

#### Saliency aggregation: Does unity make strength? Olivier Le Meur, Zhi Liu

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# Saliency aggregation: Does unity make strength? O. Le Meur (olemeur@irisa.fr) & Z. Liu

Motivation: we investigate whether we could improve on the saliency quality by aggregating a set of predicted saliency maps.



Does the linear combination improve the prediction?

$$p(x|M_1, \cdots, M_K) = \sum_{k=1}^K w_k \times p(x|M_k)$$

 $p(x|M_k)$  is the probability of an image pixel x from the saliency map  $M_k$  to be salient,  $\sum_{k=1}^{K} w_k = 1$ 

### Unsupervised methods to compute the weights

- Uniform: weights w are uniform and spatially invariant,  $w_k = \frac{1}{K}$
- Median
- M-estimators:

$$g_{Welsh}(e(x|M_k)) = exp\left(-\frac{e(x|M_k)^2}{\sigma^2}\right)$$
$$g_{L1L2}(e(x|M_k)) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + e(x|M_k)^2}}$$
$$g_{Geman}(e(x|M_k)) = \frac{1}{1 + e(x|M_k)^2}$$

 Global minimization of an energy function (Loopy Belief Propagation

TOP 2 : GBVS and RARE2012 TOP 4 : GBVS, RARE2012, Judd and AWS ALL: GBVS, RARE2012, Judd, AWS, Le Meur, Hou, Itti, Bruce.



A simple aggregation function, such as the average function, operating on the top 4 or top 2 models is a good candidate to improve significantly the performance of saliency models.

### Least-squares estimation of the weights

- The classical least-squares method (LS)
- LS with the sum-to-one constraint of the weights (LLE)
- LS with positive weights (NMF)
- Robust least-squares (LSR)



#### The use of the learned weights of the most similar image

Original images Pre-computed weights for all considered saliency models



# GBNS TOP2 5 ALL WMSI GBNS TOP2 5 ALL WMSI

### Conclusion

The robustness of the prediction can be enhanced by: ✓ averaging the saliency

 maps of the top 2 models;
✓ considering a dedicated training dataset.



improve the quality of saliency map, provided that we succeed in finding an image similar to the input one.

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WMSI = Weights of the Most similar Image

The WMSI method gets the lowest performance



Images from Bruce's dataset ranked in a decreasing order according to VLAD scores

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