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Analysis of Self-* and P2P Systems using Refinement *

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Abstract. Distributed systems and applications require efficient and effective techniques (e.g. self-(re)configuration, self-healing, etc.) for ensuring safety, security and more generally dependability properties, as well as *convergence*. The complexity of these systems is increased by features like dynamic (changing) topology, interconnection of heterogeneous components or failures detection. This paper presents a methodology for verifying protocols and satisfying safety and convergence requirements of the distributed self-* systems. The self-* systems are based on the idea of managing complex infrastructures, software, and distributed systems, with or without minimal user interactions. *Correct-by-construction* and *service-as-event* paradigms are used for formalizing the system requirements, where the formalization process is based on incremental refinement in EVENT B. Moreover, this paper describes a fully mechanized proof of correctness of the self-* systems along with an interesting case study related to the P2P-based self-healing protocol.

Keywords: Distributed systems, self-*, self-healing, self-stabilization, P2P, EVENT B, liveness, *service-as-event*

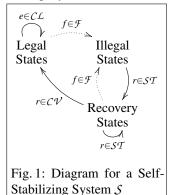
1 Introduction

Nowadays, our daily lives are affected by various advanced technologies including computers, chips, and smart-phones. These technologies are integrated into distributed systems with different types of complexities like mobility, heterogeneity, security, fault-tolerance, and dependability. Distributed systems are largely used in many applications and provide required functionalities from the interactions between a large collection of possibly heterogeneous and mobile components (nodes and/or agents). Within the domain of distributed computing, there is an increasing interest in the self-stabilizing systems, which are able to autonomically recover from occurring the faults [7]. The autonomous property of the self-* systems tends to take a growing importance in the analysis and development of distributed systems. It is an imperative that we need to get a better understanding of the self-* systems (emergent behaviours, interactions between agents, etc.), if we want to reason about their security, correctness and trustworthiness.

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Fortunately, the formal methods community has been analysing a similar class of systems for years, namely distributed algorithms.

In this study, we use the *correct by construction* approach [12] for modelling the distributed self- \star systems. Moreover, we also emphasize the use of the *service-as-event* [3] paradigm, that identifies the phases of *self-stabilization* mechanism, which can be simplify into more stable and simple coordinated steps.



We consider that a given system S (see in Fig.1) is characterized by a set of *events* (*procedures* modelling either phases or basic actions according to an abstraction level) that modifies the state of the system. *Legal states* (correct states) satisfying a *safety property* P are defined by a subset CL of possible events of the system S. The events of CL represent the possible big or small computation steps of the system S and introduce the notion of *closure* [5], where any computation starting from a *legal state* satisfying the *property* P leads to another *legal state* that also satisfies the property P. The occurrence of a fault f leads the system S into an *illegal state* (incorrect state), which violates the property P. The fault f is defined as an

event *f* that belongs to a subset \mathcal{F} of events. When considering the hypothesis of having a self-* system, we assume that there are *procedures* (*protocols* or *actions*) which *implement* the identification of *current illegal states* and recovery for *legal states*. There is a subset \mathcal{ST} of events modelling *recovery* phases for demonstrating the *stabilization* process. The system recovers using a finite number of *stabilization* steps (*r*). The process is modelled as an event *r* of $\mathcal{CV}(\subseteq \mathcal{ST})$ eventually leading to the legal states (*convergence* property) from *recovery* states. During the *recovery* phase, a fault may occur (see dotted transitions in Fig.1).

The system S can be represented by a set of events $\mathcal{M} = C\mathcal{L} \cup S\mathcal{T} \cup \mathcal{F}$, where the model \mathcal{M} contains a set $(C\mathcal{L})$ of events for representing the *computation steps* of the system S. When a fault occurs, a set $(S\mathcal{T})$ of events *simulates* the *stabilization* process that is performed by S. The formal representation expresses a *closed* model but we do not know what is the complete set of events modelling faults/failures. We characterise the fault model in a very abstract way and it may be possible to develop the fault model according to the assumptions on the environment, but we do not consider this in the current study. We restrict our study by making explicit the events of $S\mathcal{T}$ modelling the *stabilization* of the system from illegal/failed states. We ensure that the *convergence* is always possible: a subset $C\mathcal{V}$ of $S\mathcal{T}$ eventually leads S into the *legal states* satisfying the invariant P of the system. Whenever the system S is in a *legal state*, we consider that the events of $S\mathcal{T}$ are either not operative or simply preserve the invariant P of the system.

In the previous paragraph, we name *procedures* (*protocols* or *actions*) by the term *events*. An *event* is modelling a process which is defined by its pre and post specifications or a state transformation belonging to a larger process. It means that we need to play with abstraction levels to develop a self-* system. For instance, one can state that an event called stabilise is ensuring the functionality of getting a stable system (the *what*) without giving details of the detailed process itself (the *how*). Hence, the notion of

event is identified to an abstraction level and can be either modelling a global process (the *what*) or a local update of a variable (the *how*). We formalise the system S using the EVENT B modelling language [1], dealing with *events* and *invariant* properties including *convergence* properties by using a temporal framework. The *service-asevent* paradigm [3] helps to express this *concretisation* process: the procedures (1) *leading* from the *illegal states* to the *recovery states*, and (2) *leading* from the *recovery states* to the *legal states* are stated by (abstract) events, during the first stages of the EVENT B development. The next step is to unfold each (abstract procedure) event, by refinement, to a set of coordinated and concrete events, which form the body of the procedure.

This paper is organised as follows. Section 2 presents related works. Section 3 introduces the EVENT B modelling framework including *service-as-event* paradigm and a formal definition of self-* systems. Section 4 presents the formal verification approach and illustrates the proposed methodology with the study of the self-healing P2P-based protocol [14]. Section 5 discusses on approaches for studying temporal properties for EVENT B models. Finally, Section 6 concludes the paper along with future work.

2 Related Works on Formal Modelling for Self-* Systems

Systems usually run in intricate environments, with frequent and unexpected changes. This feature increases interest towards autonomous and self- \star architectures, as they are able to adapt themselves according to the changes that may occur in the systems (faults, etc.) or in the environment. Applying formal methods to self- \star systems originates from the needs of understanding how these systems behave and how they meet their specifications. A self- \star system relies on *emergent behaviours*, resulting from interactions between components of the system [21].

Traditionally, the correctness of self- \star and autonomous systems is validated through the simulation and testing [20, 22]. However, simulation and testing are not sufficient to cover the whole set of possible states of a system [2]. Therefore, formal methods appear as a promising land for validating self- \star systems, as long as formal techniques can assert the correctness of these systems and certify target properties, like trustworthiness, security, efficiency, etc. under the rigorous mathematical reasoning [6, 8, 24].

Smith et al. [21] have applied the stepwise refinement using Z to study a case of selfreconfiguration, where a set of autonomous robotic agents is able to assemble and to reach a global shape. They do not validate models using an adequate tool (e.g. proof checker, proof assistant, etc.) and models are not localized. Calinescu et al. [6] have used Alloy to demonstrate the correctness of the autonomic computing policies (ACP). However, Alloy does not provide a mechanism for expressing the *correct-by-construction* paradigm. Méry et al. [2] have also investigated a self-reconfiguring system (Network-on-Chip: adaptative XY routing) using the EVENT B framework and the *correct-by-construction* approach.

State exploration approaches such as model-checking are also used to study self-* systems. Model-checkers like SPIN, PRISM, SMV, UPPAAL are used for properties specification and getting evidences that properties, such as flexibility, robustness of the self-* systems hold [6, 8, 10, 24]. Moreover, these tools allow users to obtain the metrics

for the self- \star systems, such as performance, and quantitative evaluations [6, 8, 10, 24]. Model-checking and state-space evaluation can be used during the conception of self- \star systems, but they are especially used for runtime verification [10, 24]. The limit of model checking is clearly the size of models.

Other formal techniques like static analysis and design by contract are also applied for the formal specification of self- \star systems [23]. These techniques are mainly used for *runtime verification*. Graphical approaches, such as Petri Nets, are used to model the temporal aspects and communication flows between different components of a self- \star system, and helped to study the cases like self-reconfiguration (replacement of a component, removal of a link between two components, etc.) [24].

Finally, graphical notations (e.g. UML) help to represent self-* systems with understandable figures [25]. Their general purpose is to provide users an insight of a self-* system by describing its architecture, the relationships between agents of the system (OperA methodology [17], ADELFE [20]) or by presenting the system as a composition of extendable/instantiable primitives (FORMS [25]). These notations are generally graphical front-ends for the more complex representations of self-* systems, where the source code [20], and formal models [25] can be generated from the notations.

Our proposed methodology integrates the EVENT B method and elements of temporal logics. Using the refinement technique, we gradually build models of self-* systems in the EVENT B framework. Moreover, we use the *service-as-event* paradigm to describe the *stabilization* and *convergence* from *illegal* states to *legal* ones. Self-* systems require the expression of traces properties like liveness properties and we borrow a minimal set of inference rules for deriving liveness properties. The concept of *refinement diagrams* intends to capture the intuition of the designer for deriving progressively the target self-* system. The RODIN platform provides a laboratory for checking, animating and validating the formal models.

3 Modelling Framework

3.1 EVENT B

We advocate the use of *correct-by-construction* paradigm for modelling the self-* systems. The key concept is the incremental refinement (simulation) which provides link between discrete models by preserving properties. The EVENT B modelling language designed by Abrial [1] is based on *set theory* and the *refinement* of models: an abstract model expressing the requirements of a given system can be verified and validated easily; a concrete model corresponding to the actual system is *constructed* progressively by *refining* the abstraction. EVENT B is supported by a complete toolset RODIN [19] providing features like refinement, proof obligations generation, proof assistants and model-checking.

Modelling Actions over States The EVENT B modelling language can express *safety properties*, which are either *invariants* or *theorems* in a model corresponding to the system. Two main structures are available in EVENT B : (1) Contexts express static

informations about the model (for instance, graph properties as connectivity); (2) Machines express dynamic informations about the model, safety properties, and events. An EVENT B model is defined by a context and a machine. A machine organises events (or actions) modifying state variables and uses static informations defined in a context. An EVENT B model is characterised by a (finite) list x of state variables possibly modified by a (finite) list of *events*. An invariant I(x) states properties that must always be satisfied by the variables x and *maintained* by the activation of the events. The general form of an event e is as follows: ANY t WHERE G(t,x) THEN x : |P(t,x,x')| END and corresponds to the transformation of the state of the variable x, which is described by a *before-after* predicate BA(e)(x,x'): the predicate is semantically equivalent to $\exists t \cdot G(t,x) \land P(t,x,x')$ and expresses the relationship linking the values of the state variables before (x) and just after (x') the *execution* of the event *e*. Proof obligations are produced by RODIN, from events: INV1 and INV2 state that an invariant condition I(x) is preserved; their general form follows immediately from the definition of the before-after predicate BA(e)(x, x')of each event e; FIS expresses the feasibility of an event e, with respect to the invariant *I*. By proving feasibility, we achieve that BA(e)(x,z) provides a next state whenever the guard grd(e)(x) holds: the guard is the enabling condition of the event.

INV1	INV2	FIS
$Init(x) \Rightarrow I(x)$	$I(x) \wedge BA(e)(x, x') \Rightarrow I(x')$	$I(x) \wedge grd(e)(x) \Rightarrow \exists z \cdot BA(e)(x,z)$

Model Refinement The refinement of models extends the structures described previously, and relates an abstract model and a concrete model. This feature allows us to develop EVENT B models of the self- \star approach gradually and validate each decision step using the proof tool. The refinement relationship is expressed as follows: a model *AM* is refined by a model *CM*, when *CM simulates AM* (i.e. when a concrete event *ce* occurs in *CM*, there must be a corresponding enabling abstract event *ae* in *AM*). The final concrete model is closer to the behaviour of a real system that observes events using real source code. The relationships between contexts, machines and events are illustrated by the following diagrams (Fig. 2), which consider refinements of events and machines.

Fig. 2: Machines and Contexts relationships

The refinement of a formal model allows us to enrich the model via a *step-by-step* approach and is the foundation of our *correct-by-construction* approach [12]. Refinement provides a way to strengthen invariants and to add details to a model. It is also used to transform an abstract model to a more concrete version by modifying the state description. This is done by extending the list of state variables (possibly suppressing some of them), by refining each abstract event to a set of possible concrete versions, and by adding new events. We suppose (see Fig. 2) that an abstract model *AM* with variables *x* and an invariant I(x) is refined by a concrete model *CM* with variables *y*. The abstract state variables, *x*, and the concrete ones, *y*, are linked together by means of a, so-called, gluing invariant J(x,y). Event *ae* is in abstract model *AM* and event *ce* is in

concrete model *CM*. Event *ce* refines event *ae*. BA(ae)(x,x') and BA(ce)(y,y') are predicates of events *ae* and *ce* respectively; we have to discharge the following proof obligation: $I(x) \land J(x,y) \land BA(ce)(y,y') \Rightarrow \exists x' \cdot (BA(ae)(x,x') \land J(x',y'))$

Due to limitations on the number of pages, we have briefly introduced the EVENT B modelling language and the structures proposed for organising the formal development. However, more details are available in [1] and on the Internet¹. In fact, the refinement-based development of EVENT B requires a very careful derivation process, integrating possible *tough* interactive proofs. For assisting the development of the self-* systems, we use the *service description* and *decomposition* that is provided by the *service-as-event* [3] paradigm (derived from the *call-as-event* approach [15]).

3.2 The Service-as-Event Paradigm

This section introduces the *refinement diagrams* [3, 15] and presents the *service-as-event* paradigm. A brief overview on the usage of these formalisms for modelling the self-* systems is given.

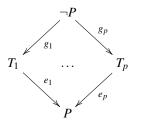
Objectives The *service-as-event* paradigm [3, 15] is a semantical extension of EVENT B and introduces a way to deal with liveness properties and traces, for modelling the self- \star systems.

A Definition of Self-* Mechanism We characterize a self-stabilizing system S (more generally a self-* system) by its ability to recover autonomously from an *illegal* (faulty) state (violating the invariant *P* of the system) to a *legal* (correct) state statisfying the invariant property *P* of system *S*. Temporal logic [3, 11, 15, 18] can be used to describe such mechanism, using the liveness properties: we represent the *stabilization* (especially the *convergence*) property as a *service* where a system *S*, in an *illegal* state (characterized by $\neg P$), reaches *eventually* a *legal* state (satisfying *P*). This service is expressed, with the *leads to* (\rightsquigarrow) operator, as follows: ($\neg P$) $\rightsquigarrow P$. This *leads to* property (equivalently (($\neg P$) $\Rightarrow \diamond P$)) states that every *illegal* state (satisfying $\neg P$) will *eventually* (at some point in the future) lead to a *legal* state (satisfying *P*).

We define a temporal framework for the EVENT B model *M* of the studied system *S* by the following TLA specification: Spec(M): $Init(y) \land \Box[Next]_y \land L$, where Init(y) is the predicate specifying initial states; $Next \equiv \exists e \in E.BA(e)(y, y')$ is an action formula representing the next-state relation; and *L* is a conjunction of formulas $WF_y(e)$: we express a *weak fairness* assumption over each event *e* modelling a step of the recovery process (we do not add any fairness on events leading to *illegal states* (*faults*)).

¹ http://lfm.iti.kit.edu/download/EventB_Summary.pdf

Refinement Diagrams We express the self-* mechanism using EVENT B, together



with liveness properties under fairness assumptions. Refinement diagrams (see in Fig.3), introduced by Méry et al in [3, 15], allow to develop EVENT B models and add control inside these models. They are also used for stating (proofs of) liveness properties (under fairness assumptions), and for supporting refinement. Therefore, these diagrams are suitable for representing the models of self- \star systems. A refinement diagram $D \cong PD(M)$

Fig. 3: A Refinement Diagram

for a machine M is defined as follows: PD(M) = (A, M, G, E), where A is a set of assertions, G a set of assertions for M called conditions/guards of the form g(x), E is the set of events of M. The diagram PD(M) is a labelled directed graph over A, with labels from G or E, satisfying the following rules: (1) if an assertion R is related to another assertion S, by an unique *non-dotted* arrow labelled $e \in E$ (where e does not model a fault), then the property $R \rightsquigarrow S$ is satisfied; (2) if *R* is related to $S_1, \ldots S_p$, then each arrow from *R* to S_i is labelled by a guard $g_i \in G$. The diagram D possesses proved properties:

- 1. If *M* satisfies $P \rightsquigarrow Q$ and $Q \rightsquigarrow R$, it satisfies $P \rightsquigarrow R$.
- 2. If *M* satisfies $P \rightsquigarrow Q$ and $R \rightsquigarrow Q$, it satisfies $(P \lor R) \rightsquigarrow Q$.
- 3. If *I* is invariant for *M* and if *M* satisfies $P \wedge I \rightsquigarrow Q$, then *M* satisfies $P \rightsquigarrow Q$.
- 4. If *I* is invariant for *M* and if *M* satisfies $P \wedge I \Rightarrow Q$, then *M* satisfies $P \rightsquigarrow Q$.
- 5. If $P \xrightarrow{e} Q$ is a link of D for the machine M, then M satisfies $P \rightsquigarrow Q$.
- 6. If *P* and *Q* are two nodes of *D* such that there is a path in *D* from *P* to *Q* and any path from P can be extended in a path containing Q, then M satisfies $P \rightsquigarrow Q$.
- 7. If *I*, *U*, *V*, *P*, *Q* are assertions such that *I* is the invariant of *M*; $P \land I \Rightarrow U$; $V \Rightarrow Q$; and there is a path from U to V and each path from U leads to V; then M satisfies $P \rightsquigarrow Q$.

These refinement diagrams are attached to EVENT B models and are used for deriving liveness properties. As an example, the diagram in Fig.3 represents a model of a self-stabilizing system: the diagram relates a pair of assertions $(\neg P, P)$, where $\neg P$ is a precondition stating that the studied system is in an *illegal* state (P does not hold); and *P* is the post-condition, describing the *desired legal* state. We observe that the *leads to* property $(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow P$, demonstrating the stabilization and convergence, is satisfied by the diagram and the model linked to it.

Applying the Service-as-Event Paradigm [3] We apply the service-as-event paradigm, for formalizing the self-* systems.

1. Describing stabilization and convergence as a service. We express the stabilization and convergence properties of a self- \star system S, where service is stated by the following property: $(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow P$. An abstract event (e) is used for describing the service/procedure represented by $(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow P$: $(\neg P) \xrightarrow{e} P$; where $(\neg P)$ is a *pre-condition* for triggering event (e); and P is a post-condition defined by the actions of event (e), which should be satisfied by the "execution" of event.

2. Decomposing *stabilization* and *convergence* into simple steps. We decompose the abstract service stated by $(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow P$ into simple *sub-procedures/steps*, using the *inference rules* [11] related to the *leads to* properties:

trans2	$\frac{1}{R_0 \rightsquigarrow R_1} trans_4$	$\frac{\dots}{R_1 \rightsquigarrow P} trans_5$
$(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow R_0$	$R_0 \rightsquigarrow P$	$- trans_1$
(¬P)	~→ P	- transi



This process is similar to refinement (see Fig.5), since we add, at each level of the proof tree, a new state R_k ($0 \le k \le n$) leading from ($\neg P$) to *P*. The initial property ($\neg P$) $\rightsquigarrow P$ is decomposed, until the identification of the *stabilization* steps is satisfactory. The *stabilization* phase is expressed by the property

· 1			
ABSTRACTION			
$(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow P$			
REFINES			
FIRST REFINEMENT			
$(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow R_0; R_0 \rightsquigarrow P$			
REFINES			
SECOND REFINEMENT			
$(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow R_0; R_0 \rightsquigarrow R_1; R_1 \rightsquigarrow P$			

 $(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow R_0 \land R_0 \rightsquigarrow R_1 \land \dots \land R_{n-1} \rightsquigarrow R_n \land R_n \rightsquigarrow P$, which states the *convergence* leading to the *desired legal* states. Each level of the proof tree corresponds to a level of refinement (see Fig.5) in the formal development. Each *leads to*

Fig. 5: Decomposition and Refinement property demonstrates a *service* of *stabilization*, which is defined by an event in the model.

4 Stepwise Design of the Self-Healing Approach

4.1 Introduction to the Self-Healing P2P-Based Approach

The development of *self-healing P2P-based approach* is proposed by Marquezan et al. [14], where system reliability is the main concern. The self-healing process ensures the maintenance of proper functioning of the system services. If a service fails then it switches from a *legal* state to a *faulty* state. The self-healing/recovery procedure ensures that the service switches back to the *legal* state. The services run in a distributed (P2P) system composed of *agents/peers* executing instances of tasks. The *services* and *peers* notions are introduced as: (1) Management Services: Tasks/Services are executed by the peers; (2) Instances of Management Services: Peers executing a certain type of management service; (3) Management Peer Group (MPG): Instances of the same management service. The self-healing property can be described as follows: (1) Selfidentification triggers to detect the failure of service. This mechanism identifies running or failed instances of a management service. (2) Self-activation is started, whenever a management service will be detected fail by the self-identification. Self-activation evaluates if the management service needs a recovery, based on the criticality of the failure: if there are still enough instances for running the service, the recovery procedure is not started; otherwise, the *self-configuration* mechanism is triggered for repairing the service. (3) Self-configuration is activated if the failure of service is critical: the role of this mechanism is to instantiate the failed management service, and to return the service into a *legal* state.

4.2 The Formal Design

Figure 6 depicts the formal design of *self-healing P2P-based approach*. The model M0 abstracts the self-healing approach. The refinements M1, M2, M3 introduce step-by-step the *self-detection*, *self-activation* and *self-configuration* phases, respectively. The remaining refinements, from M4 to M20, are used for localisation of the system: each step of the algorithm is made *local* to a node. The last refinement M21 presents a local model that describes a set of procedures for recovering process of P2P system.



Abstracting the Self-Healing Approach (MO) This section presents an abstraction of the self-healing procedure for a failed service. Each service (*s*) is described by two states: *RUN* (*legal/running* state) and *FAIL* (*illegal/faulty* state). A variable *serviceState* is defined as $s \mapsto st \in serviceState$, where *s* denotes a service and *st* denotes a possible state. A property P expresses that a service (*s*) is in a *legal running* state that is formalised as $P \cong (s \mapsto RUN \in serviceState)$. An event FAIL-URE models a faulty behaviour, where service (*s*) enters into a faulty state (*FAIL*), satisfying ¬P. The *self-healing* of management service (*s*) is expressed as (¬P) \rightarrow P. The *recovery* procedure is stated by an event HEAL ((¬P) $\xrightarrow{\text{HEAL}}$ P), where service (*s*) recovers from an *illegal faulty* state (*FAIL*) to a *legal running* state (*RUN*). The refinement diagram¹ (see Fig.7) and events sum up the abstraction of a *recovery* procedure.



		EVENT HEAL		
FAILURE RUN FAIL	EVENT FAILURE ANY s WHERE $grd1 : s \in SERVICES$	ANY s WHERE $grd1 : s \in SERVICES$ $grd2 : s \mapsto FAIL \in serviceState$		
Fig. 7: Abstraction	$\begin{array}{l} s \mapsto FAIL \\ s \mapsto FAIL \\ (\{s\} \triangleleft serviceState) \cup \{s \mapsto FAIL\} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{FILL} : structure \\ \text{THEN} \\ act1 : serviceState := \\ (serviceState \setminus \{s \mapsto FAIL\}) \\ \cup \{s \mapsto RUN\} \end{array}$		

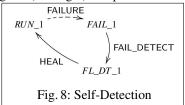
This *macro/abstract view* of the *self-healing* is detailed by refinement², using intermediate steps. A set of new variables is introduced to capture the system requirements. The variables are denoted by $NAME_{\{Refinement Level\}}$.

Introducing the Self-Detection (M1) The variable *serviceState* is replaced, by refinement, with a new variable *serviceState*_1, since new states are introduced. The states *RUN*, *FAIL* are refined into *RUN*_1, *FAIL*_1, and a new state (*FL_DT_1*) is defined. A service (*s*) can *suspect* and *identify* a failure state (*FAIL_1*) before triggering the recovery (HEAL). We introduce a property $R_0 \cong (s \mapsto FL_DT_1 \in serviceState_1)$ and a new event FAIL_DETECT in this *self-detection* mechanism. Let P and \neg P be redefined as follows: $P \cong (s \mapsto RUN_1 \in serviceState_1)$ and $\neg P \cong (s \mapsto FAIL_1 \in serviceState_1)$.

¹ The assertions ($s \mapsto st \in serviceState$), describing the state (st) of a service (s), are shorten into (st), in the nodes of the refinement diagrams, for practical purposes.

² \oplus : to add elements to a model, \ominus : to remove elements from a model

The intermediate steps of self-detection are introduced according to the refinement diagram (see Fig.8) and proof tree.



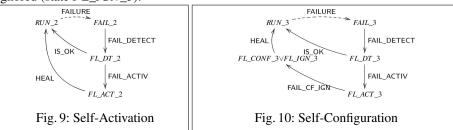
$$\frac{(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow R_0}{(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow P} \frac{R_0 \rightsquigarrow P}{trans}$$

The event FAIL_DETECT is introduced to express the *self-detection*: the failure state (*FAIL*_1) of a service (*s*) is detected (state FL_DT_1).

The property $(\neg P) \rightsquigarrow R_0$ is expressed by the event FAIL_DETECT, where the failure (*FAIL_1*) of service (*s*) is identified (*FL_DT_1*). $R_0 \rightsquigarrow P$ is defined by the event HEAL, where the service (*s*) is restored to a *legal running* state (*RUN_1*) after failure detection. The same method is applied to identify all the phases of *self-healing* algorithm. Due to limited space, we focus on the interesting parts of models and liveness properties. The complete formal development of models can be downloaded from web³.

EVENT FAILURE	EVENT FAIL_DETECT	EVENT HEAL REFINES HEAL		
REFINES FAILURE	ANY			
	S	WHERE		
WHERE	WHERE	\ominus grd2		
$\oplus s \mapsto RUN_1 \in serviceState_1$	$grd1 : s \in SERVICES$	\oplus <i>s</i> \mapsto <i>FL_DT_1</i> \in <i>serviceState_1</i>		
THEN	$grd2 : s \mapsto FAIL_1 \in serviceState_1$	THEN		
$\ominus act1$:	THEN	\ominus act1		
\oplus serviceState_1 :=	act1 : serviceState_1 :=	\oplus serviceState_1 :=		
$(serviceState_1 \setminus \{s \mapsto RUN_1\})$	$(serviceState_1 \setminus \{s \mapsto FAIL_1\})$	$(serviceState_1 \setminus \{s \mapsto FL_DT_1\})$		
$\cup \{s \mapsto FAIL_1\}$	$\cup \{s \mapsto FL_DT_1\}$	$\cup \{s \mapsto RUN_1\}$		

Introducing the Self-Activation (M2) and Self-Configuration (M3) The *self-activation* is introduced in this refinement M2 (see Fig. 9), where a failure of a service (*s*) is evaluated in terms of critical or non-critical using a new state FL_ACT_2 and an event FAIL_ACTIV. The *self-configuration* step is introduced in the next refinement M3 (see Fig.10), which expresses that if the failure of service (*s*) is critical, then the *self-configuration* procedure for a service (*s*) will be triggered (state FL_CONF_3), otherwise, the failure will be ignored (state FL_IGN_3).

