$ '. For instance, 'Synth.  $\rho = 100 | 1\% | 3 - 5$ ' means that a cascade is generated every 100 failures in average (f = 1%), with MTBF 36 seconds, one hundredth of the original distribution ( $\rho = 100$ ), and a number of additional failures, not including the first one, uniformly drawn between 3 and 5. The lag plot for this log is shown in Figure 5.



Figure 5: Lag plot for Synth.  $\rho = 100|1\%|3 - 5$ .

For each archive and synthetic log, we average results over 100 executions. We draw a starting point uniformly between the beginning of the log and  $200\mu_{log}$  seconds before its end, and we run the simulation during  $100\mu_{log}$  seconds, not counting checkpoint and re-execution overhead. Finally, we use a wide range of checkpoint values, namely C = 300, C = 30 and C = 3 seconds, in order to cover the widest range of scenarios.

#### 5.2 Waste values

We report results for  $|Q_{limit}| = 10\%$ ,  $|Q_{limit}| = 5\%$  and  $Q_{limit} = Q_{auto}$  from Equation (2). Values for  $|Q_{limit}| \in \{2\%, 1\%, 0.5\%, 0.2\%, 0.1\%\}$  are available in Appendix A.

Log statistics are provided in Tables 6 to 10. The column "Common faults" reports the percentage of failures that are detected as belonging to cascades, by both the interval-based and the quantile-based approaches. For the waste, we report the improvement or degradation with respect to the reference periodic checkpointing algorithm  $\Pi_{Daly}$ . The color code in Tables 11 to 19 is the following:

- Green: Improvement by at least 10%
- Lime: Improvement between 5 and 10%
- Black: Improvement or degradation between 0 and 5%

Log			AI	oproach: Int	ervals	Approach: Quantiles									
Id	Number	MTBF	MTBF	Degraded	Faults	MTBF	Faults	Common	Number of		in Cascade	s			
	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals	in cascades	in hours	in cascades	faults	cascades	MTBF	Avg. length	Max length			
LANL 2	5351	14.14	36.45	25.3%	71.1%	15.71	16.9%	16.9%	370	0.250	2.4	11			
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.2%	70.9%	24.30	18.5%	18.5%	191	0.303	2.2	7			
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	8.36	18.7%	18.6%	337	0.240	2.2	7			
LANL 19	3222	7.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	8.77	19.0%	18.8%	282	0.320	2.2	5			
LANL 20	2389	13.66	41.46	21.3%	74.1%	15.19	17.7%	17.7%	182	0.193	2.3	6			
Tsubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	16.47	18.6%	18.6%	73	0.271	2.2	5			
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	0.17	18.4%	18.4%	4524	0.003	2.2	7			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	1.09	18.0%	17.5%	250	0.036	2.3	7			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	1.06	18.0%	17.9%	254	0.033	2.3	8			
Synth. $\rho = 10$   1.00 %   20-30	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	0.87	17.9%	17.8%	309	0.013	2.3	9			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	0.94	17.7%	17.7%	277	0.020	2.3	6			
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	0.84	18.1%	18.1%	330	0.014	2.2	7			
Synth. $\rho = 10$   5.00 %   20-30	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	0.46	18.7%	18.7%	624	0.006	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	0.80	18.2%	18.1%	338	0.014	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	0.66	18.4%	18.4%	426	0.009	2.2	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	0.32	18.9%	18.9%	919	0.005	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	1.09	16.3%	16.0%	197	0.020	2.6	7			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.06	15.0%	14.9%	157	0.014	3.0	12			
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	0.87	16.2%	16.2%	244	0.002	2.6	7			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	0.94	16.0%	15.9%	214	0.003	2.7	6			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	0.84	17.1%	17.1%	288	0.002	2.4	6			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	0.46	18.4%	18.4%	602	0.001	2.2	4			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	0.80	17.5%	17.5%	308	0.002	2.3	5			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	0.66	18.0%	18.0%	407	0.001	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	0.32	18.8%	18.8%	916	0.001	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	1.09	16.4%	16.1%	199	0.017	2.6	7			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.06	15.0%	14.9%	157	0.009	3.0	12			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	0.87	15.7%	15.7%	223	0.000	2.8	8			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	0.94	15.5%	15.5%	196	0.000	2.8	6			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	0.84	16.9%	16.9%	280	0.000	2.5	6			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	0.46	18.3%	18.3%	599	0.000	2.2	4			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	0.80	17.3%	17.3%	302	0.000	2.4	5			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	0.66	18.0%	18.0%	403	0.000	2.3	5			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	0.32	18.8%	18.8%	914	0.000	2.1	4			

Table 6: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = 10\%$ .

Log			Δ.	pproach: Int	orvole	Approach: Quantiles									
Log	Number	MTRE	MTBE	Dogradod	Ervais Foulte	MTRE	Foulte	Common	Number of	l	in Cascado	0			
Id	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals	in cascades	in hours	in cascades	faults	cascades	MTRE	Avg length	Max length			
LANL 2	5351	14 14	36.45	25.3%	71.1%	1/ 92	8 0%	8 0%	194	0.102	Avg. length	10			
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.3%	70.9%	23.01	9.2%	9.2%	95	0.102	2.4	5			
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	7 92	9.7%	9.7%	180	0.110	2.2	4			
LANL 19	3222	7.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	8.30	10.1%	10.0%	158	0.110	2.1	4			
LANL 20	2389	13.66	41.46	21.3%	74.1%	14.43	10.0%	10.0%	110	0.093	2.2	5			
Tsubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	15.57	9.7%	9.7%	41	0.100	2.1	4			
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	0.16	10.3%	10.3%	2801	0.001	2.0	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	1.03	9.5%	9.5%	141	0.017	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	1.00	9.8%	9.8%	153	0.015	2.0	3			
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	0.82	9.6%	9.6%	180	0.006	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	0.89	9.5%	9.5%	160	0.009	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	0.79	9.6%	9.6%	186	0.006	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	0.44	9.7%	9.7%	338	0.003	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	0.76	9.5%	9.4%	184	0.007	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	0.62	9.5%	9.5%	229	0.004	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	0.30	9.7%	9.7%	487	0.002	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	1.03	8.0%	8.0%	94	0.006	2.7	6			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.00	7.9%	7.9%	91	0.005	2.8	8			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	0.82	9.1%	9.1%	162	0.001	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	0.89	8.9%	8.9%	139	0.002	2.3	5			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	0.79	9.4%	9.4%	179	0.001	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	0.44	9.7%	9.7%	339	0.000	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	0.76	9.4%	9.4%	180	0.001	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	0.62	9.6%	9.6%	231	0.001	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	0.30	9.7%	9.7%	490	0.000	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	1.03	6.7%	6.7%	54	0.001	3.9	6			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.00	6.4%	6.4%	45	0.001	4.6	11			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	0.82	9.1%	9.1%	161	0.000	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	0.89	8.9%	8.9%	138	0.000	2.3	5			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	0.79	9.4%	9.4%	178	0.000	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	0.44	9.7%	9.7%	336	0.000	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	0.76	9.4%	9.4%	180	0.000	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	0.62	9.6%	9.6%	231	0.000	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	0.30	9.7%	9.7%	488	0.000	2.1	4			

Table 7: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = 5\%$ .

Log			AI	proach: Int	ervals	Approach: Quantiles									
Id	Number	MTBF	MTBF	Degraded	Faults	MTBF	Faults	Common	Number of		in Cascade	s			
	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals	in cascades	in hours	in cascades	faults	cascades	MTBF	Avg. length	Max length			
LANL 2	5351	14.14	36.45	25.3%	71.1%	14.79	7.5%	7.5%	166	0.082	2.4	9			
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.2%	70.9%	23.52	12.9%	12.9%	131	0.180	2.2	7			
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	7.92	9.7%	9.7%	180	0.119	2.1	4			
LANL 19	3222	7.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	8.95	21.9%	21.5%	318	0.378	2.2	5			
LANL 20	2389	13.66	41.46	21.3%	74.1%	15.04	16.1%	16.0%	165	0.172	2.3	6			
Tsubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	16.56	19.2%	19.2%	75	0.288	2.3	5			
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	3.34	98.6%	94.8%	1715	0.034	31.7	891			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	1.21	31.6%	30.1%	404	0.076	2.5	9			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	1.17	31.8%	31.2%	403	0.075	2.5	11			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	1.16	45.5%	44.6%	498	0.064	3.6	49			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	1.17	42.5%	41.1%	531	0.067	2.9	11			
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	1.15	49.0%	47.7%	582	0.065	3.4	26			
Synth. $\rho = 10$   5.00 %   20-30	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	1.03	73.5%	71.5%	1017	0.059	5.2	44			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	1.13	52.6%	51.5%	673	0.065	3.2	13			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	1.10	61.9%	60.2%	795	0.062	3.9	22			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	1.00	83.9%	80.4%	1314	0.056	6.6	78			
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	1.21	31.2%	29.8%	390	0.062	2.5	8			
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.18	31.1%	30.6%	379	0.057	2.6	12			
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	1.20	44.8%	43.9%	382	0.031	4.6	51			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	1.20	42.8%	41.5%	486	0.040	3.2	10			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	1.20	48.8%	47.8%	467	0.030	4.3	20			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	1.19	71.9%	70.3%	492	0.017	10.5	56			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	1.19	54.0%	53.1%	606	0.030	3.7	12			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	1.19	61.9%	60.9%	599	0.022	5.2	21			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	1.21	82.0%	80.2%	604	0.014	14.1	81			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	1.21	31.1%	29.8%	391	0.060	2.5	8			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.17	31.1%	30.6%	379	0.054	2.6	12			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	1.20	44.7%	43.7%	386	0.025	4.6	32			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	1.19	42.7%	41.4%	487	0.035	3.1	10			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	1.20	48.6%	47.7%	470	0.024	4.2	15			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	1.18	71.6%	70.0%	498	0.009	10.3	45			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	1.18	53.9%	53.0%	608	0.023	3.7	12			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	1.18	61.6%	60.6%	602	0.015	5.2	21			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	1.19	81.6%	79.9%	618	0.006	13.7	76			

Table 8: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = Q_{auto}$  and C = 300s.

	<b>.</b>														
Log			Al	pproach: Int	ervals	Approach: Quantiles									
Id	Number	MTBF	MTBF	Degraded	Faults	MTBF	Faults	Common	Number of		in Cascade	1S			
	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals	in cascades	in hours	in cascades	faults	cascades	MTBF	Avg. length	Max length			
LANL 2	5351	14.14	36.45	25.3%	71.1%	14.79	7.5%	7.5%	166	0.082	2.4	9			
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.2%	70.9%	23.52	12.9%	12.9%	131	0.180	2.2	7			
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	7.92	9.7%	9.7%	180	0.119	2.1	4			
LANL 19	3222	7.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	8.95	21.9%	21.5%	318	0.378	2.2	5			
LANL 20	2389	13.66	41.46	21.3%	74.1%	15.04	16.1%	16.0%	165	0.172	2.3	6			
Tsubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	16.56	19.2%	19.2%	75	0.288	2.3	5			
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	0.22	51.7%	51.6%	10841	0.008	2.6	41			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	1.06	14.0%	13.8%	198	0.027	2.2	7			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	1.03	14.9%	14.9%	213	0.026	2.2	8			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	0.90	22.5%	22.5%	359	0.019	2.5	14			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	0.91	12.4%	12.4%	201	0.013	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	0.81	12.1%	12.1%	228	0.008	2.2	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	0.49	26.5%	26.5%	836	0.010	2.3	6			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	0.77	12.2%	12.1%	233	0.009	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	0.67	21.0%	20.9%	473	0.011	2.2	6			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	0.41	49.2%	48.9%	1956	0.017	2.6	11			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	1.04	9.0%	8.9%	102	0.007	2.8	6			
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.02	10.5%	10.5%	111	0.007	3.0	11			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	0.99	27.4%	27.4%	233	0.007	4.6	19			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	1.00	21.7%	21.7%	230	0.006	3.4	7			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	0.99	31.4%	31.3%	317	0.007	4.0	11			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	0.82	60.0%	59.9%	764	0.006	5.7	24			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	0.95	34.2%	34.1%	405	0.007	3.5	7			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	0.93	46.9%	46.9%	544	0.007	4.4	11			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	0.73	72.6%	72.5%	1235	0.006	6.1	34			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	1.05	9.2%	9.2%	93	0.003	3.1	6			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.03	11.0%	11.0%	96	0.003	3.6	11			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	1.05	28.2%	28.1%	103	0.002	10.8	31			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	1.03	23.3%	23.3%	191	0.002	4.4	7			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	1.04	33.0%	33.0%	212	0.001	6.3	11			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	1.02	62.0%	61.9%	211	0.001	21.1	45			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	1.01	37.2%	37.1%	335	0.001	4.6	7			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	1.02	48.9%	48.9%	354	0.001	7.0	12			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	1.02	74.9%	74.8%	339	0.001	22.9	53			

Table 9: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = Q_{auto}$  and C = 30s.

Log			A	oproach: Int	ervals	Approach: Quantiles									
Id	Number	MTBF	MTBF	Degraded	Faults	MTBF	Faults	Common	Number of		in Cascade	s			
	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals	in cascades	in hours	in cascades	faults	cascades	MTBF	Avg. length	Max length			
LANL 2	5351	14.14	36.45	25.3%	71.1%	14.79	7.5%	7.5%	166	0.082	2.4	9			
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.2%	70.9%	23.52	12.9%	12.9%	131	0.180	2.2	7			
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	7.92	9.7%	9.7%	180	0.119	2.1	4			
LANL 19	3222	7.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	8.95	21.9%	21.5%	318	0.378	2.2	5			
LANL 20	2389	13.66	41.46	21.3%	74.1%	15.04	16.1%	16.0%	165	0.172	2.3	6			
Tsubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	16.56	19.2%	19.2%	75	0.288	2.3	5			
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	0.17	18.4%	18.4%	4524	0.003	2.2	7			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	1.06	14.0%	13.8%	198	0.027	2.2	7			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	1.03	14.9%	14.9%	213	0.026	2.2	8			
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	0.90	22.5%	22.5%	359	0.019	2.5	14			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	0.91	12.4%	12.4%	201	0.013	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	0.80	11.5%	11.5%	217	0.008	2.2	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	0.43	7.2%	7.2%	253	0.002	2.1	3			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	0.76	10.3%	10.2%	197	0.008	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	0.62	9.2%	9.2%	221	0.004	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	0.30	7.2%	7.2%	362	0.002	2.1	4			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	1.04	9.0%	8.9%	102	0.007	2.8	6			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.01	8.7%	8.7%	97	0.005	2.8	8			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	0.87	16.8%	16.8%	243	0.002	2.7	8			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	0.91	12.3%	12.3%	178	0.002	2.5	6			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	0.85	18.9%	18.9%	303	0.002	2.5	7			
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	0.47	21.0%	21.0%	673	0.001	2.2	6			
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	0.76	10.0%	10.0%	188	0.001	2.2	5			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	0.70	25.5%	25.5%	520	0.002	2.5	6			
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	0.51	61.6%	61.6%	1894	0.004	3.4	18			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	1.04	8.1%	8.0%	75	0.002	3.4	6			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	1.01	6.8%	6.8%	37	0.001	5.9	11			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	1.00	25.0%	25.0%	102	0.001	9.6	26			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	0.98	18.9%	18.9%	186	0.001	3.7	6			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	1.00	29.9%	29.9%	224	0.001	5.4	11			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	0.82	58.6%	58.6%	692	0.001	6.1	45			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	0.93	31.1%	31.1%	354	0.001	3.6	7			
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	0.97	46.6%	46.6%	400	0.001	5.9	11			
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	0.70	71.0%	71.0%	1251	0.001	5.9	41			

Table 10: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = Q_{auto}$  and C = 3s.

- Pink: Degradation between 5 and 10%
- Red: Degradation larger than 10%

## 5.3 Discussion

Overall, the main take-away is that cascade-aware algorithms achieve negligible gains, except for a few scenarios where the waste is already very low with the standard  $\Pi_{Daly}$  approach. This is true even when considering the best scenarios with (i) very short checkpointing time; (ii) high frequency of cascade failures: and (iii) knowing exactly when the next cascade failures are going to strike. In fact, small gains could be achieved only if cascade failures strike both frequently, say more than 10% of the time after an initial failure, and with a relatively large MTBF, say, not less than 10% of the log MTBF. We further discuss these statements in the following.

#### 5.3.1 Cascade detection algorithms

Tables 11 to 19 show that both cascade-aware algorithms based on intervals and on quantiles, are not more efficient than the simple  $\Pi_{Daly}$  approach. While the quantile-based approach ( $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ , BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ , BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ LAZY) seems slightly better than the interval-based approach ( $\Pi_{Intervals}$ , BI- $\Pi_{Intervals}$ ), the gain (or loss) is still within an error margin (most are between -1% and +1%). Furthermore, as one can see from Tables 11 to 19, the quantile-based approach seems to perform better than the interval-based approach: this is because it detects fewer cascades, hence its MTBF for the normal regimen is very similar to the one used by  $\Pi_{Daly}$ .

To better understand why cascade-aware algorithms achieve little gain, we come back to Equation (1). There are two sources of waste, one due to checkpointing overhead  $\frac{C}{T}$ , and one due to failures. The intuition is the following: when there are cascade failures, the work wasted remains low: in average, it is approximatively the MTBF of the degraded regimen. Additional (more frequent) checkpointing can reduce this waste, but can be an overkill too when there is no actual cascade.

Finally, recall that the MTBF  $\mu_{log}$  of archive logs is approximately 10 hours, while it is 1 hour for synthetic logs. For the latter logs, using  $\rho = 100$  means that  $\mu_{degraded} = 36$  seconds, so there is little hope to gain anything except for C = 3 seconds. In that case, we do achieve some gain, up to 20%, but the waste was already low, around 5%, with the standard approach  $\Pi_{Daly}$ : overall, the absolute diminution of the waste reduces to 1%.

#### 5.3.2 Assessing potential gain

Brute-force algorithms that search for the optimal MTBF in normal and degraded regimens allow us to quantify the potential gain that could be achieved with better cascadeaware algorithms. First, we observe that BI-II-BEST, that supersedes both BI-II<sub>Intervals</sub> and BI-II<sub>Quantiles</sub>, is not significantly better than II<sub>Daly</sub>. Second, we make a similar observation for BI-II<sub>Quantiles</sub>LAZY-BEST, that supersedes BI-II<sub>Quantiles</sub>LAZY without performing significantly better. Third, BI-II-ORACLE-BEST and BI-II<sub>Quantiles</sub>ORACLE perform quite similarly, which is reassuring for the choice of  $\mu_{non-cascade}(Q)$  as the MTBF in normal regimen. Overall, the results show that a significant gain is possible only for the latter two algorithms equipped with an omniscient oracle: when entering a cascade, BI-II-ORACLE-BEST and BI-II<sub>Quantiles</sub>ORACLE checkpoint right on time before the failures. Even so, one can see that the gains are very limited.

Finally, we focus on the many scenarios where the algorithms using  $Q_{auto}$  outperform  $\Pi_{Daly}$ . When the MTBF is lower than 0.5h (see Table 10), and the checkpointing size is large in front of the MTBF (C = 300s, see Table 13),  $\Pi_{Daly}$  is far off  $\Pi_{Best\_period}$ , and  $\Pi_{Quantiles}$ provides better results. In such scenarios, the first-order approximation used for the Young-Daly period is not valid anymore [21], and  $\Pi_{Quantiles}$  with  $Q_{auto}$  provides consistently better results than  $\Pi_{Daly}$  (where the waste is greater than 0.75, see Table 13). The gain ranges between 5% to 20%. In systems where the number of failure increases and the MTBF decreases faster than the time to checkpoint, algorithms based on  $Q_{auto}$  might provide a new perspective to efficient checkpointing algorithms.

## 6 Conclusion

In this report, we have revisited failure temporal independence. Recent work [8] has proposed a cascade-detection method, and we have shown that their approach was inconclusive. Then we have introduced a new approach based on pairs of consecutive IATs, and we have been able to put in evidence the presence of cascade failures. A few publicly available failure logs do contain cascades.

In a second step, we have assessed the usefulness of cascade-aware checkpointing algorithms. For this, we have used both public and synthetic logs. We used the latter to explicitly create "artificial" cascades. We have shown that current cascade-aware bi-periodic checkpointing algorithms are not really more efficient than the standard periodic checkpointing approach that considers failures to be independent. Finally, by using a brute-force search



Table 11: Waste (and gain) with C=300s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 10\%$ .

Table 12: Waste (and gain) with C=300s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 5\%$ .

Log			Perio	odic algo	orithms							Bi-pe	riodic algo	ithms					Omniscie	nt oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	п	Intervals	$\Pi_Q$	wantiles	$\Pi_{Be}$	st_period	Bi-l	Intervals	BI-II	Quantiles	Bi-l	II-BEST	BI- $\Pi_{Q_1}$	uantiles LAZY	$BI-\Pi Q_1$	untiles LAZY-BEST	BI- $\Pi_{Qud}$	ntilesORACLE	Ві-П-Оі	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.127	0.145	(-14.07%)	0.129	(-1.17%)	0.127	(0.00%)	0.143	(-11.84%)	0.135	(-5.67%)	0.128	(-0.16%)	0.129	(-1.52%)	0.128	(-0.16%)	0.129	(-1.01%)	0.127	(0.01%)
LANL 16	0.100	0.112	(-11.99%)	0.099	(0.90%)	0.100	(0.00%)	0.113	(-12.35%)	0.103	(-2.95%)	0.099	(0.90%)	0.100	(0.54%)	0.099	(0.90%)	0.099	(1.08%)	0.099	(1.08%)
LANL 18	0.175	0.190	(-8.46%)	0.176	(-0.03%)	0.175	(0.06%)	0.194	(-10.79%)	0.186	(-5.92%)	0.175	(0.12%)	0.176	(-0.30%)	0.175	(0.26%)	0.175	(0.18%)	0.175	(0.18%)
LANL 19	0.174	0.187	(-7.09%)	0.173	(0.81%)	0.171	(1.90%)	0.191	(-9.38%)	0.183	(-5.04%)	0.171	(2.08%)	0.174	(0.32%)	0.171	(2.02%)	0.172	(1.31%)	0.170	(2.43%)
LANL 20	0.119	0.137	(-15.45%)	0.118	(1.05%)	0.118	(0.35%)	0.145	(-22.40%)	0.123	(-3.53%)	0.118	(1.05%)	0.118	(0.79%)	0.117	(1.30%)	0.117	(1.25%)	0.117	(1.25%)
Tsubame	0.122	0.139	(-14.62%)	0.122	(-0.75%)	0.121	(0.26%)	0.139	(-14.71%)	0.128	(-5.13%)	0.121	(0.86%)	0.123	(-1.25%)	0.120	(1.43%)	0.122	(-0.49%)	0.120	(0.93%)
Mont Blanc 2	3.717	3.323	(10.62%)	3.711	(0.18%)	2.969	(20.14%)	4.813	(-29.49%)	3.711	(0.18%)	2.971	(20.08%)	3.711	(0.18%)	2.971	(20.08%)	3.692	(0.68%)	2.968	(20.15%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.680	0.727	(-7.02%)	0.686	(-0.91%)	0.679	(0.13%)	0.763	(-12.31%)	0.686	(-0.91%)	0.678	(0.23%)	0.686	(-0.91%)	0.678	(0.23%)	0.685	(-0.86%)	0.678	(0.28%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.690	0.741	(-7.41%)	0.687	(0.31%)	0.689	(0.10%)	0.785	(-13.78%)	0.687	(0.31%)	0.686	(0.59%)	0.687	(0.31%)	0.686	(0.59%)	0.687	(0.37%)	0.685	(0.66%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.734	0.747	(-1.88%)	0.729	(0.58%)	0.723	(1.45%)	0.947	(-29.02%)	0.729	(0.58%)	0.722	(1.54%)	0.729	(0.58%)	0.722	(1.54%)	0.729	(0.58%)	0.722	(1.57%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.688	0.729	(-5.85%)	0.691	(-0.44%)	0.688	(-0.00%)	0.855	(-24.24%)	0.691	(-0.44%)	0.691	(-0.44%)	0.691	(-0.44%)	0.691	(-0.44%)	0.691	(-0.36%)	0.691	(-0.36%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.735	0.751	(-2.19%)	0.729	(0.79%)	0.720	(2.04%)	0.954	(-29.71%)	0.729	(0.79%)	0.721	(1.95%)	0.729	(0.79%)	0.721	(1.95%)	0.728	(1.00%)	0.720	(2.09%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	1.017	0.958	(5.79%)	1.014	(0.26%)	0.944	(7.15%)	1.601	(-57.43%)	1.014	(0.26%)	0.942	(7.34%)	1.014	(0.26%)	0.942	(7.34%)	1.013	(0.32%)	0.940	(7.52%)
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	0.756	0.790	(-4.50%)	0.760	(-0.52%)	0.745	(1.49%)	0.997	(-31.88%)	0.760	(-0.52%)	0.742	(1.88%)	0.760	(-0.52%)	0.742	(1.88%)	0.759	(-0.40%)	0.741	(1.96%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.813	0.805	(0.95%)	0.798	(1.74%)	0.775	(4.68%)	1.171	(-44.08%)	0.798	(1.74%)	0.775	(4.63%)	0.798	(1.74%)	0.775	(4.63%)	0.798	(1.74%)	0.775	(4.63%)
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	1.372	1.200	(12.57%)	1.350	(1.62%)	1.193	(13.07%)	2.129	(-55.22%)	1.350	(1.62%)	1.190	(13.26%)	1.350	(1.62%)	1.190	(13.26%)	1.349	(1.65%)	1.190	(13.29%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.676	0.722	(-6.88%)	0.681	(-0.85%)	0.673	(0.38%)	0.762	(-12.84%)	0.681	(-0.85%)	0.673	(0.41%)	0.681	(-0.85%)	0.673	(0.41%)	0.679	(-0.45%)	0.670	(0.91%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.681	0.735	(-7.97%)	0.679	(0.24%)	0.681	(0.00%)	0.781	(-14.78%)	0.679	(0.24%)	0.678	(0.32%)	0.679	(0.24%)	0.678	(0.32%)	0.679	(0.25%)	0.678	(0.32%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.693	0.706	(-1.86%)	0.688	(0.72%)	0.681	(1.75%)	0.931	(-34.22%)	0.688	(0.72%)	0.682	(1.66%)	0.688	(0.72%)	0.682	(1.66%)	0.685	(1.24%)	0.682	(1.63%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.663	0.705	(-6.40%)	0.667	(-0.67%)	0.663	(0.00%)	0.843	(-27.16%)	0.667	(-0.67%)	0.667	(-0.67%)	0.667	(-0.67%)	0.667	(-0.67%)	0.668	(-0.75%)	0.660	(0.44%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.684	0.705	(-3.02%)	0.681	(0.41%)	0.671	(1.87%)	0.941	(-37.55%)	0.681	(0.41%)	0.672	(1.76%)	0.681	(0.41%)	0.672	(1.76%)	0.671	(1.95%)	0.671	(1.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.787	0.722	(8.30%)	0.784	(0.38%)	0.711	(9.71%)	2.121	(-169.36%)	0.784	(0.38%)	0.710	(9.84%)	0.784	(0.38%)	0.710	(9.84%)	0.720	(8.58%)	0.708	(10.07%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.697	0.733	(-5.05%)	0.703	(-0.84%)	0.690	(0.99%)	0.962	(-38.01%)	0.703	(-0.84%)	0.688	(1.28%)	0.703	(-0.84%)	0.688	(1.28%)	0.686	(1.59%)	0.684	(1.84%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.706	0.713	(-0.97%)	0.698	(1.11%)	0.677	(4.12%)	1.175	(-66.56%)	0.698	(1.11%)	0.677	(4.00%)	0.698	(1.11%)	0.677	(4.00%)	0.673	(4.67%)	0.673	(4.67%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.916	0.751	(18.02%)	0.896	(2.21%)	0.739	(19.40%)	3.271	(-256.93%)	0.896	(2.21%)	0.739	(19.36%)	0.896	(2.21%)	0.739	(19.36%)	0.736	(19.70%)	0.729	(20.50%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.675	0.722	(-6.94%)	0.681	(-0.98%)	0.673	(0.31%)	0.761	(-12.81%)	0.681	(-0.98%)	0.672	(0.40%)	0.681	(-0.98%)	0.672	(0.40%)	0.678	(-0.56%)	0.670	(0.78%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.680	0.730	(-7.21%)	0.679	(0.22%)	0.680	(0.04%)	0.781	(-14.73%)	0.679	(0.22%)	0.678	(0.33%)	0.679	(0.22%)	0.678	(0.33%)	0.679	(0.23%)	0.678	(0.33%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000$   1.00 %   20-30	0.689	0.702	(-1.78%)	0.685	(0.60%)	0.679	(1.54%)	0.930	(-34.94%)	0.685	(0.60%)	0.677	(1.71%)	0.685	(0.60%)	0.677	(1.71%)	0.681	(1.23%)	0.679	(1.52%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.662	0.705	(-6.58%)	0.664	(-0.29%)	0.662	(-0.00%)	0.841	(-27.14%)	0.664	(-0.29%)	0.664	(-0.29%)	0.664	(-0.29%)	0.664	(-0.29%)	0.664	(-0.38%)	0.659	(0.45%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.681	0.699	(-2.75%)	0.677	(0.58%)	0.665	(2.31%)	0.942	(-38.48%)	0.677	(0.58%)	0.666	(2.21%)	0.677	(0.58%)	0.666	(2.21%)	0.665	(2.25%)	0.665	(2.29%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000$   5.00 %   20-30	0.763	0.703	(7.86%)	0.760	(0.32%)	0.687	(9.99%)	2.231	(-192.53%)	0.760	(0.32%)	0.687	(9.91%)	0.760	(0.32%)	0.687	(9.91%)	0.696	(8.77%)	0.686	(10.03%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.692	0.730	(-5.48%)	0.697	(-0.78%)	0.682	(1.42%)	0.960	(-38.78%)	0.697	(-0.78%)	0.681	(1.51%)	0.697	(-0.78%)	0.681	(1.51%)	0.677	(2.17%)	0.677	(2.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.697	0.697	(-0.04%)	0.686	(1.60%)	0.669	(4.02%)	1.178	(-69.13%)	0.686	(1.60%)	0.670	(3.90%)	0.686	(1.60%)	0.670	(3.90%)	0.663	(4.84%)	0.663	(4.84%)
Synth $a = 1000   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.870	0.706	(18.83%)	0.852	(2.06%)	0.694	(20.28%)	3 9 4 4	(-353 21%)	0.852	(2.06%)	0.696	(20.06%)	0.852	(2.06%)	0.696	(20.06%)	0.693	(20.31%)	0.690	(20.65%)

