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▶ To cite this version:

Paul van Der Walt, Charles Consel. Giving users insight into private resource usage through declaration-driven frameworks. Journées de l'EDMI Bordeaux, Oct 2014, Bordeaux, France. hal-01236361

HAL Id: hal-01236361 https://inria.hal.science/hal-01236361

Submitted on 1 Dec 2015

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Giving users insight into private resource usage through declaration-driven frameworks

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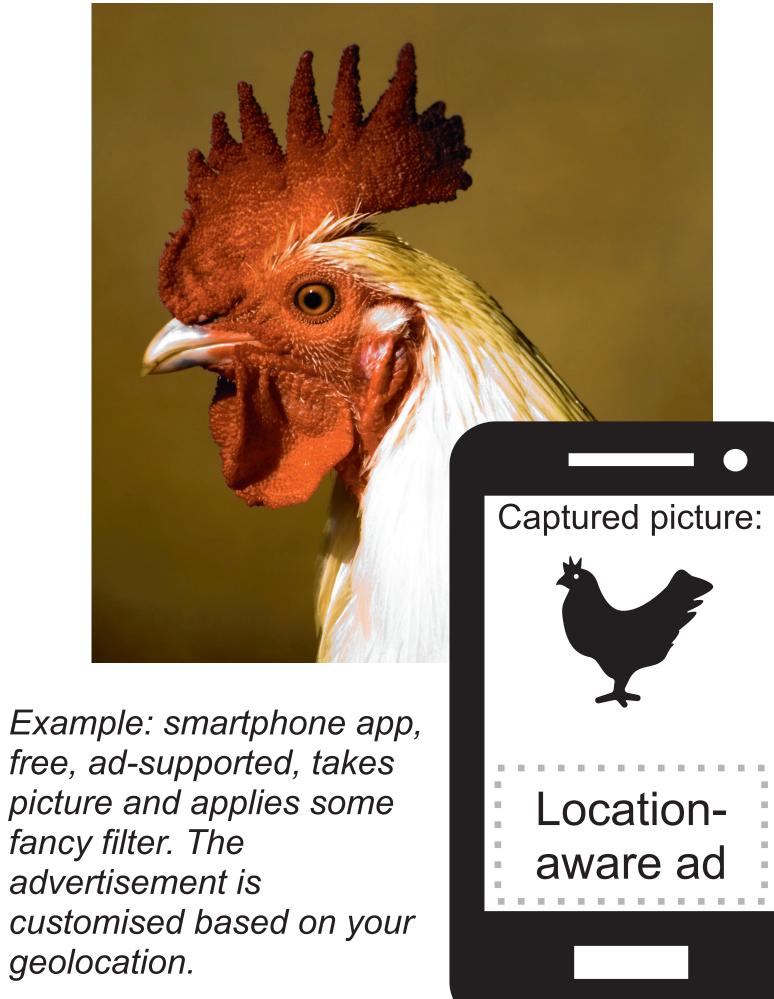
Empowering users by giving platform providers the technical means to compel developers to provide privacy guarantees.

Context

- Declaration-driven programming frameworks for open platforms.
- Open platforms distinguish platform providers (e.g. Google) from 3rd party developers.

Example

Real-life scene:



Schematic view of declarations. Note that not all resources are visible to all components.