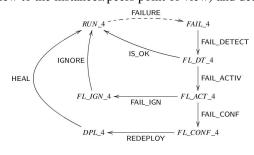


The Global Behaviour (M4) The developed models are refined and decomposed into several steps (see Fig.11) [14]. These steps are: (1) *Self-Detection*, (2) *Self-Activation*, and (3) *Self-Configuration*. Self-Detection phase is used to detect any failure in the autonomous system using two events FAIL_DETECT and IS_OK. The event FAIL_DETECT models the failure detection; and the event IS_OK states that if a detected failure of a service (*s*) is a *false alarm*, then the service (*s*) returns to a *legal* state (*RUN_4*). Self-Activation process is used to evaluate when actual failures are identified, using

³ http://eb2all.loria.fr/html_files/files/selfhealing/self-healing.zip

the following events: FAIL_ACTIV, FAIL_IGN, IGNORE, and FAIL_CONF. The events FAIL_IGN and IGNORE are used to ignore the failure of service (s) when failure is not in critical state (FL_IGN_4). The event FAIL_CONF is used to evaluate the failure of service (s) when failure is critical (FL_CONF_4). The last phase *Self-Configuration* presents the healing procedure of a *failed* service using an event REDEPLOY.

From model M5 to M20, we localise the events (we switch from a *service* point of view to the instances/peers point of view) and detail the macro (global) steps by



adding new events, variables, and constraints. The refinements M5, M6, M7 introduce the running (*run_peers*(*s*)), faulty $(fail_peers[\{s\}]),$ suspicious $(susp_peers(s))$ and deployed peers/instances $(dep_inst[{s}])$ for a service (s). A function (min inst) associates each service (s) with the minimal number of instances that is required for

Fig. 11: Self-Healing steps

running service (*s*), and helps to detail the *self-activation* phase: if the number of running instances of service (*s*) is below than minimum, then the failure is critical. The models M8, M9, M10 detail the *self-detection* and *self-configuration* phases to introduce the *token owners* for the services. Models from M11 to M20 localise gradually the events (to switch from a *service* point of view to the instances/peers point of view). The detailed formal development of various steps from M5 to M20 are given in the archive ³. Due to limited space, in the following section, we present only the local model M21.

The Local Model (M21) This model details locally the *self-healing* procedure of a service (s). The peers instantiating management service (s) are introduced, as well as the notion of token owner. The token owner is a peer instance of service (s) that is marked as a token owner for the Management Peer Group (MPG). It can perform the self-healing procedure using self-detection, self-activation, and self-configuration steps. (1) Self-Detection introduces an event SUSPECT_INST that states that the token owner for service (s) is able to suspect a set (susp) of unavailable peers instances of service (s). Other events RECONTACT INST OK and RECONTACT INST KO are used to specify the successful recontact, and failed recontact, respectively, of the unavailable instances for ensuring the failed states. Moreover, the token owner is able to monitor the status of service (s) using two events FAIL DETECT, and IS OK. If there are unavailable instances after the recontacting procedure, the token owner informs the safe members of MPG of failed instances using the event FAIL DETECT, otherwise, the token owner indicates that service is running properly. (2) Self-Activation introduces an event FAIL ACTIV that states that if there are failed instances of service (s), then the token owner evaluates if the failure is critical. Another event FAIL IGNORE specifies that the failure is not critical. An event IGNORE can ignore the failure if several instances (more than minimum) are running correctly. If the number of instances for the running service (s) will be less than the minimum required services, then the failure will be declared critical, and the *self-healing* process will be triggered using an event FAIL CONFIGURE. (3) Self**Configuration** introduces three events REDEPLOY_INSTC, REDEPLOY_INSTS and REDEPLOY that specify that if the failure of service (*s*) is critical, then new instances of running service (*s*) can be deployed until to reach the minimal number of instances, and after the event HEAL can be triggered corresponding to the *convergence* of the self-healing process.

It is noticeable that the *architectural decomposition* of the self-healing process is emphasized in this model, by the events related to the algorithm. There is also a set of events describing actions related to the environment. MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: a set of

MACHINE 21
EVENT SUSPECT_INST
ANY
s, susp
WHERE
$grd1$: $s \in SERVICES$
$grd2$: $susp \subseteq PEERS$
$grd3$: $susp = run_inst(token_owner(s) \mapsto s) \cap unav_peers$
$grd4$: $suspc_inst(token_owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset$
$grd5$: $inst_state(token_owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN_4$
$grd6$: $susp \neq \varnothing$
THEN
$act1 : suspc_inst(token_owner(s) \mapsto s) := susp$
END
EVENT FAILURE
EVENT RECONTACT_INST_OK
EVENT RECONTACT_INST_KO
EVENT FAIL_DETECT
EVENT IS_OK
EVENT FAIL_ACTIV
EVENT FAIL_IGNORE
EVENT IGNORE
EVENT FAIL_CONFIGURE
EVENT REDEPLOY_INSTC
EVENT REDEPLOY_INSTS
EVENT REDEPLOY
EVENT HEAL
EVENT MAKE_PEER_UNAVAIL
EVENT UNFAIL_PEER
EVENT MAKE_PEER_AVAIL

peers (*prs*) becomes unavailable (can not be contacted); MAKE_PEER_AVAIL: a formerly unavailable instance (*p*) becomes available; UNFAIL_PEER: a failed instance re-enters a *legal running* state.

This model M21 describes locally the *Self-Healing P2P-Based Approach*, where we have formulated *hypotheses* for ensuring the correct functioning of the self-healing process: (1) Event MAKE_PEER_AVAIL: If the token owner of a service (s) becomes unavailable, at least one peer, with the same characteristics as the disabled token owner (state, local informations about running, failed peers, etc.) can become the new token

owner of service (s); (2) Event REDEPLOY_INSTC: There is always a sufficient number of available peers that can be deployed to reach the legal running state of a service (s).

In a nutshell, we say that our methodology allows users to understand the self-* mechanisms and to gain insight into their architectures (components, coordination, etc.); and gives evidences of the correctness of self-* systems under some assumptions/hypotheses.

5 Analysis of Temporal Properties for Event-B Models

Leuschel et al. [13] developed a tool ProB for animating, model-checking, and verifying the consistency of Event-B models. ProB provides two ways for analysing Event-B models : constraint-based checking and temporal model-checking. We focus on temporal model-checking, since we are interested in liveness properties. Temporal model-checking [13] allows ProB to detect problems with a model (invariants violation, deadlocks, etc.) and to verify if the model satisfies LTL properties: ProB explores the state space of the model and tries to find a counter-example (i.e. a sequence of events) leading to the violation of invariants or LTL properties.

A difference with TLC (model-checker for TLA⁺) is that ProB does not support *fairness* [9], allowing unfair traces to be analysed during model-checking. Therefore, the TLA⁺ framework is more suited to our work, since we are verifying liveness properties, in Event-B models, under fairness assumptions.

6 Discussion, Conclusion and Future Work

We present a methodology based on liveness properties and *refinement diagrams* for modelling the self- \star systems using EVENT B. We characterize the self- \star systems by three modes (abstract states): 1) *legal (correct)* state, 2) *illegal (faulty)* state, and 3) *recovery* state. We have proposed a generic pattern for deriving correct self- \star systems (see Fig.1). The *service-as-event* and *call-as-event* paradigms provide a way to express the relationships between modes for ensuring required properties as convergence. The *correct-by-construction* principle gives us the possibility to refine procedures from events and to link modes. The key idea is to identify the modes (considered as abstract states) and the required abstract steps to allow the navigation between modes, and then to gradually enrich abstract models, using refinement to introduce the concrete states and events. We have illustrated our methodology by the *self-healing approach* [14].

The complexity of the development is measured by the number of proof obligations (PO) which are automatically/manually discharged (see Table 1). It should be noted that a large majority ($\sim 70\%$) of the 1177 manual proofs is solved by simply running the provers. The actual summary of proof obligations is given by Table 2. The manually discharged POs (327) require analysis and skills: searching and adding premises, simplifying the complex predicates, and even transforming goals are needed to discharge these POs. Examples of difficult POs are related to proving the *finiteness* of *Management Peer Groups (MPG)*, during the *redeployment operation* of the *self-configuration phase*.

Model	Total	Auto		Interactive	
CONTEXTS	30	26	86.67%	4	13.33%
M0	3	3	100%	0	0%
M1	21	15	71.4%	6	28.6%
M2	46	39	84.8%	7	15.2%
M3	68	0	0%	68	100%
M4	142	16	11.27%	126	88.75%
M5	46	17	39.95%	29	63.05%
OTHER MACHINES	1065	141	12.44%	924	87.56%
M21	13	0	0%	13	100%
TOTAL	1434	257	17.9%	1177	82.1%

Table 1: Summary of Proof Obligations

 Total
 Auto
 Quasi-Auto
 Manual

 1434
 257
 17.9%
 850
 59.3%
 327
 22.8%

 Table 2:
 Synthesis of POs

Furthermore, our refinement-based formalization allows us to produce final local models close to the *source code*. Our future works include the development of techniques for generating applications from the resulting model extending tools like EB2ALL [16]. Moreover, further case studies will help us to discover new patterns;

these patterns will be added to a catalogue of patterns that could be implemented in the Rodin platform. Finally, another point would be to take into account dependability properties in our methodology.

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A Appendix : EVENT-B models

```
CONTEXT
        C00 >
    SETS
        SERVICES >
        STATES >
    CONSTANTS
        RUN >
                 >
        FAIL
        InitState >
    AXIOMS
                 SERVICES ≠ ø not theorem >
        axm1:
        axm2:
                 STATES = {RUN, FAIL} not theorem >
                 RUN ≠ FAIL not theorem >
        axm3:
        axm4: InitState ∈ SERVICES ↔ STATES not theorem >
                 \forall s · s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow s \mapsto RUN \in InitState not theorem \rightarrow
        axm5:
        axm6: ∀ s, st1, st2 · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ st1 ∈ STATES ∧ st2 ∈ STATES ∧ s ↔
st1 \in InitState \land s \mapsto st2 \in InitState \Rightarrow st1 = st2 not theorem \rightarrow
    END
```

```
CONTEXT
         C01
                >
    EXTENDS
          C00
    SETS
         STATES 1
                       >
    CONSTANTS
         RUN 1
                  >
         FAIL_1
                 >
         FAIL DETECT 1
                           >
         InitState_1 →
    AXIOMS
                  partition(STATES_1, {RUN_1}, {FAIL_1}, {FAIL_DETECT_1}) not
         axm1:
theorem >
         axm2:
                  InitState 1 ∈ SERVICES ↔ STATES 1 not theorem >
         axm3:
                  \forall s · s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow s \mapsto RUN_1 \in InitState_1 not theorem \Rightarrow
                  ∀ s, st1, st2 · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ st1 ∈ STATES_1 ∧ st2 ∈ STATES_1 ∧
         axm4:
s \mapsto st1 \in InitState_1 \land s \mapsto st2 \in InitState_1 \Rightarrow st1 = st2 not theorem \rightarrow
    END
```

```
CONTEXT
         C02
                >
    EXTENDS
          C01
    SETS
         STATES 2
                       >
    CONSTANTS
         RUN 2
                   >
         FAIL_2
                   >
         FAIL DETECT 2
                           >
         FAIL_ACTIV_2
                           >
         InitState 2 →
    AXIOMS
         axm1:
                  partition(STATES_2, {RUN_2}, {FAIL_2}, {FAIL_DETECT_2},
{FAIL_ACTIV_2}) not theorem >
         axm2:
                  InitState_2 ∈ SERVICES ↔ STATES_2 not theorem >
                  \forall s · s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow s \mapsto RUN_2 \in InitState_2 not theorem \Rightarrow
         axm3:
         axm4: ∀ s, st1, st2 · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ st1 ∈ STATES_2 ∧ st2 ∈ STATES_2 ∧
s \mapsto st1 ∈ InitState_2 \land s \mapsto st2 ∈ InitState_2 \Rightarrow st1 = st2 not theorem \rightarrow
    END
```

```
CONTEXT
        C03
                >
    EXTENDS
          C02
    SETS
         STATES 3
                      >
    CONSTANTS
        RUN 3
                   >
        FAIL_3
                 >
         FAIL DETECT 3
                            >
         FAIL_ACTIV_3
                            >
         FAIL_CONFIG_3
                            >
         FAIL_IGN_3
                      >
         InitState 3 >
    AXIOMS
                  partition(STATES_3, {RUN_3}, {FAIL_3}, {FAIL_DETECT_3},
         axm1:
{FAIL_ACTIV_3}, {FAIL_CONFIG_3}, {FAIL_IGN_3}) not theorem >
                 InitState_3 ∈ SERVICES ↔ STATES_3 not theorem >
         axm2:
         axm3:
                  \forall s · s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow s \mapsto RUN_3 \in InitState_3 not theorem \rightarrow
                  ∀ s, st1, st2 · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ st1 ∈ STATES_3 ∧ st2 ∈ STATES_3 ∧
         axm4:
s \mapsto st1 \in InitState 3 \land s \mapsto st2 \in InitState 3 \implies st1 = st2 not theorem >
    END
```

Page 1

```
CONTEXT
         C04
                >
    EXTENDS
          C03
    SETS
         STATES 4
                        >
    CONSTANTS
         RUN 4
         FAIL_4
                   >
         FAIL DETECT 4
                            >
         FAIL_ACTIV_4
                            >
         FAIL_CONFIG_4
                            >
         FAIL IGN 4
                       >
         DPL\overline{4}
         InitState 4 >>
    AXIOMS
                  partition(STATES_4, {RUN_4}, {FAIL_4}, {FAIL_DETECT_4},
         axm1:
{FAIL_ACTIV_4}, {FAIL_CONFIG_4}, {FAIL_IGN_4}, {DPL_4}) not theorem >
         axm2:
                  InitState 4 ∈ SERVICES ↔ STATES 4 not theorem >
                  \forall s · s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow s \mapsto RUN_4 \in InitState_4 not theorem \Rightarrow
         axm3:
                  ∀ s, st1, st2 · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ st1 ∈ STATES 4 ∧ st2 ∈ STATES 4 ∧
         axm4:
s \mapsto st1 \in InitState 4 \land s \mapsto st2 \in InitState 4 \implies st1 = st2 not theorem >
    END
```

```
CONTEXT
     C05
              >
EXTENDS
      C04
CONSTANTS
     min inst
                     >
     init_inst
                     >
AXIOMS
     axm1:
               min_inst \in SERVICES \rightarrow N1 not theorem \rightarrow
     axm2:
                init inst \in SERVICES \rightarrow N1 not theorem \rightarrow
               \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies min_inst(s) \ge 2 \text{ not theorem} \Rightarrow
     axm3:
     axm4:
               \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow init_inst(s) \ge min_inst(s) not theorem >
     axm5: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow init_inst(s) \ge 2 theorem >
END
```

CONTEXT C06 > EXTENDS C05 SETS >Set of PEERS PEERS CONSTANTS Initial set of peers / instances per service AXIOMS **InitSrvcPeers** \in SERVICES $\rightarrow \mathbb{P}1(\text{PEERS})$ not theorem \rightarrow each service axm1: is provided by a non empty set of peers/instances axm2: $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies finite(InitSrvcPeers(s))$ not theorem >each service is provided by a finite set of peers/instances axm3: $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies card(InitSrvcPeers(s)) = init inst(s) not$ theorem >each service s is provided by peers/instances, whose number is init inst(s) \forall s1, s2 \cdot s1 \subseteq PEERS \land s2 \subseteq PEERS \land s1 \neq \emptyset \land s2 \neq \emptyset \land finite(s1) axm4: ∧ finite(s2) ∧ s1 ⊂ s2 \Rightarrow card(s1) ≤ card(s2)-1 not theorem > \forall s1 · s1 \subseteq PEERS \land s1 $\neq \emptyset \land$ finite(s1) \Rightarrow card(s1) > 0 theorem \Rightarrow axm5: \forall s1, s2 · s1 \subseteq PEERS \land s2 \subseteq PEERS \land finite(s1) \land finite(s2) \land s1 axm6: \subseteq s2 \Rightarrow card(s2) - card(s1) = card(s2\s1) not theorem \Rightarrow END

```
CONTEXT
         C07
                  >
     EXTENDS
           C06
     CONSTANTS
         deplo inst
                        >
    AXIOMS
          axm1: ∀ set, s1, s2 · set ⊆ SERVICES×PEERS ∧ s1 ∈ SERVICES ∧ s2 ∈
SERVICES \land s1 = s2 \Rightarrow ({s1} \triangleleft set)[{s2}] = ø theorem >
          axm2: ∀ set, s1, s2 · set ⊆ SERVICES×PEERS ∧ s1 ∈ SERVICES ∧ s2 ∈
SERVICES \land s1 \neq s2 \Rightarrow ({s1} \triangleleft set)[{s2}] = set[{s2}] theorem \rightarrow
         axm3: ∀ set, s1, s2, p · set ⊆ SERVICES×PEERS ∧ s1 ∈ SERVICES ∧ s2 ∈
SERVICES \land p \in PEERS \land s1 = s2 \implies (set \cup \{s1 \mapsto p\})[\{s2\}] = set[\{s2\}]\cup\{p\} theorem
>
          axm4:
                   ∀ set, s1, s2, p · set ⊆ SERVICES×PEERS ∧ s1 ∈ SERVICES ∧ s2 ∈
SERVICES \land p \in PEERS \land s1 \neq s2 \Rightarrow (set \cup \{s1 \mapsto p\})[\{s2\}] = set[\{s2\}] \text{ theorem} \Rightarrow
          axm5:
                   deplo_inst \in SERVICES \rightarrow N1 not theorem \rightarrow
     END
```

```
CONTEXT
           C08
                     >
     EXTENDS
            C07
     CONSTANTS
           init tok
           InitStatus
                             >
           InitSuspPeers
                                  >
           InitFail
     AXIOMS
                      init tok \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS not theorem \rightarrow
           axm1:
           axm2:
                      \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow init_tok(s) \in InitSrvcPeers(s) not theorem
>
                      \forall a1, a2 \cdot a1 \in PEERS \leftrightarrow (SERVICES×PEERS) \land a2 \in PEERS \leftrightarrow
           axm3:
(SERVICES × PEERS) \land finite(a1) \land a2 \subseteq a1 \Rightarrow finite(a2) not theorem >
                      InitStatus ∈ (PEERS × SERVICES) +→ STATES 4 not theorem >
           axm4:
                      \forall s, p · s \in SERVICES \land p \in PEERS \land p = init tok(s) \Rightarrow (p \mapsto s) \mapsto
           axm5:
                           not theorem \rightarrow
RUN 4 ∈ InitStatus
                      \forall s, p, stt · s \in SERVICES \land p \in PEERS \land stt \in STATES 4 \land (p \mapsto
           axm6:
s) \mapsto stt \in InitStatus \Rightarrow p = init_tok(s) \land stt = RUN 4 not theorem \Rightarrow
                      InitSuspPeers \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
           axm7:
           axm8:
                      \forall p, s, sp \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land sp \subseteq PEERS \land (p \mapsto s) \mapsto
sp \in InitSuspPeers \Rightarrow p = init tok(s) \land sp = \emptyset not theorem >
                      \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p = init tok(s) \Rightarrow (p \mapsto s) \mapsto
           axm9:
ø ∈ InitSuspPeers not theorem >
           axm10: InitFail \in SERVICES \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\text{PEERS}) not theorem \rightarrow
           axm11: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies InitFail(s) = \emptyset \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow
     END
```

```
CONTEXT
          C09
                   >
     EXTENDS
           C08
     CONSTANTS
          InitStateSrv
                               >
          InitSuspPrs >
          InitRunPeers
                              >
     AXIOMS
                     InitStateSrv ∈ PEERS × SERVICES ↔ STATES 4 not theorem >
          axm1:
                    \forall s, p · p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p \in InitSrvcPeers(s) \Rightarrow (p \mapsto
          axm2:
s) → RUN 4 ∈ InitStateSrv not theorem >
          axm3: \forall s, p, stt \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \mapsto stt \in
InitStateSrv \Rightarrow p \in InitSrvcPeers(s) \land stt = RUN 4 not theorem \Rightarrow
                     InitSuspPrs \in PEERS × SERVICES \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
          axm4:
                     \forall s, p · p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p \in InitSrvcPeers(s) \Rightarrow (p \mapsto
          axm5:
s) ⇒ ø ∈ InitSuspPrs not theorem >
          axm6:
                     \forall s, p, stt \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \mapsto stt \in
InitSuspPrs \Rightarrow p \in InitSrvcPeers(s) \land stt = \emptyset not theorem \Rightarrow
          axm7:
                   InitRunPeers \in PEERS × SERVICES \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\text{PEERS}) not theorem >
          axm8: \forall s, p · p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p \in InitSrvcPeers(s) \Rightarrow (p \mapsto
s) → InitSrvcPeers(s) ∈ InitRunPeers not theorem >
          axm9: \forall s, p, stt \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \mapsto stt \in
InitRunPeers \Rightarrow p \in InitSrvcPeers(s) \land stt = InitSrvcPeers(s) not theorem \Rightarrow
     END
```

```
MACHINE
        M00
               >
    SEES
         C00
    VARIABLES
        serviceState
                      >
    INVARIANTS
        inv1:
                 serviceState ∈ SERVICES ↔ STATES not theorem >
        inv2: ∀ s, st1, st2 · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ st1 ∈ STATES ∧ st2 ∈ STATES ∧ s ⇒
st1 \in serviceState \land s \mapsto st2 \in serviceState \Rightarrow st1 = st2 not theorem \rightarrow
    EVENTS
        INITIALISATION:
                             not extended ordinary >
            THEN
                 act1: serviceState = InitState >
            END
        FAIL:
                not extended ordinary >
            ANY
                 S
                   >
            WHERE
                 grd1:
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
            THEN
                         serviceState = ({s} ≤ serviceState) ∪ {s ↦ FAIL} →
                 act1:
            END
        HEAL:
                not extended ordinary >
            ANY
                 S
                   >
            WHERE
                 grd1:
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                         s → FAIL ∈ serviceState not theorem >
                 grd2:
            THEN
                         serviceState = (serviceState \setminus {s \mapsto FAIL}) \cup {s \mapsto RUN} \rightarrow
                 act1:
            END
```

M00

END

```
MACHINE
         M01
                 >
    REFINES
          M00
    SEES
          C01
    VARIABLES
         serviceState 1
                           >
    INVARIANTS
         inv1:
                  serviceState 1 ∈ SERVICES ↔ STATES 1 not theorem >
         gluing run1:
                          \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \land s \mapsto RUN \in serviceState \implies s \mapsto RUN 1

serviceState 1 not theorem >

         gluing run2:
                           \forall s · s \in SERVICES \land s \mapsto RUN 1 \in serviceState 1 \Rightarrow s \mapsto
RUN ∈ serviceState not theorem >
         qluing fail1: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \land s \mapsto FAIL \in serviceState \implies (s \Rightarrow
FAIL 1 ∈ serviceState 1 v s ↦ FAIL DETECT 1 ∈ serviceState 1) not theorem >
         gluing_fail2: ∀ s, st · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ st ∈ STATES_1 ∧ st ∈
{FAIL_1, FAIL_DETECT_1} \land s \mapsto st \in serviceState 1 \Rightarrow s \mapsto FAIL \in serviceState not
theorem >
         gluing_state3: ∀ s, st1, st2 · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ st1 ∈ STATES 1 ∧ st2 ∈
STATES 1 \land s \mapsto st1 \in serviceState 1 \land s \mapsto st2 \in serviceState 1 \Rightarrow st1 = st2 not
theorem >
    EVENTS
                                 not extended ordinary >
         INITIALISATION:
             THEN
                  act1:
                           serviceState 1 =
                                                  InitState 1 →
             END
         FAIL:
                   not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   FAIL
             ANY
                  s
                       >
             WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                  grd2:
                           s → RUN 1 ∈ serviceState 1 not theorem >
             THEN
                           serviceState 1 ≔ (serviceState 1\{s ↦ RUN 1}) ∪ {s ↦
                  act1:
FAIL 1}
         >
             END
         FAIL DETECT:
                            not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   FAIL
             ANY
                  s
             WHERE
                  grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
```

```
s ↦ FAIL_1 ∈ serviceState_1 not theorem >
                 grd2:
             THEN
                          serviceState_1 ≔ (serviceState_1\{s ↦ FAIL_1}) ∪ {s ↦
                 act1:
\texttt{FAIL\_DETECT\_1} \rightarrow
             END
        HEAL:
                  not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  HEAL
             ANY
                 S
                    >
             WHERE
                 grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2: s ↦ FAIL_DETECT_1 ∈ serviceState_1 not theorem >
             THEN
                 act1: serviceState_1 = (serviceState_1 \ {s \(\mathbf{FAIL_DETECT_1\)})
\cup \{s \mapsto RUN_1\} \rightarrow
             END
```

M01

```
END
```

MACHINE M02 > REFINES M01 SEES C02 servi2000000 > IND**R**IANTS innn > $[S] S = R] CES \land S = R N = S = C$ R[0]servi]]]] 2 []][0][0]]] > 200000000 : RNNServinnn > □CES ∧ s □FAI□□ □Servi□□□□□□ ⇒ s □ □ S []s []SER FAI2 servi > $\square (ES \land s \square FAI \square 2 \square servi \square \square \square \square \square 2 \implies s \square$ □s □s □SER FAI Servi > □**⊈ES** ∧ s □FAI□□ ETECT□□servi□ S []s []SER ⇒ (s □FAI□OAI 200servi0000 2 v s 0AIE00 TECT2 0servi00 20 000000 t_____ > 200000000 : 0s0st0s0 SER0CES ^ st0 STATES2 ^ st0 > S[]st1]st2 []s []SER[]CES ∧ st1 []STATES2 ∧ st2 [] STATES2 ^ s [st 1 [servi]] 2 ^ s [st2 [ser vi2]] 1 = st2 [[]] t____ > EENTS INITIALISATION: _____ or_____ > THEN a____ EN⊓ FAIL _____ or_____ > REFINES FAI AN⊓ **⊟BRE** > s ∏R∏⊠∏∏s ervi2000000 000000 > 200 : THEN a∏∏∏∏ FAI2 > EN FAIL DETECT _____ or ____ > REFINES

