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# How to obtain ocean turbulent dynamics at super resolution from optimal multiresolution analysis and multiplicative cascade?



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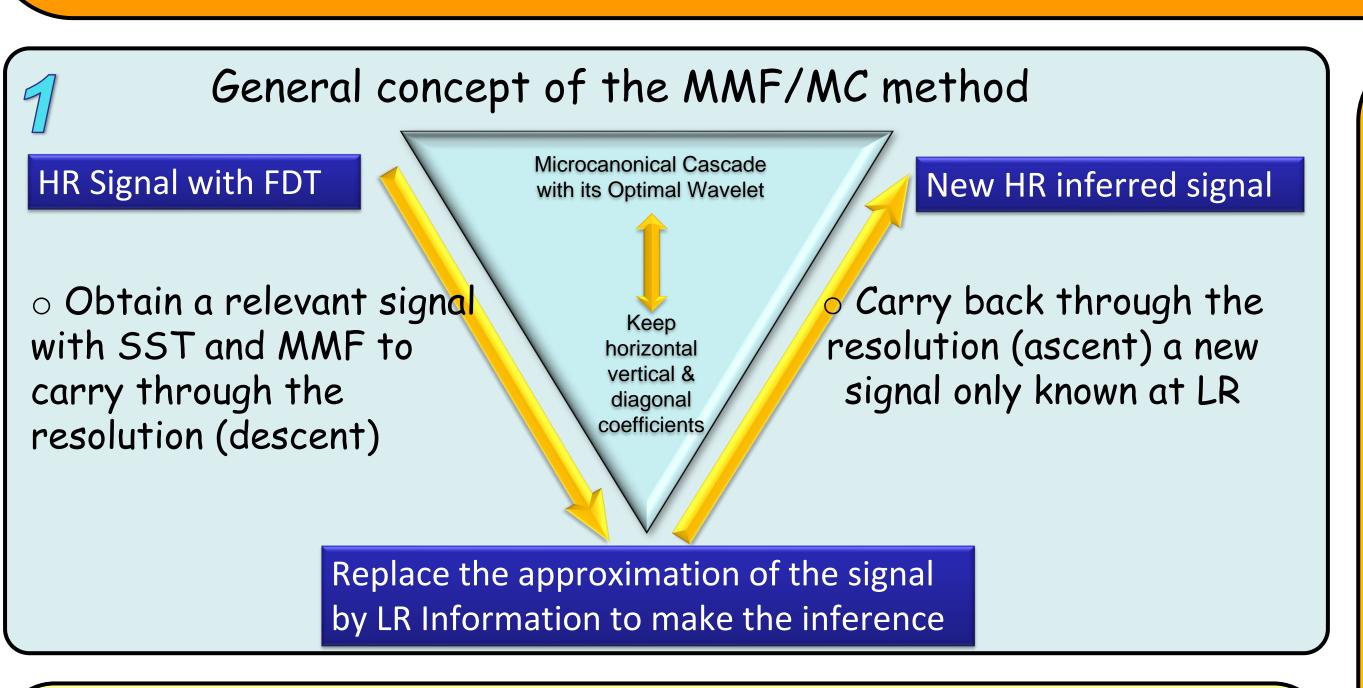
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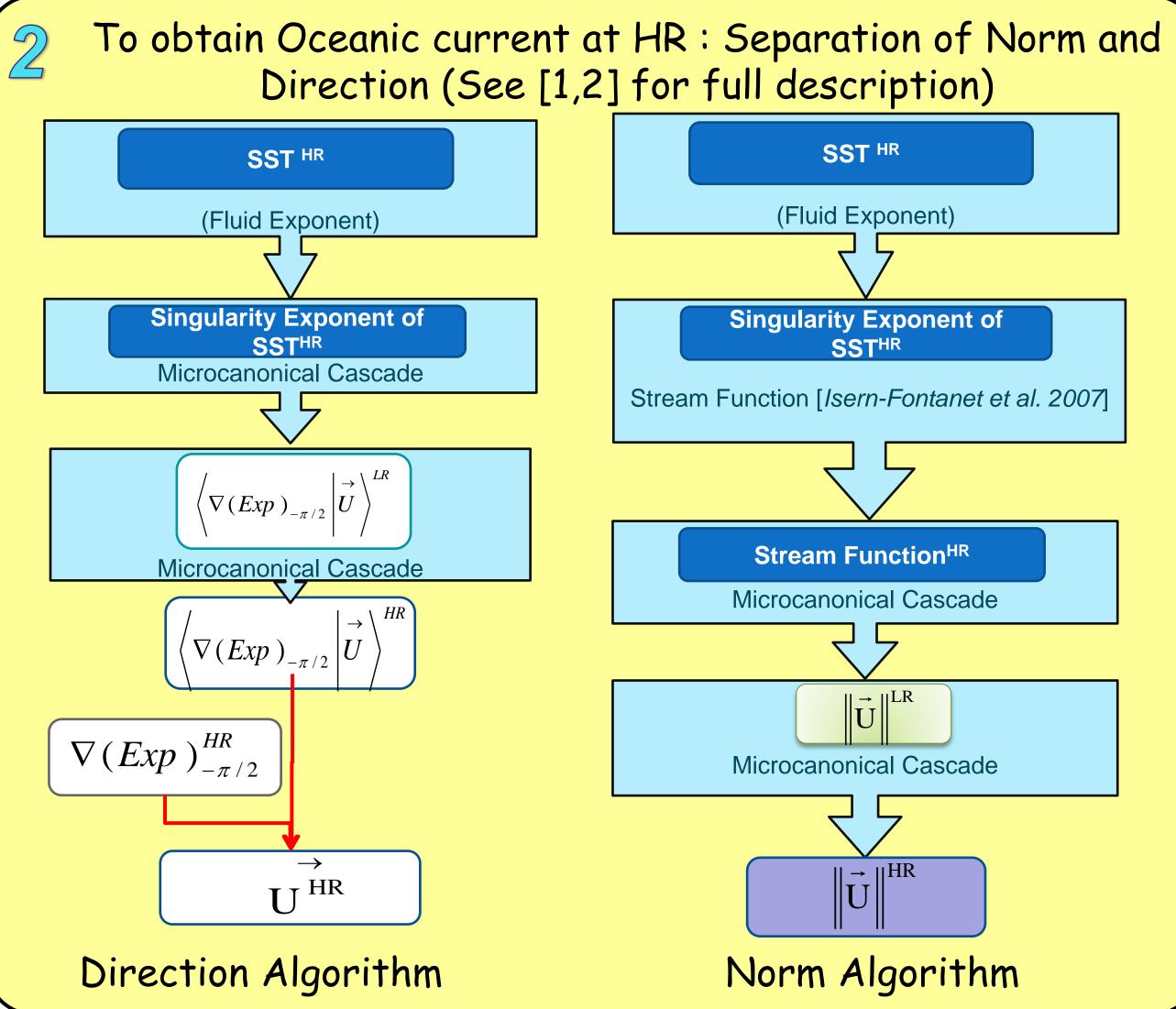