over all possible bi-periodic algorithms and considering omniscient oracles that know exactly when cascade failures will strike, we have shown that only insignificant gain should be expected from designing future cascade-aware checkpointing algorithms. The conclusion is that we can wrongly, but safely, assume failure independence!

Finally, an interesting future direction is to further investigate scenarios when the Young-Daly first-order approximation does not hold anymore. In particular, this is the case when the checkpoint time is not negligible in front of the MTBF. Under such a constraint, the new algorithms based upon  $Q_{auto}$  perform significantly better than  $\Pi_{Daly}$  on all the logs that we have analyzed. We intend to explore whether this conclusion holds in most environments subject to high-error rates.

## Acknowledgements

We thank Paolo Gonçalves and Arnaud Legrand for useful discussions.

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## Appendix A: Additional results

In this section, we report results for  $|Q_{limit}| \in \{2\%, 1\%, 0.5\%, 0.2\%, 0.1\%\}$ .

#### A.1. Log statistics

We report log statistics in Tables 20 to 24.

#### A.2. Waste values

In Tables 25 to 39, we report the improvement or degradation of the waste with respect to the reference periodic checkpointing algorithm  $\Pi_{Daly}$ . The color code is the same as in Section 5.2.



Table 13: Waste (and gain) with C=300s and  $|Q_{limit}| = Q_{auto}$ .

Table 14: Waste (and gain) with C=30s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 10\%$ .

Log	Periodic algorithms						Bi-periodic algorithms											Omniscient oracle			
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	$\Pi_{Quanti}$	iles II	Best_period	BI-	II <sub>Intervals</sub>	BI-II	Quantiles	BI-I	I-Best	Bi- $\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles LAZY	$BI-\Pi_Q$	antiles LAZY-BEST	BI- $\Pi_{Qua}$	untiles ORACLE	ВІ-П-О	RACLE-BEST		
LANL 2	0.037	0.042 (-13.64%)	0.037 (0	0.66%) 0.037	(0.49%)	0.041	(-10.60%)	0.040	(-7.10%)	0.037	(1.48%)	0.037	(-0.14%)	0.037	(1.70%)	0.036	(4.82%)	0.036	(4.82%)		
LANL 16	0.030	0.033 (-11.25%)	0.029 (1	.46%) 0.030	(0.67%)	0.033	(-10.43%)	0.032	(-5.51%)	0.029	(2.56%)	0.030	(0.32%)	0.029	(2.37%)	0.028	(6.92%)	0.028	(6.92%)		
LANL 18	0.050	0.055 (-9.85%)	0.050 (-0	0.12%) 0.050	(0.10%)	0.054	(-9.13%)	0.054	(-9.07%)	0.049	(1.77%)	0.050	(-1.24%)	0.049	(0.88%)	0.047	(4.86%)	0.047	(5.62%)		
LANL 19	0.049	0.052 (-6.11%)	0.049 (-0	0.29%) 0.049	(1.08%)	0.053	(-6.93%)	0.053	(-8.00%)	0.048	(2.96%)	0.050	(-1.39%)	0.048	(2.20%)	0.046	(6.47%)	0.045	(8.03%)		
LANL 20	0.035	0.040 (-13.47%)	0.035 (0	0.72%) 0.035	(1.12%)	0.042	(-20.95%)	0.037	(-6.21%)	0.034	(4.00%)	0.035	(0.17%)	0.034	(3.05%)	0.033	(4.81%)	0.033	(5.20%)		
Tsubame	0.035	0.040 (-15.42%)	0.036 (-3	3.92%) 0.035	(-0.00%)	0.040	(-15.53%)	0.039	(-10.72%)	0.034	(2.61%)	0.037	(-5.18%)	0.035	(-1.15%)	0.034	(1.49%)	0.034	(2.20%)		
Mont Blanc 2	0.716	1.774 (-147.57%)	0.702 (1	.99%) 0.642	(10.32%)	0.643	(10.23%)	0.702	(1.99%)	0.601	(16.12%)	0.702	(1.99%)	0.615	(14.13%)	0.690	(3.67%)	0.636	(11.19%)		
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.150	0.158 (-5.72%)	0.150 (-0	0.05%) $0.150$	(0.13%)	0.167	(-11.50%)	0.162	(-8.27%)	0.149	(0.74%)	0.150	(-0.25%)	0.149	(0.87%)	0.146	(2.40%)	0.146	(2.48%)		
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.154	0.162 (-5.36%)	0.153 (0	0.20%) 0.152	(0.85%)	0.172	(-12.17%)	0.166	(-7.84%)	0.153	(0.58%)	0.154	(-0.42%)	0.152	(0.95%)	0.149	(2.98%)	0.149	(2.98%)		
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.168	0.179 (-6.97%)	0.168 (0	0.02%) 0.167	(0.41%)	0.203	(-21.14%)	0.176	(-4.66%)	0.164	(1.95%)	0.169	(-0.47%)	0.163	(2.72%)	0.166	(0.91%)	0.166	(1.31%)		
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.158	0.164 (-3.46%)	0.158 (0	0.02%) 0.158	(-0.00%)	0.188	(-18.59%)	0.165	(-4.11%)	0.158	(0.43%)	0.159	(-0.47%)	0.156	(1.61%)	0.156	(1.71%)	0.155	(1.85%)		
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.168	0.177 (-5.39%)	0.168 (0	0.18%) 0.166	(1.29%)	0.205	(-21.84%)	0.176	(-4.43%)	0.164	(2.20%)	0.169	(-0.30%)	0.165	(1.95%)	0.166	(1.44%)	0.166	(1.44%)		
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.231	0.254 (-10.09%)	0.229 (0	0.89%) 0.229	(1.02%)	0.305	(-32.16%)	0.229	(0.89%)	0.222	(3.90%)	0.229	(0.89%)	0.223	(3.40%)	0.228	(1.49%)	0.227	(1.89%)		
Synth. ρ = 10   10.00 %   3-5	0.177	0.184 (-4.31%)	0.174 (1	.75%) 0.172	(2.62%)	0.210	(-18.81%)	0.180	(-1.80%)	0.172	(2.93%)	0.174	(1.47%)	0.170	(3.86%)	0.172	(2.78%)	0.171	(3.42%)		
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.191	0.205 (-7.61%)	0.192 (-0	0.34%) 0.189	(0.74%)	0.244	(-27.78%)	0.200	(-4.92%)	0.185	(2.87%)	0.193	(-1.01%)	0.185	(2.85%)	0.190	(0.47%)	0.188	(1.37%)		
Synth. $\rho = 10$   10.00 %   20-30	0.305	0.351 (-14.95%)	0.303 (0	0.77%) 0.302	(0.91%)	0.384	(-25.72%)	0.303	(0.77%)	0.293	(3.97%)	0.303	(0.77%)	0.297	(2.84%)	0.301	(1.33%)	0.301	(1.50%)		
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   3-5	0.148	0.156 (-5.66%)	0.148 (-0	0.09%) 0.148	(0.15%)	0.166	(-12.24%)	0.154	(-4.21%)	0.148	(-0.01%)	0.148	(-0.22%)	0.147	(0.69%)	0.148	(-0.27%)	0.147	(0.50%)		
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   3-10	0.150	0.158 (-5.57%)	0.150 (0	0.15%) 0.149	(0.79%)	0.170	(-13.55%)	0.157	(-4.66%)	0.150	(0.15%)	0.150	(-0.12%)	0.150	(0.23%)	0.150	(0.10%)	0.149	(0.86%)		
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.154	0.161 (-4.40%)	0.153 (0	0.36%) 0.150	(2.21%)	0.200	(-29.71%)	0.153	(0.36%)	0.150	(2.33%)	0.153	(0.36%)	0.150	(2.33%)	0.151	(1.71%)	0.150	(2.63%)		
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   3-5	0.149	0.153 (-2.57%)	0.149 (0	0.31%) $0.149$	(0.41%)	0.184	(-23.30%)	0.149	(0.31%)	0.148	(0.54%)	0.149	(0.31%)	0.148	(0.54%)	0.149	(-0.19%)	0.147	(1.42%)		
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   3-10	0.153	0.156 (-2.20%)	0.151 (0	0.77%) 0.150	(1.50%)	0.202	(-32.65%)	0.151	(0.77%)	0.150	(1.39%)	0.151	(0.77%)	0.150	(1.39%)	0.150	(1.93%)	0.150	(1.93%)		
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.181	0.170 (6.23%)	0.176 (2	2.54%) 0.164	(9.60%)	0.386	(-113.02%)	0.176	(2.54%)	0.164	(9.54%)	0.176	(2.54%)	0.164	(9.54%)	0.162	(10.26%)	0.161	(11.31%)		
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	0.159	0.159 (-0.28%)	0.155 (2	2.64%) 0.153	(4.01%)	0.206	(-29.68%)	0.155	(2.64%)	0.153	(4.03%)	0.155	(2.64%)	0.153	(4.03%)	0.151	(5.20%)	0.151	(5.30%)		
Synth. ρ = 100   10.00 %   3-10	0.161	0.163 (-0.96%)	0.160 (0	0.63%) 0.153	(4.87%)	0.244	(-51.22%)	0.160	(0.63%)	0.153	(5.02%)	0.160	(0.63%)	0.153	(5.02%)	0.149	(7.27%)	0.149	(7.27%)		
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.212	0.187 (12.02%)	0.206 (2	2.96%) 0.180	(15.33%)	0.541	(-154.44%)	0.206	(2.96%)	0.180	(15.27%)	0.206	(2.96%)	0.180	(15.27%)	0.172	(19.07%)	0.172	(19.07%)		
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.147	0.156 (-5.79%)	0.148 (-0	0.15%) 0.147	(0.28%)	0.166	(-12.32%)	0.154	(-4.44%)	0.148	(-0.06%)	0.148	(-0.30%)	0.146	(0.75%)	0.148	(-0.33%)	0.147	(0.47%)		
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-10	0.149	0.158 (-5.75%)	0.149 (0	0.13%) 0.148	(0.67%)	0.170	(-13.91%)	0.157	(-4.83%)	0.149	(0.13%)	0.150	(-0.16%)	0.149	(0.13%)	0.150	(-0.19%)	0.148	(0.61%)		
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   20-30	0.151	0.158 (-4.45%)	0.151 (0	0.32%) 0.147	(2.37%)	0.198	(-30.89%)	0.151	(0.32%)	0.147	(2.48%)	0.151	(0.32%)	0.147	(2.48%)	0.149	(1.60%)	0.147	(2.43%)		
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.147	0.150 (-2.05%)	0.147 (0	0.11%) 0.146	(0.71%)	0.182	(-23.49%)	0.147	(0.11%)	0.147	(0.39%)	0.147	(0.11%)	0.147	(0.39%)	0.148	(-0.54%)	0.145	(1.46%)		
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.149	0.153 (-2.45%)	0.148 (0	0.80%) 0.147	(1.46%)	0.200	(-33.77%)	0.148	(0.80%)	0.148	(1.22%)	0.148	(0.80%)	0.148	(1.22%)	0.148	(1.20%)	0.147	(1.43%)		
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.168	0.156 (7.21%)	0.163 (2	2.86%) 0.151	(10.14%)	0.388	(-131.15%)	0.163	(2.86%)	0.151	(10.01%)	0.163	(2.86%)	0.151	(10.01%)	0.153	(9.12%)	0.150	(10.55%)		
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.155	0.155 (-0.01%)	0.151 (2	2.28%) 0.149	(3.76%)	0.202	(-30.48%)	0.151	(2.28%)	0.149	(3.96%)	0.151	(2.28%)	0.149	(3.96%)	0.148	(4.18%)	0.148	(4.81%)		
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.154	0.156 (-1.19%)	0.153 (0	0.43%) 0.147	(4.50%)	0.239	(-55.31%)	0.153	(0.43%)	0.147	(4.51%)	0.153	(0.43%)	0.147	(4.51%)	0.145	(5.84%)	0.145	(5.84%)		
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.186	0.160 (13.83%)	0.180 (3	3.22%) 0.153	(17.56%)	0.598	(-222.20%)	0.180	(3.22%)	0.153	(17.31%)	0.180	(3.22%)	0.153	(17.31%)	0.152	(18.25%)	0.152	(18.25%)		

Table 15: Waste (and gain) with C=30s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 5\%$ .

Log			Perio	dic algo	rithms							Bi-pe	riodic algo	rithms				1	Omniscie	ent oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	П	Intervals	$\Pi_Q$	uantiles	$\Pi_{Be}$	st_period	BI-	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	Bi-I	Quantiles	BI-	II-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Q_1}$	antiles LAZY	BI- $\Pi_Q$	uantiles LAZY-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Qu}$	antilesORACLE	BI-II-O	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.037	0.042	(-13.64%)	0.038	(-0.86%)	0.037	(0.49%)	0.041	(-10.60%)	0.040	(-5.91%)	0.037	(0.40%)	0.038	(-1.54%)	0.037	(0.75%)	0.037	(0.06%)	0.037	(1.29%)
LANL 16	0.030	0.033	(-11.25%)	0.030	(0.04%)	0.030	(0.67%)	0.033	(-10.43%)	0.030	(-1.89%)	0.029	(2.34%)	0.030	(0.92%)	0.029	(1.45%)	0.030	(1.02%)	0.029	(1.73%)
LANL 18	0.050	0.055	(-9.85%)	0.049	(0.52%)	0.050	(0.10%)	0.054	(-9.13%)	0.054	(-8.43%)	0.049	(1.40%)	0.050	(-0.02%)	0.049	(1.02%)	0.049	(2.16%)	0.049	(2.32%)
LANL 19	0.049	0.052	(-6.11%)	0.048	(1.99%)	0.049	(1.08%)	0.053	(-6.93%)	0.052	(-5.90%)	0.048	(2.46%)	0.049	(1.59%)	0.048	(2.49%)	0.047	(4.45%)	0.047	(4.55%)
LANL 20	0.035	0.040	(-13.47%)	0.035	(0.17%)	0.035	(1.12%)	0.042	(-20.95%)	0.037	(-4.93%)	0.034	(2.33%)	0.035	(0.03%)	0.035	(1.50%)	0.035	(1.14%)	0.035	(1.14%)
Tsubame	0.035	0.040	(-15.42%)	0.037	(-5.64%)	0.035	(-0.00%)	0.040	(-15.53%)	0.037	(-6.30%)	0.035	(0.32%)	0.037	(-6.65%)	0.035	(0.83%)	0.036	(-4.46%)	0.034	(1.56%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.716	1.774	(-147.57%)	0.709	(1.04%)	0.642	(10.32%)	0.643	(10.23%)	0.709	(1.04%)	0.642	(10.33%)	0.709	(1.04%)	0.642	(10.33%)	0.704	(1.72%)	0.639	(10.74%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.150	0.158	(-5.72%)	0.152	(-1.17%)	0.150	(0.13%)	0.167	(-11.50%)	0.157	(-4.78%)	0.149	(0.79%)	0.151	(-1.06%)	0.148	(1.20%)	0.151	(-0.77%)	0.148	(1.18%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.154	0.162	(-5.36%)	0.154	(-0.28%)	0.152	(0.85%)	0.172	(-12.17%)	0.162	(-5.72%)	0.153	(0.58%)	0.154	(-0.07%)	0.152	(0.77%)	0.153	(0.12%)	0.152	(0.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.168	0.179	(-6.97%)	0.166	(0.95%)	0.167	(0.41%)	0.203	(-21.14%)	0.166	(0.95%)	0.166	(0.95%)	0.166	(0.95%)	0.165	(1.79%)	0.166	(1.13%)	0.166	(1.13%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.158	0.164	(-3.46%)	0.159	(-0.30%)	0.158	(-0.00%)	0.188	(-18.59%)	0.168	(-5.82%)	0.158	(0.08%)	0.160	(-0.76%)	0.158	(0.15%)	0.159	(-0.09%)	0.158	(0.01%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.168	0.177	(-5.39%)	0.168	(0.28%)	0.166	(1.29%)	0.205	(-21.84%)	0.168	(0.28%)	0.167	(0.53%)	0.168	(0.28%)	0.166	(1.04%)	0.167	(0.51%)	0.167	(0.80%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.231	0.254	(-10.09%)	0.229	(0.97%)	0.229	(1.02%)	0.305	(-32.16%)	0.229	(0.97%)	0.228	(1.40%)	0.229	(0.97%)	0.226	(2.25%)	0.228	(1.20%)	0.227	(1.69%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.177	0.184	(-4.31%)	0.175	(1.33%)	0.172	(2.62%)	0.210	(-18.81%)	0.175	(1.33%)	0.173	(2.23%)	0.175	(1.33%)	0.172	(3.02%)	0.174	(1.51%)	0.173	(2.41%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.191	0.205	(-7.61%)	0.190	(0.57%)	0.189	(0.74%)	0.244	(-27.78%)	0.190	(0.57%)	0.188	(1.26%)	0.190	(0.57%)	0.186	(2.31%)	0.190	(0.71%)	0.189	(1.09%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.305	0.351	(-14.95%)	0.305	(0.18%)	0.302	(0.91%)	0.384	(-25.72%)	0.305	(0.18%)	0.301	(1.36%)	0.305	(0.18%)	0.302	(1.07%)	0.304	(0.31%)	0.303	(0.69%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.148	0.156	(-5.66%)	0.150	(-1.37%)	0.148	(0.15%)	0.166	(-12.24%)	0.150	(-1.37%)	0.146	(0.88%)	0.150	(-1.37%)	0.146	(0.88%)	0.148	(-0.27%)	0.147	(0.50%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.150	0.158	(-5.57%)	0.150	(0.01%)	0.149	(0.79%)	0.170	(-13.55%)	0.150	(0.01%)	0.149	(0.78%)	0.150	(0.01%)	0.149	(0.78%)	0.150	(0.10%)	0.149	(0.86%)
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   20-30	0.154	0.161	(-4.40%)	0.152	(0.88%)	0.150	(2.21%)	0.200	(-29.71%)	0.152	(0.88%)	0.151	(2.11%)	0.152	(0.88%)	0.151	(2.11%)	0.151	(1.71%)	0.150	(2.63%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.149	0.153	(-2.57%)	0.150	(-0.50%)	0.149	(0.41%)	0.184	(-23.30%)	0.150	(-0.50%)	0.148	(0.70%)	0.150	(-0.50%)	0.148	(0.70%)	0.149	(-0.19%)	0.147	(1.42%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.153	0.156	(-2.20%)	0.152	(0.06%)	0.150	(1.50%)	0.202	(-32.65%)	0.152	(0.06%)	0.150	(1.84%)	0.152	(0.06%)	0.150	(1.84%)	0.150	(1.93%)	0.150	(1.93%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   20-30	0.181	0.170	(6.23%)	0.179	(1.33%)	0.164	(9.60%)	0.386	(-113.02%)	0.179	(1.33%)	0.163	(9.75%)	0.179	(1.33%)	0.163	( <mark>9.75%</mark> )	0.162	(10.26%)	0.161	(11.31%)
Synth. ρ = 100   10.00 %   3-5	0.159	0.159	(-0.28%)	0.156	(2.22%)	0.153	(4.01%)	0.206	(-29.68%)	0.156	(2.22%)	0.153	(3.91%)	0.156	(2.22%)	0.153	(3.91%)	0.151	(5.20%)	0.151	(5.30%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.161	0.163	(-0.96%)	0.160	(0.80%)	0.153	(4.87%)	0.244	(-51.22%)	0.160	(0.80%)	0.152	(5.95%)	0.160	(0.80%)	0.152	(5.95%)	0.149	(7.27%)	0.149	(7.27%)
Synth. ρ = 100   10.00 %   20-30	0.212	0.187	(12.02%)	0.210	(1.03%)	0.180	(15.33%)	0.541	(-154.44%)	0.210	(1.03%)	0.180	(15.28%)	0.210	(1.03%)	0.180	(15.28%)	0.172	(19.07%)	0.172	(19.07%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-5	0.147	0.156	(-5.79%)	0.149	(-1.18%)	0.147	(0.28%)	0.166	(-12.32%)	0.149	(-1.18%)	0.146	(0.79%)	0.149	(-1.18%)	0.146	(0.79%)	0.148	(-0.33%)	0.147	(0.47%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.149	0.158	(-5.75%)	0.150	(-0.20%)	0.148	(0.67%)	0.170	(-13.91%)	0.150	(-0.20%)	0.149	(0.60%)	0.150	(-0.20%)	0.149	(0.60%)	0.150	(-0.19%)	0.148	(0.61%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.151	0.158	(-4.45%)	0.149	(1.02%)	0.147	(2.37%)	0.198	(-30.89%)	0.149	(1.02%)	0.148	(2.28%)	0.149	(1.02%)	0.148	(2.28%)	0.149	(1.60%)	0.147	(2.43%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.147	0.150	(-2.05%)	0.148	(-0.57%)	0.146	(0.71%)	0.182	(-23.49%)	0.148	(-0.57%)	0.147	(0.53%)	0.148	(-0.57%)	0.147	(0.53%)	0.148	(-0.54%)	0.145	(1.46%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.149	0.153	(-2.45%)	0.149	(-0.02%)	0.147	(1.46%)	0.200	(-33.77%)	0.149	(-0.02%)	0.147	(1.66%)	0.149	(-0.02%)	0.147	(1.66%)	0.148	(1.20%)	0.147	(1.43%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.168	0.156	(7.21%)	0.165	(1.82%)	0.151	(10.14%)	0.388	(-131.15%)	0.165	(1.82%)	0.151	(10.23%)	0.165	(1.82%)	0.151	(10.23%)	0.153	(9.12%)	0.150	(10.55%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.155	0.155	(-0.01%)	0.152	(2.03%)	0.149	(3.76%)	0.202	(-30.48%)	0.152	(2.03%)	0.149	(4.05%)	0.152	(2.03%)	0.149	(4.05%)	0.148	(4.18%)	0.148	(4.81%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.154	0.156	(-1.19%)	0.153	(0.94%)	0.147	(4.50%)	0.239	(-55.31%)	0.153	(0.94%)	0.146	(5.46%)	0.153	(0.94%)	0.146	(5.46%)	0.145	(5.84%)	0.145	(5.84%)
			(4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.		10.000		11000		1		10.0000		110000		10.000		(1		(2		(1



Table 16: Waste (and gain) with C=30s and  $|Q_{limit}| = Q_{auto}$ .