M02

FAIEMECT AN∏ > ∏BRE <u> </u>SER<u></u>∎€ES > s [FAI2]] 200 : THEN ann > EN IS_0K[_00xtello _ or_0000 > REFINES HEA∏ AN □ □**B**RE > <u> </u>SER<u></u>∎ES CT2 [servi]]]] 2 s [FAIETE 200 : > THEN a > EN FAIL ACTI _____ or____ > AN⊓ > ⊓∎RE s **FAIETE** CT2 [servi]]]] 2 200 : > THEN a[][][] TECT200 2□ → EN [EAL] [@⊠te]]] or]]]] > REFINES HEA□ AN⊓ > BRE □SER□ŒES > 200servi00000 2 0₫00000 → 200 : s ∏FAI∏QTAI THEN 00000000002 0(servi000000 2 000FA000A TIQOO a____ > EN□

EN□

MACHINE M03 > REFINES M0[] SEES C03 servißnnnnnn > IND**R**IANTS innn S []s []SE R□CES □s ↔ RUN□ S ⇒ RUNB [servi]]] 3 S []s []SE R□CES [s +> RUN] 3 [servi]]]]]] 3 [s +> RUN[[servi]]] > S []s []SER □CES □s → FAI□□ ∏s → Π FAIB servi > □CES □s → FAI□□ 3 □servi□□□□□□ 3 □s → S □s □SER FAI Servi > □CES □s → FAI□□ ETECT□□servi□ S []s []SER □s → FAIETEC TB [servi]]]]]] 3 S □s □SER □CES □s → FAI□□ ETECTB □servi□ 300000 □s → FAIETTEC Thervinnen R□**C**ES □s ↦ FAI□ S S SE **[Å**I∏**S**ervi∏ ∏(s ↔ FAI∏OTAI Bnnservinnnnn 3 ∨ s ⊟∏FAIQ NF300servi000 3 1507 FAI **B** i8000000 □SER□CES □st □ STATESB [st] Sost os CONF30FAIDDI 3**__⊾**⊳ st [serviß S → st1 [STATES] [st] S[st1]st] □s □SER□ŒES □ STATESB []s → st 1 []servi[][][][] 3 []s → st[][ser viB][][b[t][]]] 1 = st[[]] t____ > EENTS **INITIALISATION:** $\square\square\square\square\square\square$ > THEN аПППП $I \cap \cap \cap \cap \cap \cap 3 \rightarrow$ END FAIL: $\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box$ > REFINES FAI AN⊓ **⊓B**RE > RUNB [s THEN a[][] ΠP FAIB >

M03

END FAIL DETECT: REFINES FAIETECT AN⊓ > > servi**B** > THEN 0000000003 0(servi00000 300 FAIBO DDÐ a[][][] FAIETECTE > END IS_OK: Decoucid $\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box$ > REFINES ISDDD AN□ > **⊟**BRE <u> ∏SER</u> **[€** ES > CTB [servi]]]]] 3 > THEN □□□□□□□□□3 □(servi□□□□□□ 3 □□₽ FAIE□□ TECTB a____ > END FAIL_ACTI[]: REFINES FAID AN[] > **∐**BRE CTB [servi]]]]] 3 > THEN 0000000003 0(servi00000 3 000 FAIBOO a[][][] TECTB 3∏ → END FAIL CONF I∏N: not extended ordinary > ANY s > st > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: st ∈ {FAIL CONFIG 3, FAIL IGN 3} not theorem > grd3:

```
grd2:
                         s ↦ FAIL_ACTIV_3 ∈ serviceState_3 not theorem >
            THEN
                         serviceState_3 = (serviceState_3 \ {s + FAIL_ACTIV_3}) u
                 act1:
s \mapsto st \rightarrow
            END
        HEAL:
                  not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  HEAL
            ANY
                 S
                     >
                    >
                 st
            WHERE
                 grd1:
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd3:
                         st ∈ {FAIL_CONFIG_3, FAIL_IGN_3} not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         s ↦ st ∈ serviceState_3 not theorem >
            THEN
                         serviceState_3 = (serviceState_3 \ {s ↦ st}) u {s ↦
                 act1:
RUN_3 \rightarrow
            END
    END
```

M03

MACHINE	
M04 > REFINES	
M03	
SEES C04	
VARIABLES	
<pre>serviceState_4 > INVARIANTS</pre>	
inv1: serviceState_4 \Box SERICES \leftrightarrow S TATES_4 $\Box\Box$ $\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box$ >	2
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S	4 🗆 🗆 🗆
R_N_3 □S□S□B□ → □S□ □ □ □ □ □ □ SERVICES ∧ s ↦ FAIL_3 □ □S□ 000000S□0000	3 🛛 🖓
FAI04 0 00000S 00000400 >	
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□ □ □ □ SERVICES ∧ s ↦ FAIL_□EQE[3 □	_S3
□ □ FAC □□□E□E T□4 □ □□□□□□S□□□ □□□ □□□□□□A > □□□□□□□□□□□□□ □ □ □ □ □ SERVICES ∧ s ↦ FAIL_□EQE□4 □ □□□□□□	_S4
	SDDD3
□ □ □ □ SE VICESR∧ s ↦ FAIL_ACTIV_4 □	_S4
$\square \square FAIDMA _3 \square $	00003 0
□ FAI_□I_N_4 □ □ □ □ □ S□□□040000 > □□□□0000000 □ □ □ □ SE VICESR∧ s ↦ FAIL_IGN_4 □ □□00000S	00004 0
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INITIALISATION: not e // _///////////////////////////	
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FAI	

AN□ > ⊓HERE □ □ 𝒴ERES not theorem > gr THEN 4 0 000000S0000 0 04000 0 RC a[][][] 000000500000 FAI EN⊓ REFINES FAIDDEEDE AN⊓ > ⊓HERE □ □ **SERES** not theorem > gr□□□ □ □ FAI□□4 □ □□□□□□S□□□□04□□□□□ > THEN a_____S____ > EN∏ IS_0K0 000 0000000 0000000 > REFINES IS AN[] Π > ⊓HERE □ □ SERES not theorem > □ □ FAI000E0ECT04 □ 000000S00 □00 000040 > gr THEN a[][][000000**S**00000 4 0 000000S0000 CT0400 04 0 00 0 \square \square \square R \square N \square 4 \square \rightarrow EN⊓ FAIL_ACTIVD DOD DODDDDD DODDDDD > REFINES FAI∏QAIV AN > ⊓HERE □ □ **SERES** not theorem > gr THEN 4 0 000000S0000 CT0400 04 0 00 0 a[][][000000S00000 _4□ → EN∏

FAIL CONFIGURE 000 engeneed 0000000 > REFINES FAILCONFOIN AN∏ S > ⊓HERE □□□□ s □ S₩RCES not theorem > gr[]]] s [FAIL]AC]IV_4 [se]]][eS]]] []] []]4]]e] > ΠΠΗ s□ s□ FAIL□C□NFI3 →□□ HEN
 Image: Semigradian semigr □s □ FAIL□C□NFI□□ > 4□ EN∏ REFINES FAIL C NF IN AN∏ s HERE s □ S₩RCES not theorem > s [FAIL[AC]IV_4 [se][][eS][] [] @[4][e] → gr□□□ ΠΠΗ s s FAIBIN **HEN** □s □ FAIL□I□N□4□ > EN∏ IGNORE: 000 000000 0000000 > REFINES HEAL AN⊓ > THERE □ □ **SERES** not theorem > gr□□□ □ □ FAI_□□I_N□ 4 □ □□□□□□S□□□□□□□□ > 4 DIDH $\square\square \square \square \square \square FAI \square \square \square N \square 3 >$ THEN 4 0 000000S0000 \square \square $R_{\square}N_{\square}4_{\square} \rightarrow$ EN REDEPLO______ AN[]

S > HERE

 □□□□□
 □
 SERES
 not theorem >

 gr□□□
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 I□□4
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 □□□□□□□4>

 THEN 4 0 0000000**60**000 NFI0040004 0 00 0 a____ \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square EN∏ **EAL** 000 000000 000000 > REFINES HEAL AN □ > HERE □ □ SERES not theorem > gr□□□ □I□H □□□ □**□□□□□□** □**□□** □**□□** □**□□□** → 3 THEN a____ ____S____S____ $R[N]4 \rightarrow$ EN

M04

EN□

```
MACHINE
         M05
                  >
    REFINES
          M04
    SEES
          C05
    VARIABLES
         serviceState 4
                            >
         num run >
         num susp
                        >
    INVARIANTS
                   num_run \in SERVICES \rightarrow N1 not theorem >
         inv1:
                   num susp \in SERVICES \rightarrow N not theorem \rightarrow
         inv2:
                   \forall s, st \cdot s \in SERVICES \land st \in STATES 4 \land st \notin {FAIL 4,
         inv3:
FAIL DETECT 4} \land s \mapsto st \in serviceState 4 \Rightarrow num susp(s) = 0 not theorem \rightarrow
                   \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \land s \mapsto RUN \ 4 \in serviceState \ 4 \implies num \ susp(s) =
         inv4:
0 theorem →
         inv5:
                   \forall s · s \in SERVICES \land s \mapsto FAIL_CONFIG_4 \in serviceState_4 \Rightarrow
num run(s) < min inst(s) not theorem >
                  \forall s · s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow num_susp(s) < num_run(s) not theorem >
         inv6:
    EVENTS
         INITIALISATION:
                                  extended ordinary >
              THEN
                            serviceState 4 ≔
                   act1:
                                                     InitState 4 >
                            num run ≔ init inst >
                   act2:
                             num susp = SERVICES×{0} \rightarrow
                   act3:
              END
         FAIL:
                    extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    FAIL
              ANY
                   S
                   nb_fail >
              WHERE
                   grd1:
                             s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                             s → RUN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                   grd2:
                            nb fail ∈ N1 not theorem >
                   grd3:
                   grd4:
                             nb_fail < num_run(s) not theorem >
              THEN
                            serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4\{s ↦ RUN 4}) ∪ {s ↦
                   act1:
FAIL 4} \rightarrow
                   act2:
                             num susp(s) = nb fail \rightarrow
              END
         FAIL DETECT:
                              extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    FAIL DETECT
```

```
ANY
                 S
                     >
                 num safe
                              >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                          s → FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                 grd2:
                 grd3:
                          num safe ∈ N not theorem >
                 grd4:
                          num safe \leq num susp(s) not theorem >
            THEN
                          serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4\{s ↦ FAIL 4}) ∪ {s ↦
                 act1:
FAIL DETECT 4}
                 >
                 act2:
                         num_susp(s) = num_susp(s) - num_safe >
             END
        IS OK: extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  IS OK
             ANY
                 S
                     >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                         s → FAIL DETECT 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                 grd3:
                         num susp(s) = 0 not theorem >
             THEN
                         serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4})
                 act1:
\cup \{ s \mapsto RUN \} \}
             END
        FAIL ACTIV:
                          extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  FAIL_ACTIV
             ANY
                 S
                     >
            WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                         s ↦ FAIL_DETECT_4 ∈ serviceState_4 not theorem >
                 grd3:
                         num susp(s) > 0 not theorem >
            THEN
                 act1:
                          serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4})
\cup \{ s \mapsto FAIL\_ACTIV\_4 \} >
                 act2:
                          num run(s) = num run(s) - num susp(s) \rightarrow
                          num susp(s) = 0 \rightarrow
                 act3:
             END
        FAIL CONFIGURE:
                               extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  FAIL_CONFIGURE
             ANY
```

S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > s → FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: num_run(s) < min_inst(s) not theorem > grd3: THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4}) ∪ $\{s \mapsto FAIL CONFIG 4\} >$ END FAIL IGNORE: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL IGNORE ANY > S WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: s → FAIL_ACTIV_4 ∈ serviceState_4 not theorem > grd3: num run(s) \geq min inst(s) not theorem \rightarrow THEN serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4}) u act1: $\{s \mapsto FAIL IGN 4\} >$ END IGNORE: extended ordinary > REFINES IGNORE ANY S > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: s → FAIL IGN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL IGN 4}) ∪ $\{s \mapsto RUN \ 4\} \rightarrow$ END **REDEPLO**□: extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY S > new run > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: s ↦ FAIL_CONFIG_4 ∈ serviceState_4 not theorem > new_run ∈ N1 not theorem > grd3: grd4: new_run ≥ min_inst(s) not theorem >

THEN actl: serviceState_4 ≔ (serviceState_4 \ {s ↦ FAIL_CONFIG_4}) $\cup \{ s \mapsto DPL 4 \} \rightarrow$ num_run(s) = new_run > act2: END EAL: extended ordinary > REFINES HEAL ANY S > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow$ grd2: s → DPL_4 ∈ serviceState_4 not theorem > THEN actl: serviceState_4 ≔ (serviceState_4 \ {s ↦ DPL_4}) ∪ {s ↦ $RUN_4 \rightarrow$ END END

```
MACHINE
         M06
                 >
     REFINES
          M05
     SEES
          C06
     VARIABLES
         serviceState 4
                              >
         run peers
         susp_peers
                         >
         fail peers
                         >
     INVARIANTS
                   run peers \in SERVICES \rightarrow \mathbb{P}1(\text{PEERS}) not theorem \rightarrow
         inv1:
                   susp peers \in SERVICES \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\text{PEERS}) not theorem \rightarrow
         inv2:
         inv3:
                   fail peers ∈ SERVICES ↔ PEERS not theorem >
                           \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies finite(run peers(s)) not theorem
         gluing run1:
>the number of instances providing a service s is finite
         gluing run2:
                            \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies num_run(s) = card(run_peers(s))
not theorem > the number of instances providing a service s is num run peers(s)
         gluing_susp1: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(susp_peers) \implies finite
(susp peers(s)) not theorem > the number of suspect instances of a service s is
finite
         gluing susp2: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow num susp(s)
= card(susp peers(s)) not theorem \rightarrow the number of suspect instances of a service
s is num susp peers(s)
         inv4: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies run peers(s) \cap fail peers[{s}] = \emptyset not
theorem >an instance of a service s is either failed or providing the service s
         inv5: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(susp peers) \implies susp peers(s) \subseteq
run peers(s) not theorem > suspicious instances of s are a subset of the
instances providing s
         inv6:
                 \forall s, st \cdot s \in SERVICES \land st \in STATES_4 \land st \in {FAIL_4,
FAIL DETECT 4} \land s \mapsto st \in serviceState 4 \Rightarrow s \in dom(susp peers) not theorem \rightarrow
         inv7: ∀ s, st · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ st ∈ STATES 4 ∧ st ∈ {FAIL 4,
FAIL_DETECT_4} \land s \mapsto st \in serviceState_4 \Rightarrow susp_peers(s) \subset run_peers(s) not
theorem >
    EVENTS
         INITIALISATION:
                                   not extended ordinary >
              THEN
                   act1:
                             serviceState 4 =
                                                     InitState 4 →
                             run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                   act2:
                   act3:
                             susp peers = \phi \rightarrow
                   act4:
                             fail peers = \phi >
              END
                    not extended ordinary >
         FAIL:
              REFINES
                    FAIL
              ANY
```

```
S
                      >
                 fp
                       >
             WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                          s ↦ RUN_4 ∈ serviceState_4 not theorem >
                          fp ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd5:
                 grd3:
                          fp ≠ ø not theorem >
                 grd4:
                          fp \subset run peers(s) not theorem >
             WITH
                               nb fail=card(fp) >
                 nb fail:
             THEN
                          serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState_4\{s ↦ RUN_4}) ∪ {s ↦
                 act1:
FAIL 4}
         >
                 act2:
                          susp peers(s) = fp \rightarrow
             END
        FAIL DETECT:
                           not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   FAIL DETECT
             ANY
                 s
                       >
                 sf
                       >
             WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                          s ↦ FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                          susp peers(s) ≠ ø not theorem >
                 grd5:
                          sf ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd6:
                 grd7:
                          sf \subseteq susp peers(s) not theorem \rightarrow
             WITH
                               num safe=card(sf) \rightarrow
                 num safe:
             THEN
                          serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4\{s ↦ FAIL 4}) ∪ {s ↦
                 act1:
FAIL_DETECT_4}
                 >
                          susp_peers(s) = susp_peers(s) \ sf >
                 act2:
             END
                  not extended ordinary >
         IS OK:
             REFINES
                   IS OK
             ANY
                 s
                       >
             WHERE
                 grd1:
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2:
                          s ↦ FAIL_DETECT_4 ∈ serviceState_4 not theorem >
                 grd5:
                          susp peers(s) = ø not theorem >
             THEN
                          serviceState_4 = (serviceState_4 \ {s \(\mathcal{FAIL_DETECT_4\)})
                 act1:
u \{ s \mapsto RUN \} \rightarrow
```

END FAIL ACTIV: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL_ACTIV ANY S > WHERE $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd1: grd2: s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd5: susp_peers(s) ≠ ø not theorem > THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4}) $\cup \{ s \mapsto FAIL ACTIV 4 \} >$ run peers(s) = run_peers(s) \ susp_peers(s) > act2: act3: susp peers(s) $= \phi$ > fail peers = fail peers υ ({s}×susp peers(s)) > act4: END FAIL CONFIGURE: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL CONFIGURE ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: s ↦ FAIL_ACTIV_4 ∈ serviceState_4 not theorem > grd2: card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem > grd3: THEN act1: serviceState_4 ≔ (serviceState_4 \ {s ↦ FAIL_ACTIV_4}) u $\{s \mapsto FAIL_CONFIG_4\} \rightarrow$ END FAIL IGNORE: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL IGNORE ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: card(run peers(s)) ≥ min inst(s) not theorem > grd3: THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4}) u $\{s \mapsto FAIL IGN 4\} >$ END

M06

IGNORE: extended ordinary >

```
REFINES
                   IGNORE
             ANY
                  S
                       >
             WHERE
                           s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                  grd2:
                           s → FAIL IGN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
             THEN
                  act1:
                          serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4 \ {s \mapsto FAIL IGN 4}) U
\{s \mapsto RUN 4\} \rightarrow
             END
         REDEPLO[]:
                       not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   REDEPLOY
             ANY
                  s
                       >
                  new_inst
                               >
             WHERE
                  grd1:
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                           s → FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           <code>new_inst \subseteq PEERS not theorem</code> \rightarrow
                  grd3:
                           new_inst ≠ ø not theorem >
                  grd5:
                  grd6:
                           finite(new inst) not theorem >
                  grd7:
                           run_peers(s) n new_inst = ø not theorem >
                           fail_peers[{s}] n new_inst = ø not theorem >
                  grd8:
                  grd4:
                           card(run_peers(s))+card(new_inst) ≥ min_inst(s) not
theorem >
             WITH
                               new run=card(run peers(s))+card(new inst) >
                  new run:
             THEN
                           serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL CONFIG 4})
                  act1:
\cup \{ s \mapsto DPL 4 \} \rightarrow
                           run_peers(s) = run_peers(s) u new_inst >
                  act2:
             END
                   extended ordinary >
         TEAL:
             REFINES
                   HEAL
             ANY
                  S
                      >
             WHERE
                  grd1:
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           s → DPL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
             THEN
                          serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4 \ {s \mapsto DPL 4}) U {s \mapsto
                  act1:
RUN_4 \rightarrow
             END
```

```
UNFAIL_PEER: not extended ordinary >
    ANY
    S >
    p >
    WHERE
    grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
    grd2: p ∈ PEERS not theorem >
    grd3: s ↦ p ∈ fail_peers not theorem >
    THEN
    act1: fail_peers = fail_peers\{s ↦ p} >
    END
```

END

```
MACHINE
         M07
                 >
    REFINES
          M06
    SEES
          C07
    VARIABLES
         serviceState 4
                             >
         run peers
                        >
         susp peers
                       >
         fail_peers
                       >
         dep inst
                        >
    INVARIANTS
         inv1:
                  dep inst ∈ SERVICES ↔ PEERS not theorem >
         inv2:
                  \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow dep inst[{s}] \cap fail peers[{s}] = \emptyset not
theorem >
                 \forall s, st \cdot s \in SERVICES \land st \in STATES 4 \land s \mapsto st \in serviceState 4
         inv3:
\wedge st \neq FAIL_CONFIG_4 \Rightarrow dep_inst[{s}] = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
         inv4: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies finite(dep inst[{s}]) not theorem >
                  \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow dep_inst[{s}] \cap run_peers(s) = \emptyset not
         inv5:
theorem >
    EVENTS
         INITIALISATION:
                                  extended ordinary >
              THEN
                  act1: serviceState 4 =
                                                   InitState 4 →
                  act2: run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                  act3: susp_peers ≔ ø >
                  act4:
                           fail peers = \phi >
                  act5:
                            dep inst ≔ ø >
              END
         FAIL:
                   extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                   FAIL
              ANY
                  S
                       >
                  fp
                      >
              WHERE
                  grd1:
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                           s → RUN_4 ∈ serviceState_4 not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           fp \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                  grd5:
                  grd3:
                           fp \neq \emptyset not theorem >
                  grd4:
                            fp \subset run peers(s) not theorem >
              THEN
                  act1:
                            serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4\{s ↦ RUN 4}) ∪ {s ↦
FAIL 4} \rightarrow
                            susp_peers(s) = fp >
                  act2:
              END
```

```
FAIL DETECT:
                            extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   FAIL_DETECT
             ANY
                  S
                        >
                  sf
                      >
             WHERE
                  grd1:
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                           s → FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                  grd2:
                  grd5:
                           susp peers(s) \neq \emptyset not theorem >
                           sf ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                  grd6:
                  grd7:
                           sf \subseteq susp peers(s) not theorem \rightarrow
             THEN
                           serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4\{s \mapsto FAIL 4}) \cup {s \mapsto
                  act1:
FAIL DETECT 4}
                           susp peers(s) = susp peers(s) \ sf >
                  act2:
             END
         IS_OK: extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   IS OK
             ANY
                  S
                       >
             WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                  grd2:
                           s → FAIL_DETECT_4 ∈ serviceState_4 not theorem >
                  grd5:
                           susp peers(s) = \emptyset not theorem >
             THEN
                           serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4 \ {s \mapsto FAIL DETECT 4})
                  act1:
\cup \{ s \mapsto RUN \} \}
             END
         FAIL ACTIV:
                            extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   FAIL ACTIV
             ANY
                  S
                       >
             WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                           s → FAIL DETECT 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           susp peers(s) \neq \emptyset not theorem >
                  grd5:
             THEN
                  act1:
                           serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4})
\cup \{ s \mapsto FAIL_ACTIV 4 \} \rightarrow
                           run_peers(s) = run_peers(s) \ susp_peers(s) >
                  act2:
                  act3:
                           susp_peers(s) = \phi \rightarrow
                           fail peers = fail peers \cup ({s}×susp peers(s)) >
                  act4:
```

```
Page 2
```

```
END
        FAIL CONFIGURE:
                              extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  FAIL_CONFIGURE
            ANY
                     >
                 S
            WHERE
                 grd1:
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                         s → FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                grd2:
                grd3:
                         card(run_peers(s)) < min_inst(s) not theorem >
            THEN
                         serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4}) ∪
                 act1:
\{s \mapsto FAIL CONFIG 4\} >
            END
        FAIL IGNORE:
                        extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 FAIL IGNORE
            ANY
                 S
                     >
            WHERE
                 grd1: s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                grd2: s → FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                         card(run peers(s)) ≥ min inst(s) not theorem >
                grd3:
            THEN
                         serviceState_4 ≔ (serviceState_4 \ {s ↦ FAIL_ACTIV_4}) u
                 act1:
\{s \mapsto FAIL IGN 4\} \rightarrow
            END
        IGNORE: extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 IGNORE
            ANY
                 S
                    >
            WHERE
                grd1: s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                grd2: s ↦ FAIL IGN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
            THEN
                         serviceState_4 ≔ (serviceState_4 \ {s ↦ FAIL_IGN_4}) ∪
                act1:
\{s \mapsto RUN \ 4\} \rightarrow
            END
        REDEPLO[INST : not extended ordinary >
            ANY
                 s
                     >
                dep >
            WHERE
```

grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: dep \subseteq PEERS not theorem \rightarrow grd3: finite(dep) not theorem > grd4: dep n run_peers(s) = ø not theorem > dep n fail_peers[{s}] = ø not theorem > grd5: grd6: card(dep) = deplo inst(s) not theorem > grd7: card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > grd8: s → FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > THEN act1: dep_inst ≔ dep_inst ∪ ({s}×dep) > **END** REDEPLO[]: not extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY** ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: s → FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: ard6: dep inst[{s}] ≠ ø not theorem > $card(run peers(s))+card(dep inst[{s}]) \ge min inst(s) not$ grd4: theorem > WITH new inst=dep inst[{s}] > new inst: THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL CONFIG 4}) $\cup \{s \mapsto DPL_4\} \rightarrow$ act2: run peers(s) = run peers(s) \cup dep inst[{s}] \rightarrow act3: dep_inst ≔ {s} ⊲ dep_inst > END **EAL:** extended ordinary > REFINES HEAL ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: s ↦ DPL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > THEN serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ DPL 4}) ∪ {s ↦ act1: RUN 4} \rightarrow END UNFAIL PEER: extended ordinary > REFINES

```
UNFAIL_PEER

ANY

s >

p >

WHERE

grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >

grd2: p ∈ PEERS not theorem >

grd3: s ↦ p ∈ fail_peers not theorem >

THEN

act1: fail_peers ≔ fail_peers\{s ↦ p} >

END
```

END

```
MACHINE
         M08
                  >
    REFINES
          M07
    SEES
          C08
    VARIABLES
         serviceState 4
                              >
         run peers
                         >
         susp peers
                         >
         fail peers
         dep inst
         token owner
                         >
         unav peers
                         >
         susp inst
    INVARIANTS
                   token owner \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS not theorem \rightarrow
         inv1:
         inv2:
                   unav peers ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                   \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \in run peers(s) \setminus unav peers
         inv3:
not theorem >
                   \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow token owner(s) \notin
         inv4:
susp peers(s) not theorem >
         inv5:
                   susp inst ∈ PEERS ↔ (SERVICES×PEERS) not theorem >
                   \forall ld, s \cdot ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(susp inst[{ld}])
         inv6:
\Rightarrow ld = token owner(s) not theorem \rightarrow
                   \forall ld, s \cdot ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(susp inst[{ld}]) \land
         inv7:
ld = token owner(s) ⇒ ld ∉ susp inst[{ld}][{s}] not theorem >
                   \forall ld, s · ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(susp inst[{ld}]) \land
         inv8:
ld = token owner(s) \Rightarrow susp inst[{ld}][{s}] \subset run peers(s) not theorem >
         inv9: \forall ld, s, stt \cdot ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land stt \in STATES 4 \land s \mapsto
stt \in serviceState 4 \land ld = token owner(s) \land stt \neq RUN 4 \Rightarrow susp inst[{ld}][{s}]
= ø not theorem >
    EVENTS
         INITIALISATION:
                                  extended ordinary >
              THEN
                   act1:
                           serviceState 4 ≔
                                                    InitState 4 →
                   act2: run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                   act3:
                           susp peers ≔ ø >
                   act4:
                            fail peers ≔ ø >
                   act5:
                            dep inst ≔ ø >
                   act6:
                            token owner ≔ init tok >
                   act7:
                            unav peers = \phi >
                   act8:
                            susp inst = \phi >
              END
         MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary >
              ANY
                   prs >
```