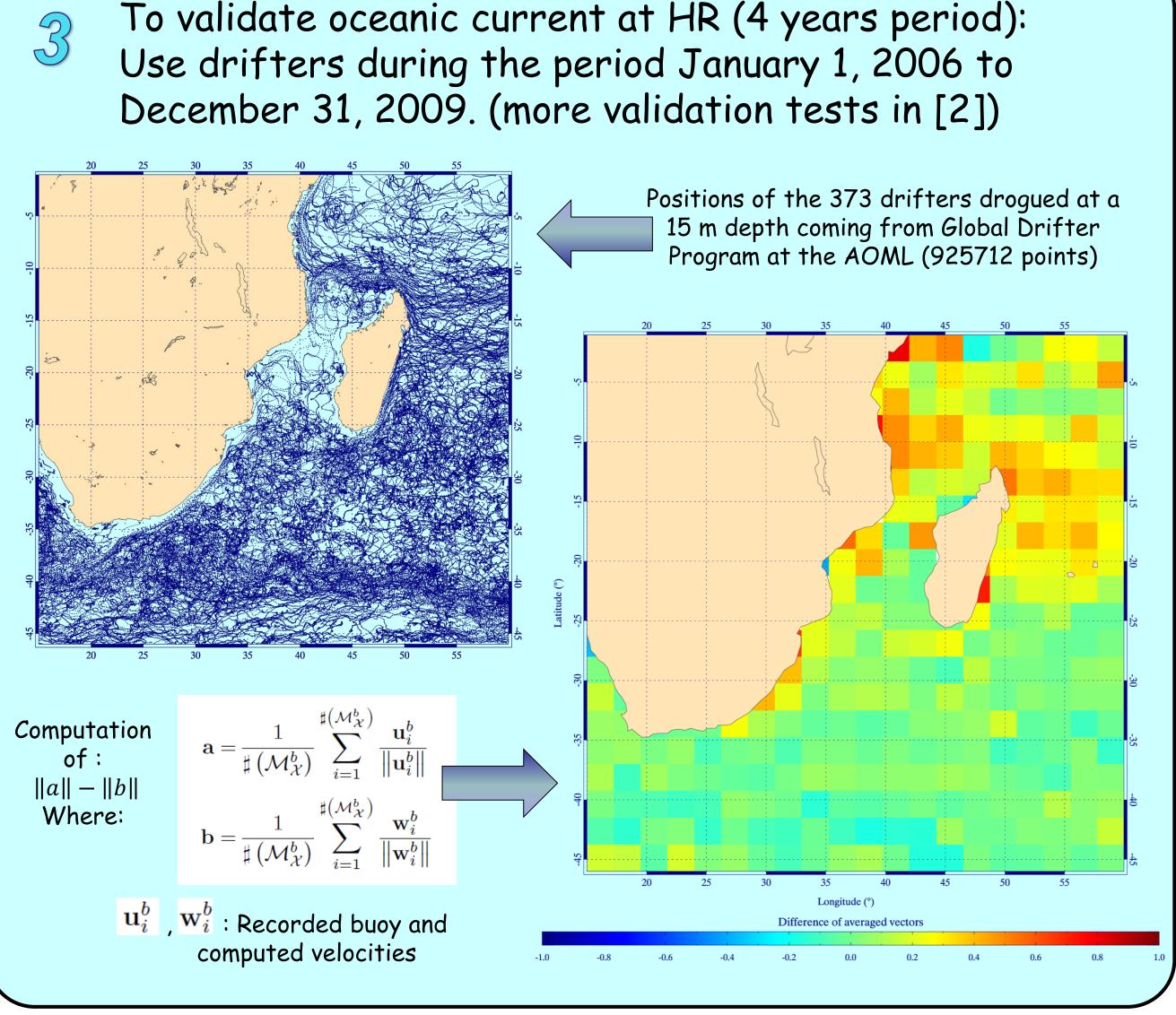
#### **Abstract**

A fundamental challenge in oceanography is the synoptic determination of ocean circulation using the data acquired from space, with a coherent depiction of its turbulent characteristics. This determination has the potential of revealing all aspects of the ocean dynamic variability on a wide range of spatio-temporal scales and will enhance our understanding of ocean-atmosphere exchanges at super resolution, as required in the present context of climate change.

- > New method based on an approximation of the energy of Microcanonical Cascade (MC), expressed in a Multiscale Microcanonical Formulation (MMF), associated to turbulent signals provided by different Sea Surface Temperature (SST) or Ocean Color (Chl-a) products.
- > The approach offers the opportunity to infer different oceanic turbulent signals from Low Resolution (LR) to HR. Basic idea:
  - optimal cascading to decrease the spatial resolution of the HR signal (adimensional critical transition informations of SST),
- use the signal available at LR (GEKCO product at  $1/4^{\circ}$  [1]), transmit that information along the scales back to higher spatial resolution using the cascade to obtain a new HR signal.
- > The process has been successfully used to obtain oceanic currents at 1/24° [2] and 1/64°.







## Examples of data obtained by the MMF/MC method (a) c) d) Maps of: a) absolute dynamic topography at 1/4° and the LR current (geostrophic and Ekman components) associated (02/08/2007) b) inferred HR current at 1/24° [1,2] with SST (02/08/2007) c) inferred HR current at 1/24° [1,2] with SST (02/08/2007) d) norm difference between b) and c) e) inferred HR current at 1/64° (only one per two calculated vectors is shown) with MUR SST (01/01/2015)

#### Conclusion and Future Work

- ➤ Evidencing multiscale geometric structures in synthetic ROMS data and satellite data data through the Multiscale Microcanonical Formalism
- > Validation of algorithms on synthetic ROMS data
- > Application of the algorithms on satellite data
- ➤ Validation of the new HR satellite data with in-situ data
- ➤ Future Work: Analyze the difference between SST and Chl-a inferred HR currents for the 4 years period
  - Process and validate SST HR currents at 1/64° on global area

#### References

- [1] H. Yahia, J. Sudre, C. Pottier and V. Garçon, 2010, Motion analysis in oceanographic satellite images using multiscale methods and the energy cascade, Pattern Recognition, DOI: 10.1016/J.patcog.2010.04.011 - [2] J. Sudre, H. Yahia, O. Pont, and V. Garçon, 2015, Ocean turbulent dynamics at superresolution from optimal multiresolution analysis and multiplicative cascade, IEEE TGRS, DOI: 10.1109/TGRS.2015.2436431

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