

# Crossing-free straight-line drawing of graphs on the flat torus

Luca Castelli Aleardi, Olivier Devillers, Eric Fusy

## ▶ To cite this version:

Luca Castelli Aleardi, Olivier Devillers, Eric Fusy. Crossing-free straight-line drawing of graphs on the flat torus. Workshop on Geometric Structures with Symmetry and Periodicity, 2014, Kyoto, Japan. hal-01018627

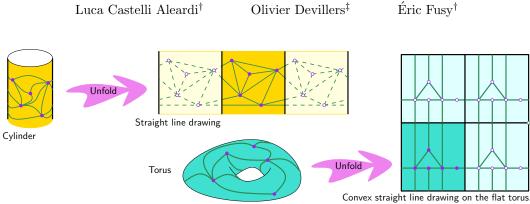
# HAL Id: hal-01018627 https://inria.hal.science/hal-01018627v1

Submitted on 4 Jul 2014

**HAL** is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

## Crossing-free straight-line drawing of graphs on the flat torus\*



#### 1 Introduction

The problem of efficiently computing straight-line drawings of planar graphs has attracted a lot of attention in the past. In this paper we took interest on *straight line drawings* for graphs drawn on the cylinder or on the torus. More precisely, we look at straight line drawing of unfolded periodic representations of the cylinder and the torus (see Figure).

#### 2 Main Result

**Theorem 1** For each essentially 3-connected<sup>1</sup> toroidal map G, one can compute in linear time a weakly convex crossing-free straight-line drawing of G on a periodic regular grid  $\mathbb{Z}/w\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/h\mathbb{Z}$ , where —with n the number of vertices and c the number of edges of the shortest non contractible loop—  $w \leq 2n$  and  $h \leq 1 + 2n(c+1)$ . Since  $c \leq \sqrt{2n}$ , the grid area is  $O(n^{5/2})$ .

#### 3 Sketch of Algorithm

We extend the incremental straight-line drawing algorithm of de Fraysseix, Pach and Pollack [2] (in the triangulated case) and of Kant [3] (in the 3-connected case).

The case of triangulations on a cylinder with the following properties: — no chords on the boundary, — no loops, — and no 2-cycles can be solved generalizing de Fraysseix et al. algorithm [2]. It needs to find a good shelling order to add the vertices and draw incrementally the triangulation preserving a good shape of its boundary. Allowing chords, loops, and 2-cycles is possible by a careful subdivision of the triangulation in pieces and gluing the result of the simple case. Generalizing to the torus can be done by cutting the graph along a short non contractible cycle. Adaptation from triangulation to maps is similar to the planar case [3].

### References

- [1] Luca Castelli Aleardi, Olivier Devillers, and Éric Fusy. Canonical ordering for triangulations on the cylinder, with applications to periodic straight-line drawings. In *Proc. 20th International Symposium on Graph Drawing*, volume 7704 of *LNCS*, pages 376–387, 2012. http://hal.inria.fr/hal-00793636/.
- [2] H. de Fraysseix, J. Pach and R. Pollack. How to draw a planar graph on a grid. Combinatorica, 10(1):41–51, 1990.

  doi:10.1007/BF02122694.
- [3] G. Kant. Drawing planar graphs using the canonical ordering. Algorithmica, 16(1):4-32, 1996. doi:10.1007/BF02086606.

<sup>\*</sup>Supported by the European project ExploreMaps – ERC StG 208471, the ANR grant "EGOS" 12-JS02-002-01, and the ANR grant "Cartaplus" 12-JS02-001-01. A preliminary of this work, limited to triangulations, appears at Graph Drawing 12 [1]

 $<sup>^\</sup>dagger \text{LIX}$  - École Polytechnique, Palaiseau, France, amturing,fusy@lix.polytechnique.fr

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>INRIA, France, olivier.devillers@inria.fr

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 3-connected in the periodic drawing,