>new values for token owner per service if needed Е WHERE prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd1: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > grd2: E ∈ SERVICES → PEERS not theorem >new value for token grd3: owner per service if needed ard4: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem > If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \land srv \notin grd5: dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers u prs u fail peers [{srv}]) not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable and the service is not suspicious, then a new token owner among available peers is chosen \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \land srv \in grd6: dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers u prs u susp peers(srv) u fail peers[{srv}]) not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, and the service possess suspicious instances, then a new token owner among available and not suspicious peers is chosen THEN unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become act1: unavailable token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E >new value for token owner act2: per service is given if needed act3: susp inst ≔ prs ⊲ susp inst > the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore END SUSPECT INST: not extended ordinary > ANY →a service s S susp > suspicious instances WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: $susp \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > grd2: susp = run peers(s) n unav peers not theorem >instances grd3: in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable s ∉ dom(susp inst[{token owner(s)}]) not theorem > the grd4: member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s s → RUN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > the state of s grd5: is OK

THEN susp inst = susp inst u ({token owner(s)} × ({s}×susp)) act1: >the members of susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s END FAIL: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: s → RUN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ≠ ø not theorem > grd3: WITH fp: fp=susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] > THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4\{s ↦ RUN 4}) ∪ {s ↦ FAIL 4} > susp peers(s) = susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] > act2: susp inst = susp inst \triangleright ({s} < ran(susp inst)) \rightarrow act3: END FAIL DETECT: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY S > sf > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > s → FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: grd5: susp peers(s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > sf \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd6: grd7: $sf \subseteq susp peers(s) not theorem >$ THEN serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4\{s \mapsto FAIL 4}) \cup {s \mapsto act1: FAIL DETECT 4} act2: susp peers(s) = susp peers(s) \ sf > END IS OK: extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >

```
grd2:
                         s → FAIL DETECT 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                grd5:
                         susp peers(s) = \emptyset not theorem >
            THEN
                 act1:
                         serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4})
\cup \{ s \mapsto RUN \} \}
            END
        FAIL ACTIV:
                          extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  FAIL ACTIV
            ANY
                 S
            WHERE
                 grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2: s → FAIL DETECT 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                grd5:
                        susp peers(s) \neq \emptyset not theorem >
            THEN
                 act1:
                        serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4})
\cup \{ s \mapsto FAIL ACTIV 4 \} \rightarrow
                 act2:
                         run peers(s) = run peers(s) \ susp peers(s) >
                         susp_peers(s) = ø >
                 act3:
                 act4:
                         fail peers = fail peers u ({s}×susp peers(s)) >
            END
        FAIL CONFIGURE:
                             extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  FAIL CONFIGURE
            ANY
                 S
                     >
            WHERE
                 grd1:
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                         s → FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem >
                 grd3:
            THEN
                         serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4}) ∪
                 act1:
\{s \mapsto FAIL CONFIG 4\} >
            END
        FAIL IGNORE:
                        extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  FAIL IGNORE
            ANY
                 S
                     >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2: s → FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                grd3: card(run peers(s)) ≥ min inst(s) not theorem >
            THEN
```

act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4}) u $\{s \mapsto FAIL IGN 4\} >$ END **IGNORE:** extended ordinary > REFINES IGNORE ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: s → FAIL IGN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > THEN serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL IGN 4}) ∪ act1: $\{s \mapsto RUN \ 4\} \rightarrow$ END REDEPLOY_INST: extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INST** ANY S > dep > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > dep \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: finite(dep) not theorem > grd3: grd4: dep \cap run peers(s) = \emptyset not theorem > grd5: dep n fail peers[{s}] = ø not theorem > card(dep) = deplo inst(s) not theorem > grd6: grd7: card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > s → FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd8: THEN dep inst = dep inst \cup ({s}×dep) > act1: END REDEPLOY: extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > s → FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: grd6: dep inst[{s}] ≠ ø not theorem > card(run peers(s))+card(dep inst[{s}]) ≥ min inst(s) not grd4: theorem >

```
THEN
                           serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL CONFIG 4})
                  act1:
\cup \{ s \mapsto DPL 4 \} \rightarrow
                  act2:
                           run peers(s) = run peers(s) \cup dep inst[{s}] >
                           dep inst ≔ {s} ⊲ dep inst >
                  act3:
             END
         HEAL:
                   extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   HEAL
             ANY
                  S
                       >
             WHERE
                  grd1:
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           s → DPL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
             THEN
                           serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4 \ {s \mapsto DPL 4}) U {s \mapsto
                  act1:
RUN 4} \rightarrow
             END
         UNFAIL PEER:
                          extended ordinary →
             REFINES
                   UNFAIL PEER
             ANY
                  S
                      >
                  р
                       >
             WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                  grd2: p \in PEERS \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow
                           s \mapsto p \in fail peers not theorem >
                  grd3:
             THEN
                          fail peers ≔ fail peers\{s ↦ p} >
                  act1:
             END
         MAKE PEER AVAIL: not extended ordinary >
             ANY
                  р
                       >
             WHERE
                  grd1:
                           p \in PEERS not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           p ∈ unav peers not theorem >
             THEN
                  act1:
                           unav peers = unav peers \setminus \{p\} \rightarrow
             END
    END
```

MACHINE M09 > REFINES M08 SEES C08 VARIABLES serviceState 4 > run peers > susp peers 5 fail peers dep inst token owner unav peers > susp inst >instances that are tried to be recontacted rec inst >instances effectively recontacted after a try rct inst INVARIANTS rec inst ∈ PEERS ↔ (SERVICES×PEERS) not theorem > inv1: rct inst ∈ PEERS ↔ (SERVICES×PEERS) not theorem > inv2: \forall ld, s \cdot ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land rct inst[{ld}][{s}] \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow inv3: rec inst[{ld}][{s}] $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > \forall ld, s · ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land rct_inst[{ld}][{s}] \neq ø \Rightarrow inv4: rct inst[{ld}][{s}] ⊆ rec inst[{ld}][{s}] not theorem > inv5: \forall ld, s \cdot ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(rec inst[{ld}]) \Rightarrow ld = token owner(s) not theorem > \forall ld, s · ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(rec inst[{ld}]) \land inv6: $ld = token owner(s) \implies ld \notin rec inst[{ld}][{s}] not theorem >$ inv7: \forall ld, s \cdot ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(rct inst[{ld}]) \Rightarrow ld = token owner(s) not theorem > \forall ld, s · ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(rct inst[{ld}]) \land inv8: ld = token owner(s) ⇒ ld ∉ rct inst[{ld}][{s}] not theorem > inv9: dom(rct inst) \subseteq dom(rec inst) not theorem > inv10: \forall ld \cdot ld \in PEERS \land ld \in dom(rct inst) \Rightarrow rct inst[{ld}] \subseteq rec inst[{ld}] theorem > inv11: ∀ s · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ s ∈ dom(susp peers) ⇒ token owner(s) ∉ susp peers(s) not theorem > EVENTS INITIALISATION: extended ordinary > THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ InitState 4 > act2: run peers = InitSrvcPeers > act3: susp peers ≔ ø > act4: fail peers ≔ ø > act5: dep inst $= \emptyset$ > act6: token owner ≔ init tok > act7: unav peers ≔ ø > act8: susp inst ≔ ø >

act10: rec inst = ø > act11: rct inst = ø > END MAKE_PEER_UNAVAIL: extended ordinary > REFINES MAKE PEER UNAVAIL ANY prs > E >new values for token owner per service if needed WHERE grd1: prs \subseteq PEERS not theorem > prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > grd2: $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem >new value for token grd3: owner per service if needed \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E ard4: (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem > If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed grd5: ∀ srv · srv ∈ SERVICES ∧ token owner(srv) ∈ prs ∧ srv ∉ dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers \cup prs \cup fail peers [{srv}]) not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable and the service is not suspicious, then a new token owner among available peers is chosen grd6: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \land srv \in dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers u prs u susp peers(srv) u fail peers[{srv}]) not theorem >if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, and the service possess suspicious instances, then a new token owner among available and not suspicious peers is chosen THEN unav peers = unav peers u prs >the peers in prs become act1: unavailable act2: token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E >new value for token owner per service is given if needed act3: susp inst ≔ prs ⊲ susp inst >the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore act4: rec inst ≔ prs ⊲ rec inst > act5: rct inst ≔ prs ⊲ rct inst > END SUSPECT INST: extended ordinary > REFINES

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```
SUSPECT INST
            ANY
                S
                    →a service s
                        > suspicious instances
                susp
            WHERE
                        s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                grd1:
                ard2:
                       susp \subset PEERS not theorem >
                      susp = run peers(s) ∩ unav peers not theorem >instances
                grd3:
in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable
                grd4: s ∉ dom(susp inst[{token owner(s)}]) not theorem >the
member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s
                grd5: s → RUN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > the state of s
is OK
            THEN
                act1: susp inst = susp inst \cup ({token owner(s)} \times ({s}×susp))
>the members of susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s
            END
        FAIL:
                 extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 FAIL
            ANY
                S
                    >
            WHERE
                        s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                grd1:
                        s → RUN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                grd2:
                        susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ≠ ø not theorem >
                grd3:
            THEN
                act1:
                        serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4\{s \mapsto RUN 4}) \cup {s \mapsto
FAIL 4} \rightarrow
                         susp peers(s) = susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] >
                act2:
                act3:
                         susp inst ≔ susp inst ▷ ({s} ⊲ ran(susp inst)) >
            END
        RECONTACT INST OK:
                                  not extended ordinary >
            ANY
                     →a service s
                s
                i
                     >an instance i
            WHERE
                        s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                grd1:
                         i ∈ PEERS not theorem >
                grd2:
                         s ⇒ FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > the state of s
                grd3:
is SUSPICIOUS
                ard4:
                         susp peers(s) \neq \phi not theorem the set of suspicious
peers for s is not empty
                grd5:
                         i ∈ susp peers(s)\unav peers not theorem >i is a
suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted)
                        token owner(s) → (s → i) ∉ rec inst not theorem > the
                grd6:
```

token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] \subset susp peers(s) not grd7: theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN rec inst = rec inst \cup {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow the act1: token owner of s has tried to recontact i act2: rct inst = rct inst u {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END RECONTACT INST KO: not extended ordinary > ANY s →a service s >an instance i i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: i ∈ PEERS not theorem > s ⇒ FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > the state of s grd3: is SUSPICIOUS susp peers(s) ≠ ø not theorem > the set of suspicious grd4: peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ susp peers(s)∩unav peers not theorem >i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) grd6: token owner(s) → (s → i) ∉ rec inst not theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ⊂ susp peers(s) not grd7: theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN rec inst = rec inst \cup {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow the act1: token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY s WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: s → FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: grd5: susp peers(s) $\neq \phi$ not theorem > grd8: rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] = susp peers(s) not theorem > WITH sf: sf=rct inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] > THEN

act1: serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4\{s \mapsto FAIL 4}) \cup {s \mapsto FAIL DETECT 4} susp peers(s) = susp peers(s) \ rct inst[{token owner act2: (s) [{s}] \rightarrow rec inst ⊨ rec inst ▷ ({s} ⊲ ran(rec_inst)) > act3: rct inst = rct inst ▷ ({s} < ran(rct inst)) > act4: END IS OK: extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > susp peers(s) = \emptyset not theorem > grd5: THEN serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4}) act1: $\cup \{ s \mapsto RUN \} \}$ END FAIL ACTIV: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ACTIV ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > s → FAIL DETECT 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: susp peers(s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > grd5: THEN act1: serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4 \ {s \mapsto FAIL DETECT 4}) $\cup \{ s \mapsto FAIL ACTIV 4 \} >$ run peers(s) = run peers(s) \setminus susp peers(s) \rightarrow act2: susp_peers(s) = ø > act3: fail peers = fail peers υ ({s}×susp peers(s)) > act4: END FAIL_CONFIGURE: extended ordinary → REFINES FAIL CONFIGURE ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: s → FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem > grd3:

THEN serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState_4 \ {s ↦ FAIL_ACTIV_4}) u act1: {s ↦ FAIL CONFIG 4} > END FAIL IGNORE: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL IGNORE ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: s → FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: grd3: card(run peers(s)) ≥ min inst(s) not theorem > THEN serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4}) ∪ act1: $\{s \mapsto FAIL IGN 4\} >$ END **IGNORE:** extended ordinary > REFINES IGNORE ANY S > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: s → FAIL IGN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL IGN 4}) ∪ $\{s \mapsto RUN \ 4\} \rightarrow$ END **REDEPLOY INST:** extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INST** ANY S > dep > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: dep \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: finite(dep) not theorem > grd3: grd4: dep \cap run peers(s) = \emptyset not theorem > grd5: dep n fail_peers[{s}] = ø not theorem > card(dep) = deplo inst(s) not theorem > grd6: grd7: card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem \rightarrow s → FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd8:

THEN dep inst = dep inst \cup ({s}×dep) > act1: END **REDEPLOY:** extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY > S WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: s → FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > dep inst[{s}] ≠ ø not theorem > grd6: grd4: $card(run peers(s))+card(dep inst[{s}]) \ge min inst(s) not$ theorem > THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL CONFIG 4}) $\cup \{ s \mapsto DPL 4 \} \rightarrow$ act2: run peers(s) = run peers(s) u dep inst[{s}] > act3: dep inst ≔ {s} ⊲ dep inst > **END** HEAL: extended ordinary > REFINES HEAL ANY > S WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: s → DPL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > THEN serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ DPL 4}) ∪ {s ↦ act1: RUN 4} \rightarrow END UNFAIL PEER: extended ordinary → REFINES UNFAIL PEER ANY S > р > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: $p \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: $s \mapsto p \in fail peers not theorem >$ THEN fail peers ≔ fail peers\{s ↦ p} > act1: END

END

```
MACHINE
         M10
                 >
    REFINES
          M09
    SEES
          C08
    VARIABLES
         serviceState 4
                             >
         run peers
                        >
         susp peers
                        >
         fail peers
         dep inst
         token owner
                        >
         unav peers
                        >
         susp inst
                        >instances that are tried to be recontacted
         rec inst
                        >instances effectively recontacted after a try
         rct inst
         actv inst
                       instances activated by token ownes
    INVARIANTS
         inv1:
                  actv inst ∈ PEERS ↔ (SERVICES×PEERS) not theorem >
                  \forall s, i · s \in SERVICES \land i \in PEERS \Rightarrow finite(actv inst[{i}][{s}])
         inv2:
not theorem >
                  \forall ld, s \cdot ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(actv inst[{ld}])
         inv3:
\Rightarrow ld = token owner(s) not theorem \rightarrow
         inv4:
                  \forall s, i · s \in SERVICES \land i \in PEERS \Rightarrow actv inst[{i}][{s}] \land
run peers(s) = ø not theorem >
         inv5: \forall s, i · s \in SERVICES \land i \in PEERS \Rightarrow actv inst[{i}][{s}] \cap
dep inst[{s}] = ø not theorem >
         inv6:
                 \forall s, i · s \in SERVICES \land i \in PEERS \Rightarrow actv inst[{i}][{s}] \land
fail peers[{s}] = ø not theorem >
                  \forall ld, s, stt \cdot ld \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land stt \in STATES 4 \land s \mapsto
         inv7:
stt \in serviceState 4 \land ld = token owner(s) \land stt \neq FAIL CONFIG 4 \Rightarrow actv inst
[\{ld\}][\{s\}] = \emptyset \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow
                  finite(actv inst) not theorem >
         inv8:
    EVENTS
         INITIALISATION:
                                 extended ordinary →
              THEN
                         serviceState 4 ≔
                  act1:
                                                   InitState 4 →
                  act2: run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                  act3: susp peers ≔ ø >
                  act4: fail peers ≔ ø >
                  act5: dep inst ≔ ø >
                  act6: token owner ≔ init tok >
                  act7:
                           unav_peers ≔ ø >
                  act8: susp inst ≔ ø >
                  act10: rec inst = \phi >
                  act11: rct inst = ø >
                  act12: actv inst ≔ ø >
```

END MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: extended ordinary > REFINES MAKE PEER UNAVAIL ANY prs > >new values for token owner per service if needed E WHERE grd1: prs \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > grd3: $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem >new value for token owner per service if needed grd4: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem → If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed ∀ srv · srv ∈ SERVICES ∧ token owner(srv) ∈ prs ∧ srv ∉ grd5: dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers \cup prs \cup fail peers $[{srv}]$ not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable and the service is not suspicious, then a new token owner among available peers is chosen grd6: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \land srv \in dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers u prs u susp peers(srv) u fail peers[{srv}]) not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, and the service possess suspicious instances, then a new token owner among available and not suspicious peers is chosen THEN act1: unav peers = unav peers u prs >the peers in prs become unavailable token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E >new value for token owner act2: per service is given if needed act3: susp inst = prs \triangleleft susp inst \rightarrow the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore act4: rec inst ≔ prs ⊲ rec inst > act5: rct inst = prs ⊲ rct inst > act6: actv inst ≔ prs ⊲ actv inst > END SUSPECT INST: extended ordinary > REFINES SUSPECT INST

ANY S →a service s susp >suspicious instances WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: susp ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd3: $susp = run peers(s) \cap unav peers not theorem > instances$ in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable grd4: s ∉ dom(susp inst[{token owner(s)}]) not theorem >the member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s grd5: s → RUN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > the state of s is OK THEN act1: susp inst ≔ susp inst ∪ ({token owner(s)} × ({s}×susp)) >the members of susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s END FAIL: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: s ↦ RUN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd2: susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > grd3: THEN serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4\{s \mapsto RUN 4}) \cup {s \mapsto act1: FAIL 4} \rightarrow susp peers(s) = susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] > act2: susp inst ≔ susp inst ▷ ({s} ⊲ ran(susp inst)) > act3: END RECONTACT_INST_OK: extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY >a service s S >an instance i i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: s → FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > the state of s is SUSPICIOUS susp_peers(s) \neq \overline not theorem > the set of suspicious grd4: peers for s is not empty i ∈ susp peers(s)\unav peers not theorem >i is a grd5: suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted)

grd6: token owner(s) ↔ (s ↔ i) ∉ rec inst not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i qrd7: rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ⊂ susp_peers(s) not theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rec inst = rec inst \cup {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} > the token owner of s has tried to recontact i act2: rct_inst ≔ rct_inst ∪ {token owner(s) ↦ (s ↦ i)} >i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END RECONTACT INST K0: extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY S →a service s i >an instance i WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > ard3: s → FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > the state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: susp peers(s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ susp peers(s)∩unav peers not theorem >i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) grd6: token owner(s) ↔ (s ↔ i) ∉ rec inst not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ⊂ susp peers(s) not theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rec inst = rec inst \cup {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} > the token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL_DETECT ANY S > WHERE ard1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: s ↦ FAIL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd5: susp peers(s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > grd8: rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] = susp peers(s) not theorem >

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THEN serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4\{s \mapsto FAIL 4}) \cup {s \mapsto act1: FAIL DETECT 4} act2: susp peers(s) = susp peers(s) \ rct inst[{token owner (s) [{s}] > rec inst ≔ rec inst ▷ ({s} ⊲ ran(rec inst)) > act3: act4: rct inst = rct inst ▷ ({s} < ran(rct inst)) > END IS_OK: extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: s → FAIL DETECT 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd5: susp peers(s) = \emptyset not theorem > THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL DETECT 4}) $\cup \{ s \mapsto RUN \} \}$ END FAIL ACTIV: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ACTIV ANY S > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: s → FAIL DETECT 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd5: susp peers(s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > THEN serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4 \ {s \mapsto FAIL DETECT 4}) act1: $\cup \{ s \mapsto FAIL ACTIV 4 \} >$ act2: run peers(s) = run peers(s) \ susp peers(s) > susp peers(s) = ø > act3: fail peers □ ({s}×susp peers(s)) > act4: END FAIL CONFIGURE: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL CONFIGURE ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: s → FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >

```
grd3:
                         card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem >
            THEN
                         serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4}) ∪
                 act1:
\{s \mapsto FAIL CONFIG 4\} >
            END
        FAIL IGNORE:
                        extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  FAIL IGNORE
            ANY
                 S
                     >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                         s → FAIL ACTIV 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         card(run peers(s)) \ge min inst(s) not theorem >
                 grd3:
            THEN
                         serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL ACTIV 4}) ∪
                 act1:
\{s \mapsto FAIL IGN 4\} >
            END
        IGNORE: extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  IGNORE
            ANY
                 S
                     >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                         s → FAIL IGN 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
            THEN
                         serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL IGN 4}) ∪
                 act1:
\{s \mapsto RUN \ 4\} \rightarrow
            END
        REDEPLOY_INSTC:
                             not extended ordinary >
            ANY
                 s
                      >a service s
                      >an instance i
                 i
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                         i ∈ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         i ∉ run_peers(s) v fail_peers[{s}] v unav_peers v
                 grd3:
dep inst[{s}] not theorem >i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not
unavailable and is not already activated for s
                 grd4:
                         token owner(s) → (s → i) ∉ actv inst not theorem >
                         s → FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
                 grd5:
                 grd6:
                         card(actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]) < deplo inst(s)</pre>
not theorem >
                         card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre>
                 grd7:
```

not theorem > THEN actv inst = actv inst u {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow act1: END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** not extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INST** ANY s > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > card(actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]) = deplo inst(s) grd6: not theorem > card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> grd7: not theorem > s → FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > grd8: WITH dep=actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] > dep: THEN dep inst = dep inst u ({s}×actv inst[{token owner(s)}] act1: $[{s}] \rightarrow$ actv inst = actv inst ▷ ({s} < ran(actv inst)) > act2: END **REDEPLOY:** not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: s ↦ FAIL CONFIG 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem > actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]=ø not theorem > grd7: dep inst[{s}] ≠ ø not theorem > grd6: grd4: $card(run peers(s))+card(dep inst[{s}]) \ge min inst(s) not$ theorem > THEN act1: serviceState 4 ≔ (serviceState 4 \ {s ↦ FAIL CONFIG 4}) $\cup \{ s \mapsto DPL \ 4 \} \rightarrow$ run peers(s) = run peers(s) \cup dep inst[{s}] \rightarrow act2: act3: dep inst = {s} ⊲ dep inst > **END** HEAL: extended ordinary > REFINES HEAL ANY

```
S >
             WHERE
                 grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2: s → DPL 4 ∈ serviceState 4 not theorem >
             THEN
                         serviceState 4 = (serviceState 4 \setminus {s \mapsto DPL 4}) U {s \mapsto
                 act1:
RUN 4} \rightarrow
             END
        UNFAIL PEER:
                         extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  UNFAIL_PEER
             ANY
                 S
                    >
                 р
                     >
             WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2: p \in PEERS not theorem >
                 grd3: s \mapsto p \in fail_peers not theorem >
             THEN
                 act1: fail peers ≔ fail peers\{s ↦ p} >
             END
        MAKE_PEER_AVAIL:
                               extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  MAKE PEER AVAIL
             ANY
                 р
                     >
             WHERE
                 grd1: p \in PEERS not theorem >
                         p ∈ unav peers not theorem >
                 grd2:
             THEN
                 act1:
                         unav peers = unav peers \setminus \{p\} \rightarrow
             END
```

END