Table 17: Waste (and gain) with C=3s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 10\%$ .

Log			Perio	odic algo	orithms							Bi-per	riodic algor	ithms					Omniscie	nt oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	$\Pi_{Is}$	ntervals	П	Quantiles	$\Pi_{Bi}$	st_period	BI-	II Intervals	BI-I	I <sub>Quantiles</sub>	BI-	II-BEST	$BI-\Pi_Q$	vantiles LAZY	BI- $\Pi_{Qua}$	ntiles LAZY-BEST	BI- $\Pi_{Qu}$	untiles ORACLE	ВІ-П-С	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.012	0.013	(-11.94%)	0.011	(0.36%)	0.011	(0.83%)	0.013	(-10.41%)	0.012	(-7.91%)	0.011	(1.61%)	0.012	(-0.41%)	0.011	(1.33%)	0.011	(4.91%)	0.011	(4.91%)
LANL 16	0.009	0.011	(-14.17%)	0.009	(-0.96%)	0.009	(0.54%)	0.010	(-11.20%)	0.010	(-5.98%)	0.009	(3.97%)	0.009	(-1.63%)	0.009	(0.99%)	0.009	(5.20%)	0.009	(6.25%)
LANL 18	0.015	0.017	(-10.27%)	0.015	(-0.33%)	0.015	(0.00%)	0.016	(-9.06%)	0.017	(-10.22%)	0.015	(1.78%)	0.015	(-1.31%)	0.015	(1.39%)	0.014	(5.86%)	0.014	(5.96%)
LANL 19	0.015	0.016	(-8.82%)	0.015	(0.11%)	0.015	(1.05%)	0.016	(-8.50%)	0.016	(-11.02%)	0.014	(3.03%)	0.015	(-1.36%)	0.015	(2.10%)	0.014	(6.85%)	0.013	(10.46%)
LANL 20	0.011	0.012	(-13.00%)	0.011	(0.05%)	0.011	(1.97%)	0.013	(-19.57%)	0.012	(-6.41%)	0.010	(3.88%)	0.011	(-1.98%)	0.010	(2.95%)	0.010	(4.57%)	0.010	(6.21%)
Tsubame	0.011	0.012	(-7.71%)	0.011	(3.64%)	0.011	(4.63%)	0.012	(-11.97%)	0.012	(-8.41%)	0.011	(5.41%)	0.011	(0.52%)	0.011	(4.91%)	0.010	(9.48%)	0.010	(9.48%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.127	0.426	(-236.07%)	0.170	(-33.98%)	0.127	(-0.00%)	0.113	(10.65%)	0.140	(-10.66%)	0.109	(14.27%)	0.152	(-20.06%)	0.120	(5.68%)	0.164	(-29.49%)	0.127	(-0.52%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045	(-5.06%)	0.043	(0.53%)	0.043	(0.02%)	0.048	(-11.28%)	0.048	(-11.43%)	0.042	(1.15%)	0.043	(-0.46%)	0.042	(1.26%)	0.041	(5.39%)	0.041	(5.39%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.044	0.046	(-5.76%)	0.044	(-0.17%)	0.044	(0.50%)	0.049	(-11.19%)	0.048	(-9.21%)	0.043	(1.05%)	0.044	(-0.87%)	0.043	(1.56%)	0.042	(5.14%)	0.041	(5.79%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.051	(-7.49%)	0.048	(-0.43%)	0.048	(0.27%)	0.057	(-19.41%)	0.051	(-6.43%)	0.047	(2.16%)	0.048	(-0.29%)	0.047	(2.26%)	0.046	(3.29%)	0.046	(4.04%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.045	0.049	(-8.06%)	0.046	(-0.15%)	0.045	(0.14%)	0.053	(-15.67%)	0.049	(-7.69%)	0.045	(1.62%)	0.046	(-0.83%)	0.045	(2.08%)	0.043	(4.90%)	0.043	(5.68%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.048	0.052	(-8.21%)	0.048	(-0.25%)	0.048	(0.40%)	0.058	(-20.25%)	0.051	(-6.38%)	0.047	(2.10%)	0.048	(-0.13%)	0.047	(2.60%)	0.046	(4.07%)	0.046	(4.39%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.065	0.074	(-14.12%)	0.065	(0.41%)	0.064	(1.22%)	0.082	(-26.29%)	0.068	(-4.51%)	0.062	(5.05%)	0.066	(-1.30%)	0.063	(3.68%)	0.063	(3.15%)	0.063	(3.70%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.050	0.055	(-9.32%)	0.050	(0.34%)	0.050	(0.03%)	0.059	(-18.87%)	0.053	(-6.44%)	0.049	(2.25%)	0.051	(-0.92%)	0.049	(2.18%)	0.048	(4.83%)	0.048	(4.83%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.054	0.061	(-11.79%)	0.055	(-0.33%)	0.054	(-0.00%)	0.068	(-24.51%)	0.058	(-6.44%)	0.052	(3.47%)	0.055	(-1.34%)	0.053	(2.30%)	0.053	(3.02%)	0.052	(3.52%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.085	0.107	(-26.46%)	0.084	(0.82%)	0.084	(0.97%)	0.100	(-18.56%)	0.089	(-5.84%)	0.080	(5.42%)	0.085	(-0.43%)	0.082	(2.84%)	0.082	(3.31%)	0.082	(3.31%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045	(-4.64%)	0.042	(0.67%)	0.043	(-0.00%)	0.047	(-11.46%)	0.047	(-10.10%)	0.042	(1.06%)	0.043	(-0.08%)	0.042	(1.13%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.042	(1.92%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045	(-4.91%)	0.043	(-0.39%)	0.043	(0.75%)	0.049	(-13.14%)	0.046	(-7.73%)	0.043	(0.54%)	0.043	(-0.41%)	0.043	(0.98%)	0.043	(0.43%)	0.042	(1.87%)
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   20-30	0.045	0.047	(-2.74%)	0.046	(-0.46%)	0.045	(1.24%)	0.057	(-26.51%)	0.046	(-1.97%)	0.044	(2.32%)	0.045	(0.73%)	0.044	(3.58%)	0.043	(4.85%)	0.043	(6.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045	(-4.07%)	0.044	(0.18%)	0.043	(0.57%)	0.052	(-19.93%)	0.045	(-3.68%)	0.043	(1.07%)	0.044	(0.34%)	0.043	(1.88%)	0.042	(4.04%)	0.042	(4.76%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.047	(-4.58%)	0.045	(0.42%)	0.044	(1.96%)	0.058	(-28.69%)	0.046	(-0.95%)	0.044	(2.77%)	0.045	(0.55%)	0.044	(3.86%)	0.042	(7.26%)	0.042	(7.26%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   20-30	0.057	0.056	(2.26%)	0.056	(1.76%)	0.054	(5.13%)	0.105	(-82.97%)	0.057	(1.27%)	0.052	(9.17%)	0.056	(2.19%)	0.051	(11.52%)	0.045	(22.36%)	0.044	(23.24%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.047	0.049	(-4.30%)	0.047	(0.41%)	0.046	(1.22%)	0.059	(-26.70%)	0.047	(0.12%)	0.045	(3.45%)	0.046	(0.84%)	0.045	(4.15%)	0.043	(8.74%)	0.043	(9.12%)
Synth. ρ = 100   10.00 %   3-10	0.050	0.050	(-0.29%)	0.049	(1.14%)	0.048	(2.93%)	0.070	(-41.77%)	0.050	(0.03%)	0.047	(5.30%)	0.049	(1.41%)	0.046	(7.08%)	0.043	(13.03%)	0.043	(13.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.072	0.070	(2.69%)	0.071	(1.72%)	0.067	(6.67%)	0.142	(-96.20%)	0.071	(1.72%)	0.062	(14.42%)	0.071	(1.72%)	0.061	(15.69%)	0.047	(35.11%)	0.046	(36.32%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.042	0.044	(-4.32%)	0.042	(0.59%)	0.042	(0.00%)	0.047	(-11.82%)	0.047	(-10.55%)	0.042	(0.85%)	0.042	(-0.60%)	0.042	(0.79%)	0.043	(-1.01%)	0.042	(1.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045	(-5.05%)	0.043	(-0.32%)	0.042	(0.73%)	0.048	(-13.63%)	0.046	(-7.06%)	0.042	(0.18%)	0.043	(-0.91%)	0.042	(0.54%)	0.043	(-0.74%)	0.042	(0.72%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.043	0.044	(-3.27%)	0.043	(-0.40%)	0.042	(1.38%)	0.056	(-30.10%)	0.043	(-0.40%)	0.042	(0.97%)	0.043	(-0.40%)	0.042	(0.97%)	0.043	(-0.24%)	0.042	(1.16%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.042	0.044	(-3.28%)	0.042	(0.41%)	0.042	(0.71%)	0.051	(-21.59%)	0.042	(0.41%)	0.042	(1.23%)	0.042	(0.41%)	0.042	(1.23%)	0.042	(1.28%)	0.041	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.044	(-4.00%)	0.042	(0.55%)	0.042	(2.13%)	0.057	(-32.72%)	0.042	(0.55%)	0.042	(1.95%)	0.042	(0.55%)	0.042	(1.95%)	0.042	(1.89%)	0.042	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.045	(7.65%)	0.047	(2.12%)	0.044	(9.35%)	0.105	(-117.34%)	0.047	(2.12%)	0.044	(9.42%)	0.047	(2.12%)	0.044	(9.42%)	0.044	(9.15%)	0.043	(10.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045	(-4.17%)	0.043	(0.45%)	0.043	(1.78%)	0.057	(-31.06%)	0.043	(0.45%)	0.043	(1.87%)	0.043	(0.45%)	0.043	(1.87%)	0.042	(2.96%)	0.042	(3.05%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.044	(0.90%)	0.044	(1.77%)	0.042	(4.65%)	0.068	(-51.68%)	0.044	(1.77%)	0.043	(4.42%)	0.044	(1.77%)	0.043	(4.42%)	0.043	(3.51%)	0.042	(4.69%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.054	0.046	(14.90%)	0.053	(2.98%)	0.045	(16.81%)	0.153	(-182.26%)	0.053	(2.98%)	0.046	(16.26%)	0.053	(2.98%)	0.046	(16.26%)	0.045	(16.57%)	0.044	(18.22%)

Table 18: Waste (and gain) with C=3s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 5\%$ .

Log			Perio	odic algo	rithms							Bi-per	iodic algor	ithms					Omniscie	nt oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	П	Intervals	Πζ	uantiles	$\Pi_B$	st_period	BI-	II Intervals	BI-I	I <sub>Quantiles</sub>	BI-I	I-Best	$BI-\Pi_{Qn}$	uantiles LAZY	BI-IIQuantilesLAZY	-Best	$BI-\Pi_{Qu}$	antilesORACLE	BI-II-O	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.012	0.013	(-11.94%)	0.011	(0.21%)	0.011	(0.83%)	0.013	(-10.41%)	0.012	(-5.73%)	0.011	(1.35%)	0.011	(0.22%)	0.011 (1	1.29%)	0.011	(2.12%)	0.011	(2.41%)
LANL 16	0.009	0.011	(-14.17%)	0.009	(-0.07%)	0.009	(0.54%)	0.010	(-11.20%)	0.010	(-5.63%)	0.009	(1.40%)	0.009	(0.07%)	0.009 (1	1.33%)	0.009	(1.98%)	0.009	(2.97%)
LANL 18	0.015	0.017	(-10.27%)	0.015	(0.42%)	0.015	(0.00%)	0.016	(-9.06%)	0.016	(-8.00%)	0.015	(2.74%)	0.015	(-0.12%)	0.015 (1	1.79%)	0.015	(2.67%)	0.015	(3.54%)
LANL 19	0.015	0.016	(-8.82%)	0.015	(0.28%)	0.015	(1.05%)	0.016	(-8.50%)	0.016	(-10.12%)	0.015	(1.95%)	0.015	(-0.35%)	0.015 (0	0.95%)	0.014	(2.99%)	0.014	(3.32%)
LANL 20	0.011	0.012	(-13.00%)	0.011	(0.99%)	0.011	(1.97%)	0.013	(-19.57%)	0.011	(-4.22%)	0.010	(3.00%)	0.011	(0.50%)	0.011 (2	2.07%)	0.010	(3.05%)	0.010	(3.05%)
Tsubame	0.011	0.012	(-7.71%)	0.011	(-0.29%)	0.011	(4.63%)	0.012	(-11.97%)	0.012	(-6.89%)	0.011	(3.16%)	0.011	(-1.44%)	0.011 (3	3.36%)	0.011	(1.98%)	0.011	(5.33%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.127	0.426	(-236.07%)	0.143	(-13.05%)	0.127	(-0.00%)	0.113	(10.65%)	0.166	(-31.14%)	0.121	(4.66%)	0.144	(-13.93%)	0.129 (-1	1.76%)	0.142	(-12.32%)	0.129	(-1.91%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045	(-5.06%)	0.043	(0.04%)	0.043	(0.02%)	0.048	(-11.28%)	0.047	(-8.38%)	0.043	(0.76%)	0.043	(-0.61%)	0.043 (1	1.02%)	0.042	(2.19%)	0.042	(2.46%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.044	0.046	(-5.76%)	0.044	(-0.76%)	0.044	(0.50%)	0.049	(-11.19%)	0.047	(-6.39%)	0.043	(1.04%)	0.044	(-1.19%)	0.043 (1	1.23%)	0.043	(1.18%)	0.043	(2.49%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.051	(-7.49%)	0.048	(-0.38%)	0.048	(0.27%)	0.057	(-19.41%)	0.050	(-4.95%)	0.047	(1.06%)	0.048	(-0.64%)	0.047 (1	1.41%)	0.047	(0.69%)	0.047	(1.37%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.045	0.049	(-8.06%)	0.045	(0.41%)	0.045	(0.14%)	0.053	(-15.67%)	0.049	(-7.95%)	0.045	(1.79%)	0.046	(-0.71%)	0.045 (1	1.21%)	0.045	(1.55%)	0.045	(1.55%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.048	0.052	(-8.21%)	0.048	(-0.20%)	0.048	(0.40%)	0.058	(-20.25%)	0.050	(-5.21%)	0.047	(1.23%)	0.048	(-0.70%)	0.047 (1	1.13%)	0.048	(0.78%)	0.047	(1.29%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.065	0.074	(-14.12%)	0.065	(-0.16%)	0.064	(1.22%)	0.082	(-26.29%)	0.068	(-4.12%)	0.064	(2.19%)	0.065	(-0.28%)	0.064 (1	1.54%)	0.065	(0.39%)	0.064	(1.49%)
Synth. ρ = 10   10.00 %   3-5	0.050	0.055	(-9.32%)	0.050	(-0.01%)	0.050	(0.03%)	0.059	(-18.87%)	0.053	(-5.12%)	0.049	(1.83%)	0.050	(-0.50%)	0.049 (1	1.54%)	0.050	(1.03%)	0.049	(1.11%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.054	0.061	(-11.79%)	0.055	(-0.77%)	0.054	(-0.00%)	0.068	(-24.51%)	0.057	(-4.37%)	0.053	(1.68%)	0.055	(-1.03%)	0.054 (0	0.38%)	0.054	(-0.03%)	0.054	(0.30%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.085	0.107	(-26.46%)	0.084	(0.10%)	0.084	(0.97%)	0.100	(-18.56%)	0.088	(-4.27%)	0.082	(3.39%)	0.085	(-0.89%)	0.083 (1	.29%)	0.084	(0.56%)	0.084	(1.19%)
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   3-5	0.043	0.045	(-4.64%)	0.043	(0.08%)	0.043	(-0.00%)	0.047	(-11.46%)	0.045	(-5.49%)	0.042	(0.41%)	0.043	(-0.10%)	0.042 (1	1.04%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.042	(1.92%)
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   3-10	0.043	0.045	(-4.91%)	0.043	(-0.89%)	0.043	(0.75%)	0.049	(-13.14%)	0.045	(-3.78%)	0.043	(0.61%)	0.043	(-0.81%)	0.043 (1	1.13%)	0.043	(0.43%)	0.042	(1.87%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.045	0.047	(-2.74%)	0.045	(-0.25%)	0.045	(1.24%)	0.057	(-26.51%)	0.046	(-1.53%)	0.045	(1.42%)	0.045	(0.03%)	0.044 (2	2.80%)	0.043	(4.85%)	0.043	(6.20%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   3-5	0.044	0.045	(-4.07%)	0.043	(0.59%)	0.043	(0.57%)	0.052	(-19.93%)	0.044	(-1.63%)	0.043	(0.59%)	0.043	(0.60%)	0.043 (1	1.35%)	0.042	(4.04%)	0.042	(4.76%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.047	(-4.58%)	0.045	(0.45%)	0.044	(1.96%)	0.058	(-28.69%)	0.046	(-1.07%)	0.045	(1.46%)	0.045	(0.58%)	0.044 (3	3.15%)	0.042	(7.26%)	0.042	(7.26%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   20-30	0.057	0.056	(2.26%)	0.057	(0.97%)	0.054	(5.13%)	0.105	(-82.97%)	0.057	(0.97%)	0.054	(6.75%)	0.057	(0.97%)	0.053 (7	7.56%)	0.045	(22.36%)	0.044	(23.24%)
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	0.047	0.049	(-4.30%)	0.047	(-0.16%)	0.046	(1.22%)	0.059	(-26.70%)	0.047	(-1.48%)	0.046	(1.79%)	0.047	(0.14%)	0.045 (3	3.39%)	0.043	(8.74%)	0.043	(9.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	0.050	0.050	(-0.29%)	0.050	(-0.22%)	0.048	(2.93%)	0.070	(-41.77%)	0.050	(-0.22%)	0.047	(4.54%)	0.050	(-0.22%)	0.047 (5	5.34%)	0.043	(13.03%)	0.043	(13.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.072	0.070	(2.69%)	0.072	(0.39%)	0.067	(6.67%)	0.142	(-96.20%)	0.072	(0.39%)	0.065	(10.37%)	0.072	(0.39%)	0.065 (10	).23%)	0.047	(35.11%)	0.046	(36.32%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-5	0.042	0.044	(-4.32%)	0.042	(-0.18%)	0.042	(0.00%)	0.047	(-11.82%)	0.043	(-1.88%)	0.042	(0.11%)	0.042	(-0.19%)	0.042 (0	0.58%)	0.043	(-1.01%)	0.042	(1.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045	(-5.05%)	0.043	(-0.80%)	0.042	(0.73%)	0.048	(-13.63%)	0.043	(-0.80%)	0.042	(0.72%)	0.043	(-0.80%)	0.042 (0	0.73%)	0.043	(-0.74%)	0.042	(0.72%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   20-30	0.043	0.044	(-3.27%)	0.043	(-0.38%)	0.042	(1.38%)	0.056	(-30.10%)	0.043	(-0.38%)	0.043	(0.52%)	0.043	(-0.38%)	0.043 (0	0.52%	0.043	(-0.24%)	0.042	(1.16%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.042	0.044	(-3.28%)	0.042	(0.67%)	0.042	(0.71%)	0.051	(-21.59%)	0.042	(0.67%)	0.042	(0.67%)	0.042	(0.67%)	0.042 (0	0.72%)	0.042	(1.28%)	0.041	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.044	(-4.00%)	0.042	(0.41%)	0.042	(2.13%)	0.057	(-32.72%)	0.042	(0.41%)	0.042	(1.69%)	0.042	(0.41%)	0.042 (1	1.69%)	0.042	(1.89%)	0.042	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.045	(7.65%)	0.048	(1.41%)	0.044	(9.35%)	0.105	(-117.34%)	0.048	(1.41%)	0.044	(9.16%)	0.048	(1.41%)	0.044 (9	0.16%)	0.044	(9.15%)	0.043	(10.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045	(-4.17%)	0.044	(0.14%)	0.043	(1.78%)	0.057	(-31.06%)	0.044	(0.14%)	0.043	(2.23%)	0.044	(0.14%)	0.043 (2	2.23%)	0.042	(2.96%)	0.042	(3.05%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.044	(0.90%)	0.044	(0.42%)	0.042	(4.65%)	0.068	(-51.68%)	0.044	(0.42%)	0.043	(4.12%)	0.044	(0.42%)	0.043 (4	1.12%)	0.043	(3.51%)	0.042	(4.69%)
Sumth $a = 1000   10.00 \%   20.20$	0.054	0.046	(14.00%)	0.054	(0.68%)	0.045	(16.91%)	0.152	(199.96%)	0.054	(0.68%)	0.046	(16 20%)	0.054	(0.6902)	0.046 (10	209Z)	0.045	(16.57%)	0.044	(18 99%)

Log		F	eriodic al	gorithms							Bi-per	iodic algor	ithms					Omniscie	ent oracle	-
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	1	Quantiles	$\Pi_B$	est_period	BI-	·II Intervals	BI-I	I Quantiles	BI-I	I-Best	$BI-\Pi_Q$	vantiles LAZY	$BI-\Pi Q_1$	uantiles LAZY-BEST	BI- $\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles ORACLE	BI-II-OI	ACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.012	0.013 (-11.94	(i) 0.012	(-0.55%)	0.011	(0.83%)	0.013	(-10.41%)	0.012	(-6.37%)	0.011	(1.37%)	0.012	(-0.55%)	0.011	(1.30%)	0.011	(1.12%)	0.011	(2.93%)
LANL 16	0.009	0.011 (-14.17	<ol> <li>0.009</li> </ol>	(-0.72%)	0.009	(0.54%)	0.010	(-11.20%)	0.010	(-5.60%)	0.009	(2.15%)	0.009	(-0.72%)	0.009	(0.11%)	0.009	(2.61%)	0.009	(3.57%)
LANL 18	0.015	0.017 (-10.27	<ol> <li>0.015</li> </ol>	(0.42%)	0.015	(0.00%)	0.016	(-9.06%)	0.016	(-8.00%)	0.015	(2.74%)	0.015	(0.42%)	0.015	(0.96%)	0.015	(2.67%)	0.015	(3.54%)
LANL 19	0.015	0.016 (-8.82	<ol> <li>0.015</li> </ol>	(0.77%)	0.015	(1.05%)	0.016	(-8.50%)	0.016	(-10.14%)	0.014	(5.64%)	0.015	(0.77%)	0.015	(1.93%)	0.013	(9.59%)	0.013	(10.81%)
LANL 20	0.011	0.012 (-13.00	(i) 0.011	(-0.01%)	0.011	(1.97%)	0.013	(-19.57%)	0.011	(-5.94%)	0.010	(4.19%)	0.011	(-0.01%)	0.011	(2.12%)	0.010	(3.97%)	0.010	(7.22%)
Tsubame	0.011	0.012 (-7.71	<ol> <li>0.011</li> </ol>	(3.72%)	0.011	(4.63%)	0.012	(-11.97%)	0.012	(-11.68%)	0.011	(5.55%)	0.011	(3.72%)	0.011	(4.40%)	0.010	(10.67%)	0.010	(11.20%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.127	0.426 (-236.07	(i) 0.170	(-33.98%)	0.127	(-0.00%)	0.113	(10.65%)	0.140	(-10.66%)	0.109	(14.27%)	0.170	(-33.98%)	0.132	(-3.90%)	0.164	(-29.49%)	0.127	(-0.52%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045 (-5.06	6) 0.043	(-0.03%)	0.043	(0.02%)	0.048	(-11.28%)	0.047	(-9.77%)	0.043	(0.97%)	0.043	(-0.03%)	0.043	(0.52%)	0.042	(3.16%)	0.041	(3.84%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.044	0.046 (-5.76)	(i) 0.044	(-0.48%)	0.044	(0.50%)	0.049	(-11.19%)	0.048	(-9.12%)	0.043	(0.93%)	0.044	(-0.48%)	0.044	(0.40%)	0.042	(3.60%)	0.042	(5.03%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.051 (-7.49	(i) 0.048	(-0.71%)	0.048	(0.27%)	0.057	(-19.41%)	0.051	(-7.26%)	0.047	(1.81%)	0.048	(-0.71%)	0.048	(0.45%)	0.045	(6.12%)	0.045	(6.70%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.045	0.049 (-8.06	(i) 0.046	(-0.03%)	0.045	(0.14%)	0.053	(-15.67%)	0.048	(-5.87%)	0.045	(1.82%)	0.046	(-0.03%)	0.045	(0.16%)	0.045	(2.15%)	0.044	(2.31%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.048	0.052 (-8.21	(i) 0.048	(0.04%)	0.048	(0.40%)	0.058	(-20.25%)	0.051	(-6.35%)	0.047	(1.61%)	0.048	(0.04%)	0.048	(0.04%)	0.047	(1.53%)	0.047	(1.53%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.065	0.074 (-14.12	<ol> <li>0.065</li> </ol>	(0.31%)	0.064	(1.22%)	0.082	(-26.29%)	0.066	(-1.34%)	0.064	(1.61%)	0.065	(0.31%)	0.065	(0.70%)	0.065	(0.56%)	0.064	(0.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.050	0.055 (-9.32)	<ol> <li>0.050</li> </ol>	(0.01%)	0.050	(0.03%)	0.059	(-18.87%)	0.053	(-5.54%)	0.049	(2.14%)	0.050	(0.01%)	0.050	(0.08%)	0.049	(1.32%)	0.049	(1.34%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.054	0.061 (-11.79	(i) 0.055	(-0.80%)	0.054	(-0.00%)	0.068	(-24.51%)	0.057	(-4.22%)	0.054	(1.30%)	0.055	(-0.80%)	0.054	(0.18%)	0.054	(-0.10%)	0.054	(0.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.085	0.107 (-26.46	(i) 0.084	(0.43%)	0.084	(0.97%)	0.100	(-18.56%)	0.086	(-1.80%)	0.084	(1.21%)	0.084	(0.43%)	0.084	(1.16%)	0.084	(0.65%)	0.083	(1.36%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045 (-4.64	%) 0.043	(-0.51%)	0.043	(-0.00%)	0.047	(-11.46%)	0.045	(-5.51%)	0.042	(0.91%)	0.043	(-0.51%)	0.042	(0.91%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.042	(1.92%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045 (-4.91	%) 0.043	(0.00%)	0.043	(0.75%)	0.049	(-13.14%)	0.045	(-5.57%)	0.043	(0.19%)	0.043	(0.00%)	0.043	(0.00%)	0.043	(0.43%)	0.042	(1.87%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.045	0.047 (-2.74	%) 0.045	(0.05%)	0.045	(1.24%)	0.057	(-26.51%)	0.046	(-2.26%)	0.044	(2.54%)	0.045	(0.05%)	0.045	(1.11%)	0.043	(4.85%)	0.043	(6.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045 (-4.07	%) 0.044	(-0.21%)	0.043	(0.57%)	0.052	(-19.93%)	0.045	(-3.24%)	0.043	(1.10%)	0.044	(-0.21%)	0.043	(1.10%)	0.042	(4.04%)	0.042	(4.76%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.047 (-4.58	%) 0.045	(0.04%)	0.044	(1.96%)	0.058	(-28.69%)	0.046	(-1.90%)	0.044	(2.54%)	0.045	(0.04%)	0.045	(0.80%)	0.042	(7.26%)	0.042	(7.26%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.057	0.056 (2.26)	%) 0.056	(1.77%)	0.054	(5.13%)	0.105	(-82.97%)	0.057	(1.01%)	0.052	( <mark>9.79%</mark> )	0.056	(1.77%)	0.054	(5.26%)	0.045	(22.36%)	0.044	(23.24%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.047	0.049 (-4.30	%) 0.047	(-0.17%)	0.046	(1.22%)	0.059	(-26.70%)	0.047	(-0.86%)	0.046	(2.04%)	0.047	(-0.17%)	0.046	(1.12%)	0.043	(8.74%)	0.043	(9.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.050	0.050 (-0.29	%) 0.049	(0.78%)	0.048	(2.93%)	0.070	(-41.77%)	0.049	(1.19%)	0.047	( <mark>6.33%</mark> )	0.049	(0.78%)	0.048	(3.38%)	0.043	(13.03%)	0.043	(13.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	0.072	0.070 (2.69	%) 0.069	(5.24%)	0.067	( <u>6.67%</u> )	0.142	(-96.20%)	0.065	(10.66%)	0.057	(21.23%)	0.069	(5.24%)	0.068	(6.37%)	0.047	(35.11%)	0.046	(36.32%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.042	0.044 (-4.32	%) 0.043	(-0.91%)	0.042	(0.00%)	0.047	(-11.82%)	0.043	(-2.70%)	0.042	(0.71%)	0.043	(-0.91%)	0.042	(0.71%)	0.043	(-1.01%)	0.042	(1.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045 (-5.05	(i) 0.043	(-0.00%)	0.042	(0.73%)	0.048	(-13.63%)	0.044	(-2.56%)	0.043	(-0.00%)	0.043	(-0.00%)	0.043	(-0.00%)	0.043	(-0.74%)	0.042	(0.72%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.043	0.044 (-3.27	%) 0.043	(-0.08%)	0.042	(1.38%)	0.056	(-30.10%)	0.043	(-1.13%)	0.042	(1.06%)	0.043	(-0.08%)	0.042	(1.06%)	0.043	(-0.24%)	0.042	(1.16%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   5.00 %   3-5	0.042	0.044 (-3.28	%) 0.042	(0.01%)	0.042	(0.71%)	0.051	(-21.59%)	0.042	(0.01%)	0.042	(0.60%)	0.042	(0.01%)	0.042	(0.60%)	0.042	(1.28%)	0.041	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.044 (-4.00	%) 0.042	(0.98%)	0.042	(2.13%)	0.057	(-32.72%)	0.043	(-0.32%)	0.042	(0.98%)	0.042	(0.98%)	0.042	(0.98%)	0.042	(1.89%)	0.042	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.045 (7.65	<li>(i) 0.044</li>	(8.12%)	0.044	(9.35%)	0.105	(-117.34%)	0.044	(8.12%)	0.044	(9.42%)	0.044	(8.12%)	0.044	(9.42%)	0.044	(9.15%)	0.043	(10.22%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   10.00 %   3-5	0.044	0.045 (-4.17	%) 0.043	(1.04%)	0.043	(1.78%)	0.057	(-31.06%)	0.043	(1.04%)	0.043	(1.75%)	0.043	(1.04%)	0.043	(1.75%)	0.042	(2.96%)	0.042	(3.05%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.044 (0.90	%) 0.043	(2.92%)	0.042	(4.65%)	0.068	(-51.68%)	0.044	(0.54%)	0.042	(4.83%)	0.043	(2.92%)	0.042	(4.83%)	0.043	(3.51%)	0.042	(4.69%)
Sumth $a = 1000   10.00 \%   20.20$	0.054	0.046 (14.00	() ] 0.045	(12 77%)	0.045	(16 91%)	0 152	(199.96%)	0.047	(12.77%)	0.046	(15, 75%)	0.047	(12, 77%)	0.046	(15.75%)	0.045	(16.57%)	0.044	(19 99%)