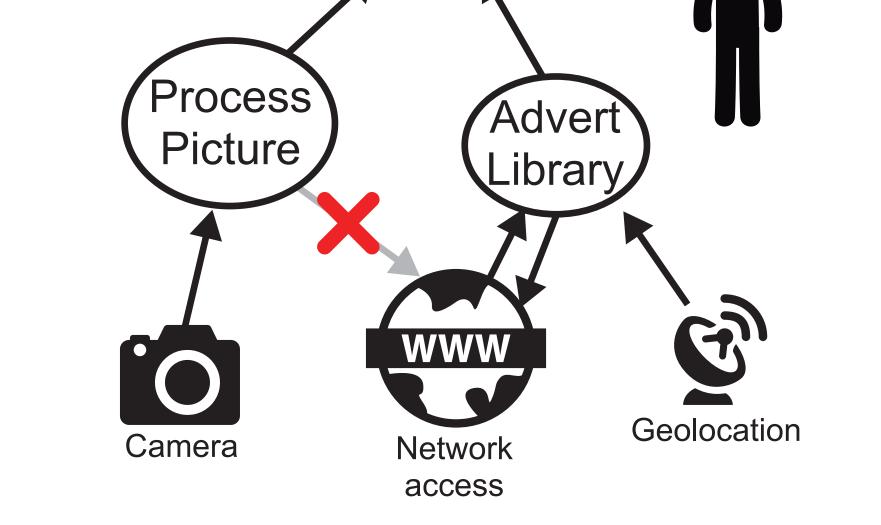
- Declarations allow promises about resource usage and control flow.

Observations

- Declaration-driven frameworks are widespread, but lack expressive declarations.
- Real need for users going unaddressed (Wei 2012).
- In the interest of users, platform providers should require developers to provide guarantees, via declarations.

Goals

- Insight into the usage of private resources (hardware as well as data)
- Providing guarantees about the use of resources
- Demonstration in disparate languages
- Resource usage corresponds to visibility in a security context.
- Compile-time and run-time verifications in our approach ensure that apps conform to declarations.



Display

In a standard Android application, an app with access to camera and Internet might exfiltrate your photos, as well as anything else the app has access to (blocked in our system).

Achievements

Resource usage is elucidated and enforced, as opposed to approaches where the user only sees permission lists (e.g. Android). This gives the user insight into what will happen with their private data.

Stakeholder interests

Platform provider

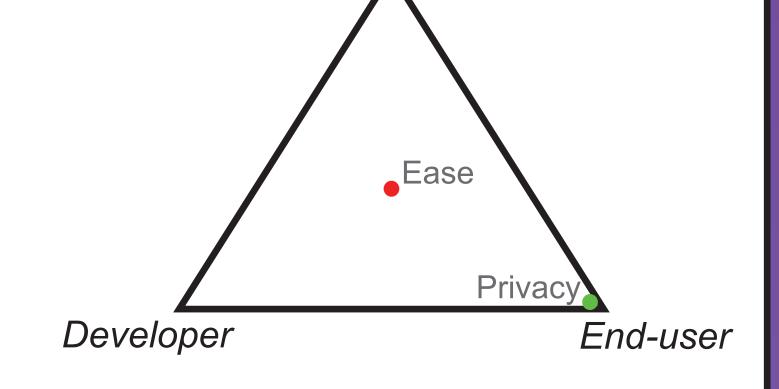
Claim

Guarantees can be provided in a language-agnostic way: in functional or object-oriented languages, with strong types systems or dynamically typed.

 \rightarrow Coupled with the benefits of expressive declarations, this must encourage adoption

Users should demand this transparency. It is not in platform providers' best interests (e.g. advertisement revenue increases if profiling becomes more accurate).