```
MACHINE
         M11
                 >
    REFINES
          M10
    SEES
          C08
    VARIABLES
         run peers
                        >
         susp_peers
                        >
         fail peers
                        >
         dep inst
         token owner
                        >
         unav peers
                        >
         susp inst
                        >instances that are tried to be recontacted
         rec inst
         rct inst
                       >instances effectively recontacted after a try
         actv_inst
                        >instances activated by token ownes
         i state >
    INVARIANTS
         inv1:
                  i state \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \leftrightarrow STATES 4 not theorem >
         inv2: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \mapsto s \in dom(i state) not
theorem >
         gluing state1: ∀ s, stt · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ stt ∈ STATES 4 ∧ s ↦ stt ∈
serviceState 4 \Rightarrow (token owner(s) \mapsto s) \mapsto stt \in i state not theorem \rightarrow
         gluing state2: \forall s, stt \cdot s \in SERVICES \land stt \in STATES 4 \land (token owner
(s) \mapsto s) \mapsto stt \in i state \Rightarrow s \mapsto stt \in serviceState 4 not theorem \rightarrow
         inv3: \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in dom(i state) \implies p
= token owner(s) not theorem >
    EVENTS
         INITIALISATION:
                                 not extended ordinary >
             THEN
                  act2:
                           run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                  act3:
                           susp peers = \phi \rightarrow
                  act4:
                           fail peers = \phi >
                  act5:
                           dep inst = \phi >
                  act6:
                           token owner ≔ init tok >
                  act7:
                           unav peers = \phi >
                  act8:
                           susp inst ≔ ø >
                  act10: rec inst = ø >
                  act11: rct inst = ø >
                  act12: actv inst = ø >
                  act13: i state = InitStatus →
             END
         MAKE PEER UNAVAIL:
                                    not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   MAKE PEER UNAVAIL
             ANY
```

prs > >new values for token owner per service if needed E is > WHERE grd1: prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > ard3: $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem > new value for token owner per service if needed ard4: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E grd5: (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem → If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed ∀ srv · srv ∈ SERVICES ∧ token owner(srv) ∈ prs ∧ srv ∉ grd6: dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers u prs u fail peers [{srv}]) not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable and the service is not suspicious, then a new token owner among available peers is chosen grd7: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \land srv \in dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers u prs u fail peers[{srv}]) **u** susp peers(srv)) not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, and the service possess suspicious instances, then a new token owner among available and not suspicious peers is chosen $\forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p \mapsto s \in dom(i s) \Rightarrow$ grd8: p = E(s) not theorem > grd9: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow (E(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto i state $(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \in i s not theorem >$ THEN act1: unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become unavailable token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E > new value for token owner act2: per service is given if needed act3: susp inst ≔ prs ⊲ susp inst > the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore rec inst ≔ prs ⊲ rec inst > the peers in prs can not try act4: to recontact instances anymore act5: rct inst = prs ⊲ rct inst > the peers in prs can not recontact instances anymore actv_inst ≔ prs ⊲ actv inst → act6: act7: i state ≔ i s → **END**

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SUSPECT_INST: not extended ordinary > REFINES SUSPECT INST ANY →a service s s susp >suspicious instances WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: ard2: $susp \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: susp = run peers(s) o unav peers not theorem >instances in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable s ∉ dom(susp inst[{token owner(s)}]) not theorem >the grd4: member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s grd5: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow the state of s is OK THEN susp inst = susp inst u ({token owner(s)} × ({s}×susp)) act1: >the members of susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s END not extended ordinary > FAIL: REFINES FATL ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow grd2: grd3: susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ≠ ø not theorem > THEN i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 \rightarrow act1: act2: susp peers(s) = susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] > act3: susp inst = susp inst ▷ ({s} < ran(susp inst)) > END not extended ordinary > RECONTACT_INST_OK: REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY →a service s s →an instance i i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: ard2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > i_state(token_owner(s) → s) = FAIL 4 not theorem > the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS susp peers(s) ≠ ø not theorem > the set of suspicious grd4: peers for s is not empty

grd5: i ∈ susp peers(s)\unav peers not theorem >i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted) token owner(s) → (s → i) ∉ rec inst not theorem > the grd6: token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] c susp peers(s) not grd7: theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rec inst = rec inst u {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i act2: rct inst = rct inst u {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END RECONTACT INST_K0: not extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY →a service s s i →an instance i WHERE ard1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > i ∈ PEERS not theorem > grd2: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS susp peers(s) ≠ ø not theorem > the set of suspicious grd4: peers for s is not empty grd5: $i \in susp peers(s) \cap unav peers not theorem is a$ suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i) \notin rec inst not theorem \rightarrow the grd6: token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ⊂ susp peers(s) not grd7: theorem \rightarrow the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN rec inst = rec inst u {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow the act1: token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL_DETECT: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow grd2: susp peers(s) ≠ ø not theorem > grd5:

rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] = susp_peers(s) not grd8: theorem > THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 > susp peers(s) = susp peers(s) \ rct inst[{token owner act2: $(s) \}] [\{ s \}] \rightarrow$ act3: rec inst ≔ rec inst ▷ ({s} < ran(rec inst)) > act4: rct inst ≔ rct inst ▷ ({s} ⊲ ran(rct inst)) > END IS_OK: not extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY s > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > grd5: susp peers(s) = ø not theorem > THEN i state(token_owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx RUN_4 \rightarrow act1: END FAIL ACTIV: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ACTIV ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > grd5: susp peers(s) $\neq \phi$ not theorem > THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 \rightarrow act2: run peers(s) = run peers(s) \setminus susp peers(s) \rightarrow susp peers(s) = ϕ > act3: act4: fail peers = fail peers υ ({s}×susp peers(s)) > END FAIL CONFIGURE: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL CONFIGURE ANY s WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1:

grd2: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem > grd3: card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem > THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 \rightarrow END FAIL IGNORE: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL IGNORE ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem > grd2: $card(run peers(s)) \ge min inst(s) not theorem >$ grd3: THEN i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL IGN 4 \rightarrow act1: END **IGNORE:** not extended ordinary > REFINES IGNORE ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem > THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 \rightarrow END **REDEPLOY INSTC:** not extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INSTC** ANY s →a service s >an instance i i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: i ∈ PEERS not theorem > grd2: i ∉ run_peers(s) v fail_peers[{s}] v unav_peers v grd3: dep_inst[{s}] not theorem >i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not unavailable and is not already activated for s ard4: token owner(s) → (s → i) ∉ actv inst not theorem > i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem grd5: card(actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]) < deplo inst(s)</pre> grd6: not theorem >

>

grd7: card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > THEN act1: actv inst ≔ actv inst u {token owner(s) ↦ (s ↦ i)} > END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** not extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INSTS** ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd6: card(actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]) = deplo inst(s) not theorem > card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> grd7: not theorem > grd8: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > THEN dep inst = dep inst u ({s}×actv inst[{token owner(s)}] act1: $[{s}] \rightarrow$ actv inst = actv inst ▷ ({s} < ran(actv inst)) > act2: END **REDEPLOY:** not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]=ø not theorem > grd7: dep inst[{s}] ≠ ø not theorem > grd6: $card(run peers(s))+card(dep inst[{s}]) \ge min inst(s) not$ grd4: theorem > THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 \rightarrow act2: run peers(s) = run peers(s) \cup dep inst[{s}] \rightarrow act3: dep inst = {s} ⊲ dep inst > **END** HEAL: not extended ordinary > REFINES HEAL ANY

```
S
           >
    WHERE
                 s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
        grd1:
                 i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 not theorem \Rightarrow
        grd2:
    THEN
        act1:
                 i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 \rightarrow
    END
UNFAIL_PEER:
                extended ordinary >
    REFINES
         UNFAIL_PEER
    ANY
        S
             >
        р
             >
    WHERE
        grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
        grd2: p \in PEERS \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow
        grd3: s \mapsto p \in fail peers not theorem >
    THEN
        act1: fail peers = fail peers\{s ↦ p} >
    END
MAKE PEER AVAIL: extended ordinary >
    REFINES
         MAKE PEER AVAIL
    ANY
        р
           >
    WHERE
        grd1:
                 p \in PEERS not theorem >
        grd2:
                 p ∈ unav peers not theorem >
    THEN
                unav peers ≔ unav peers \ {p} >
        act1:
    END
```

```
END
```

```
MACHINE
        M12
                >
    REFINES
          M11
    SEES
          C08
    VARIABLES
         run peers
         suspc peers
                       >
         fail peers
                       >
         dep inst
         token owner
                       >
         unav peers
                       >
         susp inst
                       >instances that are tried to be recontacted
         rec inst
                      ⇒instances effectively recontacted after a try
         rct inst
         actv_inst
                       >instances activated by token ownes
         i state >
    INVARIANTS
         inv1:
                 suspc peers \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
                 \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in dom(suspc peers)
         inv2:
\Rightarrow p = token owner(s) not theorem >
                \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p = token owner(s) \Rightarrow (p \mapsto
         inv3:
s) \in dom(suspc peers) not theorem >
                              \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \land s \in dom(susp peers) \Rightarrow
         gluing tok own1:
susp peers(s) = suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) not theorem \rightarrow
    EVENTS
         INITIALISATION:
                                not extended ordinary >
             THEN
                  act2:
                           run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                          suspc peers = InitSuspPeers >
                  act3:
                  act4:
                          fail peers ≔ ø >
                  act5:
                          dep inst ≔ ø →
                  act6:
                           token owner ≔ init tok >
                  act7:
                          unav peers = \phi >
                  act8:
                          susp inst ≔ ø >
                  act10: rec inst = \phi >
                  act11: rct inst = \phi >
                  act12: actv inst = ø >
                  act13: i state ≔ InitStatus >
             END
        MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   MAKE PEER UNAVAIL
             ANY
                  prs >
                       >new values for token owner per service if needed
                  Е
```

is > ps > WHERE prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd1: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > grd2: $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem > new value for token grd3: owner per service if needed grd4: i s ∈ (PEERS×SERVICES) +→ STATES 4 not theorem > \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E ard5: (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem → If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed grd6: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \land token owner(srv) \mapsto srv \notin dom(suspc peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers u prs u fail peers[{srv}]) not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable and the service is not suspicious, then a new token owner among available peers is chosen \forall srv · srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \land grd7: token owner(srv) \mapsto srv \in dom(suspc peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers \cup prs \cup fail peers[{srv}] \cup suspc peers(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv)) not theorem >if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, and the service possess suspicious instances, then a new token owner among available and not suspicious peers is chosen $\forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p \mapsto s \in dom(i s) \Rightarrow$ ard8: p = E(s) not theorem > \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow (E(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto i state grd9: (token owner(srv) ↦ srv) ∈ i s not theorem > qrd10: $p \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS)$ not theorem > grd11: \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p \mapsto s \in dom(p s) \Rightarrow p = E(s) not theorem > grd12: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow (E(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto suspc peers (token owner(srv) ↦ srv) ∈ p s not theorem > THEN act1: unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become unavailable token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E > new value for token owner act2: per service is given if needed act3: susp inst ≔ prs ⊲ susp inst > the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore **rec** inst = prs *◄* rec inst > the peers in prs can not try act4: to recontact instances anymore rct inst ≔ prs ⊲ rct inst > the peers in prs can not act5: recontact instances anymore

act6: actv inst ≔ prs ⊲ actv inst > i state ≔ i s > act7: suspc peers = $p s \rightarrow$ act8: END SUSPECT INST: extended ordinary > REFINES SUSPECT INST ANY s →a service s susp >suspicious instances WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: susp \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd3: susp = run peers(s) \circ unav peers not theorem >instances in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable grd4: s ∉ dom(susp inst[{token owner(s)}]) not theorem >the member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s grd5: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem > the state of s is OK THEN act1: susp inst = susp inst u ({token owner(s)} × ({s}×susp)) >the members of susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s END FAIL: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow grd2: susp inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ≠ ø not theorem > grd3: THEN i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 \rightarrow act1: act2: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = susp inst[{token owner (s) [{s}] \rightarrow act3: susp inst = susp inst ▷ ({s} < ran(susp inst)) > END **RECONTACT INST OK:** not extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY s →a service s >an instance i i WHERE

s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: $i \in suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus unav peers not$ theorem i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted) grd6: token owner(s) → (s → i) ∉ rec inst not theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ⊂ suspc peers (token owner(s) → s) not theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN rec inst = rec inst u {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow the act1: token owner of s has tried to recontact i rct inst = rct inst u {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow i is act2: recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END RECONTACT INST KO: not extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY s >a service s i >an instance i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: ard2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty $i \in suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cap unav peers not$ grd5: theorem i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i) \notin rec inst not theorem \rightarrow the grd6: token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ⊂ suspc peers (token owner(s) → s) not theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN rec inst = rec inst u {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow the act1: token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: not extended ordinary > REFINES

```
FAIL DETECT
              ANY
                   ς
              WHERE
                  grd1:
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                            i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL 4 not theorem >
                  grd2:
                  ard5:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
                            rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] = suspc peers
                  grd8:
(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem >
              THEN
                  act1:
                            i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 \rightarrow
                  act2:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspc peers
(token owner(s) ↦ s) \ rct inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] >
                  act3:
                            rec inst ≔ rec inst ▷ ({s} < ran(rec inst)) >
                  act4:
                            rct inst = rct inst ▷ ({s} < ran(rct inst)) >
              END
         IS_OK:
                    not extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    IS OK
              ANY
                  s
                        >
              WHERE
                  grd1:
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                            i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem
                  grd2:
>
                  grd5:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \Rightarrow
              THEN
                  act1:
                            i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 \rightarrow
              END
         FAIL ACTIV:
                             not extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    FAIL ACTIV
              ANY
                  s
                       >
              WHERE
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                  grd2:
                            i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem
>
                  grd5:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
              THEN
                  act1:
                            i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 \rightarrow
                  act2:
                            run peers(s) = run peers(s) \ suspc peers(token owner(s)
⇒ S) >
                  act3:
                            fail peers = fail peers \cup ({s}×suspc peers(token owner
(s) \mapsto s)) \rightarrow
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq \phi \rightarrow
                  act4:
```

END

```
FAIL CONFIGURE: extended ordinary >
    REFINES
         FAIL CONFIGURE
    ANY
        S
            >
    WHERE
                s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
        grd1:
                i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem >
        grd2:
        grd3:
                card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem >
    THEN
                i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 \rightarrow
        act1:
    END
FAIL IGNORE:
               extended ordinary >
    REFINES
         FAIL IGNORE
    ANY
        S
            >
    WHERE
        ard1:
                s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem >
        grd2:
        grd3:
                card(run peers(s)) \ge min inst(s) not theorem >
    THEN
                i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL IGN 4 \rightarrow
        act1:
    END
IGNORE: extended ordinary >
    REFINES
         IGNORE
    ANY
            >
        S
    WHERE
                s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
        grd1:
        grd2: i state(token owner(s) ↦ s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem >
    THEN
               i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 \rightarrow
        act1:
    END
REDEPLOY INSTC: extended ordinary >
    REFINES
         REDEPLOY INSTC
    ANY
             >a service s
        S
        i
            →an instance i
    WHERE
        grd1: s \in SERVICES not theorem >
```

grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: i ∉ run peers(s) ∪ fail peers[{s}] ∪ unav peers ∪ dep inst[{s}] not theorem >i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not unavailable and is not already activated for s grd4: token owner(s) ↦ (s ↦ i) ∉ actv inst not theorem > i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem grd5: > card(actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]) < deplo inst(s)</pre> grd6: not theorem > grd7: card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > THEN actv inst ≔ actv inst u {token owner(s) ↦ (s ↦ i)} > act1: END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INSTS** ANY S > WHERE ard1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > card(actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]) = deplo inst(s) grd6: not theorem > grd7: card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem grd8: > THEN act1: dep inst = dep inst u ({s}×actv inst[{token owner(s)}] $[\{s\}]) \rightarrow$ act2: actv inst ≔ actv inst ▷ ({s} ⊲ ran(actv inst)) > END **REDEPLOY:** extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem grd2: > ard7: actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]=ø not theorem > dep inst[{s}] $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > grd6: grd4: $card(run peers(s))+card(dep inst[{s}]) \ge min inst(s) not$ theorem > THEN

```
act1:
                 i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 \rightarrow
         act2:
                  run peers(s) = run peers(s) \cup dep inst[{s}] >
         act3:
                 dep inst ≔ {s} ⊲ dep inst >
    END
HEAL:
         extended ordinary >
    REFINES
          HEAL
    ANY
         S
             >
    WHERE
                 s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
         grd1:
         grd2:
                 i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 not theorem \rightarrow
    THEN
                 i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx RUN 4 \rightarrow
         act1:
    END
UNFAIL_PEER:
                 extended ordinary →
    REFINES
          UNFAIL PEER
    ANY
         S
              >
         р
              >
    WHERE
         grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 p \in PEERS not theorem >
         grd2:
        grd3: s \mapsto p \in fail peers not theorem >
    THEN
         act1:
                 fail peers ≔ fail peers\{s ↦ p} >
    END
MAKE PEER AVAIL: extended ordinary >
    REFINES
          MAKE PEER AVAIL
    ANY
            >
         р
    WHERE
                 p \in PEERS not theorem >
         grd1:
         grd2:
                 p \in unav peers not theorem >
    THEN
         act1:
                 unav peers = unav peers \setminus \{p\} \rightarrow
    END
```

END

```
MACHINE
        M13
                >
    REFINES
          M12
    SEES
          C08
    VARIABLES
         run peers
         suspc peers
                       >
         fail peers
                        >
         dep inst
         token owner
                       >
         unav peers
                       >
         suspc inst
                       >instances that are tried to be recontacted
         rec inst
                       >instances effectively recontacted after a try
         rct inst
         actv_inst
                       >instances activated by token ownes
         i state >
    INVARIANTS
                  suspc inst \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
         inv1:
                  \forall p, s · p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in dom(suspc inst) \Rightarrow
         inv2:
p = token owner(s) not theorem >
                  \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p = token owner(s) \Rightarrow (p \Rightarrow
         inv3:
s) \in dom(suspc inst) not theorem >
         gluing tok own1:
                               \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in dom
(suspc_inst) \Rightarrow susp_inst[{p}][{s}] = suspc_inst(p \mapsto s) not theorem \rightarrow
    EVENTS
         INITIALISATION:
                                not extended ordinary >
             THEN
                  act2:
                           run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                  act3:
                           suspc peers = InitSuspPeers >
                           fail peers ≔ ø >
                  act4:
                  act5:
                           dep inst ≔ ø →
                  act6:
                           token owner ≔ init tok >
                  act7:
                           unav peers = \phi >
                  act8:
                           suspc inst = InitSuspPeers >
                  act10: rec inst = \phi >
                  act11: rct inst = \phi >
                  act12: actv inst = ø >
                  act13: i state ≔ InitStatus >
             END
        MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   MAKE PEER UNAVAIL
             ANY
                  prs >
                       >new values for token owner per service if needed
                  Е
```

is → ps > si > WHERE grd1: prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > ard3: $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem > new value for token owner per service if needed $i_s \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \leftrightarrow STATES 4 not theorem >$ ard4: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E grd5: (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem → If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \land grd6: token owner(srv) \mapsto srv \notin dom(suspc peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers **u prs u fail peers[{srv}])** not theorem → if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable and the service is not suspicious, then a new token owner among available peers is chosen \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \land grd7: token owner(srv) \mapsto srv \in dom(suspc peers) \Rightarrow E(srv) \in run peers(srv)\(unav peers \cup prs \cup fail peers[{srv}] \cup suspc peers(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv)) not theorem >if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, and the service possess suspicious instances, then a new token owner among available and not suspicious peers is chosen $\forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p \mapsto s \in dom(i s) \Rightarrow$ grd8: p = E(s) not theorem > grd9: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow (E(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto i state $(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \in i s not theorem >$ grd10: $p \ s \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \leftrightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow$ grd11: \forall p, s · p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p \mapsto s \in dom(p s) \Rightarrow p = E(s) not theorem > qrd12: \forall srv · srv ∈ SERVICES \Rightarrow (E(srv) \Rightarrow srv) \Rightarrow suspc peers $(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \in p \ s not \ theorem >$ grd13: s i \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow $\mathbb{P}(PEERS)$ not theorem > grd14: \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p \mapsto s \in dom(s i) \Rightarrow p = E(s) not theorem > grd15: ∀ $srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) ∉ prs ⇒ (E)$ $(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto suspc inst(E(srv) \mapsto srv) \in s i not theorem >$ grd16: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \Rightarrow (E $(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto \phi \in s i \text{ not theorem}$ THEN unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become act1: unavailable

act2: token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E > new value for token owner per service is given if needed rec inst ≔ prs ⊲ rec inst > the peers in prs can not try act3: to recontact instances anymore rct inst ≔ prs ⊲ rct inst > the peers in prs can not act4: recontact instances anymore act5: actv inst ≔ prs ⊲ actv inst > i state ≔ i s > act6: act7: suspc peers = $p s \rightarrow$ act8: suspc inst = s i \rightarrow END SUSPECT INST: not extended ordinary > REFINES SUSPECT INST ANY s →a service s >suspicious instances susp WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > $susp \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > grd2: ard3: susp = run peers(s) n unav peers not theorem >instances in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable ard4: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow the grd5: state of s is OK grd6: $susp \neq \emptyset$ not theorem > THEN suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = susp \rightarrow the members of act1: susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s END not extended ordinary > FAIL: REFINES FAIL ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow grd2: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd3: THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 \rightarrow act2: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspc inst(token owner $(s) \mapsto s \rightarrow$ suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = ϕ > act3: END

```
RECONTACT INST OK:
                                    extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  RECONTACT INST OK
             ANY
                 S
                       >a service s
                 i
                      →an instance i
             WHERE
                 ard1: s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2: i \in PEERS not theorem >
                 grd3:
                         i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the
state of s is SUSPICIOUS
                 grd4: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the set
of suspicious peers for s is not empty
                 grd5: i \in suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus unav peers not
theorem \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted)
                 grd6: token owner(s) ↔ (s ↔ i) ∉ rec inst not theorem >the
token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i
                 grd7: rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ⊂ suspc peers
(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) not theorem \Rightarrow the token owner of s has not yet tried to
recontact all the suspecious instances of s
             THEN
                 act1: rec inst = rec inst \cup {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} > the
token owner of s has tried to recontact i
                 act2: rct_inst ≔ rct_inst ∪ {token owner(s) → (s → i)} >i is
recontacted by the token owner of s successfully
             END
        RECONTACT INST KO:
                                    extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  RECONTACT INST KO
             ANY
                       >a service s
                 S
                      >an instance i
                 i
             WHERE
                 grd1: s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2: i \in PEERS not theorem >
                         i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the
                 grd3:
state of s is SUSPICIOUS
                         suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \Rightarrow the set
                 grd4:
of suspicious peers for s is not empty
                 grd5: i ∈ suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)∩unav peers not
theorem \rightarrowi is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be
contacted)
                         token owner(s) ↦ (s ↦ i) ∉ rec inst not theorem >the
                 grd6:
token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i
                 grd7: rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] ⊂ suspc peers
(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) not theorem \Rightarrow the token owner of s has not yet tried to
```

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recontact all the suspecious instances of s
             THEN
                         rec inst ≔ rec inst ∪ {token owner(s) ↦ (s ↦ i)} >the
                 act1:
token owner of s has tried to recontact i
            END
        FAIL DETECT:
                          extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  FAIL DETECT
            ANY
                 S
                     >
            WHERE
                 grd1: s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow
                 grd5: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem >
                 grd8: rec inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] = suspc peers
(token owner(s) \mapsto s) not theorem \rightarrow
            THEN
                        i state(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≔ FAIL DETECT 4 →
                 act1:
                 act2: suspc peers(token owner(s) → s) = suspc peers
(token owner(s) ↦ s) \ rct inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}] >
                 act3: rec_inst = rec_inst ▷ ({s} < ran(rec_inst)) >
                 act4: rct inst ≔ rct inst ▷ ({s} ⊲ ran(rct inst)) >
             END
        IS OK: extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  IS OK
             ANY
                 S
                      >
            WHERE
                 grd1:
                          s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem
>
                          suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
                 grd5:
            THEN
                         i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx RUN 4 \rightarrow
                 act1:
             END
        FAIL_ACTIV:
                           extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  FAIL ACTIV
             ANY
                 S
                     >
            WHERE
                 grd1: s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem
```

>

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grd5:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
              THEN
                            i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 \rightarrow
                  act1:
                  act2:
                            run peers(s) = run peers(s) \setminus suspc peers(token owner(s)
\mapsto S) >
                  act3:
                            fail peers = fail peers \cup ({s}×suspc peers(token owner
(s) \mapsto s)) \rightarrow
                  act4:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow
              END
         FAIL CONFIGURE:
                                 extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    FAIL CONFIGURE
              ANY
                  S
                       >
              WHERE
                  grd1:
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd2:
                            i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem >
                  grd3:
                           card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem >
              THEN
                           i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 \rightarrow
                  act1:
              END
         FAIL IGNORE:
                             extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    FAIL IGNORE
              ANY
                  S
                       >
              WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                           i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           card(run_peers(s)) ≥ min inst(s) not theorem >
                  grd3:
              THEN
                           i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL IGN 4 \rightarrow
                  act1:
              END
         IGNORE: extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    IGNORE
              ANY
                  S
                       >
              WHERE
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                  grd2:
                           i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem >
              THEN
                  act1:
                           i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx RUN 4 >
              END
```

REDEPLOY INSTC: extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTC ANY S >a service s i →an instance i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > ard2: i ∉ run peers(s) ∪ fail peers[{s}] ∪ unav peers ∪ grd3: dep inst[{s}] not theorem >i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not unavailable and is not already activated for s grd4: token owner(s) ↦ (s ↦ i) ∉ actv inst not theorem > grd5: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > card(actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]) < deplo inst(s)</pre> grd6: not theorem > grd7: card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > THEN actv inst ≔ actv inst u {token owner(s) ↦ (s ↦ i)} > act1: END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INSTS** ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: card(actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]) = deplo inst(s) grd6: not theorem > grd7: card(dep inst[{s}]) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem grd8: > THEN dep inst ≔ dep inst ∪ ({s}×actv inst[{token owner(s)}] act1: $[{s}] \rightarrow$ actv inst = actv inst ▷ ({s} < ran(actv inst)) > act2: **END REDEPLOY:** extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY S > WHERE

```
s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                        i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem
>
                 grd7:
                         actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]=ø not theorem >
                         dep inst[{s}] ≠ ø not theorem >
                 grd6:
                         card(run peers(s))+card(dep inst[{s}]) ≥ min inst(s) not
                 grd4:
theorem >
            THEN
                         i_state(token_owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 \rightarrow
                 act1:
                 act2: run peers(s) = run peers(s) u dep inst[{s}] >
                 act3: dep inst ≔ {s} ⊲ dep inst >
            END
        HEAL:
                  extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  HEAL
            ANY
                S >
            WHERE
                 grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                grd2: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 not theorem \rightarrow
            THEN
                 act1: i state(token owner(s) → s) = RUN_4 >
            END
        UNFAIL PEER:
                        extended ordinary →
            REFINES
                  UNFAIL PEER
            ANY
                    >
                S
                р
                     >
            WHERE
                 grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2: p \in PEERS not theorem >
                grd3:
                       s \mapsto p \in fail peers not theorem \rightarrow
            THEN
                act1: fail peers = fail peers \langle s \mapsto p \rangle
            END
        MAKE_PEER_AVAIL: extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  MAKE PEER AVAIL
            ANY
                p
                     >
            WHERE
                qrd1: p \in PEERS not theorem >
                grd2: p ∈ unav peers not theorem >
            THEN
```

```
act1: unav_peers ≔ unav_peers \ {p} > END
```

END

```
MACHINE
          M14
                  >
     REFINES
           M13
     SEES
           C08
     VARIABLES
          run peers
          suspc peers
                          >
          failr peers
                          >
          dep instc
          token owner
                          >
          unav peers
                          >
          suspc inst
                         ⇒instances that are tried to be recontacted
          rect inst
          rctt inst
                         >instances effectively recontacted after a try
                          >instances activated by token ownes
          actv inst
          i state >
     INVARIANTS
          inv1:
                    rect inst \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
          inv2:
                    \forall p, s · p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in dom(rect inst) \Rightarrow
p = token owner(s) not theorem >
                    \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p = token owner(s) \Rightarrow (p \mapsto
          inv3:
s) ∈ dom(rect inst) not theorem >
                                      \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in
          gluing tok own rec1:
dom(rect_inst) \Rightarrow rec_inst[{p}][{s}] = rect_inst(p \mapsto s) not theorem \rightarrow
          inv4:
                    rctt inst \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
          inv5:
                    \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in dom(rctt inst) \Rightarrow
p = token owner(s) not theorem >
                    \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p = token owner(s) \Rightarrow (p \mapsto
          inv6:
s) ∈ dom(rctt inst) not theorem >
          gluing_tok_own_rct1: \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in
dom(rctt inst) \Rightarrow rct inst[{p}][{s}] = rctt inst(p \mapsto s) not theorem \Rightarrow
                    failr peers \in SERVICES \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\text{PEERS}) not theorem \rightarrow
          inv7:
          gluing fail 1: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies fail_peers[{s}] = failr_peers(s)
not theorem >
          inv8:
                    dep instc \in SERVICES \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\text{PEERS}) not theorem \rightarrow
          gluing act 1: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies dep inst[{s}] = dep instc(s) not
theorem >
     EVENTS
          INITIALISATION:
                                    not extended ordinary >
               THEN
                    act2:
                              run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                    act3:
                              suspc peers = InitSuspPeers >
                              failr peers = InitFail >
                    act4:
                    act5:
                              dep instc ≔ InitFail →
                    act6:
                              token owner ≔ init tok >
                    act7:
                              unav peers = \phi \rightarrow
```

act8: suspc inst = InitSuspPeers > act10: rect inst = InitSuspPeers > act11: rctt inst ≔ InitSuspPeers > act12: actv inst ≔ ø > act13: i state ≔ InitStatus > END MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary > REFINES MAKE PEER UNAVAIL ANY prs > >new values for token owner per service if needed E is > ps > si → rc s > rt s > WHERE prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd1: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > grd2: ard3: $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem > new value for token owner per service if needed $i s \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \rightarrow STATES 4 not theorem >$ grd4: grd5: $p \ s \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow$ s i \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow $\mathbb{P}(PEERS)$ not theorem > grd6: rt s \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow $\mathbb{P}(PEERS)$ not theorem > grd7: $rc \ s \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow$ grd8: grd9: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem > If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed grd10: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \Rightarrow E $(srv) \in run peers(srv) \setminus (unav peers u prs u failr peers(srv) u suspc peers$ (token owner(srv) → srv)) not theorem >if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, and the service

possess suspicious instances, then a new token owner among available and not

M14

Page 2