Table 19: Waste (and gain) with C=3s and  $|Q_{limit}| = Q_{auto}$ .

T				1.7.	1	n			1 0	(1)		
Log	Number	MTDE	A]	pproach: Int	ervais Elt-	MTDE	Enulte	AI	proach: Qua	ntues	in Ground	
10	Number	MIBF	MIBF	Degraded	Faults	MIBF	Faults	Common	Number of	MTDE	in Cascade	.S   M 1
LANI	of faults	in nours	in nours	intervals	In cascades	In nours	in cascades	Taunts	cascades	MIDF	Avg. length	Max length
LANL 2	5351	14.14	30.45	25.3%	71.1%	14.43	3.6%	3.0%	82	0.035	2.3	8
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.2%	70.9%	22.43	4.8%	4.8%	50	0.046	2.2	5
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	7.68	4.3%	4.3%	81	0.050	2.0	3
LANL 19	3222	1.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	8.05	4.3%	4.3%	69	0.074	2.0	2
LANL 20	2389	13.00	41.40	21.3%	(4.1%	13.95	4.0%	4.0%	45	0.040	2.1	4
Isubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	15.14	4.5%	4.5%	19	0.029	2.1	4
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	0.15	4.9%	4.9%	1337	0.000	2.0	4
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	1.00	4.0%	4.0%	62	0.007	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	0.97	4.0%	4.0%	64	0.006	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	0.80	3.9%	3.9%	75	0.003	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	0.86	3.9%	3.9%	68	0.003	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	0.77	3.9%	3.9%	77	0.002	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	0.43	3.9%	3.9%	137	0.001	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	0.73	3.9%	3.9%	78	0.003	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	0.60	3.9%	3.9%	96	0.002	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	0.29	4.0%	4.0%	202	0.001	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	1.00	3.7%	3.6%	52	0.002	2.2	4
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.97	3.8%	3.8%	56	0.002	2.1	5
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	0.80	3.9%	3.9%	76	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	0.86	3.8%	3.8%	66	0.001	2.1	4
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	0.77	4.0%	4.0%	81	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	0.43	3.9%	3.9%	139	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	0.73	3.9%	3.9%	77	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	0.60	3.9%	3.9%	98	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	0.29	3.9%	3.9%	200	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	1.00	3.3%	3.3%	41	0.000	2.5	6
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.97	3.5%	3.5%	47	0.000	2.4	6
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	0.80	3.9%	3.9%	76	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	0.86	3.8%	3.8%	66	0.000	2.1	4
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	0.77	4.0%	4.0%	81	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	0.43	3.9%	3.9%	139	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	0.73	3.8%	3.8%	75	0.000	2.1	4
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	0.60	3.9%	3.9%	98	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	0.29	3.9%	3.9%	201	0.000	2.0	3

Table 20: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = 2\%$ .

Log			A	proach: Int	ervals			Ar	proach: Qua	ntiles		
Id	Number	MTBF	MTBF	Degraded	Faults	MTBF	Faults	Common	Number of		in Cascade	s
	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals	in cascades	in hours	in cascades	faults	cascades	MTBF	Avg. length	Max length
LANL 2	5351	14.14	36.45	25.3%	71.1%	14.33	2.5%	2.5%	61	0.024	2.2	5
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.2%	70.9%	22.15	2.5%	2.5%	27	0.023	2.1	3
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	7.61	2.4%	2.4%	46	0.024	2.0	2
LANL 19	3222	7.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	7.98	2.8%	2.8%	45	0.052	2.0	2
LANL 20	2389	13.66	41.46	21.3%	74.1%	13.82	2.3%	2.3%	27	0.024	2.0	3
Tsubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	15.00	2.9%	2.9%	13	0.017	2.0	2
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	0.15	3.9%	3.9%	1071	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	0.99	2.0%	2.0%	32	0.003	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	0.96	2.0%	2.0%	32	0.003	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	0.79	2.0%	2.0%	37	0.002	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	0.86	2.0%	2.0%	36	0.002	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	0.76	1.9%	1.9%	38	0.001	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	0.42	2.0%	2.0%	71	0.001	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	0.73	2.0%	2.0%	41	0.001	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	0.60	2.0%	2.0%	49	0.001	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	0.29	2.0%	2.0%	103	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	0.99	1.9%	1.9%	28	0.001	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.96	1.9%	1.9%	29	0.001	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	0.79	2.0%	2.0%	38	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	0.86	2.0%	2.0%	36	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	0.76	2.0%	2.0%	40	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	0.42	2.0%	2.0%	71	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	0.73	2.0%	2.0%	41	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	0.60	2.0%	2.0%	49	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	0.29	2.0%	2.0%	104	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	0.99	1.9%	1.9%	28	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.96	1.9%	1.9%	29	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	0.79	2.0%	2.0%	38	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	0.86	2.0%	2.0%	36	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	0.76	2.0%	2.0%	40	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	0.42	2.0%	2.0%	71	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	0.73	2.0%	2.0%	41	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	0.60	2.0%	2.0%	49	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	0.29	2.0%	2.0%	104	0.000	2.0	2

Table 21: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = 1\%$ .

Log			Aı	proach: Int	ervals			Ar	proach: Qua	ntiles		
Id	Number	MTBF	MTBF	Degraded	Faults	MTBF	Faults	Common	Number of	1	in Cascade	'S
	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals	in cascades	in hours	in cascades	faults	cascades	MTBF	Avg. length	Max length
LANL 2	5351	14.14	36.45	25.3%	71.1%	14.24	1.4%	1.4%	35	0.017	2.1	5
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.2%	70.9%	22.03	1.5%	1.5%	17	0.017	2.1	3
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	7.57	1.3%	1.3%	25	0.017	2.0	2
LANL 19	3222	7.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	7.91	1.1%	1.1%	17	0.019	2.0	2
LANL 20	2389	13.66	41.46	21.3%	74.1%	13.74	1.3%	1.3%	15	0.017	2.0	2
Tsubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	15.00	2.9%	2.9%	13	0.017	2.0	2
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	0.15	3.9%	3.9%	1071	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	0.99	1.0%	1.0%	16	0.002	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	0.95	1.0%	1.0%	16	0.002	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	0.78	1.0%	1.0%	19	0.001	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	0.85	1.0%	1.0%	18	0.001	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	0.76	1.0%	1.0%	21	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	0.42	1.0%	1.0%	36	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	0.72	1.0%	1.0%	21	0.001	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	0.60	1.0%	1.0%	26	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	0.29	1.0%	1.0%	52	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	0.99	1.0%	1.0%	15	0.001	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.95	1.0%	1.0%	16	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	0.78	1.0%	1.0%	18	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	0.85	1.0%	1.0%	18	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	0.76	1.0%	1.0%	21	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	0.42	1.0%	1.0%	36	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	0.72	1.0%	1.0%	21	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	0.60	1.0%	1.0%	25	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	0.29	1.0%	1.0%	52	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	0.99	1.0%	1.0%	15	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.95	1.0%	1.0%	16	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	0.78	1.0%	1.0%	18	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	0.85	1.0%	1.0%	18	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	0.76	1.0%	1.0%	21	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	0.42	1.0%	1.0%	36	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	0.72	1.0%	1.0%	21	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	0.60	1.0%	1.0%	25	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	0.29	1.0%	1.0%	52	0.000	2.0	2

Table 22: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.5\%$ .

Log			Aı	oproach: Int	ervals			Ar	proach: Qua	ntiles		
Id	Number	MTBF	MTBF	Degraded	Faults	MTBF	Faults	Common	Number of		in Cascade	s
	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals	in cascades	in hours	in cascades	faults	cascades	MTBF	Avg. length	Max length
LANL 2	5351	14.14	36.45	25.3%	71.1%	14.24	1.4%	1.4%	35	0.017	2.1	5
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.2%	70.9%	22.03	1.5%	1.5%	17	0.017	2.1	3
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	7.57	1.3%	1.3%	25	0.017	2.0	2
LANL 19	3222	7.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	7.91	0.9%	0.9%	15	0.017	2.0	2
LANL 20	2389	13.66	41.46	21.3%	74.1%	13.74	1.3%	1.3%	15	0.017	2.0	2
Tsubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	15.00	2.9%	2.9%	13	0.017	2.0	2
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	0.15	3.9%	3.9%	1071	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	0.98	0.4%	0.4%	7	0.001	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	0.95	0.4%	0.4%	7	0.001	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	0.78	0.4%	0.4%	8	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	0.85	0.4%	0.4%	8	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	0.75	0.4%	0.4%	9	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	0.42	0.4%	0.4%	15	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	0.72	0.4%	0.4%	9	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	0.59	0.4%	0.4%	11	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	0.29	0.4%	0.4%	21	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	0.98	0.4%	0.4%	7	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.95	0.4%	0.4%	7	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	0.78	0.4%	0.4%	7	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	0.85	0.4%	0.4%	8	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	0.75	0.4%	0.4%	9	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	0.42	0.4%	0.4%	15	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	0.72	0.4%	0.4%	9	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	0.59	0.4%	0.4%	11	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	0.29	0.4%	0.4%	21	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	0.98	0.4%	0.4%	7	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.95	0.4%	0.4%	7	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	0.78	0.4%	0.4%	7	0.000	2.1	3
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	0.85	0.4%	0.4%	8	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	0.75	0.4%	0.4%	9	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	0.42	0.4%	0.4%	15	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	0.72	0.4%	0.4%	9	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	0.59	0.4%	0.4%	11	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	0.29	0.4%	0.4%	21	0.000	2.0	2

Table 23: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.2\%$ .

Log			Aı	oproach: Int	ervals			Ar	proach: Qua	ntiles		
Id	Number	MTBF	MTBF	Degraded	Faults	MTBF	Faults	Common	Number of		in Cascade	:8
	of faults	in hours	in hours	intervals	in cascades	in hours	in cascades	faults	cascades	MTBF	Avg. length	Max length
LANL 2	5351	14.14	36.45	25.3%	71.1%	14.24	1.4%	1.4%	35	0.017	2.1	5
LANL 16	2262	21.85	56.19	25.2%	70.9%	22.03	1.5%	1.5%	17	0.017	2.1	3
LANL 18	3900	7.52	17.88	26.0%	68.9%	7.57	1.3%	1.3%	25	0.017	2.0	2
LANL 19	3222	7.87	17.06	26.4%	66.0%	7.91	0.9%	0.9%	15	0.017	2.0	2
LANL 20	2389	13.66	41.46	21.3%	74.1%	13.74	1.3%	1.3%	15	0.017	2.0	2
Tsubame	884	14.78	36.50	23.9%	69.2%	15.00	2.9%	2.9%	13	0.017	2.0	2
Mont Blanc 2	55108	0.15	2.27	21.1%	94.8%	0.15	3.9%	3.9%	1071	0.000	2.0	3
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	25.1%	63.1%	0.98	0.3%	0.3%	4	0.001	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	25.0%	64.1%	0.95	0.3%	0.3%	4	0.001	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	20.2%	65.6%	0.78	0.2%	0.2%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.87	22.4%	64.9%	0.85	0.2%	0.2%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.77	20.5%	66.2%	0.75	0.2%	0.2%	5	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.43	19.2%	76.5%	0.42	0.2%	0.2%	8	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.81	22.2%	69.0%	0.72	0.2%	0.2%	5	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.65	19.5%	71.2%	0.59	0.2%	0.2%	6	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.24	22.1%	81.9%	0.29	0.2%	0.2%	11	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	62.9%	0.98	0.3%	0.3%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.95	0.3%	0.3%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 1.00 \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.2%	64.7%	0.78	0.2%	0.2%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.6%	64.8%	0.85	0.2%	0.2%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.3%	65.7%	0.75	0.2%	0.2%	5	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	9.0%	74.1%	0.42	0.2%	0.2%	8	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.84	20.2%	68.7%	0.72	0.2%	0.2%	5	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.69	15.8%	70.5%	0.59	0.2%	0.2%	6	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.42	8.0%	81.3%	0.29	0.2%	0.2%	11	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	3136	0.98	1.99	24.9%	63.0%	0.98	0.3%	0.3%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	3182	0.95	1.98	24.6%	63.9%	0.95	0.3%	0.3%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	3934	0.78	1.81	18.0%	64.6%	0.78	0.2%	0.2%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-5$	3591	0.85	1.89	21.3%	64.8%	0.85	0.2%	0.2%	4	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 3-10$	4075	0.75	1.79	18.1%	65.6%	0.75	0.2%	0.2%	5	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 5.00 \% \mid 20-30$	7200	0.42	1.47	8.2%	73.9%	0.42	0.2%	0.2%	8	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	4133	0.72	1.83	19.9%	68.6%	0.72	0.2%	0.2%	5	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 3-10$	5067	0.59	1.70	15.3%	70.4%	0.59	0.2%	0.2%	6	0.000	2.0	2
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	10361	0.29	1.43	6.1%	81.1%	0.29	0.2%	0.2%	11	0.000	2.0	2

Table 24: Statistics when  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.1\%$ .

Log		Peri	odic algo	orithms							Bi-pe	riodic algo	rithms					Omniscie	ent oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	$\Pi_{\zeta}$	wantiles	$\Pi_{Be}$	st_period	Bi-l	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	BI-II	Quantiles	Bi-l	II-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Q_1}$	untiles LAZY	$BI-\Pi_Q$	wantiles LAZY-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles ORACLE	BI-II-OF	ACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.127	0.145 (-14.07%)	0.128	(-0.62%)	0.127	(0.00%)	0.143	(-11.84%)	0.128	(-0.62%)	0.128	(-0.43%)	0.128	(-0.62%)	0.128	(-0.43%)	0.128	(-0.57%)	0.128	(-0.38%)
LANL 16	0.100	0.112 (-11.99%)	0.100	(0.47%)	0.100	(0.00%)	0.113	(-12.35%)	0.100	(0.47%)	0.100	(0.47%)	0.100	(0.47%)	0.100	(0.51%)	0.100	(0.47%)	0.100	(0.47%)
LANL 18	0.175	0.190 (-8.46%)	0.176	(-0.20%)	0.175	(0.06%)	0.194	(-10.79%)	0.176	(-0.20%)	0.176	(-0.20%)	0.176	(-0.20%)	0.176	(-0.20%)	0.176	(-0.17%)	0.176	(-0.17%)
LANL 19	0.174	0.187 (-7.09%)	0.174	(0.14%)	0.171	(1.90%)	0.191	(-9.38%)	0.183	(-4.77%)	0.171	(1.66%)	0.174	(0.02%)	0.171	(1.66%)	0.174	(0.14%)	0.171	(1.66%)
LANL 20	0.119	0.137 (-15.45%)	0.119	(0.21%)	0.118	(0.35%)	0.145	(-22.40%)	0.119	(0.21%)	0.119	(0.21%)	0.119	(0.21%)	0.118	(0.53%)	0.119	(0.21%)	0.119	(0.21%)
Tsubame	0.122	0.139 (-14.62%)	0.119	(2.20%)	0.121	(0.26%)	0.139	(-14.71%)	0.119	(2.20%)	0.119	(2.20%)	0.119	(2.20%)	0.119	(2.20%)	0.119	(2.34%)	0.119	(2.34%)
Mont Blanc 2	3.717	3.323 (10.62%)	3.737	(-0.52%)	2.969	(20.14%)	4.813	(-29.49%)	3.737	(-0.52%)	2.974	(20.00%)	3.737	(-0.52%)	2.974	(20.00%)	3.728	(-0.29%)	2.971	(20.07%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.680	0.727 (-7.02%)	0.686	(-0.93%)	0.679	(0.13%)	0.763	(-12.31%)	0.686	(-0.93%)	0.676	(0.55%)	0.686	(-0.93%)	0.676	(0.55%)	0.686	(-0.90%)	0.676	(0.57%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.690	0.741 (-7.41%)	0.686	(0.55%)	0.689	(0.10%)	0.785	(-13.78%)	0.686	(0.55%)	0.686	(0.55%)	0.686	(0.55%)	0.686	(0.55%)	0.686	(0.56%)	0.686	(0.56%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.734	0.747 (-1.88%)	0.733	(0.05%)	0.723	(1.45%)	0.947	(-29.02%)	0.733	(0.05%)	0.721	(1.75%)	0.733	(0.05%)	0.721	(1.75%)	0.733	(0.05%)	0.721	(1.75%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.688	0.729 (-5.85%)	0.691	(-0.34%)	0.688	(-0.00%)	0.855	(-24.24%)	0.691	(-0.34%)	0.691	(-0.34%)	0.691	(-0.34%)	0.691	(-0.34%)	0.691	(-0.34%)	0.691	(-0.34%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.735	0.751 (-2.19%)	0.731	(0.62%)	0.720	(2.04%)	0.954	(-29.71%)	0.731	(0.62%)	0.721	(1.98%)	0.731	(0.62%)	0.721	(1.98%)	0.731	(0.62%)	0.721	(1.98%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	1.017	0.958 (5.79%)	1.013	(0.34%)	0.944	(7.15%)	1.601	(-57.43%)	1.013	(0.34%)	0.943	(7.21%)	1.013	(0.34%)	0.943	(7.21%)	1.013	(0.35%)	0.943	(7.21%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.756	0.790 (-4.50%)	0.756	(0.02%)	0.745	(1.49%)	0.997	(-31.88%)	0.756	(0.02%)	0.745	(1.41%)	0.756	(0.02%)	0.745	(1.41%)	0.756	(0.02%)	0.745	(1.41%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.813	0.805 (0.95%)	0.806	(0.83%)	0.775	(4.68%)	1.171	(-44.08%)	0.806	(0.83%)	0.776	(4.48%)	0.806	(0.83%)	0.776	(4.48%)	0.806	(0.83%)	0.776	(4.48%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	1.372	1.200 (12.57%)	1.358	(1.02%)	1.193	(13.07%)	2.129	(-55.22%)	1.358	(1.02%)	1.188	(13.37%)	1.358	(1.02%)	1.188	(13.37%)	1.358	(1.02%)	1.188	(13.37%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.676	0.722 (-6.88%)	0.682	(-0.89%)	0.673	(0.38%)	0.762	(-12.84%)	0.682	(-0.89%)	0.670	(0.79%)	0.682	(-0.89%)	0.670	(0.79%)	0.679	(-0.45%)	0.670	(0.91%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.681	0.735 (-7.97%)	0.676	(0.62%)	0.681	(0.00%)	0.781	(-14.78%)	0.676	(0.62%)	0.676	(0.62%)	0.676	(0.62%)	0.676	(0.62%)	0.679	(0.25%)	0.678	(0.32%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.693	0.706 (-1.86%)	0.693	(0.11%)	0.681	(1.75%)	0.931	(-34.22%)	0.693	(0.11%)	0.681	(1.81%)	0.693	(0.11%)	0.681	(1.81%)	0.685	(1.24%)	0.682	(1.63%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.663	0.705 (-6.40%)	0.664	(-0.26%)	0.663	(0.00%)	0.843	(-27.16%)	0.664	(-0.26%)	0.664	(-0.26%)	0.664	(-0.26%)	0.664	(-0.26%)	0.668	(-0.75%)	0.660	(0.44%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.684	0.705 (-3.02%)	0.682	(0.26%)	0.671	(1.87%)	0.941	(-37.55%)	0.682	(0.26%)	0.672	(1.75%)	0.682	(0.26%)	0.672	(1.75%)	0.671	(1.95%)	0.671	(1.95%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   20-30	0.787	0.722 (8.30%)	0.785	(0.24%)	0.711	(9.71%)	2.121	(-169.36%)	0.785	(0.24%)	0.710	(9.78%)	0.785	(0.24%)	0.710	(9.78%)	0.720	(8.58%)	0.708	(10.07%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.697	0.733 (-5.05%)	0.698	(-0.14%)	0.690	(0.99%)	0.962	(-38.01%)	0.698	(-0.14%)	0.690	(1.01%)	0.698	(-0.14%)	0.690	(1.01%)	0.686	(1.59%)	0.684	(1.84%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.706	0.713 (-0.97%)	0.703	(0.45%)	0.677	(4.12%)	1.175	(-66.56%)	0.703	(0.45%)	0.678	(3.87%)	0.703	(0.45%)	0.678	(3.87%)	0.673	(4.67%)	0.673	(4.67%)
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	0.916	0.751 (18.02%)	0.903	(1.51%)	0.739	(19.40%)	3.271	(-256.93%)	0.903	(1.51%)	0.738	(19.51%)	0.903	(1.51%)	0.738	(19.51%)	0.736	(19.70%)	0.729	(20.50%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.675	0.722 (-6.94%)	0.682	(-1.01%)	0.673	(0.31%)	0.761	(-12.81%)	0.682	(-1.01%)	0.670	(0.66%)	0.682	(-1.01%)	0.670	(0.66%)	0.678	(-0.56%)	0.670	(0.78%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.680	0.730 (-7.21%)	0.676	(0.60%)	0.680	(0.04%)	0.781	(-14.73%)	0.676	(0.60%)	0.676	(0.60%)	0.676	(0.60%)	0.676	(0.60%)	0.679	(0.23%)	0.678	(0.33%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   20-30	0.689	0.702 (-1.78%)	0.689	(0.08%)	0.679	(1.54%)	0.930	(-34.94%)	0.689	(0.08%)	0.676	(1.93%)	0.689	(0.08%)	0.676	(1.93%)	0.681	(1.23%)	0.679	(1.52%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.662	0.705 (-6.58%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.662	(-0.00%)	0.841	(-27.14%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.664	(-0.38%)	0.659	(0.45%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.681	0.699 (-2.75%)	0.678	(0.44%)	0.665	(2.31%)	0.942	(-38.48%)	0.678	(0.44%)	0.665	(2.31%)	0.678	(0.44%)	0.665	(2.31%)	0.665	(2.25%)	0.665	(2.29%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.763	0.703 (7.86%)	0.761	(0.20%)	0.687	(9.99%)	2.231	(-192.53%)	0.761	(0.20%)	0.687	(9.98%)	0.761	(0.20%)	0.687	(9.98%)	0.696	(8.77%)	0.686	(10.03%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.692	0.730 (-5.48%)	0.693	(-0.14%)	0.682	(1.42%)	0.960	(-38.78%)	0.693	(-0.14%)	0.681	(1.49%)	0.693	(-0.14%)	0.681	(1.49%)	0.677	(2.17%)	0.677	(2.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.697	0.697 (-0.04%)	0.692	(0.61%)	0.669	(4.02%)	1.178	(-69.13%)	0.692	(0.61%)	0.670	(3.88%)	0.692	(0.61%)	0.670	(3.88%)	0.663	(4.84%)	0.663	(4.84%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	0.870	0.706 (18.83%)	0.859	(1.27%)	0.694	(20.28%)	3.944	(-353.21%)	0.859	(1.27%)	0.694	(20.20%)	0.859	(1.27%)	0.694	(20.20%)	0.693	(20.31%)	0.690	(20.65%)

Table 25: Waste (and gain) with C=300s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 2\%$ .

