# On the Quest for Representative BEHAVIORAL DATASETS: MOBILITY AND CONTENT DEMAND 

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## 1. Objectives

Understand correlations between human mobility and data demand. Objectives:

- Extract fully-featured dataset from cellular traces;
- Construct mobility: identify Home locations, and estimate trajectories;
- Characterize user behaviors in terms of time, space and volume (data).


## 2. Dataset Description

17,366 subscribers are extracted by applying a series of filters on cellular traces, consisting of $2,398,392$ calls and 954,737 sessions in 4 weeks.

## Session Location Estimation

Using call detail records, we infer users' locations for data sessions


Based on trajectory estimation, at least $70 \%$ of sessions ( $80 \%$ of volume) are traceable for $80 \%$ of subscribers


## Decomposition of Cells in Mexico City



Cellular Cells (Voronoi)


Population Density

## 3. ANALYSIS

## Home Location Identification

For each user, the most visited cell between 10pm and 7am is identified as his/her HOME.


Clustering Sessions
Sessions (space, time, volume) are clustered by DBScan.


For each cluster, Relative Cohesion is calculated as a function of time, space or volume, respectively.

$$
\begin{gather*}
R C^{(*)}=\frac{\sum_{p \in C} \operatorname{dist}^{(*)}(p, \mathbf{c})^{2}}{\sum_{p \in C} \operatorname{dist}(p, \mathbf{c})^{2}}  \tag{1}\\
R C^{(l o c)}+R C^{(t i m e)}+R C^{(v o l)}=1 \tag{2}
\end{gather*}
$$



## 4. Future Works

- Estimate trajectories' incomplete information;
- Model volume demand;
- Characterize content demand;
- Link and predict mobility (important locations) and volume/content demand simultaneously.