```
(srv) \mapsto srv) \in rt_s) \land ((E(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto rect_inst(E(srv) \mapsto srv) \in rc s) not
theorem >
                   grd14: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \Rightarrow ((E
(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto \emptyset \in si) \land ((E(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto \emptyset \in rt s) \land ((E(srv) \mapsto srv) \mapsto \emptyset \in srv
rc s) not theorem >
              THEN
                   act1:
                             unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become
unavailable
                   act2:
                             token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E > new value for token owner
per service is given if needed
                             rect inst = rc s > the peers in prs can not try to
                   act3:
recontact instances anymore
                             rctt inst = rt s > the peers in prs can not recontact
                   act4:
instances anymore
                             actv inst = prs ⊲ actv inst >
                   act5:
                   act6:
                             i state ≔ i s >
                   act7:
                             suspc peers = p s \rightarrow
                   act8:
                             suspc inst ≔ s i →
              END
          SUSPECT INST: extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                     SUSPECT INST
              ANY
                   S
                         >a service s
                             > suspicious instances
                   susp
              WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                   grd1:
                   grd2: susp \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                             susp = run peers(s) \circ unav peers not theorem >instances
                   grd3:
in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable
                             suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the
                   grd4:
member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s
                             i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow the
                   grd5:
state of s is OK
                            susp \neq \emptyset not theorem >
                   grd6:
              THEN
                             suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = susp > the members of
                   act1:
susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s
              END
          FAIL:
                    extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                     FAIL
              ANY
                   S
              WHERE
                   grd1: s \in SERVICES not theorem >
```

```
grd2:
                            i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow
                            suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
                  grd3:
              THEN
                  act1:
                            i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 \rightarrow
                  act2:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq suspc inst(token owner
(S) \mapsto S) \rightarrow
                  act3:
                            suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq \phi \rightarrow
              END
         RECONTACT INST OK:
                                       not extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    RECONTACT INST OK
              ANY
                  s
                        →a service s
                   i
                        >an instance i
              WHERE
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                  grd2:
                            i ∈ PEERS not theorem >
                            i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the
                  grd3:
state of s is SUSPICIOUS
                  grd4:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the set
of suspicious peers for s is not empty
                            i \in suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus unav peers not
                  grd5:
theorem i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted)
                  grd6:
                            i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem > the token
owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i
                  grd7:
                            rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspc peers(token owner
(s) \mapsto s not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all
the suspecious instances of s
              THEN
                            rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rect inst(token owner(s)
                  act1:
⇒ s) u {i} > the token owner of s has tried to recontact i
                  act2:
                            rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rctt inst(token owner(s)
\mapsto s) \cup {i} \rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully
              END
         RECONTACT INST KO:
                                       not extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    RECONTACT INST KO
              ANY
                        >a service s
                  s
                  i
                         >an instance i
              WHERE
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  ard1:
                  grd2:
                            i ∈ PEERS not theorem >
                  grd3:
                            i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the
state of s is SUSPICIOUS
                  grd4:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the set
```

of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: $i \in suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cap unav peers not$ theorem i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) → s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i ard7: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspc peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rect inst(token owner(s) act1: ⇒ s) u {i} → the token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: i state(token owner(s) ↦ s) = FAIL 4 not theorem > ard2: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd5: ard8: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspc peers(token owner (s) \mapsto s) not theorem \rightarrow THEN i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 \rightarrow act1: act2: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspc peers (token owner(s) \mapsto s) \ rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) > rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \phi \rightarrow$ act3: act4: rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = ϕ > END IS_OK: extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY S > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem grd2: > grd5: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 \rightarrow END FAIL ACTIV: not extended ordinary >

```
REFINES
                  FAIL ACTIV
             ANY
                 s
                       >
             WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                          i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem
>
                          suspc peers(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≠ ø not theorem >
                 grd5:
             THEN
                 act1:
                          i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 \rightarrow
                 act2:
                          run_peers(s) = run_peers(s) \ suspc_peers(token_owner(s)
⇒ S) →
                          failr peers(s) = failr peers(s) u suspc peers
                 act3:
(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \rightarrow
                          suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset >
                 act4:
             END
        FAIL CONFIGURE:
                                extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  FAIL CONFIGURE
             ANY
                 S
                      >
             WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                          i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem >
                 grd2:
                          card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem >
                 grd3:
             THEN
                 act1:
                          i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 \rightarrow
             END
         FAIL IGNORE:
                           extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  FAIL IGNORE
             ANY
                 S
                     >
             WHERE
                          s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                          i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem >
                 grd2:
                 grd3:
                          card(run peers(s)) ≥ min inst(s) not theorem >
             THEN
                          i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL IGN 4 \rightarrow
                 act1:
             END
         IGNORE: extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  IGNORE
             ANY
```

S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem > grd2: THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx RUN 4 \rightarrow END **REDEPLOY INSTC:** not extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INSTC** ANY s >a service s i >an instance i WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > i ∈ PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: i ∉ run peers(s) ∪ failr peers(s) ∪ unav peers ∪ dep instc(s) not theorem >i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not unavailable and is not already activated for s grd4: token owner(s) → (s → i) ∉ actv inst not theorem > ard5: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > grd6: card(actv inst[{token owner(s)}][{s}]) < deplo inst(s)</pre> not theorem > card(dep instc(s)) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> grd7: not theorem > THEN act1: actv inst = actv inst u {token owner(s) \mapsto (s \mapsto i)} \rightarrow END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTS ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: card(actv_inst[{token_owner(s)}][{s}]) = deplo inst(s) grd6: not theorem > grd7: card(dep instc(s)) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > grd8: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > THEN act1: dep instc(s) = dep instc(s) u actv inst[{token owner (s) [{s}] > actv_inst = actv_inst ▷ ({s} < ran(actv_inst)) > act2:

END REDEPLOY: not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > grd7: actv_inst[{token_owner(s)}][{s}]=ø not theorem > grd6: dep instc(s) ≠ ø not theorem > grd4: $card(run peers(s))+card(dep instc(s)) \ge min inst(s) not$ theorem > THEN i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 \rightarrow act1: act2: run_peers(s) = run_peers(s) u dep_instc(s) > act3: dep instc(s) $= \phi$ > END HEAL: extended ordinary > REFINES HEAL ANY S > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: i state(token owner(s) → s) = DPL 4 not theorem > THEN i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx RUN 4 > act1: END UNFAIL PEER: not extended ordinary > REFINES UNFAIL PEER ANY s > р > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > p ∈ PEERS not theorem > grd2: $p \in failr peers(s)$ not theorem > grd3: THEN failr peers(s) = failr peers(s) $\langle p \rangle$ act1: END MAKE PEER AVAIL: extended ordinary >

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```
REFINES
	MAKE_PEER_AVAIL
ANY
	p 	>
WHERE
		grd1: p ∈ PEERS not theorem >
		grd2: p ∈ unav_peers not theorem >
THEN
		act1: unav_peers ≔ unav_peers \ {p} >
END
```

END

```
MACHINE
        M15
               >
    REFINES
         M14
    SEES
         C08
    VARIABLES
        run peers
        suspc peers
                      >
        failr peers
                      >
        dep instc
        token owner
                      >
        unav peers
                      >
        suspc inst
        rect inst > instances that are tried to be recontacted
        actv instc instances activated by token ownes
        i state >
    INVARIANTS
        inv1:
                 actv instc \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
                 \forall p, s · p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in dom(actv instc) \Rightarrow
        inv2:
p = token owner(s) not theorem >
                 \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land p = token owner(s) \Rightarrow (p \Rightarrow
        inv3:
s) \in dom(actv instc) not theorem >
        gluing tok own rec1: \forall p, s \cdot p \in PEERS \land s \in SERVICES \land (p \mapsto s) \in
dom(actv_instc) \Rightarrow actv_inst[{p}][{s}] = actv_instc(p \leftrightarrow s) not theorem >
    EVENTS
        INITIALISATION:
                               not extended ordinary >
            THEN
                 act2:
                         run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                         suspc peers = InitSuspPeers >
                 act3:
                 act4:
                         failr peers ≔ InitFail →
                 act5:
                         dep instc ≔ InitFail >
                 act6:
                         token owner ≔ init tok >
                 act7:
                         unav peers = \phi >
                 act8:
                         suspc inst = InitSuspPeers >
                 act10: rect inst = InitSuspPeers >
                 act11: rctt inst ≔ InitSuspPeers >
                 act12: actv instc = InitSuspPeers >
                 act13: i state ≔ InitStatus >
            END
        MAKE PEER_UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  MAKE PEER UNAVAIL
            ANY
                 prs >
                      >new values for token owner per service if needed
                 E
```

is → p_s → si → rc s > rt_s > ac i > WHERE prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd1: ard2: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > grd3: $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem > new value for token owner per service if needed i s ∈ (PEERS×SERVICES) +→ STATES 4 not theorem > grd4: $p \ s \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow$ grd5: grd6: s i \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow $\mathbb{P}(PEERS)$ not theorem > rt s \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow $\mathbb{P}(PEERS)$ not theorem > grd7: $rc \ s \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \rightarrow P(PEERS) \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow$ grd8: ac i \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow P(PEERS) not theorem > grd9: grd10: $dom(i s) = E_{\sim} \land dom(p s) = dom(i s) \land dom(s i) = dom$ $(i s) \land dom(rc s) = dom(i s) \land dom(rt s) = dom(i s) \land dom(ac i) = dom(i s) not$ theorem > grd11: ∀ srv · srv ∈ SERVICES ∧ token owner(srv) ∉ prs $E(srv) = token owner(srv) \wedge$ $s i(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = suspc inst(E(srv) \mapsto srv) \wedge$ rt s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = rctt inst(E(srv) \mapsto srv) \land rc s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = rect inst(E(srv) \mapsto srv) \land ac i(E(srv) → srv) = actv instc(E(srv) → srv) not theorem >If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed grd12: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \rightarrow $E(srv) \in run peers(srv) \setminus (unav peers u prs u failr peers$ (srv) u suspc peers(token owner(srv) ↦ srv)) ∧ $s i(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = \emptyset \land$ rt s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = $\emptyset \land$ $rc s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = \emptyset \land$ ac $i(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = \emptyset$ not theorem >if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, and the service possess suspicious instances, then a new token owner among available and not suspicious peers is chosen grd13: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow i s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = i state $(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \land p s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = suspc peers(token owner(srv) \mapsto$ srv) not theorem > THEN act1: unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become unavailable

act2: token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E > new value for token owner per service is given if needed rect inst = rc s > the peers in prs can not try to act3: recontact instances anymore rctt inst = rt s > the peers in prs can not recontact act4: instances anymore act5: actv instc ≔ ac i > i state ≔ i s > act6: act7: suspc peers = p s \rightarrow act8: suspc inst = s i \rightarrow END SUSPECT INST: extended ordinary > REFINES SUSPECT INST ANY S >a service s susp >suspicious instances WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > $susp \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > grd2: ard3: susp = run peers(s) n unav peers not theorem >instances in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable grd4: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem > the member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow the grd5: state of s is OK grd6: susp $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > THEN suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = susp > the members of act1: susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s END extended ordinary > FAIL: REFINES FAIL ANY S WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow grd2: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd3: THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq FAIL 4 \rightarrow suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspc inst(token owner act2: $(s) \mapsto s) \rightarrow$ suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow$ act3: **END**

RECONTACT INST OK: extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY S >a service s i →an instance i WHERE ard1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem >the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: $i \in suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus unav peers not$ **theorem** \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rect inst(token owner(s) → s) ⊂ suspc peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq rect inst(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) \cup {i} \Rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i act2: rctt inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≔ rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup {i} \rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END **RECONTACT INST KO:** extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY >a service s S >an instance i i WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \Rightarrow the set grd4: of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)∩unav peers not theorem \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem >the token grd6: owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspc peers(token owner grd7: $(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all

the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) → s) = rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup {i} \rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY S > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow grd5: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > rect inst(token owner(s) → s) = suspc_peers(token_owner grd8: $(s) \mapsto s$) not theorem > THEN act1: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 \rightarrow act2: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspc peers (token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \rightarrow act3: rect inst(token owner(s) → s) = ø > act4: rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset > END IS OK: extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY S > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow grd5: THEN i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx RUN 4 \rightarrow act1: END FAIL_ACTIV: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ACTIV ANY S > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem

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grd5:
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
              THEN
                            i_state(token_owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 \rightarrow
                  act1:
                  act2:
                            run peers(s) = run peers(s) \setminus suspc peers(token owner(s)
\mapsto S) >
                  act3:
                            failr peers(s) = failr peers(s) u suspc peers
(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \rightarrow
                            suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow
                  act4:
              END
         FAIL CONFIGURE:
                                 extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    FAIL CONFIGURE
              ANY
                  S
                       >
              WHERE
                  grd1:
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd2:
                            i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem >
                  grd3:
                           card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem >
              THEN
                           i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 >
                  act1:
              END
         FAIL IGNORE:
                             extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    FAIL IGNORE
              ANY
                  S
                       >
              WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                           i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem >
                  grd2:
                            card(run_peers(s)) ≥ min inst(s) not theorem >
                  grd3:
              THEN
                           i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL IGN 4 \rightarrow
                  act1:
              END
         IGNORE: extended ordinary >
              REFINES
                    IGNORE
              ANY
                  S
                       >
              WHERE
                  grd1:
                            s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem >
              THEN
                  act1:
                           i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx RUN 4 \rightarrow
              END
```

REDEPLOY INSTC: not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTC ANY s →a service s →an instance i i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: i ∈ PEERS not theorem > ard2: i ∉ run peers(s) ∪ failr peers(s) ∪ unav peers ∪ grd3: dep instc(s) not theorem >i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not unavailable and is not already activated for s grd4: i ∉ actv instc(token owner(s) → s) not theorem > i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem grd5: > card(actv instc(token owner(s) → s)) < deplo inst(s) not</pre> grd6: theorem > grd7: card(dep instc(s)) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > THEN actv instc(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≔ actv instc(token owner act1: $(s) \mapsto s) \cup \{i\} \rightarrow$ END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** not extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INSTS** ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > $card(actv instc(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s)) = deplo inst(s) not$ grd6: theorem > card(dep instc(s)) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> grd7: not theorem > grd8: i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > THEN act1: dep instc(s) = dep instc(s) u actv instc(token owner(s) \leftrightarrow s) \rightarrow actv instc(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\approx \phi \rightarrow$ act2: END **REDEPLOY:** not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY s >

```
WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                          i state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem
                 grd2:
>
                          actv instc(token owner(s) → s)=ø not theorem >
                 grd7:
                 grd6:
                          dep instc(s) ≠ ø not theorem >
                 grd4:
                          card(run peers(s))+card(dep instc(s)) \ge min inst(s) not
theorem >
             THEN
                          i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 \rightarrow
                 act1:
                 act2:
                          run peers(s) = run peers(s) \cup dep instc(s) \rightarrow
                 act3:
                          dep instc(s) = \phi >
             END
        HEAL:
                  extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  HEAL
             ANY
                 S
                     >
             WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                          i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 not theorem \rightarrow
             THEN
                          i state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx RUN 4 \rightarrow
                 act1:
             END
        UNFAIL_PEER:
                         extended ordinary →
             REFINES
                  UNFAIL PEER
             ANY
                 S
                       >
                 р
                       >
             WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                          p \in PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                 grd3:
                          p \in failr peers(s) not theorem >
             THEN
                          failr peers(s) = failr peers(s)\{p} >
                 act1:
             END
        MAKE PEER AVAIL:
                                extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  MAKE PEER AVAIL
             ANY
                 р
                     >
             WHERE
                          p \in PEERS not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                          p \in unav peers not theorem >
```

```
THEN
    act1: unav_peers ≔ unav_peers \ {p} →
END
```

END

MACHINE M16 > REFINES M15 SEES C09 VARIABLES run peers suspc peers > failr peers dep instc token owner unav peers > suspc inst >instances that are tried to be recontacted rect inst rctt inst >instances effectively recontacted after a try >instances activated by token ownes actv instc inst state > INVARIANTS inv1: inst state ∈ (PEERS×SERVICES) +→ STATES 4 not theorem >> $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \Rightarrow s \in dom(inst state) not$ inv2: theorem > gluing state 1: $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies i state(token_owner(s) \Rightarrow s) =$ inst state(token owner(s) → s) not theorem > inv3: $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies rctt inst(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) \subseteq run peers$ (s) not theorem > inv4: $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies suspc peers(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) \subseteq$ run peers(s) not theorem > inv5: $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies$ suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subseteq run peers (s) not theorem > \forall s · s \in SERVICES \Rightarrow rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subseteq run peers inv6: (s) not theorem > inv7: $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \notin suspc inst(token owner(s))$ → s) not theorem → $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \notin suspc peers(token owner)$ inv8: $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem > $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \notin rctt inst(token owner(s))$ inv9: → s) not theorem → inv10: $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \notin rect inst(token owner(s))$ → s) not theorem → inv11: $\forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies suspc inst(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) \cap$ suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow inv12: ∀ s · s ∈ SERVICES ∧ inst state(token owner(s) ↦ s) ∉ {FAIL 4, FAIL DETECT 4} \Rightarrow suspc peers(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) = \emptyset not theorem \Rightarrow inv13: \forall s · s \in SERVICES \land inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq FAIL 4 \Rightarrow rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem > inv14: \forall s · s \in SERVICES \land inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq FAIL 4 \Rightarrow rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) = ø not theorem >

EVENTS INITIALISATION: not extended ordinary > THEN run peers = InitSrvcPeers > act1: act2: suspc peers = InitSuspPeers > act3: failr peers ≔ InitFail → act4: dep instc ≔ InitFail > act5: token owner ≔ init tok > unav_peers ≔ ø → act6: act7: suspc inst = InitSuspPeers > act8: rect inst = InitSuspPeers > rctt inst ≔ InitSuspPeers > act9: act10: actv instc = InitSuspPeers > act11: inst state = InitStateSrv > END MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary > REFINES MAKE PEER UNAVAIL ANY prs Е >new values for token owner per service if needed ps > s i > rc s > rt s > ac i > WHERE grd1: prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem > prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > grd2: grd3: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow dom(dom(inst state) \triangleright {srv}) $prs \neq \emptyset$ not theorem > grd4: $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem > new value for token owner per service if needed $p \ s \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \leftrightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow$ grd5: grd6: s i \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow $\mathbb{P}(PEERS)$ not theorem > grd7: rt s \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow $\mathbb{P}(PEERS)$ not theorem > grd8: $rc \ s \in (PEERS \times SERVICES) \rightarrow P(PEERS) \text{ not theorem} \rightarrow$ ac i \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow $\mathbb{P}(PEERS)$ not theorem > grd9: $dom(p \ s) = E_{\sim} \land dom(s \ i) = E_{\sim} \land dom(rc \ s) = E_{\sim} \land dom$ grd10: $(rt s) = E \sim \wedge dom(ac i) = E \sim not theorem >$ \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs grd11: \Rightarrow $E(srv) = token owner(srv) \wedge$ $s i(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = suspc inst(E(srv) \mapsto srv) \land$ rt s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = rctt inst(E(srv) \mapsto srv) \land $rc s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = rect inst(E(srv) \mapsto srv) \wedge$ ac i(E(srv) → srv) = actv instc(E(srv) → srv) not

theorem >If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs grd12: \Rightarrow $E(srv) \in run peers(srv) \setminus (unav peers u prs u failr peers$ (srv) u suspc peers(token owner(srv) ↦ srv)) ∧ $E(srv) \mapsto srv \in dom(inst state) \land$ inst state(E(srv) → srv) = inst state(token owner(srv) → srv) A $s i(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = \emptyset \land$ rt s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = $\emptyset \land$ $rc s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = \emptyset \land$ ac $i(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = \emptyset$ not theorem >if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, and the service possess suspicious instances, then a new token owner among available and not suspicious peers is chosen grd13: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow p s(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = suspc peers(token owner(srv) ↦ srv) not theorem > WITH is: i s = $E \sim \triangleleft$ inst state \rightarrow THEN unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become act1: unavailable token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E > new value for token owner act2: per service is given if needed **rect inst** = **rc s** > the peers in prs can not try to act3: recontact instances anymore rctt inst = rt s > the peers in prs can not recontact act4: instances anymore act5: actv instc ≔ ac i > act6: suspc peers = p s \rightarrow act7: suspc inst = s i \rightarrow inst state ≔ (prs×SERVICES) ◄ inst state → act8: END SUSPECT INST: not extended ordinary > REFINES SUSPECT_INST ANY S →a service s >suspicious instances susp WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: $susp \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > susp = run peers(s) n unav peers not theorem >instances grd3: in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable

grd4: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow the grd5: state of s is OK grd6: susp ≠ ø not theorem > THEN act1: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = susp \rightarrow the members of susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s END not extended ordinary > FAIL: REFINES FAIL ANY S > prop > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) ↦ s) = RUN 4 not theorem > suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd4: ard5: prop = run peers(s)\(suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) u unav peers) not theorem > THEN act1: inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL 4}) > suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspc inst(token owner act2: $(s) \mapsto s) \rightarrow$ suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = ϕ > act3: END RECONTACT_INST_OK: not extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY s →a service s i →an instance i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: i ∈ PEERS not theorem > grd2: inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL_4 not theorem > the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow the set grd4: of suspicious peers for s is not empty ard5: $i \in suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus unav peers not$ theorem \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted) grd6: $i \notin rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspc peers(token owner grd7:

 $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rect inst(token owner(s) ⇒ s) ∪ {i} > the token owner of s has tried to recontact i act2: rctt inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≔ rctt inst(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) \cup {i} \Rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END RECONTACT_INST_K0: not extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY s →a service s i →an instance i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: i ∈ PEERS not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: $i \in suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cap unav peers not$ theorem \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) → s) not theorem > the token grd6: owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspc peers(token owner grd7: $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rect inst(token owner(s) ⇒ s) u {i} > the token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY s > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: ard2: prop \subset PEERS not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow grd3: grd4: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow rect inst(token owner(s) → s) = suspc peers(token owner grd5: (s) \mapsto s) not theorem \rightarrow

grd6: prop = ((run peers(s) \ suspc peers(token owner(s) ↦ s)) u rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s))\unav peers not theorem \rightarrow THEN act1: inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{FAIL DETECT 4})</pre> > act2: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspc peers (token_owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \rightarrow act3: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = ϕ > act4: rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \phi \rightarrow$ END IS OK: not extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY S prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > grd4: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow grd5: prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) > act1: **END** FAIL ACTIV: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ACTIV ANY s > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > grd4: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd5: prop = run peers(s) \setminus (unav peers \cup suspc peers (token owner(s) ↦ s)) not theorem > THEN act1: inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL ACTIV 4}) > act2: run peers(s) = run peers(s) \setminus suspc peers(token owner(s) ⇒ s) > failr peers(s) = failr peers(s) u suspc peers act3: $(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \rightarrow$

act4: suspc peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \phi \rightarrow$ END FAIL CONFIGURE: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL CONFIGURE ANY s > prop > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not grd3: theorem > card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem > grd4: prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem > grd5: THEN act1: inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{FAIL CONFIG 4}) > **END** FAIL IGNORE: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL IGNORE ANY s > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not grd3: theorem > grd4: $card(run peers(s)) \ge min inst(s) not theorem >$ grd5: prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL IGN 4}) > act1: END IGNORE: not extended ordinary > REFINES IGNORE ANY s > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem grd3: >

grd4: prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem \rightarrow THEN inst state = inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) > act1: END **REDEPLOY INSTC:** not extended ordinary > REFINES **REDEPLOY INSTC** ANY →a service s s i →an instance i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: i ∈ PEERS not theorem > i ∉ run peers(s) u failr peers(s) u unav peers u grd3: dep instc(s) not theorem >i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not unavailable and is not already activated for s grd4: i ∉ actv instc(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem > grd5: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > grd6: $card(actv instc(token owner(s) \rightarrow s)) < deplo inst(s) not$ theorem > card(dep instc(s)) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> grd7: not theorem > THEN actv instc(token owner(s) → s) = actv instc(token owner act1: (s) → s) U {i} > END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTS ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: $card(actv instc(token owner(s) \rightarrow s)) = deplo inst(s) not$ grd2: theorem >grd3: card(dep instc(s)) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not grd4: theorem > THEN act1: dep instc(s) = dep instc(s) u actv instc(token owner(s) ⇒ S) > actv instc(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = ϕ > act2: **END**

```
REDEPLOY:
                     not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 REDEPLOY
            ANY
                 s
                     >
                 prop
                         >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                         prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not
                 grd3:
theorem >
                 grd4:
                         actv instc(token owner(s) → s)=ø not theorem >
                 grd5:
                         dep instc(s) ≠ ø not theorem >
                         card(run peers(s))+card(dep instc(s)) \ge min inst(s) not
                 grd6:
theorem >
                         prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem >
                 grd7:
            THEN
                 act1:
                         inst state≔ inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{DPL 4}) >
                 act2:
                         run peers(s) = run peers(s) \cup dep instc(s) \rightarrow
                 act3:
                         dep instc(s) ≔ ø >
            END
        HEAL:
                 not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 HEAL
            ANY
                 S
                     >
                 prop
                         >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                         prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 not theorem \rightarrow
                 grd3:
                 grd4:
                         prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem >
            THEN
                         inst state= inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) >
                 act1:
            END
        UNFAIL PEER:
                         extended ordinary →
            REFINES
                 UNFAIL PEER
            ANY
                S
                     >
                 р
                      >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2: p \in PEERS not theorem >
                         p \in failr peers(s) not theorem >
                grd3:
            THEN
```