Table 26: Waste (and gain) with C=300s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 1\%$ .

Log			Perio	odic algo	orithms							Bi-pe	riodic algor	rithms					Omniscie	nt oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	$\Pi_I$	ntervals	П	Juantiles	$\Pi_{Be}$	st_period	Bi-I	IIntervals	BI-II	Quantiles	Bi-l	II-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles LAZY	$BI-\Pi_Q$	wantiles LAZY-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Que}$	untiles ORACLE	BI-II-O	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.127	0.145	(-14.07%)	0.128	(-0.44%)	0.127	(0.00%)	0.143	(-11.84%)	0.128	(-0.44%)	0.128	(-0.44%)	0.128	(-0.44%)	0.128	(-0.44%)	0.128	(-0.44%)	0.128	(-0.44%)
LANL 16	0.100	0.112	(-11.99%)	0.101	(-0.65%)	0.100	(0.00%)	0.113	(-12.35%)	0.101	(-0.65%)	0.100	(-0.08%)	0.101	(-0.65%)	0.100	(-0.08%)	0.101	(-0.65%)	0.100	(-0.08%)
LANL 18	0.175	0.190	(-8.46%)	0.177	(-0.67%)	0.175	(0.06%)	0.194	(-10.79%)	0.177	(-0.67%)	0.176	(-0.50%)	0.177	(-0.67%)	0.176	(-0.48%)	0.177	(-0.67%)	0.176	(-0.50%)
LANL 19	0.174	0.187	(-7.09%)	0.174	(0.06%)	0.171	(1.90%)	0.191	(-9.38%)	0.174	(0.06%)	0.171	(1.92%)	0.174	(0.06%)	0.171	(1.94%)	0.174	(0.06%)	0.171	(1.92%)
LANL 20	0.119	0.137	(-15.45%)	0.118	(0.29%)	0.118	(0.35%)	0.145	(-22.40%)	0.118	(0.29%)	0.118	(0.43%)	0.118	(0.29%)	0.118	(0.44%)	0.118	(0.29%)	0.118	(0.43%)
Tsubame	0.122	0.139	(-14.62%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.121	(0.26%)	0.139	(-14.71%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)
Mont Blanc 2	3.717	3.323	(10.62%)	3.731	(-0.38%)	2.969	(20.14%)	4.813	(-29.49%)	3.731	(-0.38%)	2.972	(20.05%)	3.731	(-0.38%)	2.972	(20.05%)	3.727	(-0.25%)	2.967	(20.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.680	0.727	(-7.02%)	0.683	(-0.54%)	0.679	(0.13%)	0.763	(-12.31%)	0.683	(-0.54%)	0.677	(0.35%)	0.683	(-0.54%)	0.677	(0.35%)	0.683	(-0.54%)	0.677	(0.35%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.690	0.741	(-7.41%)	0.687	(0.35%)	0.689	(0.10%)	0.785	(-13.78%)	0.687	(0.35%)	0.687	(0.35%)	0.687	(0.35%)	0.687	(0.35%)	0.687	(0.35%)	0.687	(0.35%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.734	0.747	(-1.88%)	0.733	(0.04%)	0.723	(1.45%)	0.947	(-29.02%)	0.733	(0.04%)	0.721	(1.79%)	0.733	(0.04%)	0.721	(1.79%)	0.733	(0.04%)	0.721	(1.79%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.688	0.729	(-5.85%)	0.690	(-0.27%)	0.688	(-0.00%)	0.855	(-24.24%)	0.690	(-0.27%)	0.690	(-0.27%)	0.690	(-0.27%)	0.690	(-0.27%)	0.690	(-0.27%)	0.690	(-0.27%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.735	0.751	(-2.19%)	0.733	(0.34%)	0.720	(2.04%)	0.954	(-29.71%)	0.733	(0.34%)	0.720	(2.02%)	0.733	(0.34%)	0.720	(2.02%)	0.733	(0.34%)	0.720	(2.02%)
Synth. $\rho = 10$   5.00 %   20-30	1.017	0.958	(5.79%)	1.016	(0.07%)	0.944	(7.15%)	1.601	(-57.43%)	1.016	(0.07%)	0.944	(7.19%)	1.016	(0.07%)	0.944	(7.19%)	1.016	(0.07%)	0.944	(7.19%)
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	0.756	0.790	(-4.50%)	0.754	(0.23%)	0.745	(1.49%)	0.997	(-31.88%)	0.754	(0.23%)	0.746	(1.35%)	0.754	(0.23%)	0.746	(1.35%)	0.754	(0.23%)	0.746	(1.35%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.813	0.805	(0.95%)	0.808	(0.55%)	0.775	(4.68%)	1.171	(-44.08%)	0.808	(0.55%)	0.775	(4.69%)	0.808	(0.55%)	0.775	(4.69%)	0.808	(0.55%)	0.775	(4.69%)
Synth. $\rho = 10$   10.00 %   20-30	1.372	1.200	(12.57%)	1.366	(0.44%)	1.193	(13.07%)	2.129	(-55.22%)	1.366	(0.44%)	1.188	(13.42%)	1.366	(0.44%)	1.188	(13.42%)	1.366	(0.44%)	1.188	(13.42%)
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   3-5	0.676	0.722	(-6.88%)	0.679	(-0.53%)	0.673	(0.38%)	0.762	(-12.84%)	0.679	(-0.53%)	0.672	(0.56%)	0.679	(-0.53%)	0.672	(0.56%)	0.679	(-0.45%)	0.670	(0.91%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.681	0.735	(-7.97%)	0.679	(0.30%)	0.681	(0.00%)	0.781	(-14.78%)	0.679	(0.30%)	0.679	(0.30%)	0.679	(0.30%)	0.679	(0.30%)	0.679	(0.25%)	0.678	(0.32%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.693	0.706	(-1.86%)	0.693	(0.09%)	0.681	(1.75%)	0.931	(-34.22%)	0.693	(0.09%)	0.678	(2.21%)	0.693	(0.09%)	0.678	(2.21%)	0.685	(1.24%)	0.682	(1.63%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   3-5	0.663	0.705	(-6.40%)	0.664	(-0.25%)	0.663	(0.00%)	0.843	(-27.16%)	0.664	(-0.25%)	0.664	(-0.25%)	0.664	(-0.25%)	0.664	(-0.25%)	0.668	(-0.75%)	0.660	(0.44%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.684	0.705	(-3.02%)	0.684	(-0.03%)	0.671	(1.87%)	0.941	(-37.55%)	0.684	(-0.03%)	0.670	(2.01%)	0.684	(-0.03%)	0.670	(2.01%)	0.671	(1.95%)	0.671	(1.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.787	0.722	(8.30%)	0.788	(-0.04%)	0.711	(9.71%)	2.121	(-169.36%)	0.788	(-0.04%)	0.708	(10.08%)	0.788	(-0.04%)	0.708	(10.08%)	0.720	(8.58%)	0.708	(10.07%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.697	0.733	(-5.05%)	0.697	(0.05%)	0.690	(0.99%)	0.962	(-38.01%)	0.697	(0.05%)	0.691	(0.91%)	0.697	(0.05%)	0.691	(0.91%)	0.686	(1.59%)	0.684	(1.84%)
Synth. ρ = 100   10.00 %   3-10	0.706	0.713	(-0.97%)	0.704	(0.29%)	0.677	(4.12%)	1.175	(-66.56%)	0.704	(0.29%)	0.679	(3.85%)	0.704	(0.29%)	0.679	(3.85%)	0.673	(4.67%)	0.673	(4.67%)
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	0.916	0.751	(18.02%)	0.909	(0.80%)	0.739	(19.40%)	3.271	(-256.93%)	0.909	(0.80%)	0.740	(19.26%)	0.909	(0.80%)	0.740	(19.26%)	0.736	(19.70%)	0.729	(20.50%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.675	0.722	(-6.94%)	0.679	(-0.63%)	0.673	(0.31%)	0.761	(-12.81%)	0.679	(-0.63%)	0.671	(0.49%)	0.679	(-0.63%)	0.671	(0.49%)	0.678	(-0.56%)	0.670	(0.78%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-10	0.680	0.730	(-7.21%)	0.678	(0.29%)	0.680	(0.04%)	0.781	(-14.73%)	0.678	(0.29%)	0.678	(0.29%)	0.678	(0.29%)	0.678	(0.29%)	0.679	(0.23%)	0.678	(0.33%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.689	0.702	(-1.78%)	0.689	(-0.02%)	0.679	(1.54%)	0.930	(-34.94%)	0.689	(-0.02%)	0.676	(1.96%)	0.689	(-0.02%)	0.676	(1.96%)	0.681	(1.23%)	0.679	(1.52%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   5.00 %   3-5	0.662	0.705	(-6.58%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.662	(-0.00%)	0.841	(-27.14%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.663	(-0.21%)	0.664	(-0.38%)	0.659	(0.45%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   5.00 %   3-10	0.681	0.699	(-2.75%)	0.680	(0.11%)	0.665	(2.31%)	0.942	(-38.48%)	0.680	(0.11%)	0.664	(2.47%)	0.680	(0.11%)	0.664	(2.47%)	0.665	(2.25%)	0.665	(2.29%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.763	0.703	(7.86%)	0.764	(-0.17%)	0.687	(9.99%)	2.231	(-192.53%)	0.764	(-0.17%)	0.684	(10.27%)	0.764	(-0.17%)	0.684	(10.27%)	0.696	(8.77%)	0.686	(10.03%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.692	0.730	(-5.48%)	0.691	(0.13%)	0.682	(1.42%)	0.960	(-38.78%)	0.691	(0.13%)	0.681	(1.54%)	0.691	(0.13%)	0.681	(1.54%)	0.677	(2.17%)	0.677	(2.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.697	0.697	(-0.04%)	0.694	(0.40%)	0.669	(4.02%)	1.178	(-69.13%)	0.694	(0.40%)	0.670	(3.85%)	0.694	(0.40%)	0.670	(3.85%)	0.663	(4.84%)	0.663	(4.84%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000$   10.00 %   20-30	0.870	0.706	(18.83%)	0.863	(0.79%)	0.694	(20.28%)	3.944	(-353.21%)	0.863	(0.79%)	0.695	(20.16%)	0.863	(0.79%)	0.695	(20.16%)	0.693	(20.31%)	0.690	(20.65%)

Table 27: Waste (and gain) with C=300s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.5\%$ .

Log		Peri	odic algorithms				Bi-periodic algor	rithms		Omniscie	ent oracle
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	II Intervals	$\Pi_{Quantiles}$	$\Pi_{Best,period}$	$BI-\Pi_{Intervals}$	$BI-\Pi_{Quantiles}$	BI-II-BEST	BI-IIQuantilesLAZY	BI-IIQuantilesLAZY-BEST	BI-IIQuantilesORACLE	BI-II-ORACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.127	0.145 (-14.07%)	0.128 (-0.46%)	0.127 (0.00%)	0.143 (-11.84%)	0.128 (-0.46%)	0.128 (-0.46%)	0.128 (-0.46%)	0.128 (-0.46%)	0.128 (-0.46%)	0.128 (-0.46%)
LANL 16	0.100	0.112 (-11.99%)	0.100 (-0.29%)	0.100 (0.00%)	0.113 (-12.35%)	0.100 (-0.29%)	0.100 (0.22%)	0.100 (-0.29%)	0.100 (0.22%)	0.100 (-0.29%)	0.100 (0.22%)
LANL 18	0.175	0.190 (-8.46%)	0.176 (-0.52%)	0.175 (0.06%)	0.194 (-10.79%)	0.176 (-0.52%)	0.176 (-0.48%)	0.176 (-0.52%)	0.176 (-0.48%)	0.176 (-0.52%)	0.176 (-0.48%)
LANL 19	0.174	0.187 (-7.09%)	0.175 (-0.26%)	0.171 (1.90%)	0.191 (-9.38%)	0.175 (-0.26%)	0.171 (1.72%)	0.175 (-0.26%)	0.171 (1.72%)	0.175 (-0.26%)	0.171 (1.72%)
LANL 20	0.119	0.137 (-15.45%)	0.119 (-0.49%)	0.118 (0.35%)	0.145 (-22.40%)	0.119 (-0.49%)	0.118 (0.39%)	0.119 (-0.49%)	0.118 (0.45%)	0.119 (-0.49%)	0.118 (0.39%)
Tsubame	0.122	0.139 (-14.62%)	0.119 (1.81%)	0.121 (0.26%)	0.139 (-14.71%)	0.119 (1.81%)	0.119 (1.81%)	0.119 (1.81%)	0.119 (1.81%)	0.119 (1.81%)	0.119 (1.81%)
Mont Blanc 2	3.717	3.323 (10.62%)	3.731 (-0.38%)	2.969 (20.14%)	4.813 (-29.49%)	3.731 (-0.38%)	2.972 (20.05%)	3.731 (-0.38%)	2.972 (20.05%)	3.727 (-0.25%)	2.967 (20.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.680	0.727 (-7.02%)	0.681 (-0.18%)	0.679 (0.13%)	0.763 (-12.31%)	0.681 (-0.18%)	0.679 (0.12%)	0.681 (-0.18%)	0.679 (0.12%)	0.681 (-0.18%)	0.679 (0.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.690	0.741 (-7.41%)	0.689 (0.14%)	0.689 (0.10%)	0.785 (-13.78%)	0.689 (0.14%)	0.687 (0.31%)	0.689 (0.14%)	0.687 (0.31%)	0.689 (0.14%)	0.687 (0.31%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.734	0.747 (-1.88%)	0.732 (0.21%)	0.723 (1.45%)	0.947 (-29.02%)	0.732 (0.21%)	0.722 (1.62%)	0.732 (0.21%)	0.722 (1.62%)	0.732 (0.21%)	0.722 (1.62%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.688	0.729 (-5.85%)	0.689 (-0.06%)	0.688 (-0.00%)	0.855 (-24.24%)	0.689 (-0.06%)	0.689 (-0.06%)	0.689 (-0.06%)	0.689 (-0.06%)	0.689 (-0.06%)	0.689 (-0.06%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.735	0.751 (-2.19%)	0.735 (0.09%)	0.720 (2.04%)	0.954 (-29.71%)	0.735 (0.09%)	0.720 (2.00%)	0.735 (0.09%)	0.720 (2.00%)	0.735 (0.09%)	0.720 (2.00%)
Synth. $\rho = 10$   5.00 %   20-30	1.017	0.958 (5.79%)	1.015 (0.16%)	0.944 (7.15%)	1.601 (-57.43%)	1.015 (0.16%)	0.944 (7.10%)	1.015 (0.16%)	0.944 (7.10%)	1.015 (0.16%)	0.944 (7.10%)
Synth. ρ = 10   10.00 %   3-5	0.756	0.790 (-4.50%)	0.755 (0.17%)	0.745 (1.49%)	0.997 (-31.88%)	0.755 (0.17%)	0.745 (1.44%)	0.755 (0.17%)	0.745 (1.44%)	0.755 (0.17%)	0.745 (1.44%)
Synth. ρ = 10   10.00 %   3-10	0.813	0.805 (0.95%)	0.812 (0.06%)	0.775 (4.68%)	1.171 (-44.08%)	0.812 (0.06%)	0.775 (4.62%)	0.812 (0.06%)	0.775 (4.62%)	0.812 (0.06%)	0.775 (4.62%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	1.372	1.200 (12.57%)	1.370 (0.16%)	1.193 (13.07%)	2.129 (-55.22%)	1.370 (0.16%)	1.188 (13.39%)	1.370 (0.16%)	1.188 (13.39%)	1.370 (0.16%)	1.188 (13.39%)
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   3-5	0.676	0.722 (-6.88%)	0.677 (-0.21%)	0.673 (0.38%)	0.762 (-12.84%)	0.677 (-0.21%)	0.673 (0.37%)	0.677 (-0.21%)	0.673 (0.37%)	0.679 (-0.45%)	0.670 (0.91%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.681	0.735 (-7.97%)	0.680 (0.10%)	0.681 (0.00%)	0.781 (-14.78%)	0.680 (0.10%)	0.679 (0.23%)	0.680 (0.10%)	0.679 (0.23%)	0.679 (0.25%)	0.678 (0.32%)
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   20-30	0.693	0.706 (-1.86%)	0.691 (0.30%)	0.681 (1.75%)	0.931 (-34.22%)	0.691 (0.30%)	0.680 (1.93%)	0.691 (0.30%)	0.680 (1.93%)	0.685 (1.24%)	0.682 (1.63%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   3-5	0.663	0.705 (-6.40%)	0.663 (-0.04%)	0.663 (0.00%)	0.843 (-27.16%)	0.663 (-0.04%)	0.663 (-0.04%)	0.663 (-0.04%)	0.663 (-0.04%)	0.668 (-0.75%)	0.660 (0.44%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.684	0.705 (-3.02%)	0.686 (-0.32%)	0.671 (1.87%)	0.941 (-37.55%)	0.686 (-0.32%)	0.670 (1.97%)	0.686 (-0.32%)	0.670 (1.97%)	0.671 (1.95%)	0.671 (1.95%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   20-30	0.787	0.722 (8.30%)	0.787 (0.02%)	0.711 (9.71%)	2.121 (-169.36%)	0.787 (0.02%)	0.710 (9.84%)	0.787 (0.02%)	0.710 (9.84%)	0.720 (8.58%)	0.708 (10.07%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.697	0.733 (-5.05%)	0.697 (0.00%)	0.690 (0.99%)	0.962 (-38.01%)	0.697 (0.00%)	0.689 (1.12%)	0.697 (0.00%)	0.689 (1.12%)	0.686 (1.59%)	0.684 (1.84%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.706	0.713 (-0.97%)	0.706 (0.00%)	0.677 (4.12%)	1.175 (-66.56%)	0.706 (0.00%)	0.678 (3.97%)	0.706 (0.00%)	0.678 (3.97%)	0.673 (4.67%)	0.673 (4.67%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.916	0.751 (18.02%)	0.914 (0.23%)	0.739 (19.40%)	3.271 (-256.93%)	0.914 (0.23%)	0.740 (19.20%)	0.914 (0.23%)	0.740 (19.20%)	0.736 (19.70%)	0.729 (20.50%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 1.00 \ \% \mid 3-5$	0.675	0.722 (-6.94%)	0.677 (-0.33%)	0.673 (0.31%)	0.761 (-12.81%)	0.677 (-0.33%)	0.673 (0.30%)	0.677 (-0.33%)	0.673 (0.30%)	0.678 (-0.56%)	0.670 (0.78%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-10	0.680	0.730 (-7.21%)	0.680 (0.09%)	0.680 (0.04%)	0.781 (-14.73%)	0.680 (0.09%)	0.678 (0.30%)	0.680 (0.09%)	0.678 (0.30%)	0.679 (0.23%)	0.678 (0.33%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.689	0.702 (-1.78%)	0.688 (0.22%)	0.679 (1.54%)	0.930 (-34.94%)	0.688 (0.22%)	0.677 (1.72%)	0.688 (0.22%)	0.677 (1.72%)	0.681 (1.23%)	0.679 (1.52%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   5.00 %   3-5	0.662	0.705 (-6.58%)	0.662 (-0.05%)	0.662 (-0.00%)	0.841 (-27.14%)	0.662 (-0.05%)	0.662 (-0.05%)	0.662 (-0.05%)	0.662 (-0.05%)	0.664 (-0.38%)	0.659 (0.45%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   5.00 %   3-10	0.681	0.699 (-2.75%)	0.682 (-0.17%)	0.665 (2.31%)	0.942 (-38.48%)	0.682 (-0.17%)	0.665 (2.29%)	0.682 (-0.17%)	0.665 (2.29%)	0.665 (2.25%)	0.665 (2.29%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.763	0.703 (7.86%)	0.763 (-0.06%)	0.687 (9.99%)	2.231 (-192.53%)	0.763 (-0.06%)	0.685 (10.15%)	0.763 (-0.06%)	0.685 (10.15%)	0.696 (8.77%)	0.686 (10.03%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.692	0.730 (-5.48%)	0.691 (0.09%)	0.682 (1.42%)	0.960 (-38.78%)	0.691 (0.09%)	0.682 (1.41%)	0.691 (0.09%)	0.682 (1.41%)	0.677 (2.17%)	0.677 (2.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.697	0.697 (-0.04%)	0.696 (0.06%)	0.669 (4.02%)	1.178 (-69.13%)	0.696 (0.06%)	0.669 (3.94%)	0.696 (0.06%)	0.669 (3.94%)	0.663 (4.84%)	0.663 (4.84%)
Supth a = 1000 10.00 % 20.20	0.870	0.706 (18.82%)	0.868 (0.22%)	0.604 (20.28%)	2 944 (252 91%)	0.868 (0.22%)	0.696 (20.05%)	0.868 (0.22%)	0.606 (20.05%)	0.602 (20.21%)	0.690 (20.65%)



Table 28: Waste (and gain) with C=300s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.2\%$ .