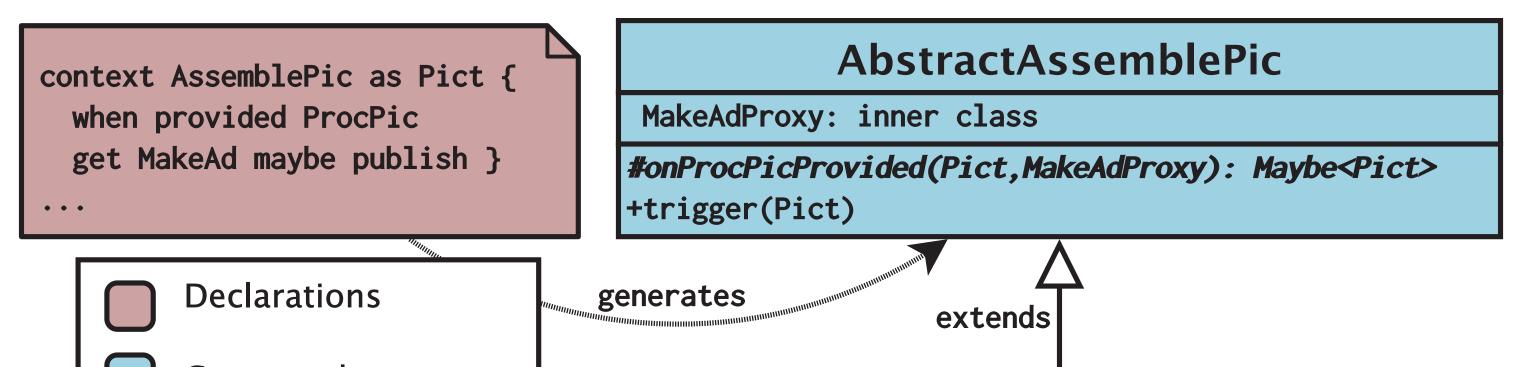
Tailoring each component's programming interface also makes development easier for the 3rd party developer. This is favourable for all stakeholders. The user has a larger choice of applications, the platform provider sees increased adoption, and the development requires less effort.



Prototype implementation approaches

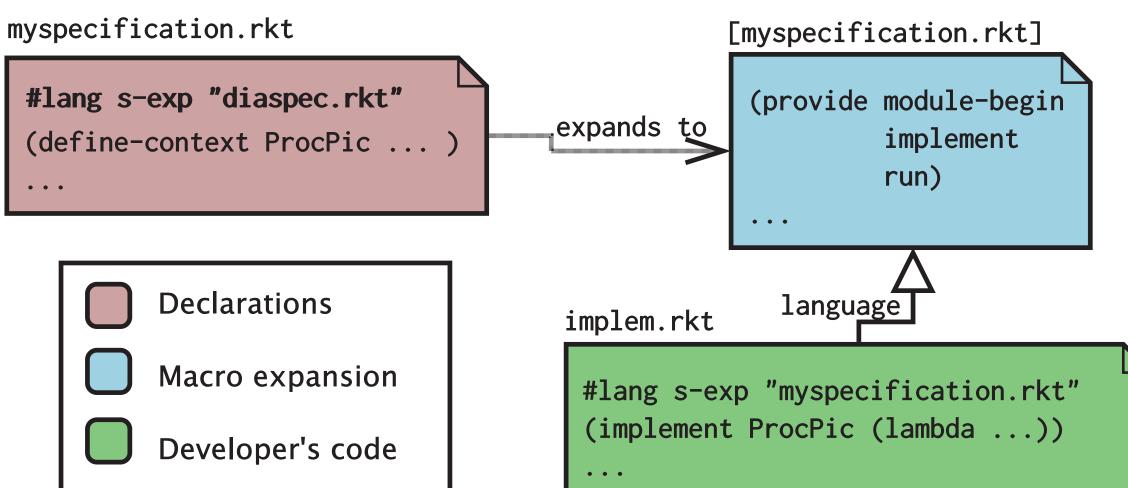
Java – statically typed, object-oriented

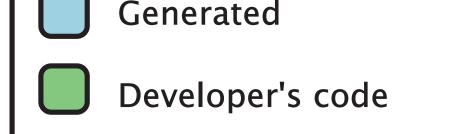
Specifications are compiled into an application-specific framework, which uses the Java type system as well as run-time verification to ensure the declared properties are adhered to.

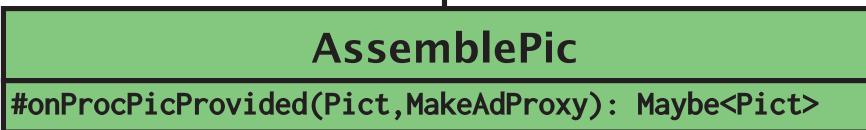


Racket – dynamically typed, functional

Specifications are written using a specially crafted DSL. These expand to another, tailored, language, with which a developer can provide implementations for the various declared components.







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