```
act1: failr_peers(s) = failr_peers(s)\{p} >
END
MAKE_PEER_AVAIL: extended ordinary >
REFINES
MAKE_PEER_AVAIL
ANY
p >>
WHERE
grd1: p ∈ PEERS not theorem >
grd2: p ∈ unav_peers not theorem >
THEN
act1: unav_peers = unav_peers \ {p} >
END
```

```
END
```

```
MACHINE
        M17
               >
    REFINES
         M16
    SEES
         C09
    VARIABLES
        run peers
        suspct peers
                         >
        failr peers >>
        dep instc
        token owner >>
        unav peers
                     >
        suspc inst
                     >
        rect inst > instances that are tried to be recontacted
        actv_instc
                     >instances activated by token ownes
        inst state >>
    INVARIANTS
        inv1:
                suspct peers \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
        inv2:
                \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \implies s \in dom(suspct peers) not
theorem >
        gluing susp 1: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies suspc peers(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) =
suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) not theorem \rightarrow
    EVENTS
        INITIALISATION:
                             not extended ordinary >
            THEN
                act1:
                        run peers = InitSrvcPeers >
                act2:
                        suspct peers = InitSuspPrs >
                act3:
                        failr peers = InitFail >
                act4:
                        dep instc ≔ InitFail >
                act5:
                        token owner ≔ init tok >
                act6:
                        unav peers ≔ ø >
                act7:
                        suspc inst = InitSuspPeers >
                        rect inst = InitSuspPeers >
                act8:
                act9: rctt inst = InitSuspPeers >
                act10: actv instc = InitSuspPeers >
                act11: inst state = InitStateSrv >
            END
        MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 MAKE PEER UNAVAIL
            ANY
                prs >Peers that will become unavailable
                Е
                     >Values for token owner per service
            WHERE
                        prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                grd1:
```

grd2: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > the peers in prs are not vet unavalaible \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow dom(dom(inst state) \triangleright {srv}) grd3: \prs $\neq \sigma$ not theorem > for each service srv, there must always be at least 1 peer available $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem >Value for token owner grd4: per service ∀ srv · srv ∈ SERVICES ∧ token owner(srv) ∉ prs grd5: \Rightarrow E(srv) = token owner(srv)not theorem >If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs grd6: \Rightarrow E(srv) ∈ run_peers(srv)\(unav_peers ∪ prs ∪ failr peers (srv) U suspct peers(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv)) \land $E(srv) \mapsto srv \in dom(inst state) \land E(srv) \mapsto srv \in dom$ (suspct peers) ^ inst state(E(srv) → srv) = inst state(token owner(srv) → srv) ^ suspct peers(E(srv) → srv) = suspct peers(token owner (srv) → srv) not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable.

A new token owner is chosen: the new token owner must have same characteristics

as the previous one (state, list of suspicious neighbours, etc.), and it must

not be an unavailable, WITH		suspicious, failed peer or a member of prs
		p s = E~ ⊲ suspct peers >
		rc_s = ((prs×SERVICES) ≤ rect_inst) ≤ (((E\token_owner)
~)×{ø}) →		
	s_i:	s_i = ((prs×SERVICES) ∢ suspc_inst) ∢ (((E\token_owner)
~)×{ø}) →		
	rt_s:	rt_s = ((prs×SERVICES) ∢ rctt_inst) ∢ (((E\token_owner)
~)×{ø}) →		
	ac_i:	ac_i = ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ actv_instc) ⊲ (((E\token_owner)
\sim)×{ø}) >		
THEN		
	act1:	unav_peers ≔ unav_peers ∪ prs >the peers in prs become
unavailable		
	act2:	token_owner ≔ token_owner ⊲ E >new values for token
owner per service		
	act3:	rect inst ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ∢ rect inst) ∢
(((E\token_owner)~)×{ø}) →the peers in prs can not try to recontact instances		

Page 2

```
anymore (1)
                           rctt inst ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ rctt inst) ⊲
                  act4:
(((E \setminus token owner) \sim) \times \{g\}) \rightarrow the peers in prs can not try to recontact instances
anymore (2)
                         actv instc ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ∢ actv instc) ∢
                  act5:
(((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) → the peers in prs can not activate instances anymore
                  act6:
                          suspct peers ≔ (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ suspct peers > the peers
in prs can not suspect instances anymore (1)
                          suspc inst = ((prs×SERVICES) < suspc inst) </pre>
                  act7:
(((E \setminus token owner) \sim) \times \{ \emptyset \}) > the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore (2)
                  act8: inst state = (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ inst state > the peers in
prs can not monitor the state of the services provided anymore
             END
         SUSPECT INST: extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   SUSPECT INST
             ANY
                      →a service s
                  S
                          >suspicious instances
                  susp
             WHERE
                  ard1:
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd2:
                          susp \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                           susp = run peers(s) n unav peers not theorem >instances
                  grd3:
in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable
                          suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the
                  grd4:
member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s
                  grd5:
                          inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow the
state of s is OK
                           susp \neq \emptyset not theorem >
                  grd6:
             THEN
                  act1:
                           suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = susp \rightarrow the members of
susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s
             END
                   not extended ordinary >
         FAIL:
             REFINES
                   FATL
             ANY
                  S
                       >
                  prop
                           >
             WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                  ard2:
                           prop \subset PEERS not theorem >
                           inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow
                  grd3:
                  grd4:
                           suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
                           prop = run peers(s)\(suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) u
                  grd5:
unav peers) not theorem >
```

THEN inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL 4}) → act1: act2: suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{suspc inst</pre> $(token owner(s) \rightarrow s)$ }) > suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \phi \rightarrow$ act3: END RECONTACT_INST_OK: not extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY ⇒a service s s i →an instance i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \Rightarrow the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow the grd4: set of suspicious peers for s is not empty $i \in suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus unav peers not$ grd5: theorem \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted) i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem > the token grd6: owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rect inst(token owner(s) ⇒ s) ∪ {i} > the token owner of s has tried to recontact i rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rctt inst(token owner(s) act2: \mapsto s) \cup {i} \rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END **RECONTACT INST KO:** not extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY s >a service s i →an instance i WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > i ∈ PEERS not theorem > grd2: ard3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty $i \in suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cap unav peers not$ grd5:

```
theorem \rightarrowi is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be
contacted)
                          i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem > the token
                 grd6:
owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i
                          rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspct peers(token owner
                 grd7:
(s) → s) not theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all
the suspecious instances of s
             THEN
                 act1:
                          rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx rect inst(token owner(s)
⇒ s) u {i} > the token owner of s has tried to recontact i
             END
        FAIL DETECT:
                           not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  FAIL DETECT
             ANY
                 s
                      >
                 prop
                           >
                 susp
                           >
             WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 ard2:
                          prop \subset PEERS not theorem >
                          susp \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                 grd7:
                          inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL 4 not theorem >
                 grd3:
                 grd4:
                          suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
                          rect inst(token owner(s) → s) = suspct peers(token owner
                 grd5:
(s) → s) not theorem >
                 grd6:
                          prop = ((run peers(s) \ suspct peers(token owner(s) ↔
s)) u rctt inst(token owner(s)↔ s))\unav peers not theorem >
                          susp = suspct peers(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) rctt inst
                 grd8:
(token owner(s) → s) not theorem >
             THEN
                          inst_state = inst_state < ((prop×{s})×{FAIL DETECT 4})</pre>
                 act1:
5
                          suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{susp}) >
                 act2:
                 act3:
                          rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \phi >
                 act4:
                          rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \phi >
             END
        IS OK: not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  IS OK
             ANY
                 S
                      >
                 prop
                          >
             WHERE
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                          prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
```

grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > suspct peers(token owner(s) ↦ s) = ø not theorem > grd4: grd5: prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem \rightarrow THEN inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) > act1: END FAIL ACTIV: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ACTIV ANY s > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≠ ø not theorem > prop = run peers(s) \ (unav_peers u suspct_peers grd5: (token owner(s) \mapsto s)) not theorem \rightarrow THEN act1: inst state ≔ inst state ∢ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL ACTIV 4}) > act2: run peers(s) = run peers(s) \ suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s) \rightarrow$ act3: failr peers(s) = failr peers(s) u suspct peers $(token owner(s) \rightarrow s) \rightarrow$ act4: suspct peers = suspct peers \triangleleft ((prop×{s})×{ø}) > END FAIL CONFIGURE: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL CONFIGURE ANY S > > prop WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem > grd4: card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s) not theorem > grd5: prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN inst state = inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL CONFIG 4}) > act1: END

```
FAIL IGNORE:
                         extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 FAIL IGNORE
            ANY
                S
                     >
                prop
                         >
            WHERE
                        s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                grd1:
                        prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                grd2:
                        inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not
                grd3:
theorem >
                         card(run peers(s)) ≥ min inst(s) not theorem >
                grd4:
                grd5:
                         prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem >
            THEN
                        inst state ≔ inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL IGN 4}) >
                act1:
            END
        IGNORE: extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 IGNORE
            ANY
                S
                     >
                prop
                         >
            WHERE
                grd1:
                        s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                        prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                grd2:
                grd3:
                        inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem
>
                grd4:
                        prop = run peers(s) \setminus unav peers not theorem >
            THEN
                        inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) >
                act1:
            END
        REDEPLOY INSTC:
                             extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 REDEPLOY INSTC
            ANY
                     >a service s
                S
                i
                     →an instance i
            WHERE
                grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                grd2: i \in PEERS not theorem >
                grd3: i ∉ run peers(s) ∪ failr peers(s) ∪ unav peers ∪
dep instc(s) not theorem >i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not
unavailable and is not already activated for s
                grd4: i ∉ actv instc(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem >
                grd5: inst state(token owner(s) ↦ s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not
theorem >
```

grd6: card(actv instc(token owner(s) → s)) < deplo inst(s) not theorem → card(dep instc(s)) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> grd7: not theorem > THEN actv instc(token owner(s) → s) = actv instc(token owner act1: $(s) \mapsto s) \cup \{i\} \rightarrow$ END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTS ANY S > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: card(actv instc(token owner(s) → s)) = deplo inst(s) not grd2: theorem > card(dep instc(s)) + card(run peers(s)) < min inst(s)</pre> grd3: not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not grd4: theorem > THEN dep instc(s) = dep instc(s) \cup actv instc(token owner(s)) act1: \mapsto S) > actv instc(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow$ act2: **END** REDEPLOY: extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: $prop \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > grd2: inst_state(token_owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not grd3: theorem > actv instc(token owner(s) → s)=ø not theorem > grd4: grd5: dep instc(s) ≠ ø not theorem > grd6: $card(run peers(s))+card(dep instc(s)) \ge min inst(s) not$ theorem > ard7: prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN act1: inst state= inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{DPL 4}) > run peers(s) = run peers(s) \cup dep instc(s) \rightarrow act2: act3: dep instc(s) $= \emptyset$ >

END

```
HEAL:
         extended ordinary >
    REFINES
         HEAL
    ANY
        S
            >
        prop
                 >
    WHERE
                s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
        grd1:
        grd2:
                prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                inst state(token owner(s) → s) = DPL 4 not theorem >
        grd3:
                prop = run peers(s)\unav peers not theorem >
        grd4:
    THEN
                 inst state= inst state \left ((propx{s})x{RUN 4}) \right)
        act1:
    END
UNFAIL_PEER:
                extended ordinary →
    REFINES
         UNFAIL PEER
    ANY
        S
             >
        р
             >
    WHERE
        grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
        grd2:
                p \in PEERS not theorem >
                p ∈ failr peers(s) not theorem >
        grd3:
    THEN
        act1:
                failr peers(s) = failr peers(s)\{p} >
    END
MAKE PEER AVAIL: extended ordinary >
    REFINES
         MAKE PEER AVAIL
    ANY
        р
           >
    WHERE
                p \in PEERS not theorem >
        grd1:
                p ∈ unav_peers not theorem >
        grd2:
    THEN
                unav peers = unav peers \setminus \{p\} \rightarrow
        act1:
    END
```

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END

```
MACHINE
       M18
              >
   REFINES
        M17
   SEES
        C09
   VARIABLES
        run inst
        suspct peers
                        >
        failr peers >>
        dep instc
        token owner
                    >
        unav peers
                    >
        suspc inst
                    >
        rect inst > instances that are tried to be recontacted
        actv_instc
                    >instances activated by token ownes
        inst state 🛛 >
    INVARIANTS
        inv1:
               run inst ∈ (PEERS×SERVICES) → P(PEERS) not theorem >
        inv2: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \Rightarrow s \in dom(run inst) not
theorem >
        gluing run 1: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies run inst(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) =
run peers(s) not theorem >
    EVENTS
        INITIALISATION:
                            not extended ordinary >
           THEN
               act1:
                       run inst = InitRunPeers >
               act2:
                       suspct peers = InitSuspPrs >
               act3:
                       failr peers = InitFail >
               act4:
                       dep instc ≔ InitFail >
               act5:
                       token owner ≔ init tok >
               act6:
                       unav peers ≔ ø >
               act7:
                       suspc inst = InitSuspPeers >
                       rect inst = InitSuspPeers >
               act8:
               act9:
                       rctt inst = InitSuspPeers >
               act10: actv instc = InitSuspPeers >
               act11: inst state = InitStateSrv >
           END
       MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary >
           REFINES
                MAKE PEER UNAVAIL
           ANY
               prs >Peers that will become unavailable
                Е
                    >Values for token owner per service
           WHERE
                       prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
               grd1:
```

grd2: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > the peers in prs are not vet unavalaible \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow dom(dom(inst state) \triangleright {srv}) grd3: \prs $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > for each service srv, there must always be at least 1 peer available $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem >Value for token owner grd4: per service \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E grd5: (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem → If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs grd6: \Rightarrow $E(srv) \in run inst(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \setminus (unav peers u)$ prs u failr_peers(srv) u suspct_peers(token_owner(srv) ↦ srv)) ∧ $E(srv) \mapsto srv \in dom(inst state) \cap dom(suspct peers) \cap dom$ (run inst) ^ run inst(E(srv) → srv) = run inst(token owner(srv) → srv) ^ inst state(E(srv) ↦ srv) = inst state(token owner(srv) ↦ srv) A suspct peers(E(srv) \Rightarrow srv) = suspct peers(token owner $(srv) \mapsto srv$ not theorem > if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable. A new token owner is chosen: the new token owner must have same characteristics as the previous one (state, list of suspicious neighbours, etc.), and it must not be an unavailable, suspicious, failed peer or a member of prs THEN unav peers ≔ unav peers u prs → the peers in prs become act1: unavailable token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E > new values for token act2: owner per service rect inst = ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ rect inst) ⊲ act3: (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) > the peers in prs can not try to recontact instances anymore (1) rctt inst ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ rctt inst) ⊲ act4: (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) > the peers in prs can not try to recontact instances anymore (2) act5: actv instc = ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ actv instc) ⊲ (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) → the peers in prs can not activate instances anymore act6: suspct peers = (prs×SERVICES) \triangleleft suspct peers \rightarrow the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore (1) suspc inst ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ suspc inst) ⊲ act7:

```
(((E \setminus token owner) \sim) \times \{ \emptyset \}) > the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore (2)
                  act8: inst state = (prs×SERVICES) < inst state > the peers in
prs can not monitor the state of the services provided anymore
                  act9: run inst ≔ (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ run inst →
             END
         SUSPECT INST: not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   SUSPECT INST
             ANY
                       →a service s
                  s
                           >suspicious instances
                  susp
             WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                           susp \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           susp = run inst(token owner(s) → s) ∩ unav_peers not
                  grd3:
theorem >instances in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes
unavailable
                           suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the
                  grd4:
member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s
                           inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow the
                  grd5:
state of s is OK
                  grd6:
                           susp \neq \emptyset not theorem >
             THEN
                           suspc inst(token owner(s) → s) ≔ susp > the members of
                  act1:
susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s
             END
         FAIL:
                   not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   FAIL
             ANY
                  s
                       >
                  prop
                           >
             WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                           prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                  grd2:
                           inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow
                  grd3:
                           suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
                  grd4:
                           prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\(suspc inst
                  grd5:
(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup unav peers) not theorem \rightarrow
             THEN
                  act1:
                           inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL 4}) →
                  act2:
                           suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{suspc inst</pre>
(token owner(s) \rightarrow s)}) >
                  act3:
                           suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq \phi \rightarrow
             END
```

RECONTACT_INST_OK: extended ordinary → REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY S →a service s >an instance i i WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem >the state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ suspct peers(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not **theorem** \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) → s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ⊂ suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup {i} \rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq rctt inst(token owner(s) act2: \Rightarrow s) \cup {i} \Rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END **RECONTACT INST KO:** extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY S →a service s i →an instance i WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem >the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ suspct peers(token owner(s) → s)∩unav peers not theorem >i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s

THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \approx rect inst(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) \cup {i} \rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY s > prop > susp > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: **prop** \subseteq **PEERS** not theorem \rightarrow grd2: grd7: $susp \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL 4 not theorem > grd3: grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≠ ø not theorem > rect inst(token owner(s) → s) = suspct peers(token owner grd5: (s) \mapsto s) not theorem > prop = $((run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus suspct peers$ grd6: (token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \cup rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s))\unav peers not theorem \Rightarrow grd8: susp = suspct peers(token owner(s) → s)\rctt inst (token owner(s) \mapsto s) not theorem \rightarrow THEN inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{FAIL DETECT 4})</pre> act1: > act2: suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{susp}) > act3: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = ϕ > act4: rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = ϕ > END IS_OK: not extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not grd3: theorem > ard4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\unav peers not grd5: theorem > THEN inst_state = inst_state < ((prop×{s})×{RUN_4}) > act1:

END FAIL ACTIV: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ACTIV ANY s prop > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd3: inst_state(token_owner(s) → s) = FAIL_DETECT_4 not theorem > grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd5: prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \ (unav peers u suspct peers(token owner(s) ↦ s)) not theorem → THEN act1: inst state ≔ inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL ACTIV 4}) > act2: run inst = run inst < ((prop×{s})×{run inst(token owner</pre> (s) \mapsto s)\suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)}) \rightarrow failr peers(s) = failr peers(s) u suspct peers act3: $(token owner(s) \rightarrow s) \rightarrow$ suspct peers = suspct peers \triangleleft ((prop×{s})×{ø}) > act4: END FAIL CONFIGURE: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL CONFIGURE ANY s > prop > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem > card(run inst(token owner(s) → s)) < min inst(s) not</pre> grd4: theorem > grd5: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL CONFIG 4}) > act1: END FAIL IGNORE: not extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL IGNORE ANY

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```
S
                     >
                 prop
                         >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                         prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                 grd3:
                         inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not
theorem >
                         card(run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \ge min inst(s) not
                 grd4:
theorem >
                 grd5:
                         prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not
theorem >
            THEN
                         inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL IGN 4}) >
                 act1:
            END
        IGNORE: not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  IGNORE
            ANY
                 s
                     >
                 prop
                          >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                 grd2:
                         prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                 grd3:
                         inst_state(token_owner(s) → s) = FAIL_IGN_4 not theorem
>
                 grd4:
                         prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not
theorem >
            THEN
                         inst state = inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) >
                 act1:
            END
        REDEPLOY INSTC:
                              not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  REDEPLOY INSTC
            ANY
                 s
                      →a service s
                 i
                      →an instance i
            WHERE
                 grd1:
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                         i ∈ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         i ∉ run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ∪ failr peers(s) ∪
                 grd3:
unav peers u dep instc(s) not theorem \rightarrow i does not run s, is not failed for s, is
not unavailable and is not already activated for s
                         i ∉ actv instc(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem >
                 grd4:
                 grd5:
                         inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not
theorem >
                         card(actv instc(token owner(s) → s)) < deplo inst(s) not</pre>
                 grd6:
```

theorem > card(dep instc(s)) + card(run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s)) grd7: < min inst(s) not theorem > THEN actv instc(token owner(s) → s) = actv instc(token owner act1: (s) → s) ∪ {i} → END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTS ANY s > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: $card(actv instc(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s)) = deplo inst(s) not$ grd2: theorem > grd3: card(dep instc(s)) + card(run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s)) < min inst(s) not theorem > grd4: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > THEN dep instc(s) = dep instc(s) u actv instc(token owner(s) act1: ⇒ s) > act2: actv instc(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\approx \phi \rightarrow$ **END REDEPLOY:** not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY s > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > grd4: actv instc(token owner(s) → s)=ø not theorem > dep instc(s) ≠ ø not theorem > grd5: card(run_inst(token_owner(s) → s))+card(dep instc(s)) ≥ grd6: min inst(s) not theorem > grd7: prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN inst state= inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{DPL 4}) > act1: run inst = run inst < ((prop×{s})× {run inst(token owner</pre> act2: (s) \mapsto s) \cup dep instc(s)}) \rightarrow

```
act3:
                          dep instc(s) = \phi >
             END
        HEAL:
                  not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  HEAL
             ANY
                 S
                      >
                 prop
                          >
             WHERE
                 grd1:
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                          prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                          inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 not theorem \rightarrow
                 grd3:
                 grd4:
                          prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not
theorem >
             THEN
                          inst state= inst state \left ((propx{s})x{RUN 4}) \rightarrow
                 act1:
             END
        UNFAIL_PEER:
                           extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  UNFAIL PEER
             ANY
                 S
                       >
                 р
                       >
             WHERE
                 grd1:
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                          p \in PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                 grd3:
                          p \in failr peers(s) not theorem >
             THEN
                          failr peers(s) = failr peers(s)\{p} >
                 act1:
             END
        MAKE PEER AVAIL:
                                extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                  MAKE PEER AVAIL
             ANY
                 р
                       >
             WHERE
                 grd1:
                          p \in PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                          p \in unav peers not theorem >
             THEN
                 act1:
                          unav peers := unav peers \setminus \{p\} \rightarrow
             END
```

END

```
MACHINE
        M19
              >
    REFINES
         M18
    SEES
         C09
    VARIABLES
        run inst
        suspct peers
                         >
        failr inst
                   >
        dep instc
        token owner >>
        unav peers
                     >
        suspc inst
                     >
                  >instances that are tried to be recontacted
        rect inst
        actv_instc
                     >instances activated by token ownes
        inst state
                    >
    INVARIANTS
        inv1:
                failr inst \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
        inv2:
                \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \Rightarrow s \in dom(failr inst) not
theorem >
        gluing fail 1: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies failr inst(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) =
failr peers(s) not theorem >
    EVENTS
        INITIALISATION:
                             not extended ordinary >
            THEN
                act1:
                        run inst = InitRunPeers >
                act2:
                        suspct peers = InitSuspPrs >
                act3:
                        failr inst = InitSuspPeers >
                act4:
                        dep instc ≔ InitFail >
                act5:
                        token owner ≔ init tok >
                act6:
                        unav peers ≔ ø >
                act7:
                        suspc inst = InitSuspPeers >
                        rect inst = InitSuspPeers >
                act8:
                act9:
                        rctt inst = InitSuspPeers >
                act10: actv instc = InitSuspPeers >
                act11: inst state = InitStateSrv >
            END
        MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 MAKE PEER UNAVAIL
            ANY
                prs >Peers that will become unavailable
                Е
                    >Values for token owner per service
            WHERE
                        prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                grd1:
```

grd2: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > the peers in prs are not vet unavalaible \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow dom(dom(inst state) \triangleright {srv}) grd3: \prs $\neq \phi$ not theorem > for each service srv, there must always be at least 1 peer available $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem >Value for token owner grd4: per service \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E grd5: (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem → If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed grd6: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs \Rightarrow $E(srv) \in run inst(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \setminus (unav peers u)$ prs \cup failr inst(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \cup suspct peers(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv)) $E(srv) \mapsto srv \in dom(inst state) \cap dom(suspct peers) \cap dom$ (run inst) n dom(failr inst) ^ run inst(E(srv) → srv) = run inst(token owner(srv) → srv) A inst state(E(srv) → srv) = inst state(token owner(srv) → srv) A suspct peers(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = suspct peers(token owner $(srv) \mapsto srv) \land$ failr inst(E(srv) → srv) = failr inst(token owner(srv) → **srv**) not theorem \rightarrow if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, A new token owner is chosen: the new token owner must have same characteristics

as the previous one (state, list of suspicious neighbours, etc.), and it must

not be an unavailable, suspicious, failed peer or a member of prs THEN act1: unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become unavailable act2: token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E > new values for token owner per service act3: rect inst ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ rect inst) ⊲ (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) → the peers in prs can not try to recontact instances anymore (1) rctt inst = ((prs×SERVICES) ≤ rctt inst) ≤ act4: $((E \to w) \times \{g\}) \to w$ peers in prs can not try to recontact instances anymore (2) actv instc ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ actv instc) ⊲ act5: (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) > the peers in prs can not activate instances anymore suspct peers = (prs×SERVICES) ≤ suspct peers → the peers act6:

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in prs can not suspect instances anymore (1) suspc inst = ((prs×SERVICES) ≤ suspc inst) ≤ act7: $(((E \setminus token owner) \sim) \times \{ \emptyset \})$ > the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore (2) inst state = (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ inst state > the peers in act8: prs can not monitor the state of the services provided anymore act9: act10: failr inst = (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ failr inst > END SUSPECT INST: extended ordinary > REFINES SUSPECT INST ANY S >a service s >suspicious instances susp WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: susp \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd3: susp = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cap unav peers not theorem >instances in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable ard4: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow the grd5: state of s is OK susp $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > grd6: THEN act1: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = susp \rightarrow the members of susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s END FAIL: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ANY S > prop > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd4: prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\(suspc inst grd5: $(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup unav peers) not theorem >$ THEN act1: inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{FAIL 4}) > suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{suspc inst</pre> act2: $(token owner(s) \mapsto s)$ }) >

act3: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow$ END RECONTACT_INST_OK: extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY →a service s S i →an instance i WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS qrd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem >the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ suspct peers(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not theorem i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) → s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i **grd7:** rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subseteq suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup {i} \rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i rctt inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≔ rctt inst(token owner(s) act2: \Rightarrow s) \cup {i} \Rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END RECONTACT_INST_K0: extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY S >a service s i >an instance i WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd2: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem > the grd3: state of s is SUSPICIOUS suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > the grd4: set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ suspct peers(token owner(s) ↦ s)∩unav peers not theorem \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) → s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i

grd7: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN rect inst(token owner(s) → s) = rect inst(token owner(s) act1: \Rightarrow s) \cup {i} \rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY S > prop > susp > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > $susp \subseteq PEERS not theorem >$ grd7: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL 4 not theorem > suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd4: ard5: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s$) not theorem > **grd6:** $prop = ((run inst(token owner(s) <math>\mapsto$ s) \ suspct peers (token owner(s) → s)) ∪ rctt inst(token owner(s) → s))\unav peers not theorem > grd8: $susp = suspct peers(token owner(s) \rightarrow s) \land rctt inst$ (token owner(s) → s) not theorem > THEN act1: inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{FAIL DETECT 4})</pre> > act2: suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{susp}) > rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \phi \rightarrow$ act3: act4: rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow$ **END** extended ordinary → IS OK: REFINES IS OK ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: ard2: $prop \subset PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow grd4: grd5: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not