Log		Perie	odic algor	ithms							Bi-pe	riodic algoi	ithms					Omniscie	nt oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	$\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles	$\Pi_{Bes}$	t,period	Bi-I	I <sub>Intervals</sub>	BI-II	Quantiles	Bi-I	II-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Qu}$	uantiles LAZY	BI- $\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles LAZY-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Qus}$	ntiles ORACLE	BI-II-OF	ACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.127	0.145 (-14.07%)	0.128	(-0.46%)	0.127	(0.00%)	0.143	(-11.84%)	0.128	(-0.46%)	0.128	(-0.46%)	0.128	(-0.46%)	0.128	(-0.46%)	0.128	(-0.46%)	0.128	(-0.46%)
LANL 16	0.100	0.112 (-11.99%)	0.100	(-0.29%)	0.100	(0.00%)	0.113	(-12.35%)	0.100	(-0.29%)	0.100	(0.22%)	0.100	(-0.29%)	0.100	(0.25%)	0.100	(-0.29%)	0.100	(0.22%)
LANL 18	0.175	0.190 (-8.46%)	0.176	(-0.52%)	0.175	(0.06%)	0.194	(-10.79%)	0.176	(-0.52%)	0.176	(-0.48%)	0.176	(-0.52%)	0.176	(-0.48%)	0.176	(-0.52%)	0.176	(-0.48%)
LANL 19	0.174	0.187 (-7.09%)	0.175	(-0.23%)	0.171	(1.90%)	0.191	(-9.38%)	0.175	(-0.23%)	0.171	(1.72%)	0.175	(-0.23%)	0.171	(1.72%)	0.175	(-0.23%)	0.171	(1.72%)
LANL 20	0.119	0.137 (-15.45%)	0.119	(-0.49%)	0.118	(0.35%)	0.145	(-22.40%)	0.119	(-0.49%)	0.118	(0.39%)	0.119	(-0.49%)	0.118	(0.39%)	0.119	(-0.49%)	0.118	(0.39%)
Tsubame	0.122	0.139 (-14.62%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.121	(0.26%)	0.139	(-14.71%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)	0.119	(1.81%)
Mont Blanc 2	3.717	3.323 (10.62%)	3.731	(-0.38%)	2.969	(20.14%)	4.813	(-29.49%)	3.731	(-0.38%)	2.972	(20.05%)	3.731	(-0.38%)	2.972	(20.05%)	3.727	(-0.25%)	2.967	(20.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.680	0.727 (-7.02%)	0.680	(-0.02%)	0.679	(0.13%)	0.763	(-12.31%)	0.680	(-0.02%)	0.680	(-0.02%)	0.680	(-0.02%)	0.680	(-0.02%)	0.680	(-0.02%)	0.680	(-0.02%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.690	0.741 (-7.41%)	0.690	(-0.06%)	0.689	(0.10%)	0.785	(-13.78%)	0.690	(-0.06%)	0.688	(0.30%)	0.690	(-0.06%)	0.688	(0.30%)	0.690	(-0.06%)	0.688	(0.30%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.734	0.747 (-1.88%)	0.733	(0.12%)	0.723	(1.45%)	0.947	(-29.02%)	0.733	(0.12%)	0.723	(1.49%)	0.733	(0.12%)	0.723	(1.49%)	0.733	(0.12%)	0.723	(1.49%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.688	0.729 (-5.85%)	0.688	(0.10%)	0.688	(-0.00%)	0.855	(-24.24%)	0.688	(0.10%)	0.688	(0.10%)	0.688	(0.10%)	0.688	(0.10%)	0.688	(0.10%)	0.688	(0.10%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.735	0.751 (-2.19%)	0.734	(0.11%)	0.720	(2.04%)	0.954	(-29.71%)	0.734	(0.11%)	0.720	(2.12%)	0.734	(0.11%)	0.720	(2.12%)	0.734	(0.11%)	0.720	(2.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	1.017	0.958 (5.79%)	1.017	(-0.05%)	0.944	(7.15%)	1.601	(-57.43%)	1.017	(-0.05%)	0.945	(7.05%)	1.017	(-0.05%)	0.945	(7.05%)	1.017	(-0.05%)	0.945	(7.05%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.756	0.790 (-4.50%)	0.756	(-0.06%)	0.745	(1.49%)	0.997	(-31.88%)	0.756	(-0.06%)	0.746	(1.36%)	0.756	(-0.06%)	0.746	(1.36%)	0.756	(-0.06%)	0.746	(1.36%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.813	0.805 (0.95%)	0.812	(0.07%)	0.775	(4.68%)	1.171	(-44.08%)	0.812	(0.07%)	0.776	(4.57%)	0.812	(0.07%)	0.776	(4.57%)	0.812	(0.07%)	0.776	(4.57%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	1.372	1.200 (12.57%)	1.368	(0.30%)	1.193	(13.07%)	2.129	(-55.22%)	1.368	(0.30%)	1.191	(13.21%)	1.368	(0.30%)	1.191	(13.21%)	1.368	(0.30%)	1.191	(13.21%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.676	0.722 (-6.88%)	0.676	(0.00%)	0.673	(0.38%)	0.762	(-12.84%)	0.676	(0.00%)	0.674	(0.25%)	0.676	(0.00%)	0.674	(0.25%)	0.679	(-0.45%)	0.670	(0.91%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.681	0.735 (-7.97%)	0.681	(-0.04%)	0.681	(0.00%)	0.781	(-14.78%)	0.681	(-0.04%)	0.681	(-0.02%)	0.681	(-0.04%)	0.681	(-0.02%)	0.679	(0.25%)	0.678	(0.32%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.693	0.706 (-1.86%)	0.693	(0.10%)	0.681	(1.75%)	0.931	(-34.22%)	0.693	(0.10%)	0.682	(1.65%)	0.693	(0.10%)	0.682	(1.65%)	0.685	(1.24%)	0.682	(1.63%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.663	0.705 (-6.40%)	0.662	(0.05%)	0.663	(0.00%)	0.843	(-27.16%)	0.662	(0.05%)	0.662	(0.05%)	0.662	(0.05%)	0.662	(0.05%)	0.668	(-0.75%)	0.660	(0.44%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.684	0.705 (-3.02%)	0.684	(0.01%)	0.671	(1.87%)	0.941	(-37.55%)	0.684	(0.01%)	0.672	(1.76%)	0.684	(0.01%)	0.672	(1.76%)	0.671	(1.95%)	0.671	(1.95%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   20-30	0.787	0.722 (8.30%)	0.788	(-0.11%)	0.711	(9.71%)	2.121	(-169.36%)	0.788	(-0.11%)	0.712	(9.62%)	0.788	(-0.11%)	0.712	(9.62%)	0.720	(8.58%)	0.708	(10.07%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.697	0.733 (-5.05%)	0.698	(-0.16%)	0.690	(0.99%)	0.962	(-38.01%)	0.698	(-0.16%)	0.690	(1.07%)	0.698	(-0.16%)	0.690	(1.07%)	0.686	(1.59%)	0.684	(1.84%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.706	0.713 (-0.97%)	0.705	(0.04%)	0.677	(4.12%)	1.175	(-66.56%)	0.705	(0.04%)	0.679	(3.85%)	0.705	(0.04%)	0.679	(3.85%)	0.673	(4.67%)	0.673	(4.67%)
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 20-30$	0.916	0.751 (18.02%)	0.913	(0.43%)	0.739	(19.40%)	3.271	(-256.93%)	0.913	(0.43%)	0.740	(19.28%)	0.913	(0.43%)	0.740	(19.28%)	0.736	(19.70%)	0.729	(20.50%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.675	0.722 (-6.94%)	0.676	(-0.11%)	0.673	(0.31%)	0.761	(-12.81%)	0.676	(-0.11%)	0.674	(0.18%)	0.676	(-0.11%)	0.674	(0.18%)	0.678	(-0.56%)	0.670	(0.78%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.680	0.730 (-7.21%)	0.681	(-0.05%)	0.680	(0.04%)	0.781	(-14.73%)	0.681	(-0.05%)	0.680	(0.04%)	0.681	(-0.05%)	0.680	(0.04%)	0.679	(0.23%)	0.678	(0.33%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   20-30	0.689	0.702 (-1.78%)	0.688	(0.14%)	0.679	(1.54%)	0.930	(-34.94%)	0.688	(0.14%)	0.679	(1.52%)	0.688	(0.14%)	0.679	(1.52%)	0.681	(1.23%)	0.679	(1.52%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.662	0.705 (-6.58%)	0.661	(0.08%)	0.662	(-0.00%)	0.841	(-27.14%)	0.661	(0.08%)	0.661	(0.08%)	0.661	(0.08%)	0.661	(0.08%)	0.664	(-0.38%)	0.659	(0.45%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.681	0.699 (-2.75%)	0.681	(0.01%)	0.665	(2.31%)	0.942	(-38.48%)	0.681	(0.01%)	0.665	(2.32%)	0.681	(0.01%)	0.665	(2.32%)	0.665	(2.25%)	0.665	(2.29%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.763	0.703 (7.86%)	0.764	(-0.10%)	0.687	(9.99%)	2.231	(-192.53%)	0.764	(-0.10%)	0.688	(9.86%)	0.764	(-0.10%)	0.688	(9.86%)	0.696	(8.77%)	0.686	(10.03%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.692	0.730 (-5.48%)	0.693	(-0.16%)	0.682	(1.42%)	0.960	(-38.78%)	0.693	(-0.16%)	0.682	(1.44%)	0.693	(-0.16%)	0.682	(1.44%)	0.677	(2.17%)	0.677	(2.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.697	0.697 (-0.04%)	0.697	(0.03%)	0.669	(4.02%)	1.178	(-69.13%)	0.697	(0.03%)	0.669	(3.97%)	0.697	(0.03%)	0.669	(3.97%)	0.663	(4.84%)	0.663	(4.84%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.870	0.706 (18.83%)	0.866	(0.43%)	0.694	(20.28%)	3.944	(-353.21%)	0.866	(0.43%)	0.695	(20.16%)	0.866	(0.43%)	0.695	(20.16%)	0.693	(20.31%)	0.690	(20.65%)

Table 30: Waste (and gain) with C=30s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 2\%$ .

Log	Periodic II Dalu II Intervals				rithms							Bi-pe	riodic algo	rithms					Omniscie	nt oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	П	Intervals	$\Pi_{G}$	uantiles	$\Pi_{Be}$	st_period	Bi-	II Intervals	BI-I	Quantiles	BI-1	II-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Q_1}$	antiles LAZY	$BI-\Pi_Q$	uantiles LAZY-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Qu}$	antilesORACLE	ВІ-П-О	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.037	0.042	(-13.64%)	0.037	(0.26%)	0.037	(0.49%)	0.041	(-10.60%)	0.038	(-2.72%)	0.037	(0.52%)	0.037	(0.35%)	0.037	(0.86%)	0.037	(0.38%)	0.037	(0.64%)
LANL 16	0.030	0.033	(-11.25%)	0.030	(0.22%)	0.030	(0.67%)	0.033	(-10.43%)	0.030	(-1.36%)	0.030	(1.32%)	0.030	(0.16%)	0.030	(1.36%)	0.030	(0.37%)	0.030	(0.89%)
LANL 18	0.050	0.055	(-9.85%)	0.050	(-0.62%)	0.050	(0.10%)	0.054	(-9.13%)	0.052	(-4.90%)	0.050	(0.46%)	0.050	(-0.78%)	0.049	(0.66%)	0.050	(-0.38%)	0.049	(0.71%)
LANL 19	0.049	0.052	(-6.11%)	0.049	(0.60%)	0.049	(1.08%)	0.053	(-6.93%)	0.052	(-4.44%)	0.048	(2.47%)	0.049	(0.44%)	0.049	(1.33%)	0.049	(0.94%)	0.049	(1.54%)
LANL 20	0.035	0.040	(-13.47%)	0.035	(-0.25%)	0.035	(1.12%)	0.042	(-20.95%)	0.036	(-3.04%)	0.035	(1.53%)	0.035	(-0.76%)	0.034	(1.95%)	0.035	(-0.17%)	0.034	(1.62%)
Tsubame	0.035	0.040	(-15.42%)	0.038	(-7.98%)	0.035	(-0.00%)	0.040	(-15.53%)	0.038	(-9.12%)	0.035	(-1.40%)	0.038	(-8.08%)	0.035	(-1.21%)	0.038	(-7.85%)	0.035	(-1.44%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.716	1.774	(-147.57%)	0.715	(0.21%)	0.642	(10.32%)	0.643	(10.23%)	0.715	(0.21%)	0.646	(9.78%)	0.715	(0.21%)	0.646	( <mark>9.78%</mark> )	0.713	(0.51%)	0.646	(9.88%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.150	0.158	(-5.72%)	0.151	(-0.66%)	0.150	(0.13%)	0.167	(-11.50%)	0.151	(-0.66%)	0.149	(0.38%)	0.151	(-0.66%)	0.149	(0.56%)	0.151	(-0.60%)	0.149	(0.43%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.154	0.162	(-5.36%)	0.155	(-1.00%)	0.152	(0.85%)	0.172	(-12.17%)	0.155	(-1.00%)	0.154	(-0.11%)	0.155	(-1.00%)	0.153	(0.13%)	0.155	(-0.96%)	0.154	(-0.06%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.168	0.179	(-6.97%)	0.167	(0.23%)	0.167	(0.41%)	0.203	(-21.14%)	0.167	(0.23%)	0.166	(0.80%)	0.167	(0.23%)	0.166	(1.24%)	0.167	(0.25%)	0.166	(0.85%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.158	0.164	(-3.46%)	0.158	(0.30%)	0.158	(-0.00%)	0.188	(-18.59%)	0.158	(0.30%)	0.158	(0.30%)	0.158	(0.30%)	0.158	(0.45%)	0.158	(0.35%)	0.158	(0.35%)
Synth. $\rho = 10$   5.00 %   3-10	0.168	0.177	(-5.39%)	0.168	(0.32%)	0.166	(1.29%)	0.205	(-21.84%)	0.168	(0.32%)	0.167	(0.77%)	0.168	(0.32%)	0.167	(0.77%)	0.168	(0.33%)	0.167	(0.78%)
Synth. $\rho = 10$   5.00 %   20-30	0.231	0.254	(-10.09%)	0.230	(0.26%)	0.229	(1.02%)	0.305	(-32.16%)	0.230	(0.26%)	0.228	(1.19%)	0.230	(0.26%)	0.228	(1.19%)	0.230	(0.28%)	0.228	(1.24%)
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	0.177	0.184	(-4.31%)	0.175	(1.26%)	0.172	(2.62%)	0.210	(-18.81%)	0.175	(1.26%)	0.173	(2.22%)	0.175	(1.26%)	0.172	(2.54%)	0.175	(1.27%)	0.173	(2.23%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.191	0.205	(-7.61%)	0.190	(0.43%)	0.189	(0.74%)	0.244	(-27.78%)	0.190	(0.43%)	0.190	(0.68%)	0.190	(0.43%)	0.189	(0.76%)	0.190	(0.46%)	0.190	(0.70%)
Synth. $\rho = 10$   10.00 %   20-30	0.305	0.351	(-14.95%)	0.305	(0.19%)	0.302	(0.91%)	0.384	(-25.72%)	0.305	(0.19%)	0.302	(1.00%)	0.305	(0.19%)	0.302	(1.00%)	0.305	(0.23%)	0.302	(1.06%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.148	0.156	(-5.66%)	0.149	(-0.69%)	0.148	(0.15%)	0.166	(-12.24%)	0.149	(-0.69%)	0.147	(0.26%)	0.149	(-0.69%)	0.147	(0.26%)	0.148	(-0.27%)	0.147	(0.50%)
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   3-10	0.150	0.158	(-5.57%)	0.151	(-0.88%)	0.149	(0.79%)	0.170	(-13.55%)	0.151	(-0.88%)	0.150	(-0.15%)	0.151	(-0.88%)	0.150	(-0.15%)	0.150	(0.10%)	0.149	(0.86%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.154	0.161	(-4.40%)	0.153	(0.21%)	0.150	(2.21%)	0.200	(-29.71%)	0.153	(0.21%)	0.150	(2.62%)	0.153	(0.21%)	0.150	(2.62%)	0.151	(1.71%)	0.150	(2.63%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   3-5	0.149	0.153	(-2.57%)	0.149	(0.26%)	0.149	(0.41%)	0.184	(-23.30%)	0.149	(0.26%)	0.148	(0.64%)	0.149	(0.26%)	0.148	(0.64%)	0.149	(-0.19%)	0.147	(1.42%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   3-10	0.153	0.156	(-2.20%)	0.153	(-0.08%)	0.150	(1.50%)	0.202	(-32.65%)	0.153	(-0.08%)	0.150	(1.83%)	0.153	(-0.08%)	0.150	(1.83%)	0.150	(1.93%)	0.150	(1.93%)
Synth. ρ = 100   5.00 %   20-30	0.181	0.170	(6.23%)	0.181	(0.06%)	0.164	(9.60%)	0.386	(-113.02%)	0.181	(0.06%)	0.163	(9.78%)	0.181	(0.06%)	0.163	(9.78%)	0.162	(10.26%)	0.161	(11.31%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.159	0.159	(-0.28%)	0.157	(1.49%)	0.153	(4.01%)	0.206	(-29.68%)	0.157	(1.49%)	0.153	(3.97%)	0.157	(1.49%)	0.153	(3.97%)	0.151	(5.20%)	0.151	(5.30%)
Synth. ρ = 100   10.00 %   3-10	0.161	0.163	(-0.96%)	0.160	(0.57%)	0.153	(4.87%)	0.244	(-51.22%)	0.160	(0.57%)	0.152	(5.85%)	0.160	(0.57%)	0.152	(5.85%)	0.149	(7.27%)	0.149	(7.27%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.212	0.187	(12.02%)	0.212	(0.05%)	0.180	(15.33%)	0.541	(-154.44%)	0.212	(0.05%)	0.180	(15.26%)	0.212	(0.05%)	0.180	(15.26%)	0.172	(19.07%)	0.172	(19.07%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-5	0.147	0.156	(-5.79%)	0.148	(-0.69%)	0.147	(0.28%)	0.166	(-12.32%)	0.148	(-0.69%)	0.147	(0.26%)	0.148	(-0.69%)	0.147	(0.26%)	0.148	(-0.33%)	0.147	(0.47%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-10	0.149	0.158	(-5.75%)	0.151	(-1.04%)	0.148	(0.67%)	0.170	(-13.91%)	0.151	(-1.04%)	0.150	(-0.19%)	0.151	(-1.04%)	0.150	(-0.19%)	0.150	(-0.19%)	0.148	(0.61%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.151	0.158	(-4.45%)	0.151	(0.30%)	0.147	(2.37%)	0.198	(-30.89%)	0.151	(0.30%)	0.147	(2.76%)	0.151	(0.30%)	0.147	(2.76%)	0.149	(1.60%)	0.147	(2.43%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.147	0.150	(-2.05%)	0.147	(0.03%)	0.146	(0.71%)	0.182	(-23.49%)	0.147	(0.03%)	0.146	(0.57%)	0.147	(0.03%)	0.146	(0.57%)	0.148	(-0.54%)	0.145	(1.46%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.149	0.153	(-2.45%)	0.149	(0.07%)	0.147	(1.46%)	0.200	(-33.77%)	0.149	(0.07%)	0.147	(1.61%)	0.149	(0.07%)	0.147	(1.61%)	0.148	(1.20%)	0.147	(1.43%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.168	0.156	(7.21%)	0.168	(0.18%)	0.151	(10.14%)	0.388	(-131.15%)	0.168	(0.18%)	0.150	(10.48%)	0.168	(0.18%)	0.150	(10.48%)	0.153	(9.12%)	0.150	(10.55%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.155	0.155	(-0.01%)	0.153	(1.40%)	0.149	(3.76%)	0.202	(-30.48%)	0.153	(1.40%)	0.149	(3.96%)	0.153	(1.40%)	0.149	(3.96%)	0.148	(4.18%)	0.148	(4.81%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.154	0.156	(-1.19%)	0.153	(0.57%)	0.147	(4.50%)	0.239	(-55.31%)	0.153	(0.57%)	0.146	(5.59%)	0.153	(0.57%)	0.146	(5.59%)	0.145	(5.84%)	0.145	(5.84%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.186	0.160	(13.83%)	0.186	(-0.13%)	0.153	(17.56%)	0.598	(-222.20%)	0.186	(-0.13%)	0.154	(17.06%)	0.186	(-0.13%)	0.154	(17.06%)	0.152	(18.25%)	0.152	(18.25%)



Table 31: Waste (and gain) with C=30s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 1\%$ .





Table 33: Waste (and gain) with C=30s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.2\%$ .

Log			Perio	dic algor	rithms							Bi-per	iodic algori	ithms					Omniscie	ent oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	II Inter	vals	$\Pi_Q$	uantiles	$\Pi_{Be}$	st_period	BI-I	II <sub>Intervals</sub>	Bi-I	I <sub>Quantiles</sub>	BI-I	I-Best	$Bi-\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles LAZY	$BI-\Pi_{Q_1}$	antiles LAZY-BEST	BI- $\Pi_{Qu}$	untiles ORACLE	Ві-П-Оі	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.037	0.042 (-	13.64%)	0.037	(0.27%)	0.037	(0.49%)	0.041	(-10.60%)	0.038	(-1.72%)	0.037	(0.47%)	0.037	(0.28%)	0.037	(0.54%)	0.037	(0.28%)	0.037	(0.49%)
LANL 16	0.030	0.033 (-	11.25%)	0.030	(0.94%)	0.030	(0.67%)	0.033	(-10.43%)	0.030	(-0.30%)	0.030	(1.33%)	0.030	(0.91%)	0.030	(1.38%)	0.030	(0.94%)	0.030	(1.33%)
LANL 18	0.050	0.055 (	-9.85%)	0.049	(0.88%)	0.050	(0.10%)	0.054	(-9.13%)	0.051	(-2.21%)	0.049	(0.88%)	0.049	(0.88%)	0.049	(0.88%)	0.049	(0.88%)	0.049	(0.88%)
LANL 19	0.049	0.052 (	-6.11%)	0.049	(-0.18%)	0.049	(1.08%)	0.053	(-6.93%)	0.050	(-1.78%)	0.049	(1.05%)	0.049	(-0.18%)	0.049	(1.05%)	0.049	(-0.18%)	0.049	(1.05%)
LANL 20	0.035	0.040 (-	13.47%)	0.035	(1.03%)	0.035	(1.12%)	0.042	(-20.95%)	0.035	(-0.84%)	0.035	(1.34%)	0.035	(1.04%)	0.035	(1.08%)	0.035	(1.03%)	0.035	(1.03%)
Tsubame	0.035	0.040 (-	15.42%)	0.038	(-9.64%)	0.035	(-0.00%)	0.040	(-15.53%)	0.038	(-10.32%)	0.035	(-1.53%)	0.038	(-9.61%)	0.035	(-1.73%)	0.038	(-9.64%)	0.036	(-1.80%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.716	1.774 (-14	47.57%)	0.716	(0.07%)	0.642	(10.32%)	0.643	(10.23%)	0.716	(0.07%)	0.648	( <mark>9.51%</mark> )	0.716	(0.07%)	0.648	(9.51%)	0.715	(0.22%)	0.648	( <mark>9.60%</mark> )
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.150	0.158 (	-5.72%)	0.150	(0.02%)	0.150	(0.13%)	0.167	(-11.50%)	0.150	(0.02%)	0.149	(0.23%)	0.150	(0.02%)	0.149	(0.24%)	0.150	(0.02%)	0.149	(0.23%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.154	0.162 (	-5.36%)	0.154	(-0.28%)	0.152	(0.85%)	0.172	(-12.17%)	0.154	(-0.28%)	0.152	(0.88%)	0.154	(-0.28%)	0.152	(0.89%)	0.154	(-0.28%)	0.152	(0.88%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.168	0.179 (	-6.97%)	0.168	(0.07%)	0.167	(0.41%)	0.203	(-21.14%)	0.168	(0.07%)	0.167	(0.42%)	0.168	(0.07%)	0.167	(0.42%)	0.168	(0.07%)	0.167	(0.42%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.158	0.164 (	-3.46%)	0.158	(0.26%)	0.158	(-0.00%)	0.188	(-18.59%)	0.158	(0.26%)	0.158	(0.26%)	0.158	(0.26%)	0.158	(0.26%)	0.158	(0.26%)	0.158	(0.26%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.168	0.177 (	-5.39%)	0.168	(-0.09%)	0.166	(1.29%)	0.205	(-21.84%)	0.168	(-0.09%)	0.166	(1.24%)	0.168	(-0.09%)	0.166	(1.24%)	0.168	(-0.09%)	0.166	(1.24%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.231	0.254 (-	10.09%)	0.231	(-0.00%)	0.229	(1.02%)	0.305	(-32.16%)	0.231	(-0.00%)	0.229	(1.02%)	0.231	(-0.00%)	0.229	(1.02%)	0.231	(-0.00%)	0.229	(1.02%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.177	0.184 (	-4.31%)	0.177	(0.16%)	0.172	(2.62%)	0.210	(-18.81%)	0.177	(0.16%)	0.172	(2.60%)	0.177	(0.16%)	0.172	(2.60%)	0.177	(0.16%)	0.172	(2.60%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.191	0.205 (	-7.61%)	0.191	(-0.11%)	0.189	(0.74%)	0.244	(-27.78%)	0.191	(-0.11%)	0.189	(0.77%)	0.191	(-0.11%)	0.189	(0.77%)	0.191	(-0.11%)	0.189	(0.77%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.305	0.351 (-	14.95%)	0.305	(0.04%)	0.302	(0.91%)	0.384	(-25.72%)	0.305	(0.04%)	0.302	(1.04%)	0.305	(0.04%)	0.302	(1.04%)	0.305	(0.04%)	0.302	(1.04%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.148	0.156 (	-5.66%)	0.148	(0.05%)	0.148	(0.15%)	0.166	(-12.24%)	0.148	(0.05%)	0.147	(0.28%)	0.148	(0.05%)	0.147	(0.28%)	0.148	(-0.27%)	0.147	(0.50%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.150	0.158 (	-5.57%)	0.151	(-0.30%)	0.149	(0.79%)	0.170	(-13.55%)	0.151	(-0.30%)	0.149	(0.80%)	0.151	(-0.30%)	0.149	(0.80%)	0.150	(0.10%)	0.149	(0.86%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.154	0.161 (	-4.40%)	0.154	(-0.00%)	0.150	(2.21%)	0.200	(-29.71%)	0.154	(-0.00%)	0.150	(2.29%)	0.154	(-0.00%)	0.150	(2.29%)	0.151	(1.71%)	0.150	(2.63%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.149	0.153 (	-2.57%)	0.149	(0.26%)	0.149	(0.41%)	0.184	(-23.30%)	0.149	(0.26%)	0.148	(0.47%)	0.149	(0.26%)	0.148	(0.47%)	0.149	(-0.19%)	0.147	(1.42%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.153	0.156 (	-2.20%)	0.153	(-0.30%)	0.150	(1.50%)	0.202	(-32.65%)	0.153	(-0.30%)	0.150	(1.61%)	0.153	(-0.30%)	0.150	(1.61%)	0.150	(1.93%)	0.150	(1.93%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.181	0.170	(6.23%)	0.181	(-0.06%)	0.164	( <mark>9.60%</mark> )	0.386	(-113.02%)	0.181	(-0.06%)	0.164	( <mark>9.37%</mark> )	0.181	(-0.06%)	0.164	(9.37%)	0.162	(10.26%)	0.161	(11.31%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.159	0.159 (	-0.28%)	0.159	(0.20%)	0.153	(4.01%)	0.206	(-29.68%)	0.159	(0.20%)	0.152	(4.13%)	0.159	(0.20%)	0.152	(4.13%)	0.151	(5.20%)	0.151	(5.30%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.161	0.163 (	-0.96%)	0.161	(0.03%)	0.153	(4.87%)	0.244	(-51.22%)	0.161	(0.03%)	0.153	(4.96%)	0.161	(0.03%)	0.153	(4.96%)	0.149	(7.27%)	0.149	(7.27%)
Synth. ρ = 100   10.00 %   20-30	0.212	0.187 (	12.02%)	0.212	(0.12%)	0.180	(15.33%)	0.541	(-154.44%)	0.212	(0.12%)	0.180	(15.29%)	0.212	(0.12%)	0.180	(15.29%)	0.172	(19.07%)	0.172	(19.07%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-5	0.147	0.156 (	-5.79%)	0.147	(0.06%)	0.147	(0.28%)	0.166	(-12.32%)	0.147	(0.06%)	0.147	(0.43%)	0.147	(0.06%)	0.147	(0.43%)	0.148	(-0.33%)	0.147	(0.47%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.149	0.158 (	-5.75%)	0.150	(-0.43%)	0.148	(0.67%)	0.170	(-13.91%)	0.150	(-0.43%)	0.148	(0.70%)	0.150	(-0.43%)	0.148	(0.70%)	0.150	(-0.19%)	0.148	(0.61%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.151	0.158 (	-4.45%)	0.151	(0.07%)	0.147	(2.37%)	0.198	(-30.89%)	0.151	(0.07%)	0.147	(2.47%)	0.151	(0.07%)	0.147	(2.47%)	0.149	(1.60%)	0.147	(2.43%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.147	0.150 (	-2.05%)	0.147	(0.26%)	0.146	(0.71%)	0.182	(-23.49%)	0.147	(0.26%)	0.146	(0.83%)	0.147	(0.26%)	0.146	(0.83%)	0.148	(-0.54%)	0.145	(1.46%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.149	0.153 (	-2.45%)	0.150	(-0.20%)	0.147	(1.46%)	0.200	(-33.77%)	0.150	(-0.20%)	0.147	(1.46%)	0.150	(-0.20%)	0.147	(1.46%)	0.148	(1.20%)	0.147	(1.43%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.168	0.156	(7.21%)	0.168	(-0.06%)	0.151	(10.14%)	0.388	(-131.15%)	0.168	(-0.06%)	0.151	(9.91%)	0.168	(-0.06%)	0.151	(9.91%)	0.153	(9.12%)	0.150	(10.55%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.155	0.155 (	-0.01%)	0.155	(0.27%)	0.149	(3.76%)	0.202	(-30.48%)	0.155	(0.27%)	0.149	(3.86%)	0.155	(0.27%)	0.149	(3.86%)	0.148	(4.18%)	0.148	(4.81%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.154	0.156 (	-1.19%)	0.154	(-0.02%)	0.147	(4.50%)	0.239	(-55.31%)	0.154	(-0.02%)	0.147	(4.67%)	0.154	(-0.02%)	0.147	(4.67%)	0.145	(5.84%)	0.145	(5.84%)
Sumth $a = 1000   10.00 \%   20.20$	0.186	0.160 (	12 9202)	0.185	(0.10%)	0.152	(17.56%)	0.509	( 222 20%)	0.195	(0.10%)	0.152	(17.40%)	0.195	(0.10%)	0.152	(17.40%)	0.152	(18.95%)	0.152	(18.95%)



Table 34: Waste (and gain) with C=30s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.1\%$ .

