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A web-based Evaluation Service for Ontology Matching

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Abstract. Evaluation of semantic web technologies at large scale, including ontology matching, is an important topic of semantic web research. This paper presents a web-based evaluation service for automatically executing the evaluation of ontology matching systems. This service is based on the use of a web service interface wrapping the functionality of a matching tool to be evaluated and allows developers to launch evaluations of their tool at any time on their own. Furthermore, the service can be used to visualise and manipulate the evaluation results. The approach allows the execution of the tool on the machine of the tool developer without the need for a runtime environment.

1 Introduction

Evaluation of matching tools aims at helping designers and developers of such tools to improve them and to help users to evaluate the suitability of the proposed methods to their needs. The Ontology Alignment Evaluation Initiative $(OAEI)^3$ has been the basis for evaluation over the last years [1]. It is an annual evaluation campaign that offers several data sets organized by different groups of researchers. However, additional effort has to be made in order to catch up with the growth of ontology matching technology. The SEALS project⁴ aims at providing standardized datasets, evaluation campaigns for typical semantic web tools and, in particular, a software infrastructure for automatically executing evaluations. In this context, we have developed a web-based evaluation service that allows developers to launch their own evaluations at any time while using a set of approved datasets. It is based on the use of a web service interface wrapping the functionality of a matching tool to be evaluated. In the following, we describe the main components of our service and present a complete evaluation example.

2 Evaluation Service Architecture

The evaluation service is composed of three main components: a web user interface, a BPEL workflow and a set of web services. The web user interface is the

³ http://oaei.ontologymatching.org/

⁴ Semantic Evaluation at Large Scale http://about.seals-project.eu/

entry point to the application. This interface is deployed as a web application in a Tomcat application-server behind an Apache web server. It invokes the BPEL workflow, which is executed on the ODE^5 engine. This engine runs as a web application inside the application server.

The BPEL process accesses several services that provide different functionalities. The *validation service* ensures that the matcher web service is available and fulfills the minimal requirements to generate an alignment in the correct format. A *redirect service* is used to redirect the request for running a matching task to the matcher service endpoint. The *test iterator service* is responsible for iterating over test cases and providing a reference to the required files. The *evaluation service* provides measures such as precision and recall for evaluating the alignments generated by the matching system. A *result service* is used for storing evaluation results in a relational database.

Once the web service matcher implementation has been deployed and published at a stable endpoint by the tool developer, its matching method can be invoked within the BPEL workflow. For that reason, an evaluation starts by specifying the web service endpoint via the web interface. This data is then forwarded to BPEL as input parameters. The complete evaluation workflow is executed as a series of calls to the services listed above. The specification of the web service endpoint becomes relevant for the invocation of the validation and redirect services. They implement internally web service clients that connect to the URL specified in the web user interface.

Test and result services used in the BPEL process require to access additional data resources. For accessing the test data, the test web service can access the metadata describing the test suite, extracts the relevant information and forwards the URLs of the required documents via the redirect service to the matcher, which is currently evaluated. These documents can then be accessed directly via a standard HTTP GET-request by the matching system. The result web service uses a connection to the database to store the results for each execution of an evaluation workflow. For visualizing and manipulating the stored results we use an OLAP (Online Analytical Processing) application, which accesses the database for retrieving the evaluation results. Results can be re-accessed at any time e.g., for comparing different tool versions against each other.

3 Evaluating a Matching Tool

For demonstration purposes, we have extended the Anchor-Flood [2] system with the web service interface⁶. This system has participated in the two previous OAEI campaigns and is thus a typical evaluation target. The current version of the web application described in the following is available at http://seals.inrialpes.fr/platform/. At http://alignapi.gforge.inria.fr/

⁵ ODE BPEL Engine http://ode.apache.org/

⁶ Available at http://mindblast.informatik.uni-mannheim.de:8080/sealstools/ aflood/matcherWS?wsdl

tutorial/tutorial5/, there is complete information about how to create a valid matcher.

In order to start an evaluation, one must specify the URL of the matcher service, the class implementing the required interface and the name of the matching system to be evaluated (Figure 1). Three of the OAEI datasets have been selected, namely Anatomy, Benchmark and Conference. In this specific example, we have used the conference test case.

SE	ALS Semantic Evaluation A	At Large Scale
1. Start evaluating your r Please, enter your matcher		
Matcher name:	Anchor-Flood	(e.g. MyAlignment)
Matcher service name:	eu.sealsproject.omt.ws.matcher.AFlood	* (e.g. example.ws.matcher.MyAlignmentWS)
Web service endpoint:	http://mindblast.informatik.uni-mannhein	* (e.g http://134.155.86.66:8080/matcherWS?wsdI)
Track:	Conference -	
	Submit Reset	
* Required fields		

Fig. 1. Specifying a matcher endpoint as evaluation target.

Submitting the form data, the BPEL workflow is invoked. It first validates the specified web service as well as its output format. In case of a problem, the concrete validation error is displayed to the user as direct feedback. In case of a successfully completed validation, the system returns a confirmation message and continues with the evaluation process. Every time an evaluation is conducted, results are stored under the enpoint address of the deployed matcher (Figure 2).

The results are displayed as a table (Figure 3), when clicking on one of the three evaluation IDs in Figure 2. The results table is (partially) available while the evaluation itself is still running. By reloading the page from time to time, the user can see the progress of an evaluation that is still running. In the results table, for each test case, precision and recall are listed. Moreover, a detailed view on the alignment results is available (Figure 4), when clicking on the alignment icon in Figure 3.

4 Final Remarks

Automatic evaluation of matching tools is a key issue for promoting the development of ontology matching. In this demo we have presented a web-based tool for automatic evaluation of matching systems that is available for the research community at any time. The major benefit of this service is to allow developers to debug their systems, run their own evaluations, and manipulate the results immediately in a direct feedback cycle.





Test	Precision	Recall	Status	Alignment
cmt-conference	0.30	0.38	completed	
cmt-confOf	0.45	0.31	completed	
cmt-edas			not completed	
cmt-ekaw			not completed	
cmt-iasted			not completed	
cmt-sigkdd			not completed	
conference-confOf			not completed	
conference-edas			not completed	
conference-ekaw			not completed	

 Correct correspondences 	
Paper = Paper ConferenceChair = ConferenceChair Review = Review Conference = Conference Person = Person	
Back to top	
X Incorrect correspondences	
writtenBy = isWrittenBy reviewsPerPaper = relatedToPaper date = endDate email = hasEmail	
Back to top	
Missing correspondences	
assignedTo = isReviewedBy hasAuthor = isWrittenBy	

Fig. 3. Display results of an evaluation.

Fig. 4. Detailed view on an alignment.

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