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theorem >
             THEN
                           inst state = inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) >
                  act1:
             END
         FAIL ACTIV:
                            not extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   FAIL ACTIV
             ANY
                  s
                      >
                  prop
                           >
             WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                  grd2:
                           prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                           inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not
                  grd3:
theorem >
                           suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
                  grd4:
                  grd5:
                           prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \ (unav peers u
suspct peers(token owner(s) ↦ s)) not theorem →
             THEN
                           inst state ≔ inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL ACTIV 4}) >
                  act1:
                  act2:
                           run inst = run_inst < ((prop×{s})×{run_inst(token_owner</pre>
(s) \mapsto s)\suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)}) \rightarrow
                           failr inst = failr inst \left ((propx{s})x {failr inst
                  act3:
(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)}) \rightarrow
                           suspct peers = suspct peers \triangleleft ((prop×{s})×{ø}) >
                  act4:
             END
         FAIL CONFIGURE:
                                extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   FAIL CONFIGURE
             ANY
                  S
                      >
                  prop
                           >
             WHERE
                           s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                  grd1:
                           prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                  grd2:
                  grd3:
                           inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not
theorem >
                           card(run inst(token_owner(s) → s)) < min_inst(s) not</pre>
                  grd4:
theorem >
                           prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\unav peers not
                  grd5:
theorem >
             THEN
                  act1:
                           inst state = inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL CONFIG 4}) >
             END
         FAIL IGNORE:
                          extended ordinary >
```

REFINES FAIL IGNORE ANY S > prop > WHERE ard1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem > grd4: $card(run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \ge min inst(s) not$ theorem > prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\unav peers not grd5: theorem > THEN inst state ≔ inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL IGN 4}) > act1: END IGNORE: extended ordinary > REFINES IGNORE ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: $prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >$ inst_state(token_owner(s) → s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem grd3: > grd4: prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN act1: inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) > END **REDEPLOY INSTC:** not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTC ANY s >a service s →an instance i i WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: ard2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > i ∉ run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ∪ failr inst grd3: (token owner(s) \mapsto s) u unav peers u dep instc(s) not theorem i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not unavailable and is not already activated for s i ∉ actv instc(token owner(s) → s) not theorem > grd4:

inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL_CONFIG_4 not grd5: theorem > card(actv instc(token owner(s) → s)) < deplo inst(s) not</pre> grd6: theorem > card(dep instc(s)) + card(run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s)) grd7: < min inst(s) not theorem > THEN actv instc(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≔ actv instc(token owner act1: $(s) \mapsto s) \cup \{i\} \rightarrow$ END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTS ANY S > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > card(actv instc(token owner(s) → s)) = deplo inst(s) not grd2: theorem > grd3: card(dep instc(s)) + card(run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s)) < min inst(s) not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not grd4: theorem > THEN dep instc(s) = dep instc(s) u actv instc(token owner(s) act1: \mapsto S) > actv instc(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \phi \rightarrow$ act2: END **REDEPLOY:** extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > inst_state(token_owner(s) → s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not grd3: theorem → actv instc(token owner(s) → s)=ø not theorem > grd4: grd5: dep instc(s) ≠ ø not theorem > grd6: $card(run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s))+card(dep instc(s)) \ge$ min_inst(s) not theorem > grd7: prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\unav peers not theorem → THEN

act1: inst state= inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{DPL 4}) > run inst = run inst = ((prop×{s})× {run inst(token owner act2: $(s) \mapsto s) \cup dep instc(s) \}$ act3: dep_instc(s) ≔ ø > **END** HEAL: extended ordinary > REFINES HEAL ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: $prop \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > grd2: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 not theorem \rightarrow grd3: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not grd4: theorem > THEN act1: inst state= inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) > END UNFAIL PEER: not extended ordinary > REFINES UNFAIL PEER ANY s > р > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: p ∈ PEERS not theorem > grd3: $p \in failr inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem > grd4: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not grd5: theorem > THEN failr inst = failr inst < ((prop×{s})×{failr inst</pre> act1: $(token_owner(s) \rightarrow s) \setminus \{p\}\}) \rightarrow$ END MAKE PEER AVAIL: extended ordinary > REFINES MAKE PEER AVAIL ANY р WHERE grd1: p ∈ PEERS not theorem >

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grd2: p ∈ unav_peers not theorem >
THEN
act1: unav_peers ≔ unav_peers \ {p} >
END
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END

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MACHINE
       M20
              >
    REFINES
        M19
    SEES
        C09
    VARIABLES
        run inst
        suspct peers
                         >
        failr inst
                   >
        dep instcs
        token owner >>
        unav peers
                     >
        suspc inst
                     >
        rect inst >instances that are tried to be recontacted
        actv_instc
                     >instances activated by token ownes
        inst state
                    >
    INVARIANTS
        inv1:
                dep instcs \in (PEERS×SERVICES) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(PEERS) not theorem >
        inv2: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies token owner(s) \Rightarrow s \in dom(dep instcs) not
theorem >
        gluing act 1: \forall s \cdot s \in SERVICES \implies dep instcs(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) =
dep instc(s) not theorem >
    EVENTS
        INITIALISATION:
                             not extended ordinary >
            THEN
                act1:
                        run inst = InitRunPeers >
                act2:
                        suspct peers = InitSuspPrs >
                act3:
                        failr inst = InitSuspPeers >
                act4:
                        dep instcs ≔ InitSuspPeers →
                act5:
                        token owner ≔ init tok >
                act6:
                        unav peers ≔ ø >
                act7:
                        suspc inst = InitSuspPeers >
                        rect inst = InitSuspPeers >
                act8:
                act9:
                        rctt inst = InitSuspPeers >
                act10: actv instc = InitSuspPeers >
                act11: inst state = InitStateSrv >
            END
       MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                 MAKE PEER UNAVAIL
            ANY
                prs >Peers that will become unavailable
                Е
                    >Values for token owner per service
            WHERE
                        prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                grd1:
```

grd2: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > the peers in prs are not vet unavalaible \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow dom(dom(inst state) \triangleright {srv}) grd3: \prs $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > for each service srv, there must always be at least 1 peer available $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem \rightarrow Value for token owner grd4: per service \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E grd5: (srv) = token owner(srv) not theorem → If the token owner of a service srv does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed grd6: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs ⇒ $E(srv) \in run inst(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \setminus (unav peers u)$ prs \cup failr inst(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \cup suspct peers(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv)) $E(srv) \mapsto srv \in dom(inst state) \cap dom(suspct peers) \cap dom$ (run inst) n dom(failr inst) n dom(dep instcs) A run inst(E(srv) → srv) = run inst(token owner(srv) → srv) A inst state(E(srv) → srv) = inst state(token owner(srv) → srv) A suspct peers(E(srv) \mapsto srv) = suspct peers(token owner $(srv) \mapsto srv) \land$ failr inst(E(srv) → srv) = failr inst(token owner(srv) → srv) A dep instcs(E(srv) → srv) = dep instcs(token owner(srv) → **srv)** not theorem >if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, A new token owner is chosen: the new token owner must have same characteristics as the previous one (state, list of suspicious neighbours, etc.), and it must not be an unavailable, suspicious, failed peer or a member of prs THEN unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become act1: unavailable token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E > new values for token act2: owner per service act3: rect inst = ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ rect inst) ⊲ (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) → the peers in prs can not try to recontact instances anymore (1) act4: rctt inst = ((prs×SERVICES) ≤ rctt inst) ≤ (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) → the peers in prs can not try to recontact instances anymore (2)

act5: actv_instc ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ actv_instc) ⊲

(((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) > the peers in prs can not activate instances anymore suspct peers = (prs×SERVICES) suspct peers >the peers act6: in prs can not suspect instances anymore (1) act7: suspc inst ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ suspc inst) ⊲ (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) → the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore (2) inst state = (prs×SERVICES) < inst state > the peers in act8: prs can not monitor the state of the services provided anymore act9: run inst ≔ (prs×SERVICES) ◄ run inst → act10: failr inst = (prs×SERVICES) ◄ failr inst > act11: dep instcs ≔ (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ dep instcs > END SUSPECT INST: extended ordinary > REFINES SUSPECT INST ANY S >a service s susp >suspicious instances WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $susp \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > ard3: $susp = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cap unav peers not$ theorem >instances in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes unavailable suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem > the grd4: member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s grd5: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem > the state of s is OK grd6: $susp \neq \emptyset$ not theorem > THEN suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = susp \rightarrow the members of act1: susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s END FAIL: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ANY S > prop > WHERE $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd1: grd2: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow ard3: qrd4: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd5: prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\(suspc inst $(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup unav peers) not theorem >$ THEN

inst state = inst state \left ((prop×{s})×{FAIL 4}) \right) act1: suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{suspc inst</pre> act2: $(token owner(s) \mapsto s)$ }) > act3: suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow$ END RECONTACT INST OK: extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY >a service s S >an instance i i WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem > the state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem >the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ suspct peers(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not theorem \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) → s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem > the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq rect inst(token owner(s) act1: \mapsto s) \cup {i} \rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i rctt inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≔ rctt inst(token owner(s) act2: \mapsto s) \cup {i} \rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END RECONTACT_INST_K0: extended ordinary → REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY >a service s S i >an instance i WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem >the state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ suspct peers(token owner(s) → s)∩unav peers not theorem >i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be

contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rect inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ⊂ suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rect inst(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) \cup {i} > the token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY S > prop > susp > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > $prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >$ grd2: susp ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd7: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem > grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \Rightarrow grd5: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspct peers(token owner $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem > grd6: prop = ((run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) \ suspct peers (token owner(s) → s)) ∪ rctt inst(token owner(s) → s))\unav peers not theorem > grd8: $susp = suspct peers(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) rctt inst$ $(token owner(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem > THEN act1: inst state = inst state \left ((propx{s})x{FAIL DETECT 4}) > act2: suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{susp}) > rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow$ act3: act4: rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow$ END IS OK: extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY S prop > WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not grd3:

theorem > suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow grd4: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not grd5: theorem > THEN inst state ≔ inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) > act1: END FAIL ACTIV: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ACTIV ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > ard1: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL_DETECT_4 not grd3: theorem > grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \ (unav peers u grd5: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) not theorem \rightarrow THEN inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{FAIL ACTIV 4}) > act1: run inst = run inst < ((prop×{s})×{run inst(token owner</pre> act2: $(s) \mapsto s$ \suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)}) > failr inst = failr inst < ((prop×{s})× {failr inst</pre> act3: $(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \rightarrow$ act4: suspct peers = suspct peers \triangleleft ((prop×{s})×{ø}) > END FAIL CONFIGURE: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL CONFIGURE ANY S > > prop WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: inst_state(token_owner(s) → s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not grd3: theorem > grd4: card(run inst(token owner(s) → s)) < min inst(s) not</pre> theorem > grd5: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN inst state = inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL CONFIG 4}) > act1:

END

```
FAIL IGNORE:
                          extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  FAIL IGNORE
            ANY
                 S
                     >
                 prop
                          >
            WHERE
                 grd1:
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                 grd3:
                         inst_state(token_owner(s) → s) = FAIL_ACTIV_4 not
theorem >
                 grd4:
                         card(run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \ge min inst(s) not
theorem >
                         prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not
                 grd5:
theorem >
            THEN
                 act1:
                         inst state = inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL IGN 4}) >
            END
        IGNORE: extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  IGNORE
            ANY
                 S
                     >
                 prop
                         >
            WHERE
                 grd1:
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                         prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem
                 grd3:
>
                 grd4:
                         prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not
theorem >
            THEN
                         inst state = inst state \left ((propx{s})x{RUN 4}) \right)
                 act1:
            END
        REDEPLOY INSTC:
                               not extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  REDEPLOY INSTC
            ANY
                 s
                      →a service s
                 i
                      →an instance i
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                         i ∈ PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         i ∉ run_inst(token_owner(s) ↦ s) ∪ failr_inst
                 grd3:
```

(token owner(s) \mapsto s) u unav peers u dep instcs(token owner(s) \mapsto s) not theorem >i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not unavailable and is not already activated for s grd4: i ∉ actv instc(token owner(s) ↦ s) not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not grd5: theorem > grd6: card(actv instc(token owner(s) ↦ s)) < deplo inst(s) not</pre> theorem > card(dep instcs(token owner(s) + s)) + card(run_inst ard7: (token owner(s) ↦ s)) < min inst(s) not theorem > THEN actv_instc(token_owner(s) +> s) = actv_instc(token_owner act1: (s) → s) ∪ {i} → END REDEPLOY INSTS: not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTS ANY s > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: **prop** \subseteq **PEERS** not theorem \rightarrow $card(actv instc(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s)) = deplo inst(s) not$ grd3: theorem > grd4: card(dep instcs(token owner(s) → s)) + card(run inst $(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) < min inst(s) not theorem >$ grd5: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not grd6: theorem > THEN act1: dep instcs = dep instcs < ((prop×{s})× {dep instcs</pre> $(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup actv instc(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \rightarrow$ act2: actv instc(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = ϕ > END REDEPLOY: not extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY S prop > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: inst_state(token_owner(s) → s) = FAIL_CONFIG_4 not grd3:

theorem > actv instc(token owner(s) → s)=ø not theorem > grd4: dep instcs(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd5: card(run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s))+card(dep instcs grd6: $(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \ge min inst(s) not theorem >$ prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\unav peers not grd7: theorem > THEN inst state= inst state ◄ ((prop×{s})×{DPL 4}) > act1: run inst = run inst < ((prop×{s})× {run inst(token owner</pre> act2: (s) \mapsto s) u dep instcs(token owner(s) \mapsto s)}) \rightarrow dep instcs ≔ dep instcs ∢ ((prop×{s})×{ø}) → act3: END extended ordinary > HEAL: REFINES HEAL ANY S > prop > WHERE ard1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = DPL 4 not theorem \Rightarrow grd4: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN inst state= inst state \left ((propx{s})x{RUN 4}) \right) act1: END UNFAIL_PEER: extended ordinary > REFINES UNFAIL PEER ANY S > р > prop > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: $p \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd4: $p \in failr inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem > prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not grd5: theorem > THEN failr_inst = failr_inst \left ((propx{s})x{failr inst act1: (token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus {p}}) \rightarrow END

END

MACHINE M21 > REFINES M20 SEES C09 VARIABLES run inst suspct peers > failr inst > dep instcs token owner > unav peers > suspc inst >instances that are tried to be recontacted rect inst rctt inst >instances effectively recontacted after a try actv_instc >instances activated by token ownes inst state > INVARIANTS inv1: dom(run inst) ⊆ dom(inst state) not theorem > **EVENTS** INITIALISATION: extended ordinary > THEN act1: run inst = InitRunPeers > act2: suspct peers = InitSuspPrs > act3: failr inst = InitSuspPeers > act4: dep instcs = InitSuspPeers > act5: token owner ≔ init tok > act6: unav peers $= \phi$ > act7: suspc inst = InitSuspPeers > act8: rect inst = InitSuspPeers > act9: rctt inst = InitSuspPeers > act10: actv instc = InitSuspPeers > act11: inst state = InitStateSrv > END MAKE PEER UNAVAIL: not extended ordinary > REFINES MAKE PEER UNAVAIL ANY **prs** → Peers that will become unavailable Е >Values for token owner per service WHERE ard1: prs ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: prs ⊈ unav peers not theorem > the peers in prs are not yet unavalaible \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \Rightarrow dom(dom(inst state) \triangleright {srv}) grd3: $prs \neq o$ not theorem \rightarrow for each service srv, there must always be at least 1

peer available $E \in SERVICES \rightarrow PEERS$ not theorem >Value for token owner grd4: per service \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \notin prs \Rightarrow E grd5: not theorem >If the token owner of a service srv (srv) = token owner(srv) does not belong to prs, the token owner is not changed ard6: \forall srv \cdot srv \in SERVICES \land token owner(srv) \in prs $E(srv) \in run inst(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) \setminus (unav peers u)$ prs u failr inst(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv) u suspct peers(token owner(srv) \mapsto srv)) ٨ $E(srv) \mapsto srv \in dom(run inst) \cap dom(suspct peers) \cap dom$ (failr inst) n dom(dep instcs) A run inst(E(srv) → srv) = run inst(token owner(srv) → srv) A inst state(E(srv) → srv) = inst state(token owner(srv) → srv) ^ suspct peers(E(srv) → srv) = suspct peers(token owner (srv) → srv) ∧ failr inst(E(srv) → srv) = failr inst(token owner(srv) → srv) A dep instcs(E(srv) → srv) = dep instcs(token owner(srv) → **srv**) not theorem >if the owner of the token for a service becomes unavailable, A new token owner is chosen: the new token owner must have same characteristics as the previous one (state, list of suspicious neighbours, etc.), and it must not be an unavailable, suspicious, failed peer or a member of prs THEN unav peers = unav peers u prs > the peers in prs become act1: unavailable token owner ≔ token owner ⊲ E >new values for token act2: owner per service act3: rect inst = ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ rect inst) ⊲ (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) → the peers in prs can not try to recontact instances anymore (1) rctt inst ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ rctt inst) ⊲ act4: (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) > the peers in prs can not try to recontact instances anymore (2) act5: actv instc = ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ actv instc) ⊲ (((E\token owner)~)×{ø}) → the peers in prs can not activate instances anymore act6: suspct peers = (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ suspct peers >the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore (1) suspc inst ≔ ((prs×SERVICES) ⊲ suspc inst) ⊲ act7:

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(((E \setminus token owner) \sim) \times \{ \emptyset \}) > the peers in prs can not suspect instances anymore (2)
                  act8: inst state ≔ (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ inst state > the peers in
prs can not monitor the state of the services provided anymore
                  act9:
                          run inst ≔ (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ run inst →
                  act10: failr inst ≔ (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ failr inst >
                  act11: dep instcs ≔ (prs×SERVICES) ⊲ dep instcs →
             END
         SUSPECT INST: extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   SUSPECT INST
             ANY
                  S
                      →a service s
                  susp
                           > suspicious instances
             WHERE
                  ard1: s \in SERVICES not theorem >
                         susp ⊆ PEERS not theorem >
                  grd2:
                  grd3: susp = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cap unav peers not
theorem >instances in susp are suspicious if the peers running them becomes
unavailable
                          suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow the
                  grd4:
member of susp have not yet been suspected for s by the token owner of s
                          inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow the
                  grd5:
state of s is OK
                  grd6: susp \neq \emptyset not theorem >
             THEN
                  act1: suspc inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≔ susp >the members of
susp become suspected instances for s by the token owner of s
             END
         FAIL:
                   extended ordinary >
             REFINES
                   FAIL
             ANY
                  S
                      >
                  prop
                           >
             WHERE
                  grd1:
                          s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                          prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                  grd2:
                          inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = RUN 4 not theorem \rightarrow
                  grd3:
                          suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \neq \emptyset not theorem \rightarrow
                  grd4:
                  grd5:
                          prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\(suspc inst
(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup unav peers) not theorem >
             THEN
                  act1:
                           inst state ≔ inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL 4}) >
                  act2: suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{suspc inst
(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\}) \rightarrow
                  act3:
                         suspc inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow
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END RECONTACT INST OK: extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST OK ANY S >a service s i >an instance i WHERE grd1: $s \in SERVICES$ not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem > the state of s is SUSPICIOUS grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem > the set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ suspct peers(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not theorem i is a suspicious instance of s and is available (can be contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) → s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspct peers(token owner grd7: $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN act1: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rect inst(token owner(s) \Rightarrow s) \cup {i} \rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i rctt inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rctt inst(token owner(s) act2: \Rightarrow s) \cup {i} \Rightarrow i is recontacted by the token owner of s successfully END RECONTACT INST KO: extended ordinary > REFINES RECONTACT INST KO ANY S >a service s i →an instance i WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd2: $i \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL 4 not theorem \rightarrow the state of s is SUSPICIOUS suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem >the grd4: set of suspicious peers for s is not empty grd5: i ∈ suspct peers(token owner(s) → s)∩unav peers not theorem \rightarrow i is a suspicious instance of s and is unavailable (can not be contacted) grd6: i ∉ rect inst(token owner(s) → s) not theorem >the token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact i grd7: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \subset suspct peers(token owner

 $(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem to token owner of s has not yet tried to recontact all the suspecious instances of s THEN rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = rect inst(token owner(s) act1: \mapsto s) \cup {i} \rightarrow the token owner of s has tried to recontact i END FAIL DETECT: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL DETECT ANY S > prop > susp > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd7: susp \subseteq PEERS not theorem > inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL 4 not theorem > grd3: grd4: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = suspct peers(token owner grd5: $(s) \mapsto s$ not theorem > **grd6:** prop = $((run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus suspct peers$ $(token owner(s) \rightarrow s)) \cup rctt inst(token owner(s) \rightarrow s)) \setminus unav peers not theorem >$ grd8: susp = suspct peers(token owner(s) → s)\rctt inst $(token owner(s) \mapsto s)$ not theorem > THEN inst state = inst state \left ((propx{s})x{FAIL DETECT 4}) act1: > suspct peers = suspct peers < ((prop×{s})×{susp}) > act2: act3: rect inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\coloneqq \emptyset \rightarrow$ act4: rctt inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ≔ ø > END IS OK: extended ordinary > REFINES IS OK ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: $prop \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > grd2: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = \emptyset not theorem > grd4: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not grd5: theorem >

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THEN inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) > act1: END FAIL_ACTIV: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL ACTIV ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL DETECT 4 not theorem > suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \rightarrow grd4: prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \ (unav peers u grd5: suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) not theorem \rightarrow THEN act1: inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{FAIL ACTIV 4}) > run inst = run inst < ((prop×{s})×{run inst(token owner</pre> act2: $(s) \mapsto s$ (s) suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)}) \rightarrow act3: failr inst = failr inst < ((prop×{s})× {failr inst (token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup suspct peers(token owner(s) \mapsto s)}) \rightarrow suspct peers ≔ suspct peers ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{ø}) > act4: END FAIL CONFIGURE: extended ordinary > REFINES FAIL CONFIGURE ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd3: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not theorem >card(run inst(token owner(s) → s)) < min_inst(s) not</pre> grd4: theorem > prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not grd5: theorem > THEN act1: inst state = inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL CONFIG 4}) > END FAIL IGNORE: extended ordinary > REFINES

```
FAIL IGNORE
            ANY
                 S
                 prop
                         >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                         prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                         inst state(token owner(s) ↦ s) = FAIL ACTIV 4 not
                 grd3:
theorem >
                 grd4:
                         card(run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \ge min inst(s) not
theorem >
                         prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not
                 grd5:
theorem >
            THEN
                         inst state ≔ inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{FAIL IGN 4}) >
                 act1:
            END
        IGNORE: extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  IGNORE
            ANY
                 S
                      >
                 prop
                         >
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                         prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                 grd3:
                         inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL IGN 4 not theorem
>
                 ard4:
                         prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not
theorem >
            THEN
                         inst state = inst state < ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) >
                 act1:
            END
        REDEPLOY INSTC:
                              extended ordinary >
            REFINES
                  REDEPLOY INSTC
            ANY
                 S
                      >a service s
                i
                      >an instance i
            WHERE
                         s ∈ SERVICES not theorem >
                 grd1:
                         i \in PEERS not theorem >
                 grd2:
                grd3:
                        i ∉ run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s) ∪ failr inst
(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \cup unav peers \cup dep instcs(token owner(s) \mapsto s) not theorem
>i does not run s, is not failed for s, is not unavailable and is not already
activated for s
                 grd4: i ∉ actv instc(token owner(s) → s) not theorem >
```

grd5: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > card(actv instc(token owner(s) → s)) < deplo inst(s) not</pre> grd6: theorem > card(dep instcs(token owner(s) ↦ s)) + card(run inst grd7: (token owner(s) ↦ s)) < min inst(s) not theorem > THEN actv instc(token owner(s) → s) = actv instc(token owner act1: $(s) \mapsto s) \cup \{i\} \rightarrow$ END **REDEPLOY INSTS:** extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY INSTS ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: grd2: prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > card(actv instc(token owner(s) ↦ s)) = deplo inst(s) not grd3: theorem > card(dep instcs(token owner(s) → s)) + card(run inst grd4: $(token owner(s) \rightarrow s)) < min inst(s) not theorem >$ grd5: inst state(token owner(s) \mapsto s) = FAIL CONFIG 4 not theorem > prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not grd6: theorem > THEN dep instcs ≔ dep instcs ⊲ ((prop×{s})× {dep instcs act1: (token owner(s)⇔s) ∪ actv instc(token owner(s)⇔s)}) > actv instc(token owner(s) → s) = ø > act2: END REDEPLOY: extended ordinary > REFINES REDEPLOY ANY S > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: $prop \subseteq PEERS$ not theorem > grd2: inst state(token owner(s) → s) = FAIL_CONFIG_4 not grd3: theorem > actv instc(token owner(s) → s)=ø not theorem > grd4: grd5: dep instcs(token owner(s) \mapsto s) $\neq \emptyset$ not theorem \Rightarrow card(run inst(token owner(s) ↦ s))+card(dep instcs grd6:

 $(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \ge min inst(s) not theorem >$ grd7: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN inst state≔ inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{DPL 4}) > act1: act2: run inst = run inst < ((prop×{s})× {run inst(token owner</pre> $(s) \mapsto s) \cup dep instcs(token owner(s) \mapsto s)) \rightarrow$ act3: dep instcs ≔ dep instcs ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{ø}) > END HEAL: extended ordinary > REFINES HEAL ANY S > prop > WHERE grd1: s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > prop \subseteq PEERS not theorem > grd2: grd3: inst state(token owner(s) → s) = DPL 4 not theorem > grd4: prop = run inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN inst state= inst state ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{RUN 4}) > act1: END UNFAIL_PEER: extended ordinary → REFINES UNFAIL PEER ANY S > р > prop > WHERE s ∈ SERVICES not theorem > grd1: prop ⊆ PEERS not theorem > grd2: $p \in PEERS$ not theorem > grd3: $p \in failr inst(token owner(s) \mapsto s) not theorem \rightarrow$ grd4: grd5: prop = run inst(token owner(s) → s)\unav peers not theorem > THEN act1: failr inst = failr inst ⊲ ((prop×{s})×{failr inst $(token owner(s) \mapsto s) \setminus \{p\}\}) \rightarrow$ END MAKE PEER AVAIL: extended ordinary > REFINES MAKE PEER AVAIL

END