Table 35: Waste (and gain) with C=3s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 2\%$ .

Log		Perio	dic algorithms						Bi-per	iodic algo	ithms				Omniscie	nt oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	II <sub>Quantiles</sub> I	Best_period	Bi-	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	BI-II	Quantiles	Bi-I	I-Best	BI- $\Pi_{Qu}$	untiles LAZY	BI-IIQuantilesLAZY-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Qu}$	untiles ORACLE	BI-II-O	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.012	0.013 (-11.94%)	0.011 (0.28%) 0.01	1 (0.83%)	0.013	(-10.41%)	0.012	(-4.18%)	0.011	(1.42%)	0.011	(0.34%)	0.011 (1.16%)	0.011	(0.76%)	0.011	(1.45%)
LANL 16	0.009	0.011 (-14.17%)	0.009 (-0.23%) 0.00	9 (0.54%)	0.010	(-11.20%)	0.010	(-4.48%)	0.009	(0.97%)	0.009	(-0.57%)	0.009 (0.21%)	0.009	(0.37%)	0.009	(0.37%)
LANL 18	0.015	0.017 (-10.27%)	0.015 (-0.00%) 0.01	5 (0.00%)	0.016	(-9.06%)	0.016	(-6.41%)	0.015	(3.37%)	0.015	(-0.23%)	0.015 (1.12%)	0.015	(0.94%)	0.015	(1.74%)
LANL 19	0.015	0.016 (-8.82%)	0.015 (0.86%) 0.01	5 (1.05%)	0.016	(-8.50%)	0.016	(-6.69%)	0.014	(3.41%)	0.015	(0.68%)	0.015 (0.94%)	0.015	(1.87%)	0.015	(1.87%)
LANL 20	0.011	0.012 (-13.00%)	0.011 (0.08%) 0.01	1 (1.97%)	0.013	(-19.57%)	0.011	(-3.30%)	0.011	(1.61%)	0.011	(-0.18%)	0.011 (0.89%)	0.011	(0.48%)	0.011	(0.81%)
Tsubame	0.011	0.012 (-7.71%)	0.011 (0.65%) 0.01	1 (4.63%)	0.012	(-11.97%)	0.012	(-3.33%)	0.011	(3.30%)	0.011	(0.38%)	0.011 (1.63%)	0.011	(1.20%)	0.011	(2.05%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.127	0.426 (-236.07%)	0.132 (-3.90%) 0.12	7 (-0.00%)	0.113	(10.65%)	0.132	(-3.90%)	0.132	(-3.90%)	0.132	(-3.90%)	0.132 (-3.90%)	0.131	(-3.72%)	0.131	(-3.72%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045 (-5.06%)	0.043 (-0.46%) 0.04	3 (0.02%)	0.048	(-11.28%)	0.045	(-5.85%)	0.043	(0.72%)	0.043	(-0.67%)	0.043 (0.86%)	0.043	(-0.12%)	0.043	(1.07%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.044	0.046 (-5.76%)	0.044 (-0.11%) 0.04	4 (0.50%)	0.049	(-11.19%)	0.046	(-5.68%)	0.043	(1.14%)	0.044	(-0.39%)	0.043 (1.48%)	0.044	(0.15%)	0.043	(1.42%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.051 (-7.49%)	0.048 (-0.37%) 0.04	8 (0.27%)	0.057	(-19.41%)	0.049	(-3.62%)	0.048	(0.35%)	0.048	(-0.44%)	0.047 (0.46%)	0.048	(-0.25%)	0.048	(0.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.045	0.049 (-8.06%)	0.046 (-0.03%) 0.04	5 (0.14%)	0.053	(-15.67%)	0.047	(-3.93%)	0.045	(0.75%)	0.045	(-0.01%)	0.045 (1.11%)	0.045	(0.18%)	0.045	(0.97%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.048	0.052 (-8.21%)	0.048 (-0.00%) 0.04	8 (0.40%)	0.058	(-20.25%)	0.049	(-1.88%)	0.048	(0.01%)	0.048	(-0.27%)	0.048 (0.37%)	0.048	(0.04%)	0.048	(0.06%)
Synth. ρ = 10   5.00 %   20-30	0.065	0.074 (-14.12%)	0.065 (- $0.10%$ ) $0.06$	4 (1.22%)	0.082	(-26.29%)	0.066	(-2.21%)	0.064	(1.17%)	0.065	(-0.12%)	0.064 (1.41%)	0.065	(-0.07%)	0.064	(1.21%)
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	0.050	0.055 (-9.32%)	0.050 (-0.29%) 0.05	0 (0.03%)	0.059	(-18.87%)	0.051	(-2.89%)	0.050	(0.76%)	0.050	(-0.27%)	0.049 (1.33%)	0.050	(-0.19%)	0.050	(0.86%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.054	0.061 (-11.79%)	0.054 ( $0.30%$ ) $0.05$	4 (-0.00%)	0.068	(-24.51%)	0.056	(-2.73%)	0.054	(0.30%)	0.054	(0.17%)	0.054 (0.30%)	0.054	(0.36%)	0.054	(0.36%)
Synth. $\rho = 10 \mid 10.00 \ \% \mid 20-30$	0.085	0.107 (-26.46%)	0.084 (0.44%) 0.08	4  (0.97%)	0.100	(-18.56%)	0.086	(-2.28%)	0.084	(0.67%)	0.084	(0.26%)	0.084 (0.94%)	0.084	(0.46%)	0.084	(0.71%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045 (-4.64%)	0.043 (-0.36%) 0.04	3 (-0.00%)	0.047	(-11.46%)	0.044	(-4.18%)	0.042	(1.02%)	0.043	(-0.34%)	0.042 (1.26%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.042	(1.92%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045 (-4.91%)	0.043 (-0.29%) 0.04	3 (0.75%)	0.049	(-13.14%)	0.044	(-2.39%)	0.042	(1.33%)	0.043	(-0.28%)	0.042 (1.91%)	0.043	(0.43%)	0.042	(1.87%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.045	0.047 (-2.74%)	0.045 (-0.22%) 0.04	5 (1.24%)	0.057	(-26.51%)	0.045	(-0.22%)	0.045	(1.24%)	0.045	(-0.22%)	0.044 (2.11%)	0.043	(4.85%)	0.043	(6.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045 (-4.07%)	0.044 (-0.16%) 0.04	3 (0.57%)	0.052	(-19.93%)	0.044	(-0.16%)	0.043	(0.77%)	0.044	(-0.16%)	0.043 (1.48%)	0.042	(4.04%)	0.042	(4.76%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.047 (-4.58%)	0.045 ( $0.35%$ ) $0.04$	4 (1.96%)	0.058	(-28.69%)	0.045	(0.35%)	0.045	(1.43%)	0.045	(0.35%)	0.044 (2.01%)	0.042	(7.26%)	0.042	(7.26%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.057	0.056 (2.26%)	0.057 ( $0.40%$ ) $0.05$	4 (5.13%)	0.105	(-82.97%)	0.057	(0.40%)	0.054	(5.39%)	0.057	(0.40%)	0.054 (5.48%)	0.045	(22.36%)	0.044	(23.24%)
Synth. $\rho = 100 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	0.047	0.049 (-4.30%)	0.047 (-0.20%) 0.04	6 (1.22%)	0.059	(-26.70%)	0.047	(-0.20%)	0.046	(1.56%)	0.047	(-0.20%)	0.046 (2.34%)	0.043	(8.74%)	0.043	(9.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.050	0.050 (-0.29%)	0.050 (0.23%) $0.04$	8 (2.93%)	0.070	(-41.77%)	0.050	(0.23%)	0.048	(3.38%)	0.050	(0.23%)	0.048 (3.86%)	0.043	(13.03%)	0.043	(13.95%)
Synth. ρ = 100   10.00 %   20-30	0.072	0.070 (2.69%)	0.072 ( $0.31%$ ) $0.06$	7 (6.67%)	0.142	(-96.20%)	0.072	(0.31%)	0.068	(6.66%)	0.072	(0.31%)	0.067 (7.13%)	0.047	(35.11%)	0.046	(36.32%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.042	0.044 (-4.32%)	0.042 (-0.55%) 0.04	2 (0.00%)	0.047	(-11.82%)	0.042	(-0.55%)	0.042	(0.88%)	0.042	(-0.55%)	0.042 (0.88%)	0.043	(-1.01%)	0.042	(1.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045 (-5.05%)	0.043 (-0.18%) 0.04	2 (0.73%)	0.048	(-13.63%)	0.043	(-0.18%)	0.042	(1.33%)	0.043	(-0.18%)	0.042 (1.33%)	0.043	(-0.74%)	0.042	(0.72%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.043	0.044 (-3.27%)	0.043 (-0.30%) 0.04	2 (1.38%)	0.056	(-30.10%)	0.043	(-0.30%)	0.042	(1.34%)	0.043	(-0.30%)	0.042 (1.34%)	0.043	(-0.24%)	0.042	(1.16%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.042	0.044 (-3.28%)	0.042 (0.01%) 0.04	2 (0.71%)	0.051	(-21.59%)	0.042	(0.01%)	0.042	(1.60%)	0.042	(0.01%)	0.042 (1.60%)	0.042	(1.28%)	0.041	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.044 (-4.00%)	0.043 (0.06%) 0.04	2 (2.13%)	0.057	(-32.72%)	0.043	(0.06%)	0.042	(1.91%)	0.043	(0.06%)	0.042 (1.91%)	0.042	(1.89%)	0.042	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.045 (7.65%)	0.048 (0.73%) 0.04	4 (9.35%)	0.105	(-117.34%)	0.048	(0.73%)	0.044	(9.28%)	0.048	(0.73%)	0.044 (9.28%)	0.044	(9.15%)	0.043	(10.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045 (-4.17%)	0.044 (-0.24%) 0.04	3 (1.78%)	0.057	(-31.06%)	0.044	(-0.24%)	0.043	(1.85%)	0.044	(-0.24%)	0.043 (1.85%)	0.042	(2.96%)	0.042	(3.05%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.044 (0.90%)	0.044 (0.85%) 0.04	2 (4.65%)	0.068	(-51.68%)	0.044	(0.85%)	0.043	(4.52%)	0.044	(0.85%)	0.043 (4.52%)	0.043	(3.51%)	0.042	(4.69%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.054	0.046 (14.90%)	0.054 (0.63%) 0.04	5 (16.81%)	0.153	(-182.26%)	0.054	(0.63%)	0.046	(15.97%)	0.054	(0.63%)	0.046 (15.97%)	0.045	(16.57%)	0.044	(18.22%)

Table 36: Waste (and gain) with C=3s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 1\%$ .

Log			Perio	dic algo	rithms							Bi-pe	riodic algo	rithms					Omniscie	ent oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	П	Intervals	$\Pi_Q$	uantiles	$\Pi_{Be}$	st_period	BI-	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	Bi-I	Quantiles	BI-	II-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles LAZY	BI- $\Pi_{Que}$	antiles LAZY-BEST	BI- $\Pi_{Qua}$	ntiles ORACLE	ВІ-П-О	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.012	0.013	(-11.94%)	0.012	(0.01%)	0.011	(0.83%)	0.013	(-10.41%)	0.012	(-3.25%)	0.011	(1.53%)	0.012	(-0.11%)	0.011	(0.25%)	0.011	(0.23%)	0.011	(0.32%)
LANL 16	0.009	0.011	(-14.17%)	0.009	(0.06%)	0.009	(0.54%)	0.010	(-11.20%)	0.009	(-2.76%)	0.009	(3.02%)	0.009	(-0.03%)	0.009	(0.64%)	0.009	(0.22%)	0.009	(0.36%)
LANL 18	0.015	0.017	(-10.27%)	0.015	(-0.39%)	0.015	(0.00%)	0.016	(-9.06%)	0.016	(-5.46%)	0.015	(0.87%)	0.015	(-0.68%)	0.015	(0.95%)	0.015	(-0.18%)	0.015	(1.08%)
LANL 19	0.015	0.016	(-8.82%)	0.015	(-0.04%)	0.015	(1.05%)	0.016	(-8.50%)	0.016	(-6.60%)	0.014	(4.70%)	0.015	(-0.07%)	0.015	(0.70%)	0.015	(0.54%)	0.015	(1.15%)
LANL 20	0.011	0.012	(-13.00%)	0.011	(0.16%)	0.011	(1.97%)	0.013	(-19.57%)	0.011	(-2.94%)	0.011	(1.46%)	0.011	(0.07%)	0.011	(0.60%)	0.011	(0.32%)	0.011	(0.39%)
Tsubame	0.011	0.012	(-7.71%)	0.011	(-1.49%)	0.011	(4.63%)	0.012	(-11.97%)	0.011	(0.01%)	0.011	(3.83%)	0.011	(-1.10%)	0.011	(4.00%)	0.011	(-1.33%)	0.011	(3.99%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.127	0.426	(-236.07%)	0.132	(-4.41%)	0.127	(-0.00%)	0.113	(10.65%)	0.132	(-4.41%)	0.132	(-4.05%)	0.132	(-4.41%)	0.132	(-4.05%)	0.132	(-4.33%)	0.132	(-3.98%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045	(-5.06%)	0.043	(-0.57%)	0.043	(0.02%)	0.048	(-11.28%)	0.045	(-4.38%)	0.043	(0.10%)	0.043	(-0.50%)	0.043	(0.18%)	0.043	(-0.51%)	0.043	(0.16%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.044	0.046	(-5.76%)	0.044	(0.17%)	0.044	(0.50%)	0.049	(-11.19%)	0.046	(-4.54%)	0.044	(0.35%)	0.044	(0.08%)	0.044	(0.45%)	0.044	(0.20%)	0.044	(0.38%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.051	(-7.49%)	0.048	(0.04%)	0.048	(0.27%)	0.057	(-19.41%)	0.049	(-2.58%)	0.048	(0.35%)	0.048	(0.00%)	0.047	(0.53%)	0.048	(0.04%)	0.048	(0.35%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.045	0.049	(-8.06%)	0.045	(-0.01%)	0.045	(0.14%)	0.053	(-15.67%)	0.046	(-1.60%)	0.045	(0.87%)	0.045	(-0.03%)	0.045	(1.05%)	0.045	(0.00%)	0.045	(0.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.048	0.052	(-8.21%)	0.048	(-0.50%)	0.048	(0.40%)	0.058	(-20.25%)	0.049	(-2.44%)	0.048	(0.22%)	0.048	(-0.72%)	0.048	(0.24%)	0.048	(-0.50%)	0.048	(0.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.065	0.074	(-14.12%)	0.065	(-0.16%)	0.064	(1.22%)	0.082	(-26.29%)	0.065	(-0.16%)	0.064	(0.97%)	0.065	(-0.16%)	0.064	(0.97%)	0.065	(-0.14%)	0.064	(0.99%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.050	0.055	(-9.32%)	0.050	(-0.48%)	0.050	(0.03%)	0.059	(-18.87%)	0.051	(-2.28%)	0.050	(0.56%)	0.050	(-0.48%)	0.050	(0.71%)	0.050	(-0.48%)	0.050	(0.56%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.054	0.061	(-11.79%)	0.054	(-0.06%)	0.054	(-0.00%)	0.068	(-24.51%)	0.054	(-0.06%)	0.054	(-0.06%)	0.054	(-0.06%)	0.054	(0.04%)	0.054	(-0.06%)	0.054	(-0.06%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.085	0.107	(-26.46%)	0.084	(0.24%)	0.084	(0.97%)	0.100	(-18.56%)	0.084	(0.24%)	0.084	(0.80%)	0.084	(0.24%)	0.084	(0.80%)	0.084	(0.25%)	0.084	(0.83%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045	(-4.64%)	0.043	(-0.45%)	0.043	(-0.00%)	0.047	(-11.46%)	0.044	(-2.44%)	0.042	(0.34%)	0.043	(-0.37%)	0.042	(0.65%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.042	(1.92%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045	(-4.91%)	0.043	(0.05%)	0.043	(0.75%)	0.049	(-13.14%)	0.044	(-1.94%)	0.043	(0.11%)	0.043	(0.13%)	0.043	(0.43%)	0.043	(0.43%)	0.042	(1.87%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.045	0.047	(-2.74%)	0.045	(-0.09%)	0.045	(1.24%)	0.057	(-26.51%)	0.045	(-0.09%)	0.045	(0.79%)	0.045	(-0.09%)	0.045	(0.98%)	0.043	(4.85%)	0.043	(6.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045	(-4.07%)	0.044	(-0.36%)	0.043	(0.57%)	0.052	(-19.93%)	0.044	(-0.36%)	0.043	(0.44%)	0.044	(-0.36%)	0.043	(0.71%)	0.042	(4.04%)	0.042	(4.76%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.047	(-4.58%)	0.046	(-0.48%)	0.044	(1.96%)	0.058	(-28.69%)	0.046	(-0.48%)	0.045	(1.15%)	0.046	(-0.48%)	0.045	(1.28%)	0.042	(7.26%)	0.042	(7.26%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.057	0.056	(2.26%)	0.057	(0.48%)	0.054	(5.13%)	0.105	(-82.97%)	0.057	(0.48%)	0.054	(5.31%)	0.057	(0.48%)	0.054	(5.31%)	0.045	(22.36%)	0.044	(23.24%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.047	0.049	(-4.30%)	0.047	(-0.67%)	0.046	(1.22%)	0.059	(-26.70%)	0.047	(-0.67%)	0.046	(1.24%)	0.047	(-0.67%)	0.046	(1.35%)	0.043	(8.74%)	0.043	(9.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.050	0.050	(-0.29%)	0.050	(0.06%)	0.048	(2.93%)	0.070	(-41.77%)	0.050	(0.06%)	0.048	(3.43%)	0.050	(0.06%)	0.048	(3.47%)	0.043	(13.03%)	0.043	(13.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.072	0.070	(2.69%)	0.072	(0.46%)	0.067	( <u>6.67%</u> )	0.142	(-96.20%)	0.072	(0.46%)	0.067	( <u>6.78%</u> )	0.072	(0.46%)	0.067	(6.78%)	0.047	(35.11%)	0.046	(36.32%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.042	0.044	(-4.32%)	0.043	(-0.69%)	0.042	(0.00%)	0.047	(-11.82%)	0.043	(-0.69%)	0.042	(0.26%)	0.043	(-0.69%)	0.042	(0.26%)	0.043	(-1.01%)	0.042	(1.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045	(-5.05%)	0.043	(0.05%)	0.042	(0.73%)	0.048	(-13.63%)	0.043	(0.05%)	0.042	(0.15%)	0.043	(0.05%)	0.042	(0.16%)	0.043	(-0.74%)	0.042	(0.72%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.043	0.044	(-3.27%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.042	(1.38%)	0.056	(-30.10%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.043	(0.80%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.043	(0.80%)	0.043	(-0.24%)	0.042	(1.16%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.042	0.044	(-3.28%)	0.042	(0.08%)	0.042	(0.71%)	0.051	(-21.59%)	0.042	(0.08%)	0.042	(1.01%)	0.042	(0.08%)	0.042	(1.01%)	0.042	(1.28%)	0.041	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.044	(-4.00%)	0.043	(-0.44%)	0.042	(2.13%)	0.057	(-32.72%)	0.043	(-0.44%)	0.042	(1.59%)	0.043	(-0.44%)	0.042	(1.59%)	0.042	(1.89%)	0.042	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000$   5.00 %   20-30	0.048	0.045	(7.65%)	0.048	(0.57%)	0.044	(9.35%)	0.105	(-117.34%)	0.048	(0.57%)	0.044	(9.39%)	0.048	(0.57%)	0.044	(9.39%)	0.044	(9.15%)	0.043	(10.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045	(-4.17%)	0.044	(-0.44%)	0.043	(1.78%)	0.057	(-31.06%)	0.044	(-0.44%)	0.043	(1.38%)	0.044	(-0.44%)	0.043	(1.38%)	0.042	(2.96%)	0.042	(3.05%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.044	(0.90%)	0.044	(0.39%)	0.042	(4.65%)	0.068	(-51.68%)	0.044	(0.39%)	0.042	(4.64%)	0.044	(0.39%)	0.042	(4.64%)	0.043	(3.51%)	0.042	(4.69%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   10.00 %   20-30	0.054	0.046	(14.90%)	0.054	(0.72%)	0.045	(16.81%)	0.153	(-182.26%)	0.054	(0.72%)	0.046	(15.87%)	0.054	(0.72%)	0.046	(15.87%)	0.045	(16.57%)	0.044	(18.22%)

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Log			Perio	idic algo	rithms							Bi-pe	riodic algo	rithms					Omniscie	nt oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	П	Intervals	$\Pi_Q$	uantiles	$\Pi_{Be}$	st_period	Bi-	II Intervals	Bi-II	Quantiles	BI-	II-BEST	$BI-\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles LAZY	BI-IIQuantilesL	AZY-BEST	BI- $\Pi_{Qua}$	ntilesORACLE	BI-II-OF	ACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.012	0.013	(-11.94%)	0.011	(0.23%)	0.011	(0.83%)	0.013	(-10.41%)	0.012	(-2.91%)	0.011	(0.54%)	0.011	(0.33%)	0.011	(0.78%)	0.011	(0.32%)	0.011	(0.62%)
LANL 16	0.009	0.011	(-14.17%)	0.009	(0.06%)	0.009	(0.54%)	0.010	(-11.20%)	0.009	(-1.87%)	0.009	(0.72%)	0.009	(0.06%)	0.009	(0.87%)	0.009	(0.14%)	0.009	(0.79%)
LANL 18	0.015	0.017	(-10.27%)	0.015	(0.25%)	0.015	(0.00%)	0.016	(-9.06%)	0.016	(-3.58%)	0.015	(0.58%)	0.015	(0.16%)	0.015	(0.59%)	0.015	(0.33%)	0.015	(0.49%)
LANL 19	0.015	0.016	(-8.82%)	0.015	(-0.26%)	0.015	(1.05%)	0.016	(-8.50%)	0.015	(-3.42%)	0.015	(1.09%)	0.015	(-0.10%)	0.015	(0.67%)	0.015	(-0.16%)	0.015	(0.68%)
LANL 20	0.011	0.012	(-13.00%)	0.011	(0.65%)	0.011	(1.97%)	0.013	(-19.57%)	0.011	(-1.91%)	0.011	(2.57%)	0.011	(0.62%)	0.011	(0.92%)	0.011	(0.70%)	0.011	(0.70%)
Tsubame	0.011	0.012	(-7.71%)	0.011	(-1.49%)	0.011	(4.63%)	0.012	(-11.97%)	0.011	(0.01%)	0.011	(3.83%)	0.011	(-1.31%)	0.011	(4.08%)	0.011	(-1.33%)	0.011	(3.99%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.127	0.426	(-236.07%)	0.132	(-4.41%)	0.127	(-0.00%)	0.113	(10.65%)	0.132	(-4.41%)	0.132	(-4.05%)	0.132	(-4.41%)	0.132	(-4.05%)	0.132	(-4.33%)	0.132	(-3.98%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045	(-5.06%)	0.043	(-0.66%)	0.043	(0.02%)	0.048	(-11.28%)	0.044	(-2.47%)	0.043	(-0.23%)	0.043	(-0.63%)	0.043	(-0.17%)	0.043	(-0.64%)	0.043	(-0.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.044	0.046	(-5.76%)	0.044	(-0.18%)	0.044	(0.50%)	0.049	(-11.19%)	0.045	(-1.87%)	0.044	(0.03%)	0.044	(-0.19%)	0.044	(0.28%)	0.044	(-0.17%)	0.044	(0.04%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.051	(-7.49%)	0.048	(-0.11%)	0.048	(0.27%)	0.057	(-19.41%)	0.049	(-2.32%)	0.048	(0.28%)	0.048	(-0.07%)	0.048	(0.39%)	0.048	(-0.11%)	0.048	(0.28%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.045	0.049	(-8.06%)	0.046	(-0.47%)	0.045	(0.14%)	0.053	(-15.67%)	0.046	(-1.97%)	0.045	(0.20%)	0.046	(-0.56%)	0.045	(0.24%)	0.046	(-0.47%)	0.045	(0.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.048	0.052	(-8.21%)	0.048	(-1.12%)	0.048	(0.40%)	0.058	(-20.25%)	0.048	(-1.12%)	0.048	(0.03%)	0.048	(-1.12%)	0.048	(0.05%)	0.048	(-1.12%)	0.048	(0.03%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.065	0.074	(-14.12%)	0.065	(-0.03%)	0.064	(1.22%)	0.082	(-26.29%)	0.065	(-0.03%)	0.064	(1.24%)	0.065	(-0.03%)	0.064	(1.24%)	0.065	(-0.02%)	0.064	(1.25%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.050	0.055	(-9.32%)	0.051	(-0.92%)	0.050	(0.03%)	0.059	(-18.87%)	0.051	(-0.92%)	0.050	(0.03%)	0.051	(-0.92%)	0.050	(0.08%)	0.051	(-0.92%)	0.050	(0.03%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.054	0.061	(-11.79%)	0.054	(-0.03%)	0.054	(-0.00%)	0.068	(-24.51%)	0.054	(-0.03%)	0.054	(-0.03%)	0.054	(-0.03%)	0.054	(-0.03%)	0.054	(-0.03%)	0.054	(-0.03%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.085	0.107	(-26.46%)	0.084	(0.04%)	0.084	(0.97%)	0.100	(-18.56%)	0.084	(0.04%)	0.084	(0.66%)	0.084	(0.04%)	0.084	(0.67%)	0.084	(0.05%)	0.084	(0.67%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045	(-4.64%)	0.043	(-0.51%)	0.043	(-0.00%)	0.047	(-11.46%)	0.043	(-0.51%)	0.043	(-0.24%)	0.043	(-0.51%)	0.043	(-0.18%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.042	(1.92%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045	(-4.91%)	0.043	(-0.27%)	0.043	(0.75%)	0.049	(-13.14%)	0.043	(-0.27%)	0.043	(0.21%)	0.043	(-0.27%)	0.043	(0.32%)	0.043	(0.43%)	0.042	(1.87%)
Synth. ρ = 100   1.00 %   20-30	0.045	0.047	(-2.74%)	0.045	(-0.16%)	0.045	(1.24%)	0.057	(-26.51%)	0.045	(-0.16%)	0.045	(1.24%)	0.045	(-0.16%)	0.045	(1.32%)	0.043	(4.85%)	0.043	(6.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045	(-4.07%)	0.044	(-0.60%)	0.043	(0.57%)	0.052	(-19.93%)	0.044	(-0.60%)	0.044	(0.39%)	0.044	(-0.60%)	0.044	(0.41%)	0.042	(4.04%)	0.042	(4.76%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.047	(-4.58%)	0.046	(-1.11%)	0.044	(1.96%)	0.058	(-28.69%)	0.046	(-1.11%)	0.045	(1.51%)	0.046	(-1.11%)	0.045	(1.51%)	0.042	(7.26%)	0.042	(7.26%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.057	0.056	(2.26%)	0.057	(0.19%)	0.054	(5.13%)	0.105	(-82.97%)	0.057	(0.19%)	0.055	(4.85%)	0.057	(0.19%)	0.055	(4.85%)	0.045	(22.36%)	0.044	(23.24%)
Synth. ρ = 100   10.00 %   3-5	0.047	0.049	(-4.30%)	0.047	(-0.78%)	0.046	(1.22%)	0.059	(-26.70%)	0.047	(-0.78%)	0.046	(1.34%)	0.047	(-0.78%)	0.046	(1.34%)	0.043	(8.74%)	0.043	(9.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.050	0.050	(-0.29%)	0.050	(0.11%)	0.048	(2.93%)	0.070	(-41.77%)	0.050	(0.11%)	0.048	(3.63%)	0.050	(0.11%)	0.048	(3.63%)	0.043	(13.03%)	0.043	(13.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.072	0.070	(2.69%)	0.072	(0.15%)	0.067	(6.67%)	0.142	(-96.20%)	0.072	(0.15%)	0.068	( <u>6.57%</u> )	0.072	(0.15%)	0.068	( <u>6.57%</u> )	0.047	(35.11%)	0.046	(36.32%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-5	0.042	0.044	(-4.32%)	0.042	(-0.65%)	0.042	(0.00%)	0.047	(-11.82%)	0.042	(-0.65%)	0.042	(-0.33%)	0.042	(-0.65%)	0.042	(-0.33%)	0.043	(-1.01%)	0.042	(1.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045	(-5.05%)	0.043	(-0.31%)	0.042	(0.73%)	0.048	(-13.63%)	0.043	(-0.31%)	0.042	(0.20%)	0.043	(-0.31%)	0.042	(0.20%)	0.043	(-0.74%)	0.042	(0.72%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.043	0.044	(-3.27%)	0.043	(-0.20%)	0.042	(1.38%)	0.056	(-30.10%)	0.043	(-0.20%)	0.042	(1.28%)	0.043	(-0.20%)	0.042	(1.28%)	0.043	(-0.24%)	0.042	(1.16%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   5.00 %   3-5	0.042	0.044	(-3.28%)	0.043	(-0.53%)	0.042	(0.71%)	0.051	(-21.59%)	0.043	(-0.53%)	0.042	(0.82%)	0.043	(-0.53%)	0.042	(0.82%)	0.042	(1.28%)	0.041	(1.89%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   5.00 %   3-10	0.043	0.044	(-4.00%)	0.043	(-1.16%)	0.042	(2.13%)	0.057	(-32.72%)	0.043	(-1.16%)	0.042	(1.25%)	0.043	(-1.16%)	0.042	(1.25%)	0.042	(1.89%)	0.042	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.045	(7.65%)	0.048	(0.22%)	0.044	(9.35%)	0.105	(-117.34%)	0.048	(0.22%)	0.044	(8.88%)	0.048	(0.22%)	0.044	(8.88%)	0.044	(9.15%)	0.043	(10.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000 \mid 10.00 \% \mid 3-5$	0.044	0.045	(-4.17%)	0.044	(-0.54%)	0.043	(1.78%)	0.057	(-31.06%)	0.044	(-0.54%)	0.043	(1.29%)	0.044	(-0.54%)	0.043	(1.29%)	0.042	(2.96%)	0.042	(3.05%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.044	(0.90%)	0.044	(0.41%)	0.042	(4.65%)	0.068	(-51.68%)	0.044	(0.41%)	0.042	(5.42%)	0.044	(0.41%)	0.042	(5.42%)	0.043	(3.51%)	0.042	(4.69%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.054	0.046	(14.90%)	0.054	(0.50%)	0.045	(16.81%)	0.153	(-182.26%)	0.054	(0.50%)	0.045	(16.62%)	0.054	(0.50%)	0.045	(16.62%)	0.045	(16.57%)	0.044	(18.22%)

Table 37: Waste (and gain) with C=3s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.5\%$ .

Table 38: Waste (and gain) with C=3s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.2\%$ .

Log		Perio	odic algorithms				Bi-periodic algo	rithms		Omniscie	ent oracle
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	$\Pi_{Intervals}$	$\Pi_{Quantiles}$	$\Pi_{Best,period}$	BI-III Intervals	BI- $\Pi_{Quantiles}$	BI-II-BEST	BI-IIQuantilesLAZY	BI-IIQuantilesLAZY-BEST	BI-IIQuantilesORACLE	BI-II-ORACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.012	0.013 (-11.94%)	0.011 (0.23%)	0.011 (0.83%)	0.013 (-10.41%)	0.012 (-2.91%)	0.011 (0.54%)	0.011 (0.30%)	0.011 (0.70%)	0.011 (0.32%)	0.011 (0.62%)
LANL 16	0.009	0.011 (-14.17%)	0.009 (0.06%)	0.009 (0.54%)	0.010 (-11.20%)	0.009 (-1.87%)	0.009 (0.72%)	0.009 (0.02%)	0.009 (0.99%)	0.009 (0.14%)	0.009 (0.79%)
LANL 18	0.015	0.017 (-10.27%)	0.015 (0.25%)	0.015 (0.00%)	0.016 (-9.06%)	0.016 (-3.58%)	0.015 (0.58%)	0.015 (0.25%)	0.015 (0.41%)	0.015 (0.33%)	0.015 (0.49%)
LANL 19	0.015	0.016 (-8.82%)	0.015 (0.25%)	0.015 (1.05%)	0.016 (-8.50%)	0.015 (-3.64%)	0.015 (0.56%)	0.015 (0.25%)	0.015 (0.46%)	0.015 (0.31%)	0.015 (0.52%)
LANL 20	0.011	0.012 (-13.00%)	0.011 (0.65%)	0.011 (1.97%)	0.013 (-19.57%)	0.011 (-1.91%)	0.011 (2.57%)	0.011 (0.67%)	0.011 (0.73%)	0.011 (0.70%)	0.011 (0.70%)
Tsubame	0.011	0.012 (-7.71%)	0.011 (-1.49%)	0.011 (4.63%)	0.012 (-11.97%)	0.011 (0.01%)	0.011 (3.83%)	0.011 (-1.25%)	0.011 (4.01%)	0.011 (-1.33%)	0.011 (3.99%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.127	0.426 (-236.07%)	0.132 (-4.41%)	0.127 (-0.00%)	0.113 (10.65%)	0.132 (-4.41%)	0.132 (-4.05%)	0.132 (-4.41%)	0.132 (-4.05%)	0.132 (-4.33%)	0.132 (-3.98%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045 (-5.06%)	0.043 (-1.06%)	0.043 (0.02%)	0.048 (-11.28%)	0.044 (-2.72%)	0.043 (0.07%)	0.043 (-1.09%)	0.043 (0.09%)	0.043 (-1.06%)	0.043 (0.07%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.044	0.046 (-5.76%)	0.044 (-0.26%)	0.044 (0.50%)	0.049 (-11.19%)	0.045 (-1.78%)	0.044 (0.12%)	0.044 (-0.26%)	0.044 (0.15%)	0.044 (-0.26%)	0.044 (0.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.051 (-7.49%)	0.048 (-0.02%)	0.048 (0.27%)	0.057 (-19.41%)	0.048 (-0.02%)	0.048 (0.28%)	0.048 (-0.02%)	0.048 (0.29%)	0.048 (-0.02%)	0.048 (0.28%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.045	0.049 (-8.06%)	0.046 (-0.67%)	0.045 (0.14%)	0.053 (-15.67%)	0.046 (-0.67%)	0.045 (0.13%)	0.046 (-0.67%)	0.045 (0.13%)	0.046 (-0.67%)	0.045 (0.13%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.048	0.052 (-8.21%)	0.048 (-0.34%)	0.048 (0.40%)	0.058 (-20.25%)	0.048 (-0.34%)	0.048 (0.00%)	0.048 (-0.34%)	0.048 (0.02%)	0.048 (-0.34%)	0.048 (0.00%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.065	0.074 (-14.12%)	0.065 (0.05%)	0.064 (1.22%)	0.082 (-26.29%)	0.065 (0.05%)	0.064 (1.44%)	0.065 (0.05%)	0.064 (1.44%)	0.065 (0.05%)	0.064 (1.44%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.050	0.055 (-9.32%)	0.050 (-0.26%)	0.050 (0.03%)	0.059 (-18.87%)	0.050 (-0.26%)	0.050 (0.02%)	0.050 (-0.26%)	0.050 (0.02%)	0.050 (-0.26%)	0.050 (0.02%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.054	0.061 (-11.79%)	0.054 (0.23%)	0.054 (-0.00%)	0.068 (-24.51%)	0.054 (0.23%)	0.054 (0.23%)	0.054 (0.23%)	0.054 (0.24%)	0.054 (0.23%)	0.054 (0.23%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.085	0.107 (-26.46%)	0.085 (-0.10%)	0.084 (0.97%)	0.100 (-18.56%)	0.085 (-0.10%)	0.084 (0.72%)	0.085 (-0.10%)	0.084 (0.72%)	0.085 (-0.10%)	0.084 (0.72%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045 (-4.64%)	0.043 (-1.06%)	0.043 (-0.00%)	0.047 (-11.46%)	0.043 (-1.06%)	0.043 (0.05%)	0.043 (-1.06%)	0.043 (0.08%)	0.043 (-0.13%)	0.042 (1.92%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045 (-4.91%)	0.043 (-0.38%)	0.043 (0.75%)	0.049 (-13.14%)	0.043 (-0.38%)	0.043 (0.24%)	0.043 (-0.38%)	0.043 (0.27%)	0.043 (0.43%)	0.042 (1.87%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.045	0.047 (-2.74%)	0.045 (-0.08%)	0.045 (1.24%)	0.057 (-26.51%)	0.045 (-0.08%)	0.045 (0.73%)	0.045 (-0.08%)	0.045 (0.73%)	0.043 (4.85%)	0.043 (6.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045 (-4.07%)	0.044 (-0.73%)	0.043 (0.57%)	0.052 (-19.93%)	0.044 (-0.73%)	0.044 (0.38%)	0.044 (-0.73%)	0.044 (0.38%)	0.042 (4.04%)	0.042 (4.76%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.047 (-4.58%)	0.045 (-0.41%)	0.044 (1.96%)	0.058 (-28.69%)	0.045 (-0.41%)	0.044 (2.07%)	0.045 (-0.41%)	0.044 (2.07%)	0.042 (7.26%)	0.042 (7.26%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.057	0.056 (2.26%)	0.057 (0.14%)	0.054 (5.13%)	0.105 (-82.97%)	0.057 (0.14%)	0.054 (5.17%)	0.057 (0.14%)	0.054 (5.17%)	0.045 (22.36%)	0.044 (23.24%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.047	0.049 (-4.30%)	0.047 (-0.26%)	0.046 (1.22%)	0.059 (-26.70%)	0.047 (-0.26%)	0.046 (1.24%)	0.047 (-0.26%)	0.046 (1.24%)	0.043 (8.74%)	0.043 (9.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.050	0.050 (-0.29%)	0.050 (0.14%)	0.048 (2.93%)	0.070 (-41.77%)	0.050 (0.14%)	0.048 (2.98%)	0.050 (0.14%)	0.048 (2.98%)	0.043 (13.03%)	0.043 (13.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.072	0.070 (2.69%)	0.072 (0.04%)	0.067 (6.67%)	0.142 (-96.20%)	0.072 (0.04%)	0.068 (6.48%)	0.072 (0.04%)	0.068 (6.48%)	0.047 (35.11%)	0.046 (36.32%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.042	0.044 (-4.32%)	0.043 (-1.12%)	0.042 (0.00%)	0.047 (-11.82%)	0.043 (-1.12%)	0.042 (-0.14%)	0.043 (-1.12%)	0.042 (-0.14%)	0.043 (-1.01%)	0.042 (1.17%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-10	0.043	0.045 (-5.05%)	0.043 (-0.35%)	0.042 (0.73%)	0.048 (-13.63%)	0.043 (-0.35%)	0.042 (0.38%)	0.043 (-0.35%)	0.042 (0.38%)	0.043 (-0.74%)	0.042 (0.72%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.043	0.044 (-3.27%)	0.043 (-0.04%)	0.042 (1.38%)	0.056 (-30.10%)	0.043 (-0.04%)	0.042 (0.93%)	0.043 (-0.04%)	0.042 (0.93%)	0.043 (-0.24%)	0.042 (1.16%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   5.00 %   3-5	0.042	0.044 (-3.28%)	0.043 (-0.58%)	0.042 (0.71%)	0.051 (-21.59%)	0.043 (-0.58%)	0.042 (0.65%)	0.043 (-0.58%)	0.042 (0.65%)	0.042 (1.28%)	0.041 (1.89%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   5.00 %   3-10	0.043	0.044 (-4.00%)	0.043 (-0.37%)	0.042 (2.13%)	0.057 (-32.72%)	0.043 (-0.37%)	0.042 (2.01%)	0.043 (-0.37%)	0.042 (2.01%)	0.042 (1.89%)	0.042 (1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.045 (7.65%)	0.048 (0.17%)	0.044 (9.35%)	0.105 (-117.34%)	0.048 (0.17%)	0.044 (9.54%)	0.048 (0.17%)	0.044 (9.54%)	0.044 (9.15%)	0.043 (10.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045 (-4.17%)	0.044 (0.03%)	0.043 (1.78%)	0.057 (-31.06%)	0.044 (0.03%)	0.043 (1.53%)	0.044 (0.03%)	0.043 (1.53%)	0.042 (2.96%)	0.042 (3.05%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.044 (0.90%)	0.044 (0.31%)	0.042 (4.65%)	0.068 (-51.68%)	0.044 (0.31%)	0.042 (4.75%)	0.044 (0.31%)	0.042 (4.75%)	0.043 (3.51%)	0.042 (4.69%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.054	0.046 (14.90%)	0.054 (0.02%)	0.045 (16.81%)	0.153 (-182.26%)	0.054 ( $0.02%$ )	0.045 (16.63%)	0.054 (0.02%)	0.045 (16.63%)	0.045 (16.57%)	0.044 (18.22%)

Table 39: Waste (and gain) with C=3s and  $|Q_{limit}| = 0.1\%$ .

Log			Perio	dic algo	rithms							Bi-pe	riodic algo	rithms					Omniscie	nt oracle	
	$\Pi_{Daly}$	$\Pi_{In}$	ntervals	$\Pi_Q$	uantiles	$\Pi_{Be}$	st_period	BI-I	1 Intervals	Bi-I	Quantiles	Bi-	II-BEST	$Bi-\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles LAZY	BI- $\Pi_{Qu}$	antiles LAZY-BEST	BI- $\Pi_{Qua}$	ntiles ORACLE	BI-II-C	RACLE-BEST
LANL 2	0.012	0.013	(-11.94%)	0.011	(0.23%)	0.011	(0.83%)	0.013	(-10.41%)	0.012	(-2.91%)	0.011	(0.54%)	0.011	(0.23%)	0.011	(0.54%)	0.011	(0.32%)	0.011	(0.62%)
LANL 16	0.009	0.011	(-14.17%)	0.009	(0.06%)	0.009	(0.54%)	0.010	(-11.20%)	0.009	(-1.87%)	0.009	(0.72%)	0.009	(-0.01%)	0.009	(0.98%)	0.009	(0.14%)	0.009	(0.79%)
LANL 18	0.015	0.017	(-10.27%)	0.015	(0.25%)	0.015	(0.00%)	0.016	(-9.06%)	0.016	(-3.58%)	0.015	(0.58%)	0.015	(0.25%)	0.015	(0.41%)	0.015	(0.33%)	0.015	(0.49%)
LANL 19	0.015	0.016	(-8.82%)	0.015	(0.25%)	0.015	(1.05%)	0.016	(-8.50%)	0.015	(-3.64%)	0.015	(0.56%)	0.015	(0.25%)	0.015	(0.46%)	0.015	(0.31%)	0.015	(0.52%)
LANL 20	0.011	0.012	(-13.00%)	0.011	(0.65%)	0.011	(1.97%)	0.013	(-19.57%)	0.011	(-1.91%)	0.011	(2.57%)	0.011	(0.65%)	0.011	(0.65%)	0.011	(0.70%)	0.011	(0.70%)
Tsubame	0.011	0.012	(-7.71%)	0.011	(-1.49%)	0.011	(4.63%)	0.012	(-11.97%)	0.011	(0.01%)	0.011	(3.83%)	0.011	(-1.49%)	0.011	(3.83%)	0.011	(-1.33%)	0.011	(3.99%)
Mont Blanc 2	0.127	0.426 (	(-236.07%)	0.132	(-4.41%)	0.127	(-0.00%)	0.113	(10.65%)	0.132	(-4.41%)	0.132	(-4.05%)	0.132	(-4.41%)	0.132	(-4.05%)	0.132	(-4.33%)	0.132	(-3.98%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045	(-5.06%)	0.043	(-0.41%)	0.043	(0.02%)	0.048	(-11.28%)	0.043	(-0.41%)	0.043	(0.14%)	0.043	(-0.41%)	0.043	(0.16%)	0.043	(-0.41%)	0.043	(0.14%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.044	0.046	(-5.76%)	0.044	(-0.20%)	0.044	(0.50%)	0.049	(-11.19%)	0.044	(-0.20%)	0.044	(0.06%)	0.044	(-0.20%)	0.044	(0.08%)	0.044	(-0.20%)	0.044	(0.06%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.051	(-7.49%)	0.048	(-0.14%)	0.048	(0.27%)	0.057	(-19.41%)	0.048	(-0.14%)	0.047	(0.49%)	0.048	(-0.14%)	0.047	(0.49%)	0.048	(-0.14%)	0.047	(0.49%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.045	0.049	(-8.06%)	0.046	(-0.30%)	0.045	(0.14%)	0.053	(-15.67%)	0.046	(-0.30%)	0.045	(0.22%)	0.046	(-0.30%)	0.045	(0.23%)	0.046	(-0.30%)	0.045	(0.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.048	0.052	(-8.21%)	0.048	(-0.12%)	0.048	(0.40%)	0.058	(-20.25%)	0.048	(-0.12%)	0.048	(0.21%)	0.048	(-0.12%)	0.048	(0.22%)	0.048	(-0.12%)	0.048	(0.21%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.065	0.074	(-14.12%)	0.065	(0.06%)	0.064	(1.22%)	0.082	(-26.29%)	0.065	(0.06%)	0.064	(1.33%)	0.065	(0.06%)	0.064	(1.33%)	0.065	(0.06%)	0.064	(1.33%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.050	0.055	(-9.32%)	0.050	(-0.02%)	0.050	(0.03%)	0.059	(-18.87%)	0.050	(-0.02%)	0.050	(0.17%)	0.050	(-0.02%)	0.050	(0.17%)	0.050	(-0.02%)	0.050	(0.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.054	0.061	(-11.79%)	0.054	(0.21%)	0.054	(-0.00%)	0.068	(-24.51%)	0.054	(0.21%)	0.054	(0.21%)	0.054	(0.21%)	0.054	(0.21%)	0.054	(0.21%)	0.054	(0.21%)
Synth. $\rho = 10   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.085	0.107	(-26.46%)	0.085	(-0.17%)	0.084	(0.97%)	0.100	(-18.56%)	0.085	(-0.17%)	0.084	(0.69%)	0.085	(-0.17%)	0.084	(0.69%)	0.085	(-0.17%)	0.084	(0.69%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-5$	0.043	0.045	(-4.64%)	0.043	(-0.41%)	0.043	(-0.00%)	0.047	(-11.46%)	0.043	(-0.41%)	0.043	(0.09%)	0.043	(-0.41%)	0.043	(0.10%)	0.043	(-0.13%)	0.042	(1.92%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045	(-4.91%)	0.043	(-0.25%)	0.043	(0.75%)	0.049	(-13.14%)	0.043	(-0.25%)	0.043	(0.29%)	0.043	(-0.25%)	0.043	(0.29%)	0.043	(0.43%)	0.042	(1.87%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   1.00 \%   20-30$	0.045	0.047	(-2.74%)	0.045	(-0.22%)	0.045	(1.24%)	0.057	(-26.51%)	0.045	(-0.22%)	0.045	(1.13%)	0.045	(-0.22%)	0.045	(1.13%)	0.043	(4.85%)	0.043	(6.20%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045	(-4.07%)	0.044	(-0.34%)	0.043	(0.57%)	0.052	(-19.93%)	0.044	(-0.34%)	0.044	(0.40%)	0.044	(-0.34%)	0.044	(0.40%)	0.042	(4.04%)	0.042	(4.76%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.047	(-4.58%)	0.045	(-0.33%)	0.044	(1.96%)	0.058	(-28.69%)	0.045	(-0.33%)	0.044	(2.26%)	0.045	(-0.33%)	0.044	(2.26%)	0.042	(7.26%)	0.042	(7.26%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.057	0.056	(2.26%)	0.057	(0.04%)	0.054	(5.13%)	0.105	(-82.97%)	0.057	(0.04%)	0.054	(5.26%)	0.057	(0.04%)	0.054	(5.26%)	0.045	(22.36%)	0.044	(23.24%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.047	0.049	(-4.30%)	0.047	(-0.14%)	0.046	(1.22%)	0.059	(-26.70%)	0.047	(-0.14%)	0.046	(1.11%)	0.047	(-0.14%)	0.046	(1.11%)	0.043	(8.74%)	0.043	(9.12%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.050	0.050	(-0.29%)	0.050	(0.12%)	0.048	(2.93%)	0.070	(-41.77%)	0.050	(0.12%)	0.048	(2.79%)	0.050	(0.12%)	0.048	(2.79%)	0.043	(13.03%)	0.043	(13.95%)
Synth. $\rho = 100   10.00 \%   20-30$	0.072	0.070	(2.69%)	0.072	(0.01%)	0.067	(6.67%)	0.142	(-96.20%)	0.072	(0.01%)	0.067	(6.74%)	0.072	(0.01%)	0.067	(6.74%)	0.047	(35.11%)	0.046	(36.32%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   3-5	0.042	0.044	(-4.32%)	0.042	(-0.42%)	0.042	(0.00%)	0.047	(-11.82%)	0.042	(-0.42%)	0.042	(-0.05%)	0.042	(-0.42%)	0.042	(-0.05%)	0.043	(-1.01%)	0.042	(1.17%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   1.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.045	(-5.05%)	0.043	(-0.22%)	0.042	(0.73%)	0.048	(-13.63%)	0.043	(-0.22%)	0.042	(0.26%)	0.043	(-0.22%)	0.042	(0.26%)	0.043	(-0.74%)	0.042	(0.72%)
Synth. ρ = 1000   1.00 %   20-30	0.043	0.044	(-3.27%)	0.043	(-0.15%)	0.042	(1.38%)	0.056	(-30.10%)	0.043	(-0.15%)	0.042	(1.27%)	0.043	(-0.15%)	0.042	(1.27%)	0.043	(-0.24%)	0.042	(1.16%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3.5$	0.042	0.044	(-3.28%)	0.042	(-0.23%)	0.042	(0.71%)	0.051	(-21.59%)	0.042	(-0.23%)	0.042	(0.68%)	0.042	(-0.23%)	0.042	(0.68%)	0.042	(1.28%)	0.041	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   3-10$	0.043	0.044	(-4.00%)	0.043	(-0.29%)	0.042	(2.13%)	0.057	(-32.72%)	0.043	(-0.29%)	0.042	(2.36%)	0.043	(-0.29%)	0.042	(2.36%)	0.042	(1.89%)	0.042	(1.89%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   5.00 \%   20-30$	0.048	0.045	(7.65%)	0.048	(0.08%)	0.044	(9.35%)	0.105	(-117.34%)	0.048	(0.08%)	0.044	( <mark>9.60%</mark> )	0.048	(0.08%)	0.044	( <mark>9.60%</mark> )	0.044	(9.15%)	0.043	(10.22%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-5$	0.044	0.045	(-4.17%)	0.044	(0.05%)	0.043	(1.78%)	0.057	(-31.06%)	0.044	(0.05%)	0.043	(1.56%)	0.044	(0.05%)	0.043	(1.56%)	0.042	(2.96%)	0.042	(3.05%)
Synth. $\rho = 1000   10.00 \%   3-10$	0.045	0.044	(0.90%)	0.045	(0.05%)	0.042	(4.65%)	0.068	(-51.68%)	0.045	(0.05%)	0.042	(4.74%)	0.045	(0.05%)	0.042	(4.74%)	0.043	(3.51%)	0.042	(4.69%)
1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			(		( m = m()())		1		1		( m = m0())		1		( m = m(0/))				(		1



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ISSN 0